то:	CHAIR AND MEMBERS CORPORATE SERVICES COMMITTEE MEETING ON SEPTEMBER 21, 2020
FROM:	ANNA LISA BARBON MANAGING DIRECTOR, CORPORATE SERVICES AND CITY TREASURER, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
SUBJECT:	2019 ANNUAL REPORTING OF LEASE FINANCING AGREEMENTS

## **RECOMMENDATION**

That, on the recommendation of the Managing Director, Corporate Services and City Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer, this report **BE RECEIVED** for information.

#### PREVIOUS REPORTS PERTINENT TO THIS MATTER

2018 Annual Reporting of Lease Financing Agreements – (August 13, 2019 meeting of Corporate Services Committee – Agenda Item 2.3) https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=66389

2017 Annual Reporting of Lease Financing Agreements – (August 14, 2018 meeting of Corporate Services Committee – Agenda Item 2.2) https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=48226

2016 Annual Reporting of Lease Financing Agreements – (September 12, 2017 meeting of Corporate Services Committee – Agenda Item 4) <a href="https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=33633">https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=33633</a>

SS16-11 Single Source Corporate Technology Assets – (April 12, 2016 meeting of Corporate Services Committee – Agenda Item 2) <a href="https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=23930">https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=23930</a>

Lease Financing Policy –

(June 17, 2014 meeting of Corporate Services Committee – Agenda Item 3) <a href="https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=13686">https://pub-london.escribemeetings.com/filestream.ashx?DocumentId=13686</a>

# **BACKGROUND**

In accordance with Ontario Regulation 653/05 of the *Municipal Act, 2001* and Council Policy - <u>Lease Financing Policy</u>, the Treasurer is required to report to Council annually on the total of outstanding Lease Financing Agreements in a fiscal year.

The Lease Financing Policy governs the administration of Lease Financing Agreements entered into by the City and incorporates all of the requirements of the Ontario Regulation 653/05.

A Lease Financing Agreement is defined in the policy as "a financial agreement for the purposes of obtaining long term financing of a capital undertaking of the municipality".

The purpose of the Lease Financing Policy is to provide guidance to Civic Administration and Council when contemplating entering into agreements for use of capital property and equipment. At times, lease financing agreements may be preferred over purchase or debt financing, depending on factors such as:

- the number of years the facility or equipment is required for;
- the annual rental payments; and,
- the bargain purchase option at the end of the term, if any.

The policy also provides guidance on the need to provide an annual report to Council. The report should contain:

- A description of the estimated proportion of Lease Financing Agreements to the total long-term debt of the City (Table 1);
- A description of the change, if any, in the estimated proportion since the previous year (Table 2);
- A statement by the Treasurer that the Lease Financing Agreements were made in accordance with the policy; and,
- Any other pertinent information (Table 3 and Table 4).

# Annual Report for the year ending December 31, 2019

Table 1 provides the details of the total outstanding capital lease financing agreements for 2018 and 2019 fiscal year ends for the City, as at December 31, exclusive of boards and commissions. The table shows that the capital lease financing balance has decreased over the past year from \$10,210 at the end of 2018 to nil at the end of 2019. The major contributing factor is our change in procurement strategy regarding corporate technology assets (i.e. desk tops).

Table 1 Capital Lease Financing Agreements as a % of Long-term Debt (000's)					
		2019		2018	
Capital Lease Financing Agreements as at December 31st Equipment	\$	-	\$	10	
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 2	91,702	\$ 3	300,396	
Total Capital Lease Financing Agreements as a % of Total Debt		0.000%		0.003%	

Table 2 explains the change over the previous year. Lease repayments in 2019 totalled \$10,210 related to computer leases. There were no new capital lease contracts entered into in 2019.

Table 2						
Analysis of Annual Change in Capital Lease Financing Agreements						
(000's)						
		40				
Capital Lease Financing Agreements as at December 31, 2018	\$	10				
Lease contracts entered into in 2019						
Lease repayments in 2019		(10)				
Capital Lease Financing Agreements as at December 31, 2019	\$	-				

It is the opinion of the Managing Director, Corporate Services and City Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer that all capital financing leases outstanding at December 31, 2019 for the City were made in accordance with the Lease Financing Policy.

In addition to the capital lease financing agreements listed above, the City has also entered into numerous operating lease financing agreements for use of capital property and equipment. Table 3 provides the details of the total outstanding operating lease financing agreements for 2018 and 2019 fiscal year ends for the City, as at December 31, exclusive of boards and commissions. The table shows that the operating lease financing balance has decreased over the past year from \$23,931,335 at the end of 2018 to \$20,911,691 at the end of 2019.

Table 3 Operating Lease Financing Agreements (000's)		
	2019	2018
Operating Lease Financing Agreements as at December 31st		
Real estate	\$ 17,623	\$ 20,818
Equipment	3,289	3,114
Total Operating Lease Financing Agreements	\$ 20,912	\$ 23,932

The City is committed to future annual payments on both Capital and Operating lease financing agreements. The total outstanding balance of all lease financing agreements as at December 31, 2019 is 20.911.691 (2018 - 23.931.335). The total includes both material and non-material leases with material leases representing approximately 57% of the total at the end of 2019 (2018 - 54%).

Table 4 identifies the minimum future annual payments on all lease financing agreements, which are as follows:

	Tab	le 4						
Minimum Future Principal Payments of Total Lease Financing Agreements								
(000's)								
	Operating Leases				Capital Leases		Total	
	E	Real Estate	Equipment		t Equipment		ı Otal	
2020	\$	4,095	\$	3,289	\$	_	\$	7,384
2021		3,907	·	· -	·	-	·	3,907
2022		2,318		-		-		2,318
2023		1,793		-		-		1,793
2024		1,540		-		-		1,540
Beyond (2025 - 2029)		3,970		-		-		3,970
Total Lease Financing Agreements as				00.040				
at December 31, 2019	\$	17,623	\$	3,289	\$	-	\$	20,912

This report is prepared annually, subsequent to the finalization of the annual audited Financial Statements for the year.

### **Financial Impact**

From a budgetary perspective, lease charges have been allocated on an annual basis in the current operating budget to the appropriate service, as an amount would need to be levied each year, similar to debt charges. The multi-year budget has accounted for the decrease experienced in 2019.

From an accounting perspective, a distinction is made between a capital lease and an operating lease.

Operating leases are usually found in property or equipment rentals where there
is no intent to acquire the item. Lease charges are charged against operating
business units over the term of the lease and expensed in the year incurred.

These types of leases are not considered long-term debt on the Statement of Financial Position but are disclosed in the financial statements within Note 18 as commitments of the City.

Capital leases are usually structured so that a majority of the benefits and risks incident to the ownership of the item is transferred to the lessee (City of London). In these cases, the City would record a debt obligation on the City's Statement of Financial Position as well as a capital asset. The capital asset would be amortized over the life of the capital asset. The lease payments would be recorded as a decrease to the debt obligation and only the interest component would be expensed in the year incurred.

These types of leases are considered long-term debt on the Statement of Financial Position and further detailed in the notes to the financial statements within Note 10 as Capital Lease Obligations.

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