

Subject Lands Status Report: Byron Pits

PREPARED FOR

**Harrington McAvan Ltd
&
The City of London, Ont.**

SLSR: Byron Pits

**Part Lots 41 & 42, Concession 1, Westminster
City of London,
County of Middlesex**

PREPARED BY

AWS

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1 Introduction

A Subject Land Status Report (SLSR) is a natural heritage study undertaken as a background study component of a Secondary Plan in order to protect and sustain natural heritage areas and address the Environmental Policies of the London Plan. A SLSR identifies natural heritage features and functions and evaluates their significance, and includes a three season ecological inventory, following the City's Data Collection Standards for Ecological Inventory and other provincially and federally accepted protocols. As specific development and infrastructure proposals come in, those proposed to be located adjacent to natural heritage features including those identified in the Secondary Plan will be subject to all of the Environmental Policies of the London Plan (and the Provincial Policy Statement 2014), consistent with policy 1432_Environmental impact studies.

2 Study Works

2.1 Study & Site Lands

The natural heritage review study area was delineated by the City of London through its Secondary Plan process. For this technical report that study area is defined as the field 'Study Lands' delineated on Figure No. 2, being the outer Licence Boundary to the Byron Pits. To aid in addressing planning policies and surrounding natural features, a desk-top review has also been undertaken within the adjacent 120m lands, referred to as the 'Site Lands' which are also delineated on Figure No. 2.

2.2 Background Review

A broader literature review extending 5km from the Study Lands was undertaken of historical data records maintained by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF) for significant flora and fauna. A summary of record findings is provided under Appendix 1 which includes a provincial habitat description and on-site suitable habitat assessment within the Study Lands for each noted species. This background review was utilized to augment field data collection for the natural environment review.

Additional background literature reviews for natural heritage features was sourced through the City of London Official Plan and its figures- schedules, Upper Thames River Conservation Authority and the County of Middlesex Natural Heritage System Study, 2014.

2.3 Field Study Methodology

A qualified two-person team comprised of John Morton and Judith Jones from AWS Environmental Consulting Ltd. (AWS) completed the natural environment field inventory works within the Study Lands. Details of survey focus works and dates are provided in Table No. 1.

Vascular Plant Surveys were conducted during the growing season (spring and summer) of 2018, with a full species listing, ranking, status levels and Floristic Quality Scores provided within Appendix 2. During these surveys, significant species colony location mapping and

abundance estimates were recorded for all floral species of conservation concern, along with ELC vegetation community mapping for the Study Lands. Given the site disturbances within the Study Lands (post aggregate extraction) there was little natural or undisturbed lands of which were scattered around the periphery of the Study Lands. As such, flora survey works followed a random approach, covering all habitat types and vegetation communities.

General Fauna Surveys within the Study Lands included specific searches and/or investigation for amphibians, breeding birds, gestation and forage activity for snakes, turtle basking and nesting habitat, general searches for mammals and movement corridor functions. A full summary list of all recorded fauna species over the study period has been provided under Appendix 3 with current rankings, status levels and highest bird breeding codes observed.

Bird Surveys for the Subject Lands followed several standardized search methods:

- a) Monitoring activity included a 'Point Count' methodology for breeding activity in accordance to Bird Studies Canada for Woodland habitat. Point Count Locations were established to cover all habitat types within the Study Lands, with no point count location closer than 100m (limited overlapping of potential territories). Occurrences were recorded through both sightings and calling for a total of 5-10 minutes at each point count location in the early morning hours (dusk to 10:40am). Point Count data has been provided within Appendix 3.
- b) Additional bird observations of feeding adults and fledglings during summer site visits were also recorded and listed under Appendix 3 as observations outside the breeding season.

Herpetofaunal Surveys were conducted throughout the Study Lands but were focused within suitable habitat areas; wet areas, within and around fence lines, forest edges, rock piles and the pit pond perimeter.

- a) Amphibian-Salamander and Frog breeding activity was assessed through active searches for egg masses within suitable habitat, from early May through to late June 2018 with noted adult observations. Pit extraction ponds being deep-water and man-made (vegetation community 1) features are not 'natural' environments for significance determination purposes and the small breeding habitat area within vegetation community 4 was highly disturbed from recent vegetation cutting and fill. As such, no anuran night time calling surveys were undertaken as per the accepted initial project survey works proposal.
- b) Reptiles- Turtle activity was assessed through active searches for nesting/egg laying and adults basking within suitable habitat.
- c) Reptiles-Snake activity was assessed through active searches for activity during the active summer gestation period and forage periods, within suitable habitat areas.

Mammal sightings or observations of habitat use (tracks, scat) were recorded during all other flora and fauna investigations during site visits in 2018. Specific searches plus random coverage across the Study Lands focused on rock piles, woodlands, thickets, fence lines, downed woody debris, game trails and habitat/vegetation transition zones.

Fish Community assessment was not required as no watercourses or natural surface water features supporting fish occur within the Study Lands as defined under the Federal Fisheries Act. This was confirmed through on-site investigations.

2.4 Field Survey Dates and Focus of Works

Table No. 1: Field Survey Dates

Date	Search Time & Effort	Starting Weather Conditions	Survey Focus
May 9, 2018	0900 to 1530 For 6.5 hrs	Air Temp. = 18 C Wind Speed = 6-11 km/hr Cloud Cover = 25%, Precipitation = 0	Reptile forage activity, Amphibian egg mass search, Hydrology, General fauna, Stick Nests, Cavity trees
June 12, 2018	0700 to 1300 For 5.0 hrs	Air Temp. = 17 C Wind Speed = 12-19 km/hr Cloud Cover = 30%, Precipitation = 0	Breeding Bird survey, General Fauna, basking turtles, Amphibian egg mass search
June 21, 2018	0700 to 1500 2-person Team For 16.0 hrs	Air Temp. = 20 C Wind Speed = 6-11 km/hr Cloud Cover = 50%, Precipitation = 0	Spring season Flora inventory, Breeding Bird survey ,General fauna, Reptile & Amphibian egg laying activity search
August 22, 2018	0830 to 1430 2-person Team For 12.0 hrs	Air Temp. = 19 C Wind Speed = 6-11 km/hr Cloud Cover = 50% Precipitation = 0	Summer season Flora inventory, Vegetation Community & ELC delineation, Snake gestation activity and General Fauna.

Site investigations covered the spring and summer growing seasons of 2018, with four site visits, providing 39.5 hours of field inventory work within the Study Lands.

Herpetofaunal investigations provided: three daytime searches for amphibian egg masses, two daytime searches for turtle egg laying activity, emergence activity and two daytime searches for snake gestation activity. Bird inventory work included two surveys during the active breeding season, plus survey work during the early spring season for stick nest investigations and fledgling survey in mid-summer season.

3 Vegetation Community Characterization

Vegetation community boundaries within the Study Lands are depicted on Figure No. 5. They were mapped and defined in the field based upon the ‘Ecological Land Classification (ELC) for Southern Ontario, both First & Second Approximation’, with ELC types, ranking provided in Table No. 2.

Table No. 2: Vegetation Communities & ELC Codes

Vegetation Comm. No.	1998 ELC Code (SWH Criteria is based on 1998 ELC types)	1998 Type	2008 ELC Code	2008 Type	Provincial Designation
1	OAO	Open Aquatic	OAW	Open Water	S5
2	CUM1	Dry Mineral Cultural Meadow	OAGM2	Perennial cover crops	S5
3	CUM1-1	Dry Mineral Cultural Meadow	MEMM3	Dry-Fresh Mixed Meadow Ecosystem	S5
4	CUM1	Moist Mineral Cultural Meadow	MEMM4	Fresh-Moist Mixed Meadow Ecosystem	S5
5	CUS1	Cultural Savannah	SVDM3-5	Poplar Deciduous Savannah Type	S5
6	CUT1	Dry Cultural Black Locust Thicket	FODM4-11	Dry-Fresh Black Locust Deciduous Forest	S5
7	FOD5-5	Dry-Fresh Sugar Maple-Hickory Deciduous Forest	FODM5-5	Dry-Fresh Sugar Maple-Hickory Deciduous Forest	S5
8	FOD5-7	Dry-Fresh Sugar Maple-Black Cherry Deciduous Forest	FODM5-7	Dry-Fresh Sugar Maple-Black Cherry Deciduous Forest	S5

3.1 Vegetation Characterization

No. 1

- Open waters >2m in depth, below water table excavation area within the old pit floor. Periphery with some scattered rooted and emergent aquatic plants (<5%)

No. 2

- Anthropogenic site planted in white clover cover crop in 2018.

No. 3

- Anthropogenic site, dry with moderate slopes, dense forbs and graminoids with scattered tree saplings throughout.

No. 4

- Similar to community No. 2 but not planted in cash crop, and similar to community No. 3 but no pit excavation activity, area with moist soils and a small disturbed natural pond feature. Anthropogenic site delineated separate for distinction in potential rehabilitation measures due to soil moisture regimes.

No. 5

- Anthropogenic site with scattered regenerating- early successional trees (30% coverage) mix of Poplars, Maples & Ash. Abundant forbs and graminoids ground cover (50%). Average tree height of 4m and 8cm dbh.

No. 6

- Anthropogenic site. Mid-maturity aged stand with a high stem density, semi-closed canopy dominated with Black Locust (80% of tree cover) and dense ground cover of wild raspberry. Average tree height of 7m and 12cm dbh.

No. 7

- Mid-maturity aged stand with a closed canopy. Ground cover high (60%) dominated with graminoids. Average tree height of 14m and 18cm dbh.

No. 8

- Mature aged stand with a closed canopy. Ground cover was 35% being a mix of seedling and forbs. Average tree height of 21m and 32cm dbh.

Significant Feature Analysis

The Natural Heritage Features have been researched on available reports, data banks, maps etc. currently available through Municipal, Provincial and Federal agencies for this Study Area. On-site field survey works assessment aided in confirmation and noted habitat for candidate species habitat.

4 Habitat of Endangered and Threatened Species

On-site investigations confirmed that Bank Swallows a 'Threatened' species in Ontario were nesting and rearing young within a portion of the old pits extraction face in the southwest Study Lands corner, having an east facing exposure. It was estimated that the adult bird population was >100, were observed foraging activity throughout the entire Study Lands. The nesting colony was a congregation of 70 to 75 burrows about 6m below the crest of slope, of which 80% of the burrows appeared to be active during the 2018 nesting season. The nesting colony has been mapped on Figure No. 6.

In review of the background provincial records for significant flora and fauna (Appendix 1), six flora species and nine fauna species were noted within the 5km search coverage area. A review of provincial habitat description and suitable habitat areas for the Study Lands is included in this background review in Appendix 1 to aid in field investigations. Through on-site habitat assessment and detailed flora and fauna inventory works (Appendix 2 and Appendix 3), none of the historically recorded Flora Species-At-Risk were observed within the Study Lands during the 2018 site investigations. One fauna species, Bank Swallow, of the noted nine historical records was confirmed within the Study Lands during the 2018 site investigations.

5 Fish Habitat

No natural water courses are identifiable on any Planning Maps or Provincial mapping or through air photo interpretation for the Site Lands, which has been confirmed through on-site investigations. The open water environment of vegetation community No. 1 situated within the old pits central lands, has been created through below-water table extraction, with no surface water linkages off-site, there is no potential for natural fish movement to or off the site. Additionally a drainage ditch bisects through vegetation community No. 4, carrying seasonal surface water run-off in a southwest direction to off-site lands, but does not link to any documented off-site Fish Habitat. As such, it has been confirmed there is no Fish Habitat as defined by the Federal Fisheries Act within the Study Lands.

6 Significant Valleylands

The Significant Valleyland associated with the Thames River is situated north of Commissioners Rd. W., outside of the Study Lands.

7 Significant Wetlands

A review of Provincially Significant Wetland (PSW) features within the surrounding landscape has been provided on Figure No. 3. This provincially sourced mapping confirms that no evaluated significant wetlands occur within the Study or Site Lands. Of note, a small (14 ha) provincially significant wetland is situated approximately 140m southeast of the Study Lands southeast corner. The provincial evaluation record has titled this wetland as ‘North Talbot Wetlands’ (see Appendix 4), while it’s local name goes by ‘Buttonbush Wetland’. Though no surface water linkages were observed between this wetland feature and the Study Lands, the drainage ditch bisecting through vegetation community No. 4 may carry seasonal run-off waters to this feature.

In review of the City of London Official Plan Schedule B-1 and B-2 and London Plan Map 5, an unevaluated wetland and Significant Woodland feature have been identified along the Study Lands central-east boundary (upper end of the noted drainage ditch that bisects through vegetation community No.4). Ontario base mapping however, does not show a ‘wetland’ environment at this location. This area is in private land ownership, thus no direct on-site investigations could be undertaken to assess vegetation types. Though through property line observations, the lands were observed to be gently sloping away from the Study Lands and appeared to be dominated by upland-terrestrial vegetation with moist soils, not a wetland environment (additionally, if this was a forested swamp, it would have been included into the nearby PSW complex, only 200m away).

8 Significant Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI)

A review of Provincial features mapping within the Site Lands and surrounding landscape has been provided on Figure No. 3, sourced from MNRF web site. This provincial mapping demonstrates that no significant ANSI designation, Life Science or Earth Science, occurs within the Site Lands or surrounding landscape.

9 Significant Woodlands

Figure No. 4 (excerpts from City of London Official Plan Schedules B-1 and B-2 and London plan Map 5) shows that Significant Woodlands and Unevaluated Vegetation Patches have been documented within the Study and Site Lands.

Based on the City’s Guidelines for Assessing Ecological Boundaries of Vegetation Patches, the boundaries of the Significant Woodlands have expanded and London Plan Map 5 should be updated to include contiguous naturalized vegetation, specifically the thicket and forest communities.

For the Study Lands, the recommended Significant Woodland designation has been shown on Figure No. 7, associated with this technical reports vegetation community numbers (in whole or in part):

- All of community No. 8
- All of community No. 6 (this stand being dominated by aggressive Black Locust)
- Portion of community No. 5 along the southwest perimeter
- Portions of community No. 7 along the west perimeter and northeast corner

Note: currently vegetation community No. 4 is a moist meadow field, which has recently been cleared of trees and shrubs.

10 Significant Wildlife Habitat

The Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry published in January 2015 “Significant Wildlife Habitat Criteria Schedules for Ecoregion 7E” as a supplement document to the 2000 Significant Wildlife Habitat Technical Guide (SWHTG). This supporting document provides a listing of candidate and criteria or threshold levels to confirm the presence of significant wildlife habitat within Ecoregion 7E, noting that the subject lands are situated within Ecoregion 7E. Provided below is a review of Ecoregion 7E criteria for candidate SWH, a review of threshold levels and candidate or confirmed SWH for the Study Lands.

10.1 Seasonal Concentration Areas of Animals

A summary review of the Table 1.1 Criterion is provided below for the Study Lands:

- Waterfowl Stopover and staging (Terrestrial)
 - No criteria waterfowl species were observed in 2018
 - ELC criteria codes : CUM1 and CUT1 are present however no evidence of annual spring flooding (slopes) or suitable habitat.
 - Criteria species or aggregate numbers or identifiable suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Waterfowl Stopover and staging (Aquatic)
 - One criteria waterfowl species: Canada Goose, was observed in 2018 but no evidence of great numbers during migration period
 - No ELC criteria codes are present.
 - Criteria species or diversity or aggregate numbers or suitable habitat not met.
 - No Confirmed SWH.
- Shorebird Migratory Stopover
 - One criteria shorebird species: Spotted Sandpiper was observed in 2018.
 - No ELC criteria codes present.
 - Criteria species diversity or aggregate numbers or suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Raptor Wintering Area
 - Two criteria raptor species: Red-tailed Hawk and American Kestrel were observed perching in the summer season within the Study Lands in 2018.
 - ELC forest criteria code FOD is present and Open upland codes: CUM, CUS, and CUT present

- No documented winter activity. Past land use activities would constrain habitat use. Future activity under ideal lands may provide favorable over wintering habitat.
 - Criteria species diversity or aggregate numbers presently not met
 - No confirmed SWH, but noted future potential as suitable habitat types and minimum area size is on-site.
- Bat Hibernacula
 - No bat species or criteria species were observed in 2018.
 - No ELC criteria codes present.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Bat Maternity Colonies
 - No bat species or criteria species were observed in 2018.
 - ELC criteria code: FOD is present
 - East portion of Vegetation community No. 8 noted suitable habitat with standing snags in early decay and several live large diameter trees with cavities.
 - **Candidate SWH area delineated on Figure No. 8.**
- Turtle Wintering Areas
 - No criteria turtle species observed during the 2018 site investigations.
 - No ELC criteria codes present. Pit floor pond as no organic substrate required for turtle overwintering survival.
 - Species criteria numbers or diversity or suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Reptile Hibernaculum
 - Two criteria snake species: Eastern Gartersnake and Northern Brownsnake were observed within the Study Lands, however all sightings were recorded during the 2018 summer season investigations during the active foraging period. Given the extensive overburden disturbances within the Study Lands (former pit operations) no candidate Hibernaculum habitat was identified.
 - Species diversity, numbers, congregations not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Colonially-Nesting Bird Breeding Habitat: Bank and Cliff
 - No criteria bird species were observed in 2018.
 - ELC criteria codes: CUM1 and CUT1 are present and steep slopes present.
 - Species criteria numbers or diversity or suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Colonially-Nesting Bird Breeding Habitat: Tree/Shrub
 - No criteria bird species were observed in 2018.
 - No ELC criteria codes are present and no nesting activity noted.
 - Species criteria numbers or diversity or suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.

- Colonially-Nesting Bird Breeding Habitat: Ground
 - One criteria bird species: Herring Gull was observed in 2018.
 - ELC criteria codes: CUM, CUT and CUS are present however, no nesting activity noted.
 - Species criteria numbers or diversity or suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Migratory Butterfly Stopover Areas
 - One criteria butterfly species: Monarch was observed in 2018.
 - Forest ELC criteria code: FOD and Field ELC criteria code: CUM, CUT and CUS are present however; the Site Lands are not located within 5km of Lake Ontario or Lake Erie (criteria site locations).
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Landbird Migratory Stopover Areas
 - Several migratory songbird species confirmed within the Study Lands, see Appendix 3.
 - ELC criteria code: FOD is present however; the Site Lands are not located within 5km of Lake Ontario or Lake Erie (criteria site locations).
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Deer Winter Congregation Areas
 - Criteria species observed within the Study Lands during the summer season.
 - ELC criteria code: FOD is present however woodland parcels are well below threshold size criteria of 50 ha.
 - No wintering deer congregation habitat identified on mapping for the Study Lands woodlands by MNRF.
 - No confirmed SWH.

10.2 Rare Vegetation Communities

A summary review of the Table 1.2.1 Criterion is provided below:

- Cliffs and Talus Slopes
 - No ELC criteria code types present within the Study Lands.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Sand Barren
 - No ELC criteria code types present within the Study Lands.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Alvar
 - No ELC criteria code types present within the Study Lands.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Old Growth Forest
 - ELC criteria code: FOD is present however, Provincial Habitat description of 'Old Growth Forest' community is not present (tree sizes, density, etc) within the Study Lands. Stands have been disturbed in the past.
 - No confirmed SWH.

- Savannah
 - No natural ELC criteria code types present within the Study Lands (cultural only).
 - Vegetation community No. 5 is on an anthropogenic/cultural site with maturing tree growth in size and density, not a natural savannah habitat.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Tallgrass Prairie
 - No ELC criteria code types present within the Study Lands.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Other Rare Vegetation Communities
 - No identified vegetation communities with an S1, S2 or S3 ranking present within the Study Lands.
 - No confirmed SWH.

10.3 Specialized Habitat for Wildlife

A summary review of the Table 1.2.2 Criterion is provided below:

- Waterfowl Nesting Area
 - One criteria waterfowl species: Mallard was observed in 2018 however; only 2 breeding pairs recorded.
 - ELC criteria code: SWT2 is present however, no observation of waterfowl nesting activity within this community (below functional habitat size).
 - Species diversity, nesting pair's numbers for criteria thresholds not met.
 - No confirmed SWH
- Bald Eagle and Osprey Nesting, Foraging and Perching Habitat
 - No criteria species observed in 2018.
 - ELC criteria code: FOD is present however, Study Lands are within an Urban environment and not directly adjacent to a river or lake.
 - Species and numbers for criteria thresholds not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Woodland Raptor Nesting Habitat
 - No criteria species observed in 2018.
 - ELC criteria code: FOD is present, however no current or historical nesting activity within the Study Lands noted.
 - Species and numbers for criteria thresholds not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Turtle Nesting Areas
 - No criteria species were observed in 2018.
 - No ELC criteria codes present.
 - Species diversity or numbers for criteria thresholds or suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.

- Seeps and Springs
 - Criteria species were observed in 2018 within the Study lands.
 - No groundwater upwelling features of 'springs or seeps' were identified within the Study Lands.
 - Criteria thresholds for seep/spring numbers are not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Amphibian Breeding Habitat (Woodland)
 - One criteria species: Gray Treefrog was observed in 2018 however, only 1 adult was observed (Appendix 3) with no functional breeding habitat identified within any of the woodland vegetation features.
 - ELC criteria code: FOD is present however; no ephemeral ponds were identified within the woodlands.
 - Adult numbers do not meet the provincial criteria threshold of 20 or more breeding individuals.
 - Species diversity and numbers for criteria thresholds are not met.
 - No confirmed SWH
- Amphibian Breeding Habitat (Wetlands)
 - Three criteria species: Gray Treefrog (1 adult), Northern Leopard Frog (7 to 10 adults) and Green Frog (2 to 3) were observed in 2018.
 - ELC criteria code: OA is present however this is man-made with very little aquatic vegetation growth (excavated pond) present and no functional natural wetland habitat.
 - Species diversity and numbers for criteria thresholds are not met.
 - No confirmed SWH
- Woodland Area-Sensitive Bird Breeding Habitat
 - No criteria bird species were recorded during the 2018 site investigations.
 - ELC criteria codes: FOD is present.
 - Species diversity (criteria threshold of 3 or more) not met and no forest interior habitat.
 - No confirmed SWH

10.4 Habitat for Species of Conservation Concern

(Not including Endangered or Threatened Species)

A summary review of the Table 1.3 Criterion is provided below:

- Marsh Breeding Bird Habitat
 - No criteria bird species were observed in 2018.
 - No ELC criteria codes are present.
 - Species diversity or nesting numbers or suitable habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Open Country Bird Breeding Habitat
 - No criteria bird species were observed in 2016.
 - One ELC criteria code: CUM1 is present but below threshold criteria level of 30ha.
 - Species diversity or nesting numbers or minimum suitable nesting habitat not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.

- Shrub/Early Successional Bird Breeding Habitat
 - One indicator bird species: Brown Thrasher and One common species: Field Sparrow both observed in 2018.
 - ELC criteria codes: CUT1 and CUS of >10ha present however the criteria for the habitat to have a history of longevity to sustain these species not met in disturbed pit area.
 - Criteria threshold for nesting or breeding evidence of 3 or more required criteria species is not met.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Terrestrial Crayfish
 - No criteria species (no crayfish chimneys observed) were observed in 2018.
 - No ELC criteria codes present.
 - Species diversity and nesting numbers for criteria thresholds not met
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Special Concern and Rare Wildlife Species
 - No provincially rare or 'Special Concern' flora having an S1 to S3 ranking, were recorded in 2018.
 - One provincially rare or 'Special Concern' fauna having an S1 to S3 ranking was recorded in 2018: Monarch.
 - Historical data records noted numerous 16 Flora species and 9 Fauna species. See Appendix 1 for detailed review of each with no special concern or provincially rare flora and only one fauna (Monarch) recorded within the Study Lands during the 2018 site investigations
 - **Confirmed SWH for Monarch.**

10.5 Animal Movement Corridors

A summary review of the Table 1.4.1 Criterion is provided below:

- Amphibian Movement Corridors
 - No confirmed SWH for amphibian breeding identified within the Study Lands.
 - As per the guidelines, no movement corridor delineation is required.
 - No confirmed SWH.
- Bat Migratory Stopover Area
 - No bat species or criteria species were observed in 2018.
 - No historical documentation or suitable habitat identified.
 - Confirmation criteria and habitat areas still being determined by MNRF.
 - No confirmed SWH.

In summary Ecoregion 7E criterion schedule for Significant Wildlife Habitat has been confirmed within the Study Lands with mapping provided on Figure No. 6, for:

- Monarch butterfly habitat (Special Concern and Rare Wildlife Species)

11 Natural Heritage Recommendations

11.1 Habitat of Endangered and Threatened Species

- Bank Swallows have been confirmed within the Study Lands, with a large nesting colony (70-75 burrows) within the steep east facing slope of the southwest Study Lands corner, delineated on Figure No.6.

Recommendation

- Consultation with the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks to ensure protection of the species and their habitat in compliance with the Endangered Species Act, 2007 is recommended prior to any site alterations for the rehabilitation of the pit.

11.2 Significant Woodland

- Currently portions of vegetation community No. 8 are designated Significant Woodland under the London Plan. Based on the City's Guidelines for Assessing Ecological Boundaries of Vegetation Patches the boundaries of the Significant Woodlands are recommended to be expanded for the London Plan Map 5 to include contiguous naturalized vegetation. For the Study Lands, the Significant Woodlands designation is associated with this technical report's vegetation community numbers shown on Figure No. 5 and includes portions of vegetation community No. 8., located in the southern part of the Study Area. The London Plan also identifies the triangular area shown as No. 8 located along the south east boundary of the Study area, and on the southwest side of the existing pit berm, as an "unevaluated vegetation patch". This area is also identified in the London Plan as "Environmental Review" Place Type.

- Recommendations:

- Within the south portion of the Study Lands, polygons of vegetation community No. 8 should all be designated Significant Woodland as they meet evaluation criteria for ecological significant woodlands under the City of London guideline document.
 - Given the ongoing rehabilitation of the gravel pit site, changes in the vegetation may occur through rehabilitation or natural succession. Future development proposals should evaluate vegetation communities and woodland significance through an Environmental review as part of a development application.

11.3 Significant Wildlife Habitat

- Habitat for Monarch Butterfly, a Special Concern status species, has been documented within the Study Lands, with point observations mapped on Figure No. 6. Only 7 to 9 adult Monarchs were recorded during the site investigations of 2018, as such the local population is considered to be negligible given the extent of the land base area within the Study Lands. Vegetation community No. 2 and community No. 4 supported minor forage species, given recent and on-going site alterations.
- Monarch Habitat Recommendation:
 - Restoration plantings within the Study Land should include native milkweed species for enhanced monarch habitat.
- Candidate Bat maternity roosting habitat has been delineated on Figure No. 7, situated within the east portion of vegetation community No. 8 along the south Study Lands boundary.
- Candidate Bat maternity habitat Recommendation:
 - In accordance to the provincial SWHM guidelines and SWH criteria, all of this polygon for vegetation community No. 8, should be considered Significant Wildlife Habitat, with no site alterations. If site development alterations are considered within 50m to this polygon, further investigation of bat presence/absence and habitat use should be undertaken in accordance to MNRF guidelines.

11.4 Future Studies

As specific development or site alteration proposals come in, those proposed to be located adjacent to natural heritage features including those identified in the Secondary Plan will be subject to all of the Environmental Policies of the London Plan (and the Provincial Policy Statement 2014), consistent with policy 1432_ Environmental impact studies (see below).

- London Plan, “policy 1432_ Environmental impact studies are required where development or site alteration is proposed within or adjacent to components of the Natural Heritage System. The City will require that an environmental impact study be completed to its satisfaction, and in accordance with provincial policy, in consultation with the relevant public agencies prior to the approval of a planning and development application, where development or site alteration is proposed entirely or partially within the distances adjacent to Natural Heritage System components set out in Table 13 – Areas Requiring Environmental Study.”

Respectfully Submitted



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12 References

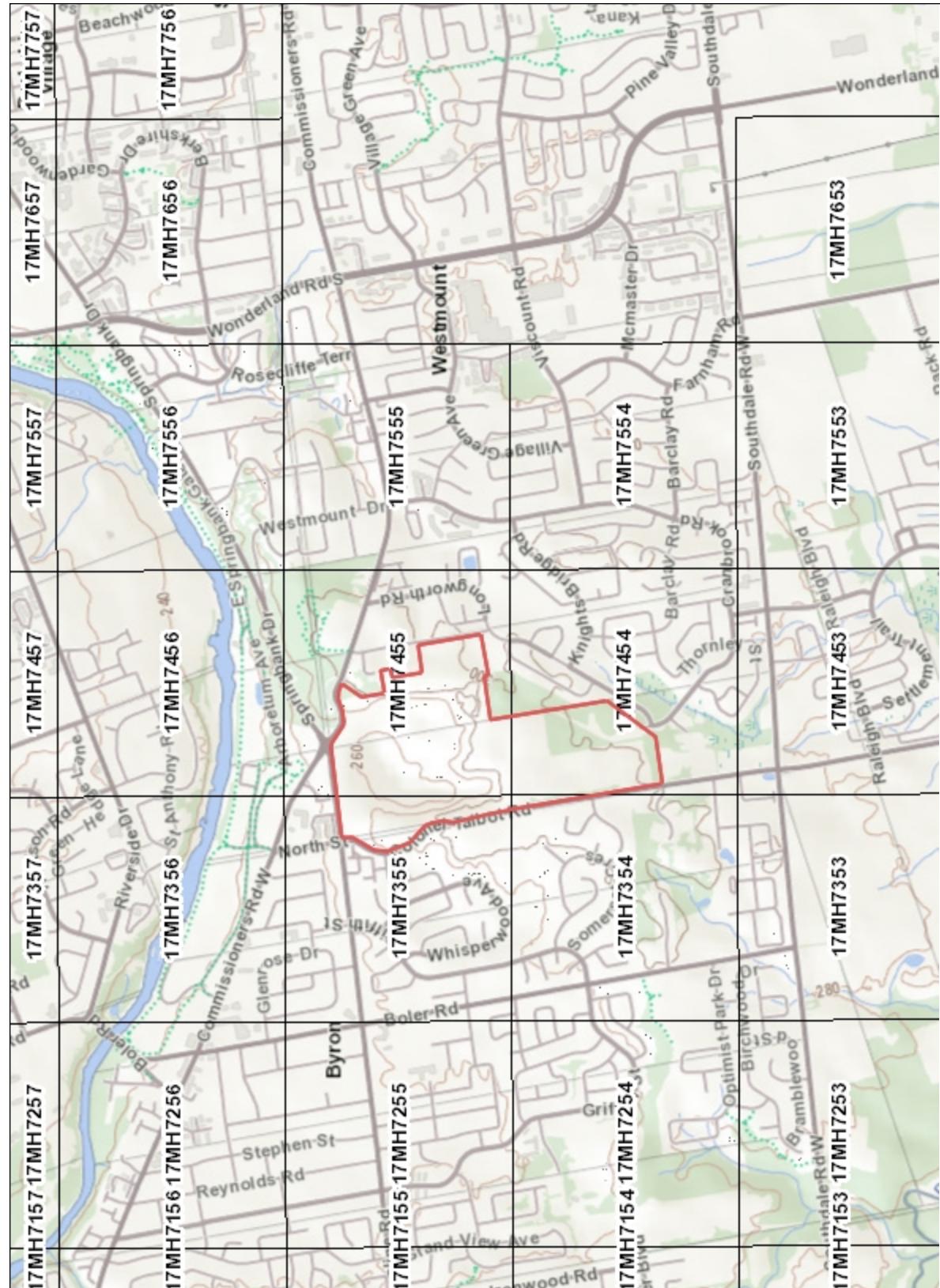
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APPENDIX 1

- MNRF: Natural Heritage Information Centre data search for Significant Flora and Fauna
historical records extending 5km's from the Study Lands and UTM Search Coverage Map



1.3 Kilometers

This map should not be relied on as a precise indicator of routes or locations, nor as a guide to navigation. The Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry(OMNRF) shall not be liable in any way for the use of, or reliance upon, this map or any information on this map.

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Byron Pit-City of London

Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry – NHIC historical records search for Significant Flora and Fauna within 5 km of the Study Lands

Source:

OMNRF – Natural Heritage Information Center data in the Land Information Ontario online databases with six species records.

FLORA: 23 species records, of which suitable habitat occurs for 11 species within the Study Lands. Flora investigations of 2018 did not confirm the presence of any noted SAR species.

American Chestnut (*Castanea dentata*)

- Provincial Ranking = S1S2, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 1993
 - Habitat Description: *Can be found within Carolinian Zone deciduous forests having moist to dry soil conditions, even to rocky soils, full sun to full shade.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community numbers 3, 7 and 8

False Hop Sedge (*Carex lipuliformis*)

- Provincial Ranking = S1, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 2005
 - Habitat Description: *This plant most often grows in riverine swamps and marshes, and around temporary forest ponds. It prefers open areas and areas under forest canopy openings, with lots of sunlight*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Eastern Flowering Dogwood (*Cornus florida*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2?, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 1992
 - Habitat Description: *Grows under taller trees in mid-age to mature deciduous or mixed forests. It most commonly grows on floodplains, slopes, bluffs and in ravines, and is also sometimes found along roadsides and fencerows.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community numbers 3, 5 and 7

Stiff Gentian (*Gentianella quiquefolia*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 1898
 - Habitat Description: *occurs in wet to dry-mesic prairies, fens, primarily in loamy soils, but it can also be found in sandy areas, such as near Great Lakes shorelines*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Blue Ash (*Fraxinus quadrangulata*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2?, Provincial Status = Threatened
- Last recorded in the search area 1994
 - Habitat Description: *Confined to small patches on the islands and northern shores of Lake Erie, and the floodplains of the Thames and St. Clair rivers.*
Moisture: Moist to dry soil moisture, adaptable except to wettest sites, prefers full sun but tolerates partial shade
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Smooth Yellow False Foxglove (*Aureolaria flava*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Threatened
- Last recorded in the search area 1993
 - Habitat Description: *Are few individuals remaining in a small number of locations within oak savannas and woodlands. Declines have been observed in its distribution and quality of habitat.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Broad Beech Fern (*Phegopteris hexagonoptera*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Special Concern
- Last recorded in the search area 1988
 - Habitat Description: *Grows in rich soils in deciduous forests, often in areas dominated by maple and beech trees. It requires moist soil and usually grows in full shade.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 8

Green Dragon (*Arisaema dracontium*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Special Concern
- Last recorded in the search area 1983
 - Habitat Description: *Grows in somewhat wet to wet deciduous forests along streams, particularly maple forest and forest dominated by Red Ash and White Elm trees.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Hoary Tick-trefoil (*Desmodium canescens*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1982
 - Habitat Description: *Anthropogenic (man-made or disturbed habitats), forests, meadows and fields, woodlands.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3, 4, 5 and 7

Rigid Sedge (*Carex tetanica*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1993
 - Habitat Description: *Fens, marshes and wet fields*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Large-bracted Tick-leaf (*Desmodium cuspidatum*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1993
 - Habitat Description: *Anthropogenic (man-made or disturbed habitats), forests and woodlands.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3 and 7

Deer-tongue Panicgrass (*Dichanthelium clandestinum*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1992
 - Habitat Description: *Anthropogenic (man-made or disturbed habitats), floodplains, marshes, meadows and fields, shores of rivers or lakes and wetlands*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3, 4, and 9

Eastern Burning Bush (*Euonymus atropurpureus*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1982
 - Habitat Description: *Grows in low meadows open slopes, open woodland, stream and prairies, in moist soils, especially thickets, valleys, and forest edges.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 4, 5, 7 and 8

Smith's Bulrush (*Schoenoplectiella smithii*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1989
 - Habitat Description: *Fresh tidal marshes, flats, shores of rivers or lakes*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Atlantic Sedge (*Carex atlantica*)

- Provincial Ranking = S1S2, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1991
 - Habitat Description: *Bogs, swamps, wetland margins*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Large Yellow Pond-lily (*Nuphar advena*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area: no date
 - Habitat Description: *Lacustrine wetlands (in lakes or ponds), Riverine wetlands (in rivers or streams), shores of rivers*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Shining Bedstraw (*Galium concinnum*)

- Provincial Ranking = S1, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1990
 - Habitat Description: *Habitats include rich mesic woodlands, upland woodlands, open rocky woodlands, sandy woodlands, upper slopes and tops of bluffs, shaded cliffs, and woodland edges. Generally, this bedstraw is found in upland wooded areas where deciduous trees, especially oaks, are present*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3, 5, 7 and 8

Weak Bluegrass (*Poa saltuensis* ssp. *languide*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1990
 - Habitat Description: *Cliffs, ledges, forests, meadows and fields, ridges, swamps, woodlands*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8

Striped Cream Violet (*Viola striata*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1990
 - Habitat Description: *Floodplains, wet forests, shores of rivers or lakes*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Hairy-fruited Sedge (*Carex trichocarpa*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1991
 - Habitat Description: *Anthropogenic (man-made or disturbed habitats), floodplains, marshes, meadows and fields, shores of rivers or lakes and wetlands*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Brainerd's Hawthorn (*Crataegus brainerdii*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1997
 - Habitat Description: *Anthropogenic (man-made or disturbed habitats) forest edges, meadows and fields.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7

Eastern Stiff-leaved Goldenrod (*Solidago rigida* ssp. *Rigida*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1935
 - Habitat Description: *Forest Edges*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3 and 4

FAUNA: 18 species records, of which suitable habitat occurs for 8 species within the Study Lands. Fauna investigations of 2018 confirmed 1 species: Bank Swallow, presence and functional habitat within the Study Lands.

American Badger (*Taxidea taxus*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 2009
 - Habitat Description: *Badgers are found in a variety of habitats, such as tall grass prairie, sand barrens and farmland. These habitats provide badgers with small prey, including groundhogs, rabbits and small rodents.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3, 4, 5 and 7

Henslow's Sparrow (*Icteria virens*)

- Provincial Ranking = SHB, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 1975
 - Habitat Description: *found in abandoned farm fields, pastures, and wet meadows. It tends to avoid fields that have been grazed or are crowded with trees and shrubs. It prefers extensive, dense, tall grasslands where it can more easily conceal its small ground nest.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3 and 4

Yellow-breasted Chat (*Icteria virens*)

- Provincial Ranking = S1, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 1931
 - Habitat Description: *Lives in thickets and scrub, especially locations where clearings have become overgrown.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 6 and 7

Salamander Mussel (*Simpsonaias ambigua*)

- Provincial Ranking = S1, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 1998
 - Habitat Description: *Prefers waterbodies with a soft bottom and a swift current and is often found burrowed in sand or silt under large rocks in shallow areas, on gravel bars, or in mud.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Spiny Softshell (*Apalone spinifera*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Endangered
- Last recorded in the search area 2008
 - Habitat Description: *Highly aquatic turtles that rarely travel far from water. They are found primarily in rivers and lakes but also in creeks and even ditches and ponds near rivers. Key habitat requirements are open sand or gravel nesting areas, shallow muddy or sandy areas to bury in, deep pools for hibernation, areas for basking, and suitable habitat for crayfish and other food species.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable natural habitat confirmed on-site.

Bank Swallow (*Riparia riparia*)

- Provincial Ranking = S4, Provincial Status = Threatened
- Last recorded in the search area 2015
 - Habitat Description: *Nest in burrows in natural and human-made settings where there are vertical faces in silt and sand deposits. Many nests are on banks of rivers and lakes, but they are also found in active sand and gravel pits or former ones where the banks remain suitable. The birds breed in colonies ranging from several to a few thousand pairs.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 5 and side slopes to open pit faces. **Confirmed on-site, 2018**

Eastern Meadowlark (*Sturnella magna*)

- Provincial Ranking = S4, Provincial Status = Threatened
- Last recorded in the search area 2011
 - Habitat Description: *Breed primarily in moderately tall grasslands, such as pastures and hayfields, but are also found in alfalfa fields, weedy borders of croplands, roadsides, orchards, airports, shrubby overgrown fields, or other open areas. Small trees, shrubs or fence posts are used as elevated song perches*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 3, 4 and 5

Lake Sturgeon (*Acipenser fulvescens*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Threatened
- Last recorded in the search area: pre-2011
 - Habitat Description: *Lives almost exclusively in freshwater lakes and rivers with soft bottoms of mud, sand or gravel. They are usually found at depths of five to 20 metres. They spawn in relatively shallow, fast-flowing water (usually below waterfalls, rapids, or dams) with gravel and boulders at the bottom.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Silver Shiner (*Notropis photogenes*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2S3, Provincial Status = Threatened
- Last recorded in the search area 1985
 - Habitat Description: *Prefer moderate to large size streams with swift currents that are free of weeds and have clean gravel or boulder bottoms. They live in schools and feed on crustaceans and adult flies that fall in the water or fly just above the surface. In June or July, they spawn by scattering their eggs over gravel riffles.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Eastern Wood-pewee (*Contopus virens*)

- Provincial Ranking = S4, Provincial Status = Special Concern
- Last recorded in the search area: no date
 - Habitat Description: *Lives in the mid-canopy layer of forest clearings and edges of deciduous and mixed forests. It is most abundant in intermediate-age mature forest stands with little understory vegetation.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 7 and 8

Northern Map Turtle (*Graptemys geographica*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Special Concern
- Last recorded in the search area 1987
 - Habitat Description: *Inhabits rivers and lakeshores where it basks on emergent rocks and fallen trees throughout the spring and summer. In winter, the turtles hibernate on the bottom of deep, slow-moving sections of river. They require high-quality water that supports the female's mollusc prey. Their habitat must contain suitable basking sites, such as rocks and deadheads, with an unobstructed view from which a turtle can drop immediately into the water if startled.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Wood Thrush (*Hylocichla mustelina*)

- Provincial Ranking = S4, Provincial Status = Special Concern,
- COSEWIC Status = Threatened
- Last recorded in the search area: no date
 - Habitat Description: *Lives in mature deciduous and mixed (conifer-deciduous) forests. They seek moist stands of trees with well-developed undergrowth and tall trees for singing perches. These birds prefer large forests, but will also use smaller stands of trees. They build their nests in living saplings, trees or shrubs, usually in sugar maple or American beech.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 7 and 7

Blue-tipped Dancer (*Argia tibialis*)

- Provincial Ranking = S4, Provincial Status = Special Concern
- Last recorded in the search area: no date
 - Habitat Description: *Is found at small wooded sandy streams with a slow to moderate current and with or without riffles, less often larger rivers. More tied to forest streams than other Argia in its range but also has been found at degraded and urban streams. Larvae live among detritus.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Snapping Turtle (*Chelydra serpentina*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Special Concern
- Last recorded in the search area 1997
 - Habitat Description: *They prefer shallow waters so they can hide under the soft mud and leaf litter, with only their noses exposed to the surface to breathe. During the nesting season, from early to mid summer, females travel overland in search of a suitable nesting site, usually gravelly or sandy areas along streams.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable natural habitat confirmed on-site.

Azure Bluet (*Enallagma aspersum*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1964
 - Habitat Description: *Fishless lakes and semi permanent ponds and bogs*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Painted Skimmer (*Libellula semifasciata*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1965
 - Habitat Description: *Occurs at boggy ponds and ditches with much emergent vegetation, usually associated with woodland. Larvae live on mud bottom among detritus.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

Amber-winged Spreadwing (*Lestes eurinus*)

- Provincial Ranking = S3, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area: no date
 - Habitat Description: *Occurs in a variety of permanent lakes and ponds with at least some emergent vegetation. It has been found in everything from bog lakes to pasture ponds, but usually considered characteristic of fishless wetlands. Larvae live among aquatic vegetation.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: No suitable habitat confirmed on-site.

White-eyed Vireo (*Vireo griseus*)

- Provincial Ranking = S2, Provincial Status = Rare
- Last recorded in the search area 1985
 - Habitat Description: *The thicket-dwelling white-eyed vireo breeds in extreme southern Ontario, frequent scrubby areas including overgrown pastures, forested edges, streamside thickets, second-growth forests, and bramble-filled fields.*
 - Study Lands Habitat: Suitable habitat within vegetation community No. 5, 6, 7 and 8.

Restricted Species

- EO ID = 93770

Restricted Species

- EO ID = 16483

APPENDIX 2

- Flora Inventory Listing: Ranking, Status & Floristic Quality Assessment Scoring

Byron Pits : Flora Listing

with current Ranking, Status and S. Ontario Floristic Quality Scoring and Ecological Land Classification

South of Byron Baseline Road and East of Colonel Talbot Road, City of London, Ontario

Highlighted species are recognized as "Invasive Species in Ontario"

1) Shoreline-Littoral Zone of the pit floor open water area: Vegetation Community No. 1

Latin Name	Common Name	Native or Introduced		Rank		Status		FQA	
		Nat.	Prov.	Nat.	Prov.	Local	CC	CW	
<i>Bidens frondosa</i>	Beggar's Ticks	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3	-3	
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	Grey Dogwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2	-2	
<i>Cornus stolonifera</i>	Red Osier Dogwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2	-3	
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Field Horsetail	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	0	
<i>Erigeron philadelphicum</i>	Philadelphia Fleabane	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	1	-3	
<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	Watercress	I	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	-5	
<i>Plantago major</i>	Common Plantain	N	NNA	S5	NAR	Common	0	-1	
<i>Populus deltoides</i>	Cottonwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	4	-1	
<i>Ranunculus longirostris</i>	White Water Crowfoot	N	N5	S4S5	NAR	Common	5	-5	
<i>Salix lucida</i>	Shining Willow	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	5	-4	
<i>Scirpus atrovirens</i>	Dark Green Bulrush	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3	-5	
<i>Stuckenia pectinata</i>	Sago Pondweed	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	-5	
<i>Symphytum cordifolium</i>	Heart-leaved Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	5	-5	
<i>Symphytum lanceolatum</i>	Panicled Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3	-3	
<i>Symphytum novae-angliae</i>	New England Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	2	-3	
<i>Typha angustifolia</i>	Narrow-leaf Cattail	I	N5	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	3	-5	
MEAN							2	-3	

Total number of Native species =
Total number of Introduced or Non-Native species =

14 or 93%
1 or 7%

15

2) Cultural Meadows: Vegetation Community No. 2, 3 and 4

Latin Name	Common Name	Native or Introduced	Rank		Status		FQA	
			Nat.	Prov.	Nat.	Prov.	CC	CW
<i>Acer negundo</i>	Manitoba Maple	N	NNR	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	7
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	Sugar Maple	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Acinos arvensis</i>	Basil Thyme	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Agrimonia gyrosepala</i>	Agrimony	—	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0
<i>Agrostis gigantea</i>	Red Top Grass	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Asclepias syriaca</i>	Common Milkweed	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0
<i>Ailanthus altissima</i>	Tree-of-Heaven	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	Redroot Pigweed	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	2
<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	Ragweed	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0
<i>Anemone virginiana</i>	Thimbleweed	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4
<i>Apocynum cannabinum</i>	Indian Hemp	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5
<i>Asclepias syriaca</i>	Common Milkweed	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0
<i>Carex granularis</i>	Meadow Sedge	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3
<i>Carya ovata</i>	Shagbark Hickory	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	6
<i>Celastrus scandens</i>	Bittersweet	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3
<i>Centaurea nigra</i>	Black Knapweed	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Circaealutetiana</i>	Enchanter's Nightshade	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Canada Thistle	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Bull Thistle	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	4
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Black Bindweed	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Orchard Grass	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Danthonia spicata</i>	Poverty Grass	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5
<i>Daucus carota</i>	Queen Anne's lace	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Dipsacus fullonem</i>	Teesel	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Echinops sphaerocephalus</i>	Large Globe-thistle	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	Bugloss	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5

Elymus repens	Twitch Grass	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
Equisetum arvense	Field Horsetail	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	0
Erigeron annuus	Daisy-leaf Fleabane	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	1
Erigeron strigosus	Rough Fleabane	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	1
Erucastrum gallicum	Dog Mustard	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Euphorbia cyathophylla	Cypress Spurge	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Festuca pratensis	Tall Fescue	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	4
Festuca trachyphylla	Sheep Fescue	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Fragaria virginiana	Wild Strawberry	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2	1
Frangula alnus	Glossy Buckthorn	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
Hemerocallis fulva	Orange Day-lily	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Hesperis matronalis	Dame's Rocket	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Hordeum jubatum	Foxtail Barley	—	N5	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
Hordeum vulgare	Barley	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Hypericum perforatum	Common St. John's Wort	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Juglans nigra	Black Walnut	N	N4	S4	NAR	Common	5	3
Juncus dudleyi	Dudley's Rush	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	1	0
Juniperus virginiana	Red Cedar	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	4	3
Lathyrus sylvestris	Everlasting Pea	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Lepidium campestre	Field Pepper-grass	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Leucanthemum vulgare	Ox-eye Daisy	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
Lonicera tatarica	Tatarian Honeysuckle	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	-3
Lotus corniculatus	Bird's-foot Trefoil	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	1
Malus pumila	Apple	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
Matricaria discoidea	Pineapple Weed	—	NNR	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
Medicago lupulina	Black Medick	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	1
Medicago sativa	Alfalfa	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
Melilotus albus	White Sweet Clover	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
Melilotus officinalis	Yellow Sweet Clover	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	6	3
Morus alba	White Mulberry	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
Nepeta cataria	Catnip	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	1
Oenothera biennis	Evening Primrose	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	3

<i>Parthenocissus inserta</i>	Virginia Creeper	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	3
<i>Phleum pratense</i>	Timothy	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	European Common Reed	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Physocarpus opulifolius</i>	Ninebark	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	-2
<i>Pilosella caespitosa</i>	Yellow Hawkweed	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Scotch Pine	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	English Plantain	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Poa compressa</i>	Canada Bluegrass	-	NNR	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	2
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	Kentucky Bluegrass	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0	1
<i>Fallopia japonica</i>	Japanese Knotweed	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Populus deltoides</i>	Cottonwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4	-1
<i>Potentilla simplex</i>	Old Field Cinquefoil	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	4
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	Heal-all	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	5
<i>Pyrus communis</i>	Pear	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Quercus alba</i>	White Oak	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Quercus velutina</i>	Black Oak	N	NNR	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	8	5
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	Common Buckthorn	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Rhus typhina</i>	Staghorn Sumac	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	1	5
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	Black Locust	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	4
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	Multiflora Rose	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Rosa rugosa</i>	Rugosa Rose	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Rubus alleghaniensis</i>	Black Raspberry	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	2	2
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	Black Raspberry	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	2	5
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curly Dock	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	-1
<i>Salix amygdaloïdes</i>	Peach-leaved Willow	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	6	-3
<i>Salix fragilis</i>	Crack Willow	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Salix lucida</i>	Shining Willow	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	-4
<i>Scirpus atrovirens</i>	Dark Green Bulrush	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	-5
<i>Securigera varia</i>	Crown Vetch	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Sedum acre</i>	Mossy Stonecrop	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Campion	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Solidago altissima</i>	Tall Goldenrod	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	1	3
<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	Canada Goldenrod	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	1	3

<i>Symphytum laeuum</i>	Smooth Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0	0
<i>Symphytum lanceolatum</i>	Panicled Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	-3
<i>Symphytum lateriflorum</i>	Calico Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	-3	-2
<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>	Common Tansy	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	Pennycress	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Tragopogon dubius</i>	Goat's Beard	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Trifolium hybridum</i>	Alsyke Clover	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	1
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	White Clover	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	2
<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	Colt's Foot	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	2
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Nettle	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	2	-1
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	Mullein	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Cow Vetch	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Viola pubescens</i>	Yellow Violet	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	4
<i>Vitis riparia</i>	Wild Grape	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0	-2
MEAN						1	2		

Total number of Native species =
 Total number of Introduced or Non-Native species =

$$\frac{43 \text{ or } 39\%}{66 \text{ or } 61\%} = \underline{\underline{109}}$$

3) Early Successional Hardwoods : Vegetation Community No. 5

Latin Name	Common Name	Native or Introduced	Rank		Status	Local Status	FQA	
			Nat.	Prov.			CC	CW
<i>Acer negundo</i>	Manitoba Maple	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	-2
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	Sugar Maple	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Actaea pachypoda</i>	Doll's Eyes	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	6	5
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic Mustard	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>								
<i>Carex gracillima</i>	Spreading Dogbane	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3	5
<i>Carex leptonervia</i>	Graceful Sedge	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Carya ovata</i>	Fine-nerved Sedge	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	5	0
<i>Circaealutetiana</i>	Shagbark Hickory	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Clematis virginiana</i>	Enchanter's Nightshade	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3	3
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Virgin's Bower	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	3	0
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Black Bindweed	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Erigeron annuus</i>	Orchard Grass	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Frangula alnus</i>	Daisy-leaf Fleabane	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	1
<i>Fraxinus americana</i>	Philadelphia Fleabane	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	1	-3
<i>Gaultheria procumbens</i>	Wild Strawberry	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2	1
Frangula alnus	Glossy Buckthorn	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Geum canadense</i>	White Ash	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Hedysarum occidentale</i>	Common Bedstraw	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Geranium maculatum</i>	Spotted Geranium	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Geum urbanum</i>	White Avens	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	3	0
<i>Hesperis matronalis</i>	Dame's Rocket	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Hylodesmum glutinosum</i>	Large Tick-trefoil	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	0	0
<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	Common St. John's Wort	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Juglans nigra</i>	Black Walnut	N	N4	S4	NAR	Common	5	3
<i>Leonurus cardiaca</i>	Motherwort	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Ox-eye Daisy	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0

<i>Lonicera tatarica</i>	Tatarian Honeysuckle	1	NNA	SNAE	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	-3
<i>Maianthemum racemosum</i>	Spikenard	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Monarda fistulosa</i>	Wild Bergamot	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Morus alba</i>	White Mulberry	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Parthenocissus inserta</i>	Virginia Creeper	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	3
<i>Poa compressa</i>	Canada Bluegrass	1	NNR	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	2
<i>Podophyllum peltatum</i>	Mayapple	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	3
<i>Populus deltoides</i>	Cottonwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4	-1
<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	Pin Cherry	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	4
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	Black Cherry	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	3
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	Common Buckthorn	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	Black Locust	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	4
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	Multiflora Rose	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	Black Raspberry	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	2	5
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Campion	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Solidago altissima</i>	Tall Goldenrod	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	1	3
<i>Symphytum cordifolium</i>	Heart-leaved Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	5
<i>Toxicodendron rydbergii</i>	Poison Ivy	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0	0
<i>Verbascum thapsis</i>	Mullein	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Viola pubescens</i>	Yellow Violet	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	4
<i>Vitis riparia</i>	Wild Grape	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0	-2
MEAN								2	2

Total number of Native species =
 Total number of Introduced or Non-Native species =

$$\frac{31}{16} \quad \text{or } 66\% \\ \text{or } 34\%$$

4) Early Successional Cultural Thicket: Vegetation Community No. 6

Latin Name	Common Name	Native or Introduced	Nat.	Prov.	Nat.	Prov.	Status	FQA
			N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Local	CC CW
<i>Acer negundo</i>	Manitoba Maple	N	—	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	0 -2
<i>Agrimonia gyrosepala</i>	Agrimony	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	2 2
<i>Elymus repens</i>	Twitch Grass	—	—	N5	S5	NAR	Exotic	0 3
<i>Erigeron strigosus</i>	Rough Fleabane	N	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 1
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	Wild Strawberry	N	—	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2 1
<i>Hesperis matronalis</i>	Dame's Rocket	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 5
<i>Juglans nigra</i>	Black Walnut	N	—	N4	S4	NAR	Common	5 3
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Ox-eye Daisy	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 0
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot Trefoil	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 1
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	European Common Reed	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 0
<i>Poa compressa</i>	Canada Bluegrass	—	—	NNR	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 2
<i>Potentilla simplex</i>	Old Field Cinquefoil	N	—	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3 4
<i>Rhus typhina</i>	Staghorn Sumac	N	—	N5	S5	NAR	Common	1 5
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	Black Locust	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 4
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	Multiflora Rose	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 3
<i>Securigera varia</i>	Crown-vetch	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 0
<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	Canada Goldenrod	N	—	N5	S5	NAR	Common	1 3
<i>Toxicodendron rydbergii</i>	Poison Ivy	N	—	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0 0
<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Cow Vetch	—	—	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0 5
<i>Vitis riparia</i>	Wild Grape	N	—	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0 -2
MEAN								1 2

Total number of Native species = 9
 Total number of Introduced or Non-Native species = $\frac{11}{20}$ or 55%

5) Mature Hardwoods : Vegetation Community No. 7 and 8

Latin Name	Common Name	Native or Introduced		Prov.	Nat.	Status	FQA	
		N	N5				CC	CW
<i>Acer saccharum</i>	Sugar Maple				NAR	Common	5	-3
<i>Actaea pachypoda</i>	Doll's Eyes	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	6	5
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Arctium minus</i>	Burdock	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Carex cephalophora</i>	Oval-headed Sedge	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	6	2
<i>Carex deweyana</i>	Dewey's Sedge	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	6	4
<i>Carex laxiflora</i>	Loose-flowered Sedge	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	5	0
<i>Carex leptocarpa</i>	Fine-nerved Sedge	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	5	0
<i>Carex rosea</i>	Rosy Sedge	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	5	5
<i>Carex spicata</i>	Spiked Sedge	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Carya ovata</i>	Shagbark Hickory	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Catalpa bignonioides</i>	Catalpa	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0
<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	Northern Hackberry	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	8	1
<i>Circaealutetiana</i>	Enchanter's Nightshade	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3	3
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	Grey Dogwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2	-2
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Orchard Grass	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3
<i>Erigeron strigosus</i>	Rough Fleabane	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	1
<i>Festuca pratensis</i>	Tall Fescue	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	4
<i>Festuca trachyphylla</i>	Sheep Fescue	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	Wild Strawberry	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2	1
<i>Fraxinus americana</i>	White Ash	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Common Bedstraw	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Galium circaezans</i>	Licorice Bedstraw	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	7	4
<i>Geum canadense</i>	White Avens	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	0	0
<i>Hylodesmum glutinosum</i>	Large Tick-trefoil	N	NNR	S4	NAR	Common	5	3
<i>Juglans nigra</i>	Black Walnut	N	N4	S4	NAR	Common	3	0
<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i>	Privet	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	1
<i>Lonicera tatarica</i>	Tatarian Honeysuckle	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	-3
<i>Maianthrum racemosum</i>	Spikenard	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Melilotus albus</i>	White Sweet Clover	-	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3

<i>Monarda fistulosa</i>	Wild Bergamot	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Ostrya virginiana</i>	Ironwood	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4	4
<i>Parthenocissus inserta</i>	Virginia Creeper	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	3
<i>Picea abies</i>	Norway Spruce	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5	
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	Kentucky Bluegrass	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0	1
<i>Podophyllum peltatum</i>	Mayapple	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	3
<i>Polygonatum pubescens</i>	Solomon's Seal	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	5
<i>Populus deltoides</i>	Cottonwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4	-1
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	Black Cherry	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	3
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken Fern	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	2	3
<i>Quercus alba</i>	White Oak	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Quercus velutina</i>	Black Oak	N	NNR	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	8	5
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	Common Buckthorn	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3	
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	Black Locust	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	4	
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	Multiflora Rose	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3	
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	Black Raspberry	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	2	5
<i>Silene latifolia</i>	White Cockle	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	5	
<i>Smilax herbacea</i>	Smooth Carrion Flower	N	NNR	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	5	0
<i>Solidago altissima</i>	Tall Goldenrod	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	1	3
<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	Canada Goldenrod	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	1	3
<i>Symphytum cordifolium</i>	Heart-leaved Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	5
<i>Symphytum lateriflorum</i>	Calico Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	-2
<i>Tilia americana</i>	Basswood	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4	3
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	2	
<i>Triosteum aurantiacum</i>	Horse Gentian	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	7	5
<i>Viburnum lantago</i>	Nannyberry	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	4	-1
<i>Viola rostrata</i>	Long-spurred Violet	N	NNR	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	6	3
<i>Vitis riparia</i>	Wild Grape	N	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	0	-2
MEAN								3	2

Total number of Native species = 42 or 72%
 Total number of Introduced or Non-Native species = 16 or 28%

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6) Wetland Swale: Vegetation Community No. 9

Latin Name	Common Name	Native or Introduced		Rank		Status		FQA	
		Nat.	Prov.	Nat.	Prov.	Local	CC	CW	
<i>Carex bebbii</i>	Bebb's Sedge	N	N5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	-5	
<i>Carex hystericina</i>	Porcupine Sedge	N	N5	NAR	NAR	Common	5	-5	
<i>Carex stipata</i>	Awl-fruited Sedge	N	N5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	-5	
<i>Carex vulpinoidea</i>	Fox Sedge	N	N5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	-5	
<i>Circaealutetiana</i>	Enchanter's Nightshade	N	N5	NAR	NAR	Common	3	3	
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	Grey Dogwood	N	NNR	N5	NAR	Common	2	-2	
<i>Cornus stolonifera</i>	Red Osier Dogwood	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	2	-3	
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Orchard Grass	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	3	
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Field Horsetail	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	0	0	
<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	4	-5	
<i>Plantago major</i>	Common Plantain	N	NNA	S5	NAR	Common	0	-1	
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	European Common Reed	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	0	
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curly Dock	1	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	0	-1	
<i>Salix lucida</i>	Shining Willow	N	NNR	S5	NAR	Common	5	-4	
<i>Scirpus atrovirens</i>	Dark Green Bulrush	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	3	-5	
<i>Sympyotrichum lateriflorum</i>	Calico Aster	N	N5	S5	NAR	Common	-3	-2	
MEAN							1.875	-2	

Total number of Native species =
 Total number of Introduced or Non-Native species =

$$\frac{13}{3} \quad \text{or } 81\% \\ \underline{\underline{16}} \quad \text{or } 19\%$$

National and Provincial Rank: Based on current 2018 Ontario Natural Heritage Information Center (NHIC) listings

NNA/ NNR defined as: No Ranking	SNA defined as : Unranked
N5 defined as: Very common	S5 defined as: Secure
N4 defined as: Common	S4 defined as: Apparently Secure
N3 defined as: Rare to uncommon species	S3 defined as: Vulnerable
N2 defined as : Very Rare	S2 defined as: Imperiled
N1 defined as: Extremely Rare	S1 defined as: Critically Imperiled

NAR defined as : Not At Risk / END defined as : Endangered / THR defined as : Threatened / SC defined as : Special Concern

National Status based on: Species At Risk Act, COSEWIC 2018 Listings

Provincial Status based on: Endangered Species Act 2007, NHIC 2018 and 2018 COSSARO Listings

Local Status based on: Oldham, Michael J. 2017. List of the Vascular Plants of Ontario's Carolinian Zone (Ecozone 7E)

Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry, 'Floristic Quality Assessment' (FQA) Scoring System:

CC = Coefficient of Conservatism, ranked 0 (grows anywhere) to 10 (very specific habitat requirements)

WI = Wetness Index values from -5 (very wet) to 5 (very dry)

Note: CC scores of 8 or higher are indicator species of candidate Significant Woodlands

Ecological Land Classification Types

Vegetation Community No. 1 =	OAO : Open Aquatic >2m in depth, shoreline-littoral zone vegetation only
Vegetation Community No. 2 =	CUM1 : Dry Mineral Cultural Meadow - Planted Clover
Vegetation Community No. 3 =	CUM1-1 : Dry Mineral Cultural Meadow - open grass/clover with regenerating scattered trees and shrubs
Vegetation Community No. 4 =	CUM1 : Moist Mineral Cultural Meadow - scattered shrubs with dense graminoides and forbs
Vegetation Community No. 5 =	CUS1: Cultural Savannah with regenerating early successional hardwoods
Vegetation Community No. 6 =	CUT1 : Dry Cultural Black Locust Thicket
Vegetation Community No. 7 =	FOD5-5 : Dry-Fresh Sugar Maple-Hickory Deciduous Forest
Vegetation Community No. 8 =	FOD5-7 : Dry-Fresh Sugar Maple-Black Cherry Deciduous Forest

APPENDIX 3

- Fauna Inventory Listing with Rankings and Status Levels
and Point Count Location Map

Byron Pits: Fauna Inventory

Ranking, Status, estimated adult numbers and highest recorded breeding Bird codes
 South of Byron Baseline Road and East of Colonel Talbot Road, City of London, ON

Two species of conservation concern: Bank Swallow & Monarch

Birds	Common Name	Ranking		Status		Breeding Codes	Recorded in Point Counts	Observed Range of Adult Numbers
		Nat.	Prov.	Nat.	Prov.			
<i>Actitis macularius</i>	Spotted Sandpiper	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Pr	1,4,5 7--9
<i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>	Red-winged Blackbird	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	4,7,12 >15
<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	Mallard	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	4 3
<i>Archilochus colubris</i>	Ruby-throated Hummingbird	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Pr	3,6,7,12,17 7
<i>Branta canadensis</i>	Canada Goose	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	4 12
<i>Bonasa umbellus</i>	Ruffed Grouse	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	9,10 3
<i>Buteo jamaicensis</i>	Red-tailed Hawk	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Ob	NA 1
<i>Cardinalis cardinalis</i>	Northern Cardinal	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	3,8,10,11,13,17 >10
<i>Carduelis tristis</i>	American Goldfinch	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	1,2,3,5,7,8,10,17 >25
<i>Carpodacus mexicanus</i>	House Finch	N5	SNA	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	10,13 3
<i>Cathartes aura</i>	Turkey Vulture	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Ob	NA 1
<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	Killdeer	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	2,4,16 3
<i>Colaptes auratus</i>	Northern Flicker	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	5,6,7,12 6
<i>Corvus brachyrhynchos</i>	American Crow	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Ob-X	9,17 5
<i>Cyanocitta cristata</i>	Blue Jay	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	2,3,6,8,9,10,11,13 >20
<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>	Gray Catbird	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	6,7,14 5--7
<i>Falco sparverius</i>	American Kestrel	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Ob-X	8 1
<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>	Common Yellowthroat	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	4,12 4
<i>Icterus galbula</i>	Baltimore Oriole	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	10,11,13 5
<i>Larus argentatus</i>	Herring Gull	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Ob	NA >12
<i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>	Wild Turkey	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	6,9,14 >20
<i>Molothrus ater</i>	Brown-headed Cowbird	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Pr	3,6,15,17 5--6
<i>Passer domesticus</i>	House Sparrow	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Pr	2,10	3
<i>Picoideas pubescens</i>	Downy Woodpecker	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	2,9,10,11,13,15 >12
<i>Picoideas villosus</i>	Hairy Woodpecker	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	11,13 3
<i>Poecile atricapillus</i>	Black-capped Chickadee	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	8,13,16 5
<i>Quiscalus quiscula</i>	Common Grackle	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	10,16 2
Riparia riparia	Bank Swallow	N5	S4	Thr	Thr	Conf	9,10	>60

Sayornis phoebe	Eastern Phoebe	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	11,15	4
Stelia sialis	Eastern Bluebird	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-S	12	2
Spizella passerina	Chipping Sparrow	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Pr	1,2,4,12	8
Spizella pusilla	Field Sparrow	N4	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Pr	3,12	5
Sturnus vulgaris	European Starling	NNA	SNA	Exotic	Exotic	Exotic	Po-H	5,6	3
Tachycineta bicolor	Tree Swallow	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	2,7	3
Toxostoma rufum	Brown Thrasher	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	5,6,7,8,14	8-10
Troglodytes aedon	House Wren	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-S	9,14	3
Turdus migratorius	American Robin	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Conf	3,6,7,10;13,17	>25
Tyrannus tyrannus	Eastern Kingbird	N5	S4	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	4,7,12	7-8
Zenaidura macroura	Mourning Dove	N5	S5	NAR	NAR	Common	Po-H	3,4,16	6

Condensed Breeding Codes as per Bird Studies Canada Protocol

Ob = Observed bird outside of the Breeding Season

Ob -X = Observed in breeding season but no evidence of breeding
Po-H = Possible: Observed in suitable nesting habitat

Po-S = Possible: Singing/Calls in suitable nesting habitat
Pr = Probable: pairs observed, nest building, courtship display
Conf = Confirmed: active nest, egg shells, feeding young

		Ranking	Status	Observed Range of Adult Numbers	
		Nat.	Prov.	Local	
Mammals					
Canis latrans	Coyote	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Marmota monax	Woodchuck	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Mephitis mephitis	Striped Skunk	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Odocoileus virginianus	White-tailed Deer	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Peromyscus maniculatus	Deer Mouse	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Procyon lotor	Raccoon	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Sciurus carolinensis	Eastern Gray Squirrel	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Syvialagus floridanus	Eastern Cottontail	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Tamias striatus	Eastern Chipmunk	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Reptiles					
Thamnophis sirtalis	Eastern Garter Snake	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Storeria dekayi	Little Brown Snake	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Amphibians					
Hyla versicolor	Gray Tree Frog	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Lithobates clamitans	Green Frog				1
Lithobates pipiens	Northern Leopard Frog	N5	S5	NAR	Common
Fish	None Observed				

Butterflies	Latin Name	Common Name	Ranking			Status	Local	Observed Range of Adult Numbers
			Nat.	Prov.	NAR			
	<i>Cercyonis pegala</i>	Common Wood-Nymph	N5	S5	NAR	Common		12--15
	<i>Pieris rapae</i>	Cabbage White	N5	S5	NAR	Common		5
Danaus plexippus	Monarch		N4	S4	SC	SC		7--9
<i>Papilio glaucus</i>	Eastern Tiger Swallowtail		N5	S5	NAR	Common		3
<i>Speyeria cybele</i>	Great Spangled Fritillary		N5	S5	NAR	Common		>20
<i>Phycoides cocyta</i>	Northern Crescent		N5	S5	NAR	Common		4
<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	Red Admiral		N5	S5	NAR	Common		2

Dragonflies & Damselflies	Latin Name	Common Name	Ranking			Status	Local	Observed Range of Adult Numbers
			Nat.	Prov.	NAR			
	<i>Anax junius</i>	Common Green Darner	N5	S5	NAR	Common		>15
	<i>Erythemis simplicicollis</i>	Eastern Pondhawk	N5	S5	NAR	Common		7--8
	<i>Gomphus spicatus</i>	Dusky Clubtail	N5	S5	NAR	Common		5

National and Provincial Rank: Based on current 2018 Ontario Natural Heritage Information Center (NHIC) listings

NNA defined as: Not Ranked
 N5 defined as: Secure
 N4 defined as: Apparently Secure
 N3 defined as: Vulnerable
 N2 defined as : Imperiled
 N1 defined as: Critically Imperiled

 NAR defined as : Not At Risk
 END defined as : Endangered

 SNA defined as : Unranked
 S5 defined as: Secure
 S4 defined as: Apparently Secure
 S3 defined as: Rare to Uncommon
 S2 defined as: Very Rare
 S1 defined as: Extremely Rare

THR defined as: Threatened

 SC defined as: Special Concern

National Status based on: Species At Risk Act, and COSEWIC 2018 Listings

Provincial Status based on: Endangered Species Act 2007, NHIC 2018, COSSARO 2018 Listings

Regional Status lists based on:

Birds- Region No. 4 (London) 'Atlas Breeding Birds of Ontario 2001-2005'
 Dragonflies & Damselflies (Middlesex) 'Regional Lists of Ontario Odonata'



Byron Pits Study Lands: Breeding Bird Survey Point Counts

SCALE 1:5000



0 50 100 150 200m

APPENDIX 4

- MNRF: North Talbot Wetland-PSW Summary Sheet

General Natural Areas Report

Area ID	19896		
Name	NORTH TALBOT WETLANDS (UT 57)		
Latitude	42.9379	GIS Area (ha)	14.0
Longitude	-81.3155	IUCN Category	
Area Type	Wetland		
Significance	Provincial		

General Description

Vegetation

Landform

Representation

Ecological Functions

Threats

Management Organization

References

Reference ID	Citation
403328	Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources. 2011. Wetland Unit data class. Data received February, 7, 2011 from Land Information Data Subscription Service.

APPENDIX 5

➤ Site Photographs

APPENDIX 6

- AWS Qualifications and Experience



AWS Environmental Consulting Inc.
(Operating as Aquatic and Wildlife Services)

242090 Concession Rd. 3 Keppel,
R.R. # 1, Shallow Lake, Ontario, Canada, N0H 2K0

Office: 519-372-2303, Email: aws@gbtel.ca

Web site: www.awsenvironmental.ca

C.V. Summary: John D. Morton

Education

- 1985: Graduate Sault College, Forestry Technician
- 1986: Honors Graduate Sault College, Fish & Wildlife Technologist
- 15 years training and experience with Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources as a contract & full time employee for Natural Heritage Programs and Biology/Ecology

Work Experience Summary

- 1997 to August 2015: Sole Proprietorship of **Aquatic and Wildlife Services**, then Incorporated as **AWS Environmental Consulting Inc.** in August 2015 to Present, specializing in Natural Heritage Studies and Development Impact Assessments:
 - Over 300 Natural Heritage and Natural Environment Impact Study Reports for Land Use development proposals throughout Southwestern and Central Ontario in accordance to Legislation and Regulation for Federal and Provincial Agencies, Government and Niagara Escarpment Plan Policies and Conservation Authority Regulatory Lands.
 - Impact assessment technical reports ranging from: Single Residential Lot creations to Plan of Subdivisions for 100+ Lots, and Aggregate applications ranging from 5ha Wayside Gravel Pits to 120 ha Quarry Operations for both above and below groundwater table.
 - Design and Monitoring technical reports for Marina Development, , Water Crossings, Recreational Pond designs, Fish & Wildlife Habitat Restoration Plans and Managed Forest Plans.
 - Species At Risk Surveys for flora and fauna with study areas encompassing 20ha to 7000ha
 - **Ontario Municipal Board expert witness testimony on Natural Heritage Features, Ecology, Development Impacts and Mitigation Techniques.**
- 1986 to 1997 : Resource Technician with the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, responsibilities included:
 - Backfill positions for Owen Sound Area Office District Biologist (Fisheries and Wildlife), and District Fish & Wildlife Management Officer.
 - Review and commenting on Provincial interests through Planning Review for development proposals.
 - Deputy Conservation Officer with completion of 5-week Enforcement Training Program, Provincial Offenses charges, court evidence presentation and convictions.
 - Fish & Wildlife Population and Habitat surveys and Rehabilitation Designs.

- Midhurst District Administrator and Program Coordinator of Wetlands and CFWIP Programs with annual budgeting and auditing roles.
- Fisheries Research Technician and Fish Culture Technician, Chatsworth Fish Culture Station.
- 1982 to 1986 : Contract Resource Technician With Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources, Grey-Sauble and Saugeen Conservation Authorities, responsibilities included:
 - Wetland Inventory Technician, Fish and Wildlife Population and Habitat Surveys.

Project Related Experience Summary

- Fauna population and habitat surveys:
 - Salmonid biomass surveys through seining and Electro-fishing.
 - Stream/Watershed surveys for habitat quality/conditions, fish passage/barriers, water quality assessment including Benthic Macro Invertebrate sampling.
 - Genetic research survey work on Chinook Salmon, Saugeen Muskellunge, Backcross Lake Trout.
 - Inland Lake surveys for water quality, thermal regimes, fisheries qualitative assessments through seining, trap netting, creel survey.
 - Stream/River/Lake Fisheries habitat enhancement and rehabilitation Plans.
 - Wintering Deer Yard mapping, quality assessment, carrying capacity calculations, herd health monitoring and natural reproduction rates.
 - Genetic research work on Bruce Peninsula Eastern Massassagua Rattlesnake and Black Bears including radio telemetry.
 - Breeding Bird surveys including waterfowl nesting surveys and natural recruitment success, Bald Eagle monitoring and banding, mapping of Owen Sound area significant production/staging areas.
 - Amphibian qualitative assessment within sensitive environments and monitoring population trends for wetland habitat conditions.
 - Species At Risk Surveys with habitat mapping and Ecological Land Classification community mapping for Copeland Forest, Shallow Lake Wetland, Meaford National Defense Training Centre, Grey County Pretty River Forest Tract and Oliphant Fens
- Flora species and habitat surveys:
 - Provincially Certified Wetland evaluator to Book 2 and 3 standards, with over 150 wetland evaluations and desktop upgrades completed. Wetland Evaluation instructor to former book 2 standards with successful training of 30+ candidates.
 - Southern Ontario Ecological Land Classification- Vegetation Community Mapping for sensitive and/or rare habitat types including fens, bogs, natural beaches, and alvars plus common woodland community types.
 - Botanical qualitative inventory works including identification, mapping of species of conservation concern with status levels and habitat types/condition assessments.
 - Tree marking for sustainable harvesting and rotational management of fuel wood and/or saw logs.
 - Native tree and shrub nursery operation with annual seedling production and retail sales of deciduous and conifer seedlings and saplings.

Certification & Training Courses:

- Provincially Certified Wetland Evaluator to Book 2 and Book 3 Standards
- Provincial Class 1 Electro-fishing Certification
- Provincial workshop training for Natural Heritage Environmental Impact Studies, Natural Hazard Studies and Non-Renewable (Aggregates) Impact Studies
- Level '1' OMNR Law Enforcement training
- Advanced Fish Habitat training and Habitat Impact Assessment
- Fluvial Geomorphology Workshop
- Stream Bioengineering Restoration training
- Cyprinidae Identification Workshop
- Wetland Restoration Techniques Training
- Provincial Managed Forest Tax Incentive Plan Approver
- Species-At-Risk Ontario Mussel Identification
- Bruce Peninsula Eastern Massassagua Rattlesnake Habitat Identification Training through Radio Telemetry work with Parks Canada
- Ecological Land Classification System for Southern Ontario
- Provincial Tree Making Course
- WHMIS
- Ontario Courts Evidence Collection and Presentation Training
- Department of Fisheries and Oceans South Georgian Bay Fish Habitat Issues Workshop
- Provincial Butternut Health Assessor
- Biotechnical Slope Stabilization Workshop.

Recipient of Provincial -OMNR Award for Fish Habitat Restoration Works & Stewardship

C.V. SUMMARY: Judith Jones

Education

B.S. Botany, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor 1980
M.S. Cell Biology, University of Illinois, Chicago 1983
Ontario Provincial Wetland Evaluator--certified 1999
Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency—screening training, 2007
Certificate of Proficiency in Spanish, Ryerson University, 2012

Areas of Expertise

Plant identification and classification
Vegetation identification and mapping (Ecological Land Classification; VSP; other protocols)
Identification and mapping of Species at Risk and their habitats
Life science inventories
Field mapping of other natural features

Judith Jones has been a consulting biologist since 1994. She has worked for AWS since 2005.

Highlights of Recent Projects

SURVEYS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

STUDIES (Subdivisions, Aggregates, etc.)

Aquatic and Wildlife Services since 2005
Robin Craig Consulting since 2013
M.K. Ince and Associates (2006)
CEAA screening, Beausoleil First Nation (2007-8)

LIFE SCIENCE INVENTORIES

- 58 acres on Manitoulin Island for a species at risk farm plan.
- Ecological survey for an ecogift transfer.
- Copeland Forest
- Oliphant Shoreline
- Degrassi Point Prairie Remnant
- Carden Alvar ANSI
- 4 provincial parks on Manitoulin Island
- 4 conservation reserves on the Georgian Bay Coast
- Alvars of the Manitoulin District
- Manitoulin Island Escarpment ecosystem
- Field work: NCC's Ecological Survey of the Georgian Bay Coast.

RESEARCH

- Life history of Hill's Thistle (threatened)
- Demographics of Pitcher's Thistle (thr.)
- Niagara Escarpment: 50 years of forest change, VSP and point-quarter sampling.
- Sustainable harvest levels for Canada Yew (*Taxus canadensis*)
- Fire history of Oak Savannah vegetation
- Fire history of Manitoulin alvars

SPECIES AT RISK SURVEYS

- SAR surveys & mapping: Wikwemikong First Nation, Serpent River First Nation, Beausoleil First Nation, United Chiefs and Councils of M'nidoo M'nissing.
- Trent-Severn Waterway (Parks Canada)
- Fort St. Joseph National Historic Site
- Sault Canal National Historic Site
- Survey and mapping of Pitcher's Thistle and dune grasslands on Lake Huron

RECOVERY OF SPECIES AT RISK

- Author of more than 25 recovery strategies, action plans, management plans, and COSEWIC reports for endangered, threatened, and special concern species.
- Monitoring design and implementation for several species at risk and for prairie and alvar habitats.
- Coordinator of SAR monitoring by volunteers on Manitoulin Island

OTHER

- Gathering traditional ecological knowledge (TEK): Wikwemikong, Sagamok Anishnaabek, and elsewhere.
- Workshops about SAR for schools, Christian Island, Manitoulin Island
- Spring flora courses for non-biologists
- Layout and construction of trails (Misery Bay Provincial Park; other locations)
- Nature and environment columnist for the Manitoulin Expositor (1992-2004)

Natural Environment Technical Reports: Aggregate Resources Experience 1997-2017

Bruce County (40)	Grey County (42)
Johnston Bros. Colwell Pit	Kilsyth Wayside Pit
Ferris Pit	Arnott Pit
Hunter Albemarle Quarry	HSC Clavering Pit
Greenock Pit	Kinghurst Taylor Pit
Culross Pit	Cedarwell Priceville Pit
Gingerich Pit	HSC Grant Pit
HSC Lindsay Quarry	Cedarwell Bennett Pit
Bridge Warton Quarry	Priceville Pit
Nickason Pit	H. Bye Const. Rice Pit
Arran Wayside	H. Bye Const. Aitken Pit
K.Jackson Pit	J. Cook Pit
Forbes Tara Pit	S. Cook Pit
South Bruce Pit	West Grey Wayside Pit
Beirnes Pit	H. Bye Const. Flanagan Pit
Chamberlain Quarry	Gowenlock Pit
Lang Farm 2 Pit	Southgate Pit 2
Ebel Quarry	Winter Pit
Legerock Warton Quarry	Hays Pit
Hunter Albemarle Quarry	Shepherd Pit
Dipoco Quarry	Best Pit
Cedarwell Hanover 'B' Pit	Aberdeen Pit
Lang Farm Pit	
Ransome Construction-Arran Pit	
	Cedarwell Hanover B Pit
Oxford County (12)	Middlesex County (7)
Vidom S & G North Sunder. Pit	Forest City Agg. II, VDV Pit
Vidom S & G Sunderland Pit	Demar Agg. Lagrou Pit
Brock Aggregates Sunderland Pit	L82 Const. Hill Pit
Huron County (4)	Elgin County (2)
Open Valley Pit	Strickland Bulldozing Strickland Pit
Handy Acres Pit	Walker Pit
Porter Pit	
Lavis Contr. Walter Pit	
Region of Durham (3)	Dufferin County (1)
Vidom S & G Sunderland Pit	St.Mary's Cement Craig Pit
Brock Aggregates Sunderland Pit	
Huron County (4)	Peel Region (1)
Open Valley Pit	Blueland Farms McCormick Pit
Handy Acres Pit	
Porter Pit	
Lavis Contr. Walter Pit	
Manitoulin Island (1)	Simcoe County (1)
	Croft Sunnidale Pit
Manitoulin Island (1)	Aggregate Resource Suppliers Association

Natural Heritage Environmental Impact Studies and Experience 1997-2017

Residential Subdivisions & Commercial Development

Grey County (16)	Bruce County (23)
Andpet 16th Ave Comm Deve.-Owen Sound	Lakeside Woods Subdivision-Saugeen
Loucks Subdivision- Chatsworth	Weatherhead Development- Eastnor
Langen Subdivision-Shallow Lake	Maple Ridge Development-Amabel
Boulder Subdivision- Keppel	Good Acres Development-Eastnor
Hilton Head Subdivision- Meaford	Brown Subdivision- Kincardine
Oak Meadows Subdivision-Meaford	Sundance Estates- Bruce
Mannerow Estates- Owen Sound	Walker Estates Phase II-Amabel
Georgian Shores Subdivision-Sarawak	Mystic Cove Subdivision-Kincardine
Sutaciti Park Phase III- Sarawak	Black Subdivision-Kincardine
Debrincat Subdivision- Holland	Mary Rose Subdivision-Saugeen
Ferraro Subdivision- McCullough Lake	Gray Mildmay Development- Carrick
Andpet Bothwells Corner Comm.- Owen Sound	Lake Huron Escape-Bruce
HSC Alvanley Comm. Cement Plant-Keppel	MacKenzie Development-Saugeen
MacKinnon-Smart Subdivision-Francis Lake	Harkins Harbour Development- Lindsay
Saugeen Cedar Heights-Hanover	
Sunval Homes-Durham	

Infrastructure Projects & Industrial Development

Bruce County (16)	Grey County (19)
Bairrow Bay North Shore Road	Owen Sound 7th Street Drain
Bruce Road 21-Stoney Creek	Highway 4 Hanover-Stream Crossing
Bruce Road 25	Owen Sound 6th Ave Stream Course
Kincardine-Park Street	Sarawak Carney Street SWM
Bruce Road 9	Southgate- Camp Creek Crossing
Bruce Road 12	Owen Sound 9th St. Bridge
Southampton Sanitary Sewers	Owen Sound 10th St. Extension
Arran Landfill Expansion	Grey County Line
Calhouan Drain	Greib Creek Bridge
Bruce County Line Road Upgrades	Chatsworth- Sewage Upgrade
McCleure's Bridge	Southgate-Stream Realignment
Otter Creek-Dam Removal	Mill Creek Crossing
Silver Creek Bridges-Walkerton	Dipple Drain
Saugeen Shores 10th Line Drain	West Grey-Traverston Creek Realignment
Mildmay Elora Street Dam Removal	Owen Sound-Sydenham River Stabilization
South Bruce Carrick-Normanby Meux Cr Bridge	Minnihill Creek Fish Habitat Improvements

Town of Minto-Coon Creek 5-Year Monitoring

Town of Minto-Palmerston Industrial Park

Natural Heritage Environmental Impact Studies and Experience 1997-2017

Recreational and Energy Land Use Development	
Grey County (29)	<p>Monterra Plateau Stream Realignment Devils Glen Ski Hill Expansion Morris Wetland Creation Rocky Saugeen Campground Expansion Sobiski Property Shoreline Stabilization Pesnai Property Shoreline Stabilization Carmicheal Pond Cleanout Overton Pond Design Beaver River Bank Stabilization Andrews Pond Design Hrodzicki Storage Building Klages Tree Retention Plan Cedar Run Horse Park Expansion Osler Bluff Shi Club-Storage Building Osler Bluff Ski Club-Water Reservoir Blue Mount, Orchard Run, Ski Hill Expansion Walters Falls Hydro Facility Proposal Blue Mount Resort-Roller Blue Mount, Resort Stream Monitoring AndPet Commercial Development East West Exchange Retreat Camp Lahman Comm. Development Blue Mount, Resort SWMP Outlet Monitoring Lee Pond Design Morrison Marina Meaford-Cemetery Creek Realignment Goodyear-Effluent Monitoring Miller Group Ltd. -Owen Sound Indus. Park Parker-Nature Retreat Resort</p>
Bruce County (13)	<p>Blue Heron Parking Lot Home Hardware-Saugeen Beach Mystic Cove Stream Realignment Casey Property-Bark Stabilization Wells Trucking-Mildmay MacKenzie Marina Dredging Pike Bay Marina Dredging Chesley Lake Cottagers Assoc. Dredging Miller Property Shoreline Dredging Hood Property Shoreline Dredging Smith Com. Expansion LEED Tree Retention Plan Mildmay-Hamel's Pond and Elora Street Dam</p>
Simcoe County (3)	<p>Hamilton Brothers Ltd. -Stream Restoration Devil's Glen Stream Realignment Devil's Glen Club House Expansion Robitaille Wind Farm-Cedar Point</p>

Lot Severances & Building Envelopes

Grey County (91)
Hughes Building Envelope
Wilson Building Envelope
Smith Severance
Currie Building Envelope
Volette Building Envelope
Robinson Severance
Taylor Building Envelope
Lowe Building Envelope
Donavon Building Envelope
Lupia Building Envelope
Zeggil Severances
McNeil Severance
Byers Building Envelope
Gilmour Building Envelope
Martindill Severance
Peach Severance
Ryan Severance
J. Martin Building Envelope
Shrek Building Envelope
James Severance
Maxwell Severance
Harris Severance
R. Martin Building Envelope
Philipp Building Envelope
Bauman Building Envelope
Berg Building Envelope
Shrek Severance
Yoder Severance
Hollingshead Severance
McKay Building Envelope
Molner Severance
Detzler Severance
Baragar Building Envelope
Lobban Severance
Zateris Building Envelope
Clancy- 20th Street Building Envelope
Emmerson Building Envelope
Shantz Building Envelope
Fligg Building Envelope
Todd Severance
Underwood Building Envelope
Klages Severances
Beacock Building Envelope
McNeil Building Envelope
Gilbert Severances
Dillman Severance
Thom Severances
DiFransco Severances
Farnenhorst Building Envelope
Biesinger Severances
Love Building Envelope
Braun Severances
Legge Building Envelope
Wilcox Building Envelope
HSC Clavering Severances
Holmes Building Envelope
Brulette Severances
Philip Severances
Sheppard Severance
Pfaff Building Envelope
Wilmer Severances
Doherty Building Envelope
Menaul Severance
McNabb Building Envelope
Toombs Building Envelope
McGowan Building Envelope
Lobban Severance
Wiley Severance
Davies Severance
Stewart Severances
Irwin Building Envelope
Valent Building Envelope
Barfoot Building Envelope
Voisin Building Envelope
Colborne Building Envelope
Tengler Building Envelope
Langeraap Building Envelope
Wattie Building Envelope
Hall Severance
Hrodzicki Building Envelope
Nicholls Dwelling Expansion
NEC-Cafraimo Tree Preservation Plan
Elliott Building Envelope
Spaleta Building Envelope
Haslam Severance
Bethune Severance
O'Sullivan Building Envelope
McGlynn Building Envelope
Edgar Lot Severances

Natural Heritage Environmental Impact Studies and Experience 1997-2017

Lot Severances & Building Envelopes continued

Species At Risk and Biological Surveys	
Bruce County (38)	Rankin River-Sky Lake SAR Study Rankin River-Boat Lake SAR Study Rankin River-Isaac Lake SAR Study Beatty Saugeen River-Thermal Grey/Bruce Wetland Evaluation Upgrades Spring Creek Fish Habitat Saugeen River-Muskellunge Habitat Beatty Saugeen River-Smolt Passage Chesley Lake Angling Winter Creek Peninsula Black Bear Radio Tag-Dens Peninsula Winter Yard Deer Browse Denny's Dam Fishway Monitoring
Grey County (3)	Shallow Lake SAR Study Meaford National Defence SAR Study Pretty River Valley County Forest SAR Study
Simcoe County (1)	Copeland Forest SAR Study
Region of Peel (1)	Rattray Marsh SAR Study
Lot Severances & Building Envelopes	
Bruce County (12)	Hamilton Severances-Saugeen Miramichi Shores-Copway St, Saugeen Barclay Site Development-Saugeen Collins Severance-Kincardine NEC - Weiss Tree Preservation Plan Town of Saugeen Shores Building Envelope Bennett Severance Voison-Southampton Robinson Family-Southampton Rudell-Fishing Islands Kempston Building Envelope Sauble Christian Fellowship-Parking Lot Exp.
Huron County (2)	Wingham Golf Course Severances Kraemer Building Envelope
Simcoe County (2)	Wilbert Severances Alliance Homes Building Envelopes
Dufferin County (1)	Preist Severance
Wellington County (2)	Town of Erin-Weber Building Envelope Town of Erin-Langen Severance
Rivers, Lakes, and Waterways	
Bruce County (12)	Ferguson Point Severances CAW-Saugeen Beach Severances Siekierski Building Envelope Murray Severance Walker Severances Janssen Building Envelope Knight Building Envelope Thorn Severance Kramer Building Envelope Smith Severances D. Elliot Severance O'Conner Severances McLay Severances Burley Building Envelope

Natural Environment Impact Assessment Reports for Aggregate Applications

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