Kilally South, East Basin Class Environmental Assessment

Environmental and Ecological Planning Advisory Committee (EEPAC) Review of Existing Conditions and Evaluation of Preferred Alternative

September 19, 2019







Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Existing Drainage Pattern



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Problem Statement

The stormwater servicing alternative identified in the 2003 Kilally South Environmental Assessment for the Kilally South, East Basin study area is outdated and no longer meets current policy and stormwater design objectives.

A preferred stormwater management approach for the South, East Basin area is to be assessed with consideration for a holistic stormwater management approach to support both environmental and development goals.



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Stormwater Management Service - Evaluation Criteria

Category	Criteria	Indicator	
Socio - Cultural Archaeology & Cultural Heritage		Impacts to known archaeological resources	
Environment		Impacts to built heritage and cultural landscapes	
Socio – Economic Land Use		 Property requirements (area required, access, flooding, erosion) 	
Environment		Temporary construction impacts (noise, access, dust)	
		Opportunity to integrate stormwater with neighbourhood amenity space	
Natural	Terrestrial Environment	Effects on terrestrial environment including habitat and tree removal	
Environment		 Habitat enhancement and opportunities to create linkages to existing Natural Heritage Features 	
	Aquatic Environment	 Effects on aquatic environment including habitat and species at risk 	
		 Impacts to groundwater quality and quantity 	
	Floodplain	Loss or disturbance to North Thames River Floodplain	
		Slope stability and riverine erosion hazards	
Technical	Design/Function	Ability to address problem statement	
Environment		Water Quality: Level 1 water quality control required for all discharges to the Thames River (80% TSS removal, MOE 2003).	
		 Erosion Control: Demonstrate that erosion criteria are met such that conveyance to the Thames River does not create or exacerbate stream stability issues. 	
		Peak Flow Control: Demonstrate that flows do not pose flood risk can be safely conveyed.	
		 Mimic natural hydrologic response to rainfail and runoff (water balance) to protect existing natural habitat conditions. 	
	Construction & Implementation	Constructability (staging, grading constraints, utility conflicts)	
		Maintenance/access considerations	
		 Opportunity to coordinate future infrastructure works and planned land use changes (Clarke Rd EA, VMP Extension) 	
	Approvals &	 Permitting requirements, including complexity (UTRCA, DFO, MNRF) 	
	Compliance	Compliance with Thames Valley Areas Study recommendations	
		Meets MECP direction for LID implementation	
		Climate change and infrastructure resiliency	
Economic	Cost	Capital Costs (total project costs - design/construction)	
Environment		Operation & maintenance costs	
		- Lond Conto	

Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Existing Drainage Pattern



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Natural Heritage

Field Program

- Three season vegetation survey;
- Migratory waterfowl and breeding bird surveys;
- Amphibian call surveys;
- · Incidental wildlife observations; and
- Incorporation of data from adjacent ongoing studies and previous investigations.

Deliverables

- Subject Land Status Report (informs evaluation of alternatives); and
- Environmental Impact Study (informs preferred alternative development, mitigation, compensation and future monitoring program).



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Natural Heritage – Significant Wildlife Habitat



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Natural Heritage – Constraints



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Hydrogeology

Field Program

- Four monitoring wells;
- Two nested monitoring well pairs deep and shallow wells;
- Four piezometers;
- · Groundwater level monitoring;
- · Groundwater quality monitoring;
- Monitoring Period January 16th 2019 to June 19th 2019; and
- Incorporation of data from ongoing adjacent work and previous investigations as appropriate.

Deliverables

Hydrogeology Assessment Report

(informs evaluation of alternatives, preferred alternative development, mitigation, and future monitoring program).



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Hydrogeology – Field Program



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Hydrogeology – Cross Sections and Seepage Locations



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Hydrogeology – Groundwater Elevation



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Hydrogeology – Interpreted Infiltration Rates



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation LID Screening – Groundwater Depths



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation LID Screening – Groundwater Depth and Infiltration Rate



Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Long List of Alternatives

Proposed Alternate	Description	Evaluation Result
Alternate 1:	Do Nothing	Carried forward Does not address the problem opportunity statement.
Alternate 2:	2003 Recommended (single wet pond facility	 X Screened out Does not provide water balance benefits or LID implementation.
Alternate 3:	Catchment wide LID (LID only)	 X Screened out Areas of the study area are not favourable for LID due to high groundwater table and low permeability soils.
Alternate 4:	Single wet pond SWM facility (2003 Enhanced) (with LID where feasible)	X Screened out Can only provide partial water balance benefits.
Alternate 5:	Single infiltration and attenuation facility (with LID where feasible)	 Carried forward Can only provide partial water balance benefits.
Alternate 6:	Two infiltration and attenuation facilities (with LID where feasible)	 Carried forward – Preferred Water balance benefits can be achieved through catchment LIDs supplemented by end-of-pipe infiltration facilities.

Kilally Class EA – EEPAC Presentation Preferred Alternative



- PIC October 10th 6:00 to 8:00 pm;
 Prepare Project File Report Fall 2019;
- 3. File Project File Report Fall 2019;
- 4. Detailed Design 2020; and
- 5. Construction 2022.

