Report to Audit Committee

To: Chair and Members

Audit Committee

From: Anna Lisa Barbon, Deputy City Manager, Finance Supports Subject: 2021 Old East Village Business Improvement Area Board of

Management Audited Financial Statements

Date: June 14, 2023

Recommendation

That, on the recommendation of the Deputy City Manager, Finance Supports, this report along with Appendix 'A' Financial Statements of Old East Village Business Improvement Area Board of Management for the year ending December 31, 2021, **BE RECEIVED** for information.

Executive Summary

In accordance with section 207 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, Business Improvement Areas (BIAs) are required to submit to Council their annual audited financial statements. Typically, this is done through the submission of the annual City consolidated financial statement submission. The Old East Village Business Improvement Area (OEVBIA) Board of Management's financial statements were not available at the time of the City's consolidated submission in June 2022.

The attached audited financial statements are for the year ended December 31, 2021, and were approved by the BIA's Board of Management on February 15, 2023.

Linkage to the Corporate Strategic Plan

Council's 2023-2027 Strategic Plan for the City of London identifies "Well-Run City" as a strategic area of focus, under this outcome "London's finances are maintained in a transparent, sustainable, and well-planned manner, incorporating intergenerational equity, affordability and environmental, social, and governance considerations."

Analysis

1.0 Background Information

1.1 Previous Reports Related to this Matter

2021 Financial Audit

(June 15, 2022 meeting of Audit Committee – Agenda Item 4.1) https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=93128

1.2 Reporting Requirements

In accordance with the *Municipal Act, 2001*, Business Improvement Areas have certain reporting requirements they must meet annually. Section 207 provides guidance on the annual reporting and audit requirement as follows:

"Annual report

207 (1) A board of management shall submit its annual report for the preceding year to council by the date and in the form required by the municipality and the report shall include audited financial statements. 2001, c. 25, s. 207 (1). Auditor

207 (2) The municipal auditor is the auditor of each board of management and may inspect all records of the board. 2001, c. 25, s. 207 (2)."

2.0 Discussion and Considerations

2.1 Annual Reporting for the year ending December 31, 2021

The Business Improvement Areas (BIAs) are Boards of the City of London and included in the annual Audited Consolidated Financial Statements.

Although each board's annual financial statements are approved by their board of management, it has been Civic Administration's practice, each year, to include a copy of all the boards' audited financial statements within the annual audit committee package when staff report to Committee in June each year, to provide a complete reporting of the consolidated entity.

By including the BIAs' audited financial statements within this annual package, City staff are meeting the obligation of section 207(1).

The financial statements for The Old East Village Business Improvement Area's were not available for distribution in June 2022 when the City's financial statements were presented to Committee and Council. This audit and set of financial statements were finalized and approved by their Board at their Board meeting on February 15, 2023.

Appendix 'A' of this report meets the financial statement requirements as prescribed under section 207(1) of the *Municipal Act, 2001*. The auditors' report included with Appendix A indicates that the financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations, changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

3.0 Financial Impact/Considerations

The Old East Village Business Improvement Area (OEVBIA) Board of Management's draft results were shared with City staff during the City's 2021 consolidation audit process. As the amounts were immaterial to the overall 2021 audit of the City's consolidated entity, the City's audit was completed under the regular timelines, including the OEVBIA's draft results.

Any differences between the draft results and finalized 2021 audited results of the OEVBIA are accounted for during the 2022 audit process.

The finalizing of the 2021 audit of the financial statements was delayed due to a number of issues outside of the BIA's control:

Reasons for delay:

- OEVBIA experienced staff turnover in the accounting role
- The accounting profession is in high demand, and they were experiencing longer vacancy periods while recruiting for accounting roles.
- The OEVBIA audit has traditionally been scheduled for April. The turnaround time is tight to meet the reporting deadline for Audit Committee in June each year.
- During COVID-19, KPMG shifted to a remote audit approach by use of a digital portal.
- The OEVBIA accounting role is a part-time position. In prior years, the OEVBIA
 accounting staff would schedule extra time in the office but during COVID, the
 remote approach on both sides caused lags in response times.

Implemented changes for 2022 audit to address the above delays:

- New accounting professional has been hired at OEVBIA and are in place for 11 months of the 2022 year-end.
- KPMG and OEVBIA staff have worked with the audit schedule to move up the timing
 of the audit fieldwork and it was commencing the week of March 6 for the 2022
 audit.

KPMG conducted some of the audit fieldwork in person, while some work was still
virtual and OEVBIA scheduled additional hours onsite for the part-time accounting
role, to provide timely responses to audit queries.

KPMG, City staff and OEVBIA staff have worked together to mitigate these delays going forward and anticipate the finalization of the OEVBIA financial statements in order to meet the June reporting deadlines in future years.

Conclusion

In accordance with the *Municipal Act, 2001*, this report represents the annual reporting under section 207 for the year ending December 31, 2021, for The Old East Village Business Improvement Area (OEVBIA) Board of Management. It is recommended that this report be received for information.

The next expected reporting under this section is anticipated to be in June of 2023, as part of the finalization of the 2022 year-end audit reporting.

Prepared by: Sharon Swance, CPA, CGA,

Manager, Accounting Services

Submitted by: Ian Collins, CPA, CMA,

Director, Financial Services

Recommended by: Anna Lisa Barbon, CPA, CGA,

Deputy City Manager, Finance Supports

Attachments

Appendix A

Financial Statements of

OLD EAST VILLAGE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2021



KPMG LLP 140 Fullarton Street, Suite 1400 London ON N6A 5P2 Canada Tel 519 672-4880 Fax 519 672-5684

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Chair and Members of Old East Village Business Improvement Area Board of Management

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Old East Village Business Improvement Area Board of Management (the "Board"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021;
- the statement of operations for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report

We are independent of the Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit
 findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we
 identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

London, Canada

LPMG LLP

February 15, 2023

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Financial assets		
Cash and short-term investments (note 3) Accounts receivable (note 6) Due from Hyde Park Business Improvement Association Board of	\$ 130,657 38,380	\$ 111,412 43,175
Management (Note 6)	18,200	12,901
	187,237	167,488
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	37,843 35,183	13,829 17,109
	73,026	30,938
Net financial assets	114,211	136,550
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (note 5) Prepaid expenses and deposits	3,383 2,161	2,663 1,739
	5,544	4,402
Accumulated surplus (note 4)	\$ 119,755	\$ 140,952

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Budget		
	2021	2021	2020
Revenue: Requisition:			
Municipal levy - The Corporation of the City of London Other:	\$ 40,000	\$ 41,072	\$ 45,190
The Corporation of the City of London Other program funding	141,102 -	141,102 30,551	141,102
Digital Main Street grant Canadian Urban Institute Miscellaneous	- - 53,248	14,608 10,778	12,453 - 191
Modificado	234,350	238,111	198,936
Expenditures: Wages and salaries	151,150	143,098	133,874
Purchased services Special projects	16,500 6,500	28,500 21,679	7,200 12,723
Advertising, marketing and promotion Office rental	6,500 14,400	16,784 12,659	6,313 12,661
Other program expenses COVID assistance	12,000	10,597 8,569	3,998
Administration Financial audit	5,500 1,600	7,742 3,331	3,900 1,450
Beautification Telephone and internet service Operating supplies	5,000 1,500 1,000	2,000 1,635 906	200 1,240 1,176
Amortization of tangible capital assets HST	-	800 508	894 608
Printing and communications Community initiatives and appreciation	1,500 5,500	289 206	150 2,683
Travel and transportation Equipment and building maintenance	700 4,500	5 -	136 755
Training, education and development	500 234,350	259,308	189,961
Annual surplus (deficit)	-	(21,197)	8,975
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	140,952	140,952	131,977
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 140,952	\$ 119,755	\$ 140,952

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Budget		
	2021	2021	2020
Annual surplus (deficit) Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	\$ - - -	\$ (21,197) (1,520) 800	\$ 8,975 - 894
	-	(21,917)	9,869
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses	- -	(3,548) 3,126	(3,115) 2,789
	-	(422)	(326)
Change in net financial assets	-	(22,339)	9,543
Net financial assets, beginning of year	136,550	136,550	127,007
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 136,550	\$ 114,211	\$ 136,550

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Annual surplus (deficit) Item not involving cash:	\$ (21,197)	\$ 8,975
Amortization of tangible capital assets Changes in non-cash operating working capital:	800	894
Accounts receivable Due from Hyde Park Business Improvement	4,795	(5,408)
Association Board of Management	(5,299)	(6,341)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	24,014 18,074	7,359 6,341
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(422)	(326)
	20,765	11,494
Capital activities:		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(1,520)	
Change in cash and short-term investments	19,245	11,494
Cash and short-term investments, beginning of year	111,412	99,918
Cash and short-term investments, end of year (note 3)	\$ 130,657	\$ 111,412

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Nature of reporting entity:

Subsection 204(1) of the Municipal Act, 2001 provides that a local municipality may designate an area as an improvement area and may establish a board of management. The Old East Village Business Improvement Area Board of Management (the "Board") was incorporated on November 15, 1993, in the Province of Ontario. The Board was established as a local board of the Corporation of the City of London to manage the Old East Village Business Improvement Area.

The Board was established to oversee the improvement, beautification and maintenance of municipally-owned land, buildings and structures in the area beyond that provided at the expense of the municipality generally and to promote the area as a business or shopping area.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Board are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as defined in the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook.

(a) Basis of accounting:

Sources of financing and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(b) Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a declining balance basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Rate
Furniture and fixtures Computer hardware Computer software	20% 30-45% 45%

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Government transfers:

Government transfer payments from The Corporation of the City of London are recognized in the financial statements in the year in which the payment is authorized and the events giving rise to the transfer occur, performance criteria are met, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. Funding that is stipulated to be used for specific purposes is only recognized as revenue in the fiscal year that the related expenses are incurred or services performed. If funding is received for which the related expenses have not yet been incurred or services performed, these amounts are recorded as a liability at year end.

(d) Deferred revenue:

Contributions received for expenses of future periods are recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as revenue in the fiscal period the expenses are incurred.

(e) Donations in kind:

The Board recognizes revenues and expenses for services which are donated which can be reasonably valued and are services which otherwise would have been purchased.

(f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(g) Budget figures:

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

3. Cash and short-term investments:

	2021	2020
Cash and short-term investments consist of: Cash Guaranteed investment certificates	\$ 124,502 6,155	\$ 105,277 6,135
	\$ 130,657	\$ 111,412

4. Accumulated surplus:

The balance of accumulated surplus is comprised of the following:

	2021	2020
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$ 3,383	\$ 2,663
Reserves:		
Contingencies	3,733	3,733
Pole decorations	2,333	2,333
Mural maintenance	1,936	1,936
	8,002	8,002
Operating fund	108,370	130,287
	\$ 119,755	\$ 140,952

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

5. Tangible capital assets:

Cost	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Additions	Disposals	Dec	cember 31, 2021
Furniture and fixtures Computer hardware Computer software	\$	22,476 11,018 3,609	\$ - 1,520 -	\$ - - -	\$	22,476 12,538 3,609
Total	\$	37,103	\$ 1,520	\$ -	\$	38,623

Accumulated amortization	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Disposals	Α	mortization expense	Dec	cember 31, 2021
Furniture and fixtures Computer hardware Computer software	\$	19,824 11,007 3,609	\$ - - -	\$	742 58 -	\$	20,566 11,065 3,609
Total	\$	34,440	\$ -	\$	800	\$	35,240

	mber 31, 2020	Net book value December 31, 2021
Furniture and fixtures Computer hardware Computer software	\$ 2,652 11 -	\$ 1,908 1,475
Total	\$ 2,663	\$ 3,383

6. Related parties:

At December 31, 2021, the amount due from the City of London was \$20,740 (2020 - \$39,249) and the amount due from Hyde Park BIA was \$18,200 (2020 - \$12,901).