то:	CHAIR AND MEMBERS WASTE MANAGEMENT WORKING GROUP MEETING ON AUGUST 13, 2020
FROM:	JAY STANFORD, M.A., M.P.A. DIRECTOR - ENVIRONMENT, FLEET & SOLID WASTE
SUBJECT:	DECISION REPORT 10: ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PROCESS

RECOMMENDATION

That, on the recommendation of the Director - Environment, Fleet and Solid Waste, the following actions **BE TAKEN**:

- a) The Report **BE RECEIVED** for information;
- b) "Alternative 1 Vertical Expansion Over Existing Footprint" **BE SUPPORTED IN PRINCIPLE** as the preferred landfill expansion alternative; and
- c) The Minutes from the August 13, 2020 Waste Management Working Group meeting include this entire report as an appendix when submitted the Civic Works Committee on September 22, 2020.

PREVIOUS REPORTS PERTINENT TO THIS MATTER

Relevant reports that can be found at www.london.ca under City Hall (Meetings) include:

- Proposed Expansion of the W12A Landfill Site: Updated Environmental Assessment Engineering Consulting Costs (October 22, 2019 meeting of the Civic Works Committee (CWC), Item #2.12)
- Proposed Terms of Reference Environmental Assessment of the Proposed W12A Landfill Expansion (September 25, 2018 meeting of the CWC, Item #3.1)
- Draft Proposed Terms of Reference Environmental Assessment of the Proposed W12A Landfill Expansion (April 17, 2018 meeting of the CWC, Item #3.3)
- Appointment of Consulting Engineer for Various Technical Studies as part of the Environmental Assessment Process for the Proposed Expansion of the W12A Landfill Site (July 17, 2017 meeting of the CWC, Item #6)
- Update and Next Steps Resource Recovery Strategy and Residual Waste Disposal Strategy as part of the Environmental Assessment Process (February 7, 2017 meeting of the CWC, Item #10)

Relevant reports that can be found at www.london.ca under City Hall (Meetings – Advisory and other Committee Meetings) include:

- Environmental Assessment Process (December 18, 2019 meeting of the Waste Management Working Group (WMWG), Item #4.2)
- Proposed Amended Terms of Reference (April 18, 2019 meeting of the WMWG, Item #3.2)
- Proposed Terms of Reference (August 15, 2018 meeting of the WMWG, Item #2.1)
- Draft Proposed Terms of Reference (July 13, 2018 meeting of the WMWG, Item #3.2)
- Preliminary Proposed Draft Terms of Reference (March 8, 2018 meeting of the WMWG, Item #2.1)
- Terms of Reference Outline and Next Steps (January 18, 2018 meeting of the WMWG, Item #9)
- General Framework for the Community Engagement Program for the Resource Recovery and Residual Waste Disposal Strategies as part of the Environmental Assessment Process (January 19, 2017 meeting of the WMWG, Item #7)

COUNCIL'S 2019-2023 STRATEGIC PLAN

Municipal Council has recognized the importance of solid waste management in its 2019-2023 - Strategic Plan for the City of London as follows:

Building a Sustainable City

London has a strong and healthy environment

• Build infrastructure to support future development and protect the environment

Growing our Economy

London is a leader in Ontario for attracting new jobs and investments

• Build infrastructure to support future development and retain existing jobs

Leading in Public Service

Londoners experience exceptional and valued customer service

• Increase community and resident satisfaction of their service experience with the City

BACKGROUND

PURPOSE:

This report provides the Waste Management Working Group (WMWG) with an update on the status of the Environmental Assessment process and seeks the WMWG support for the preferred Alternative Method (vertical landfill expansion) to expand the landfill.

CONTEXT:

An Environmental Assessment (EA) under the EA Act is a planning study that assesses environmental effects and advantages and disadvantages of a proposed project. The environment is considered in broad terms to include the natural, social, cultural and economic aspects of the environment.

There are different classes (types) of EAs depending on the type and complexity of the undertaking (project). The most rigorous EA is an Individual EA. An Individual EA is less prescribed than the more common class EAs and is used for large-scale projects like landfill sites.

The first phase of the Individual EA process is the development and approval of a Terms of Reference (ToR) by the Minister of the Environment, Conservation and Parks. The ToR becomes the framework or work plan for the preparation and review of the Individual EA. The ToR allows the proponent to produce an EA that is more direct and easier to be reviewed by interested persons. The Amended ToR for the proposed expansion of the W12A Landfill was approved on July 30, 2019.

The second phase of the Individual EA process is completion and approval of an EA. The proponent completes the EA in accordance with the approved ToR.

Addressing the Need for Action on Climate Change

On April 23, 2019, the following was approved by Municipal Council with respect to climate change:

Therefore, a climate emergency be declared by the City of London for the purposes of naming, framing, and deepening our commitment to protecting our economy, our eco systems, and our community from climate change.

Both the Resource Recovery Strategy and Waste Disposal Strategy (including the EA) address various aspects of climate change mitigation and climate change adaptation. These elements are also a requirement that must be addressed as part of EA documentation.

DISCUSSION

Status of EA

Overview

Completion of the EA study is being undertaken in a series of nine steps which are summarized in Table 1 and described fully in the Amended Terms of Reference. Additional details on Steps 2 to 6 are provided following Table 1.

Table 1: Status of Environmental Assessment

	Step listed in Terms of Reference	Description/Explanation	Status
1	Characterize the existing environmental conditions Complete technical studies (e.g., groundwater, surface water, traffic, air quality, archeology, etc.) on the area.		Complete
2	Identify the 'Alternative Methods' of landfill expansion	Develop different vertical (higher) and/or lateral (northern or eastern) expansion alternatives.	Complete
3	Qualitative and/or quantitative evaluation of 'Alternative Methods'	Determine the potential impact of each of the different expansion alternatives on the study areas.	Complete
4	Compare the 'Alternative Methods' for landfill expansion and identify the preferred alternative	Select the expansion alternative that has the least overall impact.	Complete
5	Determine the net effects of the preferred alternative	Detailed assessments will be completed on the potential impacts from the preferred expansion alternative.	90% Complete
6	Describe the preferred 'Alternative Method' for landfill expansion	Prepare a detailed description of the preferred expansion alternative and confirm how leachate (water that has contacted garbage) will be managed.	90% Complete
7	Consideration of climate change	Look at how climate change (e.g., larger rainfall events) may impact the project and how to reduce the project's contribution to climate change.	50% Complete
8	Cumulative Impact Assessment	Consider the cumulative impact of expansion of the W12A Landfill with other facilities or activities in the area.	25% Complete
9	Preparation of the EA Study Report	Prepare the EA Study Report for review by stakeholders.	25% Complete

Step 2: Identify the 'Alternative Methods' of Landfill Expansion

Three Alternative Methods (expansion alternatives) were developed and presented at the December 2019 WMWG meeting. The three expansion alternatives are:

- Alternative 1 Vertical Expansion Over Existing Footprint
- Alternative 2 Horizontal Expansion to the North and Vertical Expansion Over Part of the Existing Footprint
- Alternative 3 Horizontal Expansion to the East and Vertical Expansion Over Part of the Existing Footprint

<u>Step 3: Qualitative or quantitative evaluation of 'Alternative Methods and Step 4: Compare alternatives and identify the preferred alternative</u>

The three landfill expansion alternatives were compared across a number of environmental, social and technical considerations (Table 2, ✓ means least impact).

Based on this comparison, it was determined that *Alternative 1 – Vertical Expansion Over Existing Footprint* was the preferred alternative.

Table 2: Comparison of Landfill Expansion Alternatives

gory	Component	Sub-component	Landfill Expansion Alternative (✓ means least impact)			Public Ranking
Category			1	2	3	Group
	Atmosphere	Air quality (dust, odour and GHG)	✓			More important
	7 timospinoro	Noise	✓			Less important
ental	Biology	Aquatic ecosystems	✓			More important
Environmental		Terrestrial ecosystems	✓			More important
Envi	Geology and Hydrogeology	Groundwater quality	✓			More important
	Surface Water	Surface water quality	✓			More important
		Surface water quantity	✓			Important
	Agriculture	Agriculture	✓			Important
	Archaeology	Archaeology	✓		✓	Less important
	Cultural Heritage	Cultural Heritage Resources	✓	✓	✓	Less important
ial	Land Use	Current & planned future land uses	✓			Important
Social	Socio- economic	Local Economy		✓	✓	More important
		Residents and Community	√			More important
	Transportation	Traffic	√	✓	✓	Less important
	Visual	Visual			✓	Less important
Tech- nical	Design and	Technical Considerations			✓	Important
ř	Operations	Financial	√			Important

As shown in the above table, the main advantages of Alternative 1 are:

- Highest degree of groundwater protection
- · Best alternative to limit odours
- Fewest changes to existing stormwater management system
- Least potential for air quality, archaeology, agricultural, aquatic ecosystem, community, land use, noise and terrestrial ecosystem impacts
- Lowest cost alternative

The main disadvantages of Alternative #1 are:

- Greatest visual impact
- More complex design (more engineering infrastructure required to store leachate)

All three alternatives were considered to have similar transportation, heritage and cultural potential impacts.

Step 5 - Determine the net effects of the preferred alternative

Detailed impact assessments of future environmental effects associated with the preferred 'alternative' (assuming that conceptual design mitigation measures are in place) are required for some environmental components but not for others.

Summarized on Table 3 are the environmental components that require more detailed impact assessments. In addition, Table 3 also highlights the status and key findings of these detailed assessments.

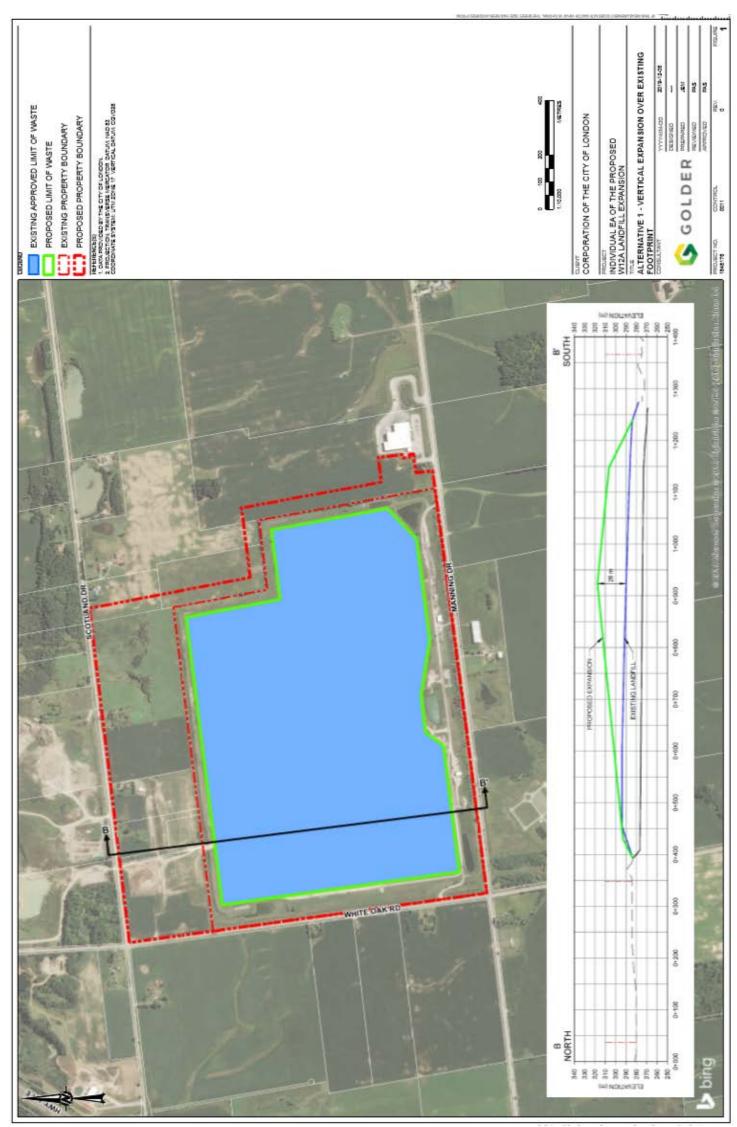
Table 3: Comparison of Landfill Expansion Alternatives

Category	Component	Comments
	Atmosphere	Detailed impact assessments of noise, odour, health related air quality and noise underway.
Environmental	Biology	Mitigation measures being developed to protect Species at Risk and Significant Wildlife habitat located on the landfill footprint and buffer areas.
Enviror	Geology and Hydrogeology	Preliminary assessment shows no impact. Preliminary assessment currently being reviewed by First Nations' consultant.
	Surface Water	Assessment has determined the need for stormwater management pond improvements.
	Agriculture	No detailed assessment required.
	Archaeology	Mitigation measures required for significant archaeology site located within on-site buffer land.
	Cultural Heritage	No detailed assessment required.
Social	Land Use	No detailed assessment required.
S	Socio-economic	No detailed assessment required.
	Transportation	Assessment underway to determine the need (if any) for roadway upgrades.
	Visual	Mitigation measures being developed to reduce visual impact.
Tech- nical	Design and Operations	Design enhancements included to improve leachate management and landfill gas capture.

<u>Step 6 - Describe the preferred 'Alternative Method' for landfill expansion</u>

A detailed description of the preferred alternative will be included in the EA Study Report. Figure 1 is a plan view of the proposed expansion showing the new property boundary. A brief summary of the key features of the preferred alternative are listed following Figure 1.

Figure 1 - Alternative 1 - Vertical Expansion Over Existing Footprint



Landfill Phasing and Development

- The landfill will be developed in a series of eight cells each lasting 2.5 to 3.5 years
 plus one cell for the non-decomposable portion of the waste stream (e.g., street
 sweepings).
- Filling will start on southern portion of landfill to maximum visual screening for nearby properties.
- Changes are proposed to the final cover design.

Leachate Control and Management

- Existing leachate perimeter collection system around the older portion of landfill will be replaced with a new perimeter collection system with finger drains extending into the waste to control leachate mounding.
- Additional leachate storage will be added to prevent off-site pumping of leachate when Greenway Wastewater Treatment Plant or Dingman Pumping Station is in a bypass situation.

Landfill Gas Control and Management

- New larger landfill gas flare will be required within the next 5 to 8 years.
- Current landfill gas control design is based on vertical wells. Landfill expansion design will be based having both vertical wells and horizontal collectors.

Stormwater Management

- Upgrades will be made to all four existing ponds.
- Upgrades include increasing the size of the ponds and modifications to the outlet control structures.

Ancillary Components

- All existing/buildings will be replaced/upgraded and a larger public drop-off area constructed.
- Permanent asphalt road will replace seasonal road on the north and east sides of the landfill.

Costs

- The estimated direct capital cost of the landfill is approximately \$63,370,000 (in \$2020) (Table 4).
- The estimated capital cost of potential ancillary features whose cost would be funded directly or indirectly by others is approximately \$21,200,000 (in \$2020) (Table 4).
- Estimated direct landfill capital cost translates to approximately \$6 to \$7 per tonne of
 waste disposed of (excluding ancillary features funded by others as well as any
 financing costs or the cost of additional properties purchased for buffer).

Table 4: Estimated Capital Cost of Landfill Expansion

Description	Estimated Cost		
Direct Landfill Capital Costs			
Approvals	1,480,000		
Leachate Management	4,820,000		
Final Cover	11,830,000		
Landfill Gas Management	16,750,000		
Earth Works, Roadways, Landscaping	2,250,000		
Stormwater Management	1,210,000		
Facilities (administration building, scalehouse, maintenance building, small vehicle drop-off, etc.)	8,600,000		
Subtotal	46,940,000		
Engineering at 15% of Subtotal	7,040,000		
Contingencies at 20% of Subtotal	9,390,000		
Total – Direct Landfill Capital Costs	\$63,370,000		
Ancillary Features (Likely Funded by Other Sources) Capital Costs			
Household Special Waste Depot (a large percentage likely funded through Extended Producer Responsibility, if built)	1,200,000		
Renewable Natural Gas Plant (funded through RNG sales, if built)	14,500,000		
Subtotal	15,700,000		
Engineering at 15% of Subtotal	2,360,000		
Contingencies at 20% of Subtotal	3,140,000		
Total – Ancillary Features Capital Costs	\$21,200,000		
GRAND TOTAL	\$84,570,000		

Next Steps

The remaining tasks and schedule to complete the EA are summarized in Table 5.

Table 5 – Schedule and Remaining Tasks to Complete EA

Task	Timeline	Comments
Complete Detailed Assessments of Preferred Alternative	August to September 2020	 Determine the net effects of the preferred alternative (Step 5) Describe preferred alternative (Step 6) Consideration of Climate Change (Step 7) Cumulative Impact Assessment (Step 8)
Additional Public (Community) Engagement	August to September 2020	Second First Nations Workshop in AugustFourth Open House in October

Table 5 - Schedule and Remaining Tasks to Complete EA

Task	Timeline	Comments
Prepare Preliminary Draft EA Report	September to October 2020	Prepare preliminary draft EA report and send to MECP for comments
Prepare Draft EA Report	November 2020 to January 2021	 Update report based on MECP comments and prepare Draft EA report Review of Draft by MECP, Government Review Team (GRT), Stakeholder Council Approval
Formal Submission of EA Documentation	• February 2021	Publish required notices and submit to MECP
Minister Decision	March 2021 to September 2021	 The MECP process requires the Minister to make a decision on whether to approve or reject an EA within 30 weeks of submission. This includes the MECP public and agency review period. A decision by the Minister after 30 weeks is still valid.

It is proposed that the fourth Open House planned for early October will have both an in-person and a virtual component as in the past. The in-person Open House is tentatively scheduled October 7 and/or October 8. Appropriate Covid-19 safety measures will be in place for the in-person Open House including, limiting the number of persons inside at one time, social distancing, face masks, hand sanitizer, etc. The format for the in-person component will be approved in advance by the City's Senior Leadership Team (SLT).

Like the three previous Open Houses, all materials will be on the City's website with opportunities to ask questions and provide comments.

Budget

The status of the budget for the proposed expansion of the W12A Landfill is summarized in Tables 6 and 7.

Table 6: Budget for Proposed W12A Landfill Expansion (SW6051)

Item	Budget	Comment
EA for Long Term Residual Waste Disposal (Landfill Expansion)	\$2,398,000	All costs associated with the EA approval of the expansion of the W12A Landfill.
Resource Recovery (RR) Initiatives & Strategy	\$410,000	Preliminary planning for development of resource recovery area east of W12A Landfill.
Total	\$2,808,000	

Table 7: Status of EA and Resource Recovery (RR) Budget

Item	Budget ^a	Comment
EA - Spent to date	\$1,104,000	Cost to develop and obtain approval of ToR and undertake the technical studies.
EA - Committed (consulting)	\$416,000	Primarily consulting fees for remaining EA technical studies and preparation of the EA documentation.
EA - Expected Future Assignments (future costs)	\$776,000	Primarily consulting fees, additional technical work, project management, community engagement.
EA - Contingency Available	\$102,000	Funds available to cover future additional costs.
Total – EA	\$2,398,000	
RR – Spent to Date	\$0	In 2018 and 2019, approximately \$35,000 from the operating budget was assigned to research at Western University through the Industrial Research Chair and the London Waste to Resources Innovation Centre.
RR - Expected Future Assignments (future costs)	\$410,000	Funds to cover upcoming work on resource recovery pilot projects.
Total – RR	\$410,000	

Notes: a) Rounded to the nearest \$1,000 as of July 29, 2020.

Regarding Expected Future Assignments, two known assignments at this time include:

- Golders will be required to complete additional work on technical assessments for noise, groundwater modelling and landfill design beyond their original scope of work to address stakeholder input. This work is estimated at \$33,000 to \$37,000.
- Ron Koudys Landscape Architects Inc. has had to complete additional work beyond their original scope on modelling views from individual residents to address homeowner concerns and modelling additional remedial measures. This work is estimated at \$12,000 to \$15,000.

Community Enhancement and Mitigative Measures Program

The Community Enhancement and Mitigative Measures Program (CEMMP) is part of the City's overall efforts to reduce and address the negative effects of the W12A Landfill on neighbouring properties. The program consists of a:

- Property Value Protection Plan;
- "Right of First Refusal" Program;
- Community Mitigative Measures Fund;
- No charge waste disposal for area residents; and,
- Public Liaison Committee.

Updating the CEMMP is not part of the EA but can be considered a parallel or complimentary process in addressing issues associated with the expansion of the landfill. It is proposed to bring forward concepts, ideas and potential revisions to the CEMMP to the September 22, 2020 Civic Works Committee and subsequently seek feedback on the potential revisions from stakeholders. This feedback could include:

- discussions with the W12A Landfill PLC;
- information on the potential revisions included in the fourth set of Open Houses for the environmental assessment for the proposed expansion of the W12A Landfill;
- Information on the City website and GetInvolved Website; and
- Direct mailings to residents in the vicinity of the W12A Landfill.

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