Education Sub-Committee Report

Tuesday March 29, 2022

Location: Zoom

6:30pm

Present: K. Waud, J. Hunten, J. Manness; R. Armistead, K. Gonyou (staff); M. Tovey (historian)

Agenda Items

1. Holy Roller Cultural Heritage Interpretive Sign

The Education Sub-Committee received draft text and images for the Holy Roller cultural heritage interpretive sign.

This cultural heritage interpretive sign will be located adjacent to the Holy Roller.

R. Armistead noted that the City is consulting with 1St Hussars on this cultural heritage interpretive sign.

The Education Sub-Committee would like to provide the following comments:

- Body Text
 - o ...five years outside of the London Armouries...
 - o ... London's Queens Park near Western Fair...
 - o ...Holy Roller was gifted given to the City ...
 - o ... effects of exposure...
 - o ... and to preserve...
- Page 5: ... sidelined by with a broken fuel line...
- A map that shows the progress of the Holy Roller should be included on the backside which highlights D-Day and VE-Day
- Concern for legibility of information on the backside of the sign; suggestion for simplicity and clarity, with the route highlighted

2. Lorne Avenue Public School Cultural Heritage Interpretive Sign

The Education Sub-Committee received the final proof of the cultural heritage interpretive sign for the former Lorne Avenue Public School. Comments that were provided by the Education Sub-Committee from its meeting on May 4, 2021, have been incorporated in the revision.

This cultural heritage interpretive sign will be installed in the new park.

The Education Sub-Committee would like to provide the following comments:

The City of London annexed the Town of London East in 1885.

Suggested addition in underline: Lorne Avenue Public School had its
official opening on October 8, 1875. The original, two-room brick
schoolhouse cost \$3,000 and was designed by London architect Samuel
Peters. Two rooms were added in 1879, and more rooms were added
over the years.

The school had one of the area's first female principals, Bella Boon, who served as Principal of the four-room school from 1880–1890. She had started as the Grade 7 teacher in 1879 and continued to teach at Lorne Avenue Public School until her retirement in June 1920, at which point the school had 14 rooms.

- Suggested addition in underline: ... could not afford to build one during the Great Depression
- Suggested revision to use "intercom" in lieu of "intercommunication"

Back

- Noble English received 100 acres in 1819 and then purchased the adjacent 100 acres – bringing his estate to include the land bounded by Dundas Street, Central Avenue, Adelaide Street, and Woodman Avenue (Baker and Neary 100 Fascinating Londoners 2005, p.15) – caption is therefore not correct
- Murray Anderson was the <u>City of London's first mayor (1855)</u>; the Town of London's first mayor was George Jervis Goodhue (1840) or Simon Morrill (1848 – reincorporation)
- Potential point of confusion Rev. Noble Franklin English house still stands at 472 English Street and appears to be shown on the Bird's Eye View. The Noble English house has been demolished
- English's Creek also later known as Carling's Creek
- Only some of the English street names are noted. Elias English?

3. Kilworth Village Waterworks Marker

The Education Sub-Committee received a verbal update on the Kilworth Village Waterworks. A draft of the sign will be shared at a future meeting.