

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STUDY REPORT 348 Sunningdale Rd., London

Prepared for: Westchester Homes

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1.0 Introduction

Westchester Homes (the proponent) has initiated the planning process for a proposed Zoning By-law Amendment for the lands at 348 Sunningdale Road East [Figure 1] to permit townhouse dwelling units in a condominium format. The legal parcel is referred to the Subject Lands for the purposes of this report [Figure 1]. There was a single residential home on the Subject Lands up until late 2016.

An Initial Proposal Summary prepared by Zelinka Priamo was completed in August 2017 and submitted to the City of London. An Issues Scoping Report (BioLogic, December 12 2017) was submitted to the City of London, followed by a scoping meeting on January 11, 2018 with the City of London and UTRCA. The City of London requested that the residential yard trees be evaluated using the City of London Guideline Document for the Evaluation of Ecologically Significant Woodlands (Woodland Guidelines) (2006). Despite not meeting the requirements for the application of the Woodland Guidelines, the guidelines were applied to the site to flag anything that might be considered important as a part of the site plan application, with the results compiled into a letter to the City of London April 3, 2018. The results are also discussed in this report. Further to this, a site meeting took place on May 2, 2018 to refine any additional life science requirements for this EIS [Appendix A].

The Site Plan has been updated since the submission of the Issues Scoping Report (BioLogic, December 12, 2017). The 2017 Site Plan had a condominium style development of 9 single detached units and 2 townhouse style buildings with 4 units each. The Site Plan is reduced now to 2 row townhouse style buildings and one internal road to accommodate a pipeline setback.

1.1 Report Objective

This EIS is submitted in support of a planning application for a condominium development of two townhouse style units: one 3-storey building with 8 units, and one 3-storey building with 9 units. The two buildings will have associated stormwater and sanitary servicing on the Subject Lands.

This report assesses the natural heritage features and functions, based on the life science data collected for this EIS.

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The process and reporting is also designed to provide a support document to subsequent site alteration permit applications which may be submitted to the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (UTRCA).

1.2 Format

Natural heritage features and functions identified in this EIS are evaluated through a review of the Natural Heritage Reference Manual (NHRM, 2010) for policy 2.1 of the Provincial Policy Statement (MAH, 2014); and Section 15 of the City of London Official Plan (Office Consolidation, January 2006). The EIS will also follow the City of London Environmental Management Guidelines (2007).

The EIS contains the following components, in accordance with the standards noted above:

Section 2.0	Land Use Setting
Section 3.0	Triggers for EIS
Section 4.0	Description of the Natural Environment
Section 5.0	Natural Heritage Policy Considerations
Section 6.0	Description of Development
Section 7.0	Potential Impacts and Mitigation Recommendations
Section 8.0	Summary and Conclusions

1.3 Background Documents

The following existing data and studies were used to review the current environment.

• Uplands North Area Plan (City of London, 2003)

1.4 Pre-Consultation

To date, pre-consultation has consisted of discussions with the City of London and UTRCA including:

- Pre-Application Consultation August 22, 2017
- A Scoping meeting January 11, 2018
- A site meeting May 2, 2018
- Scope of project (by email) May 25, 2018 [Appendix A].

2.0 LAND USE SETTINGS

The Subject Lands are 0.64 ha and located at 348 Sunningdale Rd, approximately 20m east of the intersection of Lindisfarme Road and Sunningdale Road East. The site is a vacant residential lot that was formerly occupied by a single detached house and outbuilding that were removed in 2016. The Subject Lands are currently accessed by a gravel driveway to Sunningdale Road East near the east boundary of the site. There is residential development on the south side of Sunningdale Road East, opposite the Subject Lands. There are agricultural lands approximately 90m to the north [Figure 1].

The descriptions in this section are based on a review of the records available. The descriptions of the site based on field investigations are found in Section 4.0 Description of the Natural Environment.

2.1 Environmental Designations

There are no natural heritage features identified on the Subject Lands on Schedule B1(London Official Plan, September 2015) [Figure 2]. There is an unevaluated vegetation patch abutting the north property boundary, and a Provincially Significant Wetland (PSW) further north of the unevaluated vegetation patch [Figure 2]. The PSW is somewhat linear and loosely wraps around the west, north and east sides of the Subject Lands. This linear feature continues through to the south side of Sunningdale Road East on the west side of the Subject Lands [Figure 2] (City of London Official Plan September 2015). There are also flow paths and Maximum Hazard Lines associated with the PSW offsite to the north.

2.2 Land Use Designations

The Subject Lands are designated as Multi-family Medium Density Residential, and surrounded by Open Space which corresponds to the PSW boundary. North of the PSW, the lands are designated Low Density Residential (City of London Official Plan Schedule A, 2015) [Figure 3]. There is a flow path shown from the (mid) east property line to the Powell Drain, a flow path not shown on the Natural Heritage Features map.

2.3 Zoning Bylaws

The Subject Lands are zoned Urban Reserve (UR1) Zone (City of London Zoning). Urban Reserve zoning is applied to lands to protect large tracts of land from premature subdivision and development, to ensure comprehensive development [Figure 4]. The proposed re-zoning will bring the lands in conformity with the Official Plan.

2.4 Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (UTRCA) Regulation

There is a small portion of the northwest corner that is regulated by Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (UTRCA) under Ontario Regulation 157/06 [Figure 4] for Hazard Lands (Zelinka Priamo, August 2017). This graphic is from the City of London zoning map rather than the official regulation map provided by UTRCA. As agreed in the Scoping meeting of January 11, 2018, there were no regulatory issues for the Subject Lands.

3.0 TRIGGERS FOR EIS

When a development proposal requires a Planning Act application (ie. Draft Plan submission, or amendments to the Official Plan and/or zoning by-law), the City of London requires an EIS to be completed if the Subject Lands are entirely or partially within specified distances adjacent to the natural heritage components set out in Table 15-1 of the City of London Official Plan (2006).

The proponent is planning a medium density development within the Subject Lands which will require planning amendments.

Triggers for the Environment Impact Study are as follows:

• proposed development within 120m of a Provincially Significant Wetland

As well, application for a permit under the UTRCA Ontario Regulation 157/06 may require an EIS

• Subject Lands are within the UTRCA's regulation limits

In addition, the Endangered Species Act (2007) protects species and habitat that are not always identified on Official Plan Schedules. To be consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement (MMAH, 20005 & MMAH, 2014) the requirements for an additional study can be triggered without any adjacent features identified on the Official Plan.

The following section (Section 4) reviews the natural heritage setting of the legal property. Section 5 reviews the proposed land use change in conjunction with generic natural heritage issues which may require consideration in the application process.

4.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

The following section reviews the abiotic and biotic features on and directly adjacent to the Subject Lands that contribute to the overall natural heritage features and functions. This review provides relevant background information for interpreting environmental features and functions on the Subject Lands for the evaluation in Section 5.

4.1 Physical Setting

4.1.1 Physiography

Quaternary structural features include sandy, silt, loam, till of the Arva Moraine (Sado and Vagners, 1971). The surficial physical landscape in the area is Till Moraine (Chapman and Putnam, 1984).

4.1.2 Soils

Soils on the Subject Lands are associated with an Eroded Channel; the eroded channel appears to be related to the wetland and flow path further north. Soils of the lands surrounding the Subject Lands are Bryanston association, comprised of well drained Bryanston, imperfectly drained Thorndale, and poorly drained Nissouri soils of silt loam and loam glacial till (Hagerty and Kingston, 1992).

The water well record for the domestic well on site indicate there is thin layer of gravel (~1m) beneath 42m of clay (with streaks of sand) (Ontario.ca) [Appendix B].

4.1.3 Topography

Regionally the area is very gently sloped to gently sloped (Hagerty and Kingston, 1992).

In general, the Subject Lands are gently sloped to the south, however there are some localized undulations within the property. The northwest corner of the site slopes (approximately 3:1) to the north, where the slopes start about 5m from the north boundary, with the majority of the slopes offsite. At the southeast quadrant, off property, the gradients rise slightly to the east. The northeast quadrant is flat with some evidence of sheet flow off site to the east. There is also a rise in grade from Sunningdale Rd to the south property line. There are no low areas of localized ponded water.

4.1.4 Hydrology

The Subject Lands are within the Stoney Creek Subwatershed in the City of London.

Water well records for dug well for the prior home on the Subject Lands indicate ground water was found 41m below ground surface, within a thin layer of gravel (Ontario.ca). There were no seeps or springs observed on the Subject Lands.

4.2 Biological Setting

Provincially Significant Areas

The Powell Drain wetland (a unit of the Arva Moraine PSW Complex) is identified to the north, west and east of the Subject Lands (City of London, 2003; LIO, December 2017). The wetland boundary is 32m away from the Subject Lands, at its closest location, at the northwest corner, and 95m from the west property line and 60m at the northeast corner.

Area Plan Data (i.e. Uplands North Area Plan)

The Uplands North Area Plan (City of London, 2003) completed an analysis of the Powell Drain wetland that surrounds the Subject Lands on the west, north and east sides. At the time of the Area Plan, the Powell Drain wetland was designated as Open Space on Schedule A of the City of London Official Plan (Consolidated January 2001) and protected as a Locally Significant Wetland (Wetlands Class 4-7) on Schedule B.

4.2.1 Vegetation

Investigations for Ecological Land Classification (ELC) [based on Lee *et al* (1998)] for the Subject Lands were conducted on October 18, 2017, June 5 and June 20, 2018 by Will Huys (MNRF certified in ELC) [Appendix C]. The Subject Lands are former residential lands from which the buildings have been removed, however the residential yard trees remain. The most densely treed section of the former yard is concentrated in the southwest corner of the property and is best classified as a Mineral Cultural Woodland Ecosite (CUW1). This community is dominated by Sugar Maple (*Acer saccharum*), Norway Spruce (*Picea abies*), and Red Pine (*Pinus resinosa*). Within this community, near the south central edge of the Subject Lands, a mature Tulip Tree (*Liriodendron tulipifera*) is notable as a specimen tree in the City of London. Vegetation within the former residential lands outside of the Cultural Woodland community, includes a hedgerow of 10 Norway Spruce at the northeast corner and a few ornamental

shrubs (Honeysuckle and Lilac) mainly limited to the edges of the property. The groundlayer is dominated by grasses from the former residential lawn, however, Goldenrods (*Solidago* sp.), Asters (*Symphiotrichum* sp.) and Canada Thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) are beginning to colonize the area. [Figures 5a and 5b].

On the adjacent lands, there is a Cultural Thicket community to the north and abutting the east property line; and a Cultural Woodland community abutting the west property line [Figures 5a and 5b]. Between the north property line and the Cultural Thicket there are no trees, save and except where the Cultural Thicket abuts the Cultural Woodland towards the northwest corner of the Subject Lands.

A tree inventory was conducted for the Subject Lands to identify valuable trees for retention (RKLA, 2017). First and Second Priority trees for retention and hazard trees were identified [Appendix D].

4.2.2 Wildlife Habitat

MNRF Significant Wildlife Habitat (SWH) Criteria Schedules for Ecoregion 7E (January 2015) uses ELC Ecosite codes and habitat criteria (eg. size of ELC polygon, location of ELC polygon) to identify candidate significant wildlife habitat. The Residential lands/cultural woodland (A1/CUW1) on the Subject Lands did not meet the habitat criteria thresholds for candidate significant wildlife habitat according to the MNRF Criteria Schedules (2015) [Appendix E].

There were individual snag/wildlife trees on the Subject Lands, but not enough to meet the quantity and habitat area (>10/ha >25cm DBH) to be considered SWH (habitat for Bat Maternity Colonies). The snag trees as potential habitat for Species At Risk bats is discussed below under Section 4.2.5 Fauna.

Summary

There is no candidate significant wildlife habitat on the Subject Lands.

4.2.3 Aquatic

There are no aquatic Species At Risk or species of provincial interest listed by NHIC within 1 km of the legal parcel (NHIC website) [Appendix F].

At the east boundary of the Subject Lands, in the northern third of the property, there is some sheet flow that generates on site and flows to the east. However, there is no defined channel on or next to the site.

By air photo interpretation, there appears to be a small wetland pocket (less than 100m²) to the east of the Subject Lands. There are no channels, watercourses, or ponded water within the Subject Lands.

Summary

There is no aquatic habitat, nor aquatic species found on the Subject Lands.

4.2.4 Flora

Branching Burreed (*Sparganium androcladum*) (SH) was the only floral species of provincial interest that has the potential to be found within 1km of the Subject Lands (NHIC website) [Appendix F]. No floral Species At Risk (SAR) were listed by NHIC.

A three season floral inventory was conducted by Will Huys on October 18, 2017, May 22, June 5, June 20 and July 10, 2018 [Appendix G]. There was no habitat [bogs or shallow water (Britton and Brown, 1970)] suitable for Branching Burreed observed on the Subject Lands. While there was some Red-osier Dogwood observed on and adjacent (to the east) to the Subject Lands, this species is not indicative of groundwater (TRCA, 2017) but instead likely represent a small lowland pocket or possibly a hole (old well, foundation, tree uprooted) that has been subsequently been filled with loose material.

No floral Species At Risk, including Butternut (Endangered), Chestnut (Endangered) or Blue Ash (Threatened), were observed on the Subject Lands. No floral Species At Risk were observed on the adjacent lands, with observations from the property limits.

Summary

There is no habitat for Species At Risk (Endangered or Threatened) nor species of provincial interest (Special Concern, or S1-S3 Ranked) on or adjacent to the Subject Lands.

4.2.5 Fauna

Snapping Turtle (*Chelydra serpentina*) (Special Concern) was the only faunal species of provincial interest that has the potential to be found within 1km of the Subject Lands (NHIC website). There were no faunal Species At Risk listed by NHIC within 1km of the Subject Lands (NHIC website) [Appendix F].

Birds

A breeding bird study was conducted by Will Huys on June 5 and 20, 2018 for the Subject Lands. No Species At Risk, nor species of provincial interest were observed on the Subject Lands, nor on adjacent lands during the breeding bird study [Appendix H].

Summary

There is no significant habitat for breeding birds on the Subject Lands.

Amphibians

Amphibian monitoring was completed by Laura McLennan on April 23, May 22 and June 18, 2018 [using the Great Lakes Marsh Monitoring Protocols (Bird Studies Canada)]. In 2018, spring temperatures were not consistently over 5°C until latter half of April. During these investigations, there were no frogs heard on the Subject Lands [Appendix I]. On the adjacent lands to the north (Powell Drain Wetland) Spring Peepers were heard in early spring, while Green Frogs were heard in summer [Appendix I].

Summary

There is no significant habitat for amphibian species on the Subject Lands.

Reptiles

During site investigations in 2017 (October 18) and 2018 (April 25, May 22, June 5, June 20, July 10), investigators did not locate any open water features (including those shown on the City of London Official Plan Schedule A [Figure 3]) nor gravelly or sandy areas (Ontario.ca) that could be potential nesting habitat for Snapping Turtle (SC). There were no incidental observations of turtles including Snapping Turtle on the Subject Lands during any site investigations through 2018. There was also no incidental evidence of reptile hibernacula during any site investigations through 2018.

Summary

There is no significant habitat for reptiles on the Subject Lands.

Mammals

During site investigations in 2017 (October 18) and 2018 (April 25, May 22, June 5, June 20, July 10), investigators incidentally searched for large burrows that had the potential to be American Badger (Endangered) habitat, and none were observed. American Badgers require deep sandy soils with organic

matter to create dens for resting, rearing young and overwintering (Ontario American Badger Recovery Team, 2010). The underlying soils are mineral and not conducive for large burrows for American Badger.

A site investigation for potential bat maternity roost habitat was completed on April 25 2018, during leaf-off conditions. There were 10 trees identified as potential Species At Risk bat maternity roost habitat trees [Appendix J]. A Stage 1 Information Request was submitted to MNRF (August 1, 2018) that included the inventory and decay class of the potential SAR bat maternity roost habitat trees. A Letter to Proponent was issued by MNRF on October 30, 2018 stating that the project activities are not likely to contravene the Endangered Species Act (2007) if tree removal was limited to a timing window (outside of May - September) and bat boxes were installed at a rate of 2:1 [Appendix K]. Fewer trees are planned for removal with the updated application than what was presented to MNRF in their approval.

Summary

There is no significant habitat for American Badger (Endangered) or SAR bats on the Subject Lands, although replacement of suitable snag trees with bat boxes was requested by MNRF.

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5.0 NATURAL HERITAGE POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

This section reviews the provincial, municipal and Conservation Authority regulatory policies within the project location with respect to Natural Heritage considerations.

The provincial and municipal natural heritage policies provide guidelines that determine appropriate land uses on and adjacent to natural heritage features and functions. Policies that pertain to this site include:

- the 2014 Provincial Policy Statement from MAH, Section 2.1
 - these have been reviewed with the Natural Heritage Reference Manual (NHRM) (MNR, 2010),
- ▶ the City of London Official Plan, Section 15.2 and 15.4,
- ▶ the City of London Environmental Management Guidelines (2007), and
- the UTRCA Regulations.

The natural features and functions identified in Section 4 of this EIS, are applied to the above policies in order to determine which components of the natural heritage system will require additional consideration. Features which warrant further evaluation for significance or require guidance with respect to construction activity are discussed in more detail in Section 6.

5.1 Provincial Policy

The Provincial Policy considerations are based on Provincial Policy Statement from MAH, 2014, section 2.1 and reviewed using the Natural Heritage Reference Manual (Sections 5-11) (MNR, 2010).

2.1.4

a), b) Significant Wetlands/Coastal Wetlands

Section 6 - Significant Wetlands and Significant Coastal Wetlands

The adjacent Powell Drain wetland (a unit of the Arva Moraine PSW Complex) that surrounds (32m away at its closest location on the north side) the Subject Lands has been identified as provincially significant (NHIC website, December 2017; and City of London Official Plan Schedule B1, September 2015) [Figure 2].

While this PSW unit is approximately 32m to the north, the functions of the wetland will require further consideration.

2.1.5

b) Significant Woodlands

Section 7 - Significant Woodlands

The residential trees within the Subject Lands are not a provincially significant woodland as they did not form part of Official Plan updates. Woodlands are further evaluated for local significance with the City of London municipal policy (item 15.4.5 of the following Section 5.2).

c) Significant Valleylands

Section 8 - Significant Valleylands

The Subject Lands are relatively flat and there are no significant Valleylands on or adjacent to the Subject Lands.

d) Significant Wildlife Habitat

Section 9 - Significant Wildlife Habitat

Criteria to identify wildlife habitats that should be considered significant are taken from the Ecoregion Criteria Schedules (MNRF, 2015) [Appendix E]. There was no candidate significant wildlife habitat (based on ELC) as discussed in Section 4.2.2. There was no significant wildlife habitat confirmed with site investigations and evaluation of species use for the Subject Lands.

e) Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest

Section 10 - Significant Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest

There are no ANSIs identified on or adjacent to the Subject Lands.

2.1.6

Fish Habitat

Section 11 - Fish Habitat - Broad Scale

Broad scale fish habitat, for the purposes of this review, considers downstream fisheries. There is likely indirect fish habitat associated with the wetland 32m to the north of the Subject Lands. However there are no flow paths that directly connect the Subject Lands to this habitat. The flow path to the east is not a defined channel and is dominated by terrestrial grasses through this broad swale.

Section 11 - Fish Habitat - Detailed Scale

Detailed scale fish habitat, for the purposes of this review, considers fisheries habitat within the Subject Lands. There are no channels, watercourses or fish habitat within the Subject Lands.

2.1.7

Habitat of Endangered Species and Threatened Species

Section 5 - Significant Habitat of Endangered and Threatened Species

There were no Species At Risk (Endangered or Threatened species) or habitat of Species At Risk found within the Subject Lands [Appendix K].

Summary - Provincial Policy:

This EIS will need to consider adjacent features and functions including the Powell Drain Wetland to address provincial planning policy.

5.2 Municipal Policy

The Municipal Policy Natural Heritage considerations are based on the City of London Official Plan, 2006, section 15.4.

15.4.1 Environmentally Significant Areas

There are no ESAs on or adjacent to the Subject Lands.

15.4.2 Wetlands

The Powell Drain Wetland (a unit of the Arva Moraine PSW Complex) is on the adjacent lands to the north, west and east of the Subject Lands. Uplands North Area Plan (City of London, 2003) Environmental Management Recommendations include the consideration of buffers to the Powell Drain wetland to mitigate adjacent land impacts and that the buffers should consider slope, vegetation and soils. In this location, the Subject Lands are well set back (at least 32m) from the wetland boundary and no additional buffer is required to protect the wetland from physical disturbances and/or direct impacts.

The unevaluated pocket of wetland (less than 100m²) habitat appears to be approximately 35m to the east (off property) by air photo interpretation. This feature is too small to be considered under City of London

Official Plan policies (not on a map and much smaller than 0.5 ha).

15.4.3 Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest

There are no ESAs on or adjacent to the Subject Lands.

15.4.4 Habitat of Endangered, Threatened and Vulnerable Species

There were no Species At Risk (Endangered or Threatened species) or habitat of Species At Risk found within the Subject Lands, as discussed above.

15.4.5 Woodlands

The City of London requested that the Woodland Evaluation from the City of London Guidelines (2007) be applied to the residential yard trees [Appendix L]. The treed area on the Subject Lands does not meet any high standard for significance using the City guidelines [Appendix L].

15.4.6 Corridors

Any corridor function would be limited to the Powell Drain Wetland on the adjacent lands to the north.

15.4.7 Wildlife Habitat

There is no significant wildlife habitat on the Subject Lands.

- The review of significance of wildlife habitat is based on the following considerations that have had regard for and having regard for the Significant Wildlife Habitat Technical Guide (MNR, 2000)
 - a) 1) Habitats of seasonal concentrations of animals:
 No seasonal concentration areas were identified.
 - 2) Rare vegetation communities

No rare vegetation communities were identified.

3) Specialized habitat for wildlife

No specialized habitat for wildlife was identified.

4) Habitat of species of conservation concern:

There are no species of conservation concern no habitat of species of conservation concern on the Subject Lands.

5) Animal movement corridors:

There are no distinct passageways for wildlife movement between habitats that are required to complete wildlife species life cycles. The Subject Lands are not linked to a significant animal movement corridor. Any corridor function would be limited to the Powell Drain Wetland on the adjacent lands to the north.

- b) The Subject Lands do not have any habitat that is under represented in the City of London.
- c) There are no areas of habitat having a high diversity of species composition that are of value for research, conservation, education and passive recreation opportunities.
- ii) There are no areas of Significant Wildlife Habitat identified on Schedule B1.

15.4. 8 Fish Habitat

There is no direct fish habitat and no drainage features within the Subject Lands.

15.4.9 Groundwater Recharge Areas, Headwaters and Aquifers

There are no groundwater recharge areas, headwater and aquifers identified on the Subject Lands.

15.4.10 Water Quality and Quantity

Water quality and quantity to the adjacent Powell Drain Wetland needs to be considered in this EIS.

15.4.11 Potential Naturalization Areas

There are no potential naturalization areas identified on or adjacent to the Subject Lands.

15.4.12 Carolinian Canada Big Picture Concept

The Subject Lands are not identified as part of the local Big Picture Meta-Cores and Meta-Corridors.

15.4.13 Unevaluated Vegetation Patches

There is an unevaluated vegetation patch associated with the Powell Drain Wetland to the north of the Subject Lands.

15.4.14 Other Woodland Patches larger than 0.5 Hectares

The residential yard trees abut the cultural woodland habitat that is on the adjacent lands to the west. The residential trees however would not be considered a woodland patch due to managed lawn in groundlayer. There is one Tulip Tree within the frontage of the property that would be considered a specimen tree in the City of London.

15.4.15 Other Drainage Features

There are no drainage features within the Subject Lands.

Summary - Municipal Policy:

This EIS will need to consider adjacent features and functions including the Powell Drain Wetland, and water quality and quantity to address municipal planning policy.

5.3 UTRCA Policy Considerations and Regulated Lands

Wetland Interference

A portion of the northwest corner of the Subject Lands are within the Regulation Limit. This EIS will need to consider wetland interference to the Powell Drain Wetland on adjacent lands.

Conservation Authority Regulation Limit

Any development proposed within the areas regulated by UTRCA will require a permit.

Summary - Conservation Authority Regulations

An EIS that considers adjacent features and functions including the wetland, and wetland interference will provide the appropriate supporting information to be submitted with a Site Alteration Permit Application to the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (UTRCA).

5.4 Summary of Identified Features and Functions

The features and functions in Table 1 have been identified through the policy review as requiring further consideration in this EIS. In the ISR, a 30m setback from wetland habitat was set as the Environmental Management Strategy [Figure 6 (Figure 7b in ISR)] to make sure wetland habitat features were protected.

 Table 1: Environmental Considerations for the Subject Lands:

Policy Category	Environmental Consideration	Natural Heritage Feature	
Provincial Policy Statement	Wetland	Powell Drain Wetland	
	Wetland	Powell Drain Wetland	
City of London	Water Quality and Quantity	On site water contribution	
UTRCA Regulations	Wetland Interference area	Powell Drain Wetland	

6.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

Westchester Homes is proposing a condominium development on the property located at 348 Sunningdale Rd in London. Access to the development will be from Sunningdale Rd at the south end of the property [Figure 7].

The proposed site plan consists of two townhouse style buildings: one 3 storey building with 9 units and one 3 storey building with 8 units, private amenity space at the rear of each building, and an internal road accessed from Sunningdale Rd [Figure 7]. The development proposal, which will require a zoning bylaw amendment, is limited to the central portion of the Subject Lands within an Urban Reserve zoning. The rear of the north building is setback 18m from the north property line; the rear of the south building is setback 25m from Sunningdale Rd.

Piped and cabled services will be placed within the municipal road allowances and under the pavement deck of internal roads. Sanitary services will be provided through connections to the municipal system, serviced from Sunningdale Rd. Water supply will be from the watermain on Sunningdale Rd. Service depths of between 2 to 4 metres will not interfere with groundwater on the property. Grades will be matched within the limits of the Subject Lands.

7.0 Impacts and Mitigation

Westchester Homes (the proponent) is proposing a 17 Unit condominium development on a property that is approximately 0.635ha in area, located at 348 Sunningdale Rd East in London [Figure 7]. This plan represents a smaller footprint than first circulated as a result of setbacks from a pipeline that were not previously considered.

The proposed Site Plan respects the environmental management strategy proposed in the Issues Scoping Report [Figure 6], whereby the plan is 30m or more from any wetland feature.

While the Subject Lands is void of significant natural heritage features, it does have a Tulip Trees within the frontage that would be considered a specimen tree in London. The Site Plan retains the majority of the residential yard trees (including the Tulip Tree) in the frontage of the property and is setback 18m from the north property line (at least 50m from the Powell Drain Wetland) [Figure 8]. Additionally, the development footprint will retain any sheet flow that is generated at or near the east boundary (in the northern third of the property) with a setback of 3.2m to the east property line.

This section identifies potential indirect impacts to the significant natural heritage features adjacent to the Subject Lands. Protection and mitigation measures for indirect impacts are presented. A net effects table is provided at the end of this section.

Water Balance and Wetland

Considering the lack of drainage features, clay soils and relatively steep slopes to the north at the northwest corner, there is likely minor surface flow contributions to the Powell Drain Wetland from the Subject Lands.

Recommendation 1:

The development footprint is setback 18m from the north property line (50m from the wetland at its closest in the northwest corner). The development avoids impact to the northerly slopes localized to the northwest corner. Easterly from this location, the development footprint is up to 130m away from the wetland. The post-development runoff should be managed so that flows do not scour a flow channel down the slope at the northwest corner. If the development is modified or the private amenity space requires grading, it

should be reviewed for potential natural heritage impacts again.

Recommendation 2: No surface road runoff should be conveyed directly to the north. These flows

should be directed to the stormwater sewers. Roof leaders should direct

water to the vegetated areas to the rear of the buildings.

Recommendation 3: A landscape plan should be developed at detailed design.

Wildlife

Nesting migratory birds are protected under the Migratory Birds Convention Act (MBCA), 1994. No work is permitted to proceed that would result in the destruction of active nests (nests with eggs or young birds), or the wounding or killing of birds, of species protected under the Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1994 and/or Regulations under that Act.

Recommendation 4: Avoid vegetation clearing during migratory bird breeding season (May

to July 31) to ensure that no active nests will be removed or disturbed, in

accordance with the Migratory Birds Convention Act and/or Regulations

under that Act. If works are proposed within the breeding season, prior to

any vegetation removal, the area should be checked for nesting birds. If there

are any nesting birds, works within the nesting area should not proceed until

after July 31.

There are wildlife/snag trees found within the Subject Lands that are candidate SAR bat maternity roost habitat trees. MNRF has issued a Letter to Proponent on October 30, 2018 stating that the project activities are not likely to contravene the Endangered Species Act (2007) with the following recommendations:

Recommendation 5: If candidate bat roosting trees require removal for construction works,

removal should be limited to a timing window (outside May - September) to

avoid critical habitat use times. If the private amenity space does not require grading, three candidate bat roosting trees will be removed for the buildings

and roadway. Six bat boxes should be installed (2 bat boxes for every

candidate tree removed) near the vegetated edges of the property [Figure 8]

as requested by MNRF and the City of London. If the private amenity space requires removal of additional candidate bat maternity trees, more bat boxes will need to be installed. Any changes to private amenity space will also need to be reviewed for a hazard tree assessment.

Recommendation 6: The locations of the bat boxes should be incorporated into the landscape plan.

Construction Related Impacts

There is general construction related impacts that require mitigation.

Recommendation 7: Prior to construction, sediment and erosion control fencing should be installed along the development limit. This fence will:

- act as a barrier to keep construction equipment and spoil away from the slope in the northwest corner, and surrounding vegetation to remain.
- prevent erosion and sedimentation

Recommendation 8: Sediment and erosion control fencing should be inspected prior construction

to ensure it was installed correctly and during construction to ensure that the

fencing is being maintained and functioning properly. Any issues that are

identified are resolved in the same day.

Recommendation 9: Sediment and erosion control fencing will be installed according to the

Guidelines for Erosion and Sediment Control for Urban Construction Sites

(OMNR, 1987) and the applicable standards established in the Ontario

Provincial Standard Specification/Ontario Provincial Standard Drawings

(OPSS/OPSD) documents.

Recommendation 10: Sediment and erosion control fencing should not be removed until adequate

re-vegetation and site stabilization has occurred. Additional re-vegetation

plantings and/or more time for vegetation to establish may be required,

however two growing seasons are typically sufficient to stabilize most sites.

Recommendation 11: A tree preservation report should be completed in conjunction with the grading plan for the trees to remain outside the development footprint.

Recommendation 12: All disturbed areas should be re-seeded as soon as possible to maximize erosion protection and to minimize volunteer populations of invasive species which may spread to the adjacent feature.

Recommendation 13: Once construction is complete, installation of a black chain link fence at the property boundary to prevent indiscriminate trails in the adjacent lands.

Recommendation 14: Roof runoff to bare ground can generate considerable sediment movement beyond the construction limits. Until rear yards have been vegetated and stable for housing backing onto vegetation, roof leaders should be directed to the streets or nearby stabilized vegetated areas. To facilitate surface flows to the north, roof leaders from the northerly townhouse building should be directed to the rear.

Recommendation 15: All stormwater should be temporarily directed away from the natural heritage feature through a system of swales, preferably adjacent to the road pattern.

Homeowner Education

Recommendation 16: Develop an information package to educate residents and the condominium corporation on appropriate ways to dispose of landscaping and lawn maintenance waste and protect the natural heritage components beyond the property boundaries. This is important for preservation of the vegetation and wetland features, and also to minimize encroachment issues which can occur from private lands if not properly managed.

8.0 Summary and Conclusions

Westchester Homes (the proponent) is proposing a 17 Unit condominium development on the property located at 348 Sunningdale Rd East in London [Figure 6]. The proposed Site Plan reflects the environmental management strategy proposed in the Issues Scoping Report and also retains the majority of the residential yard trees (including the specimen Tulip Tree) in the frontage of the property. The development footprint is 50m from the Powell Drain Wetland at its closest location [Figure 8]. The Site Plan avoids impacts with natural heritage features and the EIS has set out recommendations to protect the adjacent significant natural heritage features. Provided these are met, the Zoning change can proceed as proposed. When there is confirmation on the development plan, the water balance and stormwater management requirements will come forward at the Site Plan approval stage.

BioLogic seeks comments from the City of London and the UTRCA with respect to the contents of this EIS. Formal comments can be submitted in writing to BioLogic on behalf of the client. Should you wish to clarify any questions or require additional information as part of the review of this EIS, do not hesitate to contact us.

BioLogic Incorporated

Dave Hayman M.S
WestchesterHomesEIS_final.wpd

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Table 7: Net Effects Table - Westchester Homes 348 Sunningdale Rd E

Source of Impact	Affected Feature, Function or Linkage	Predictions of physical impact and effect on features, functions and linkages	Mitigation Strategy	Net Effects Summary	Recommendations for Management and Monitoring
Artificial lighting	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	low impacts expected - 17 residential yard lights	Avoidance; development footprint is 50m from wetland, tree preservation for frontage	no net effect	none
Litter and garbage	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	low impacts expected - garbage litter from residents	Garbage bins available on condo grounds; grounds maintenance by condo corporation	no net effect	public garbage bins should be readily available and emptied regularly
Yard waste	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	low impacts expected - yard maintenance is managed by condo corporation	Educational brochure, web based resources	no net effects	monitoring and on-going education provided to condo board
Increased access to sensitive area	No sensitive areas within the subject lands, adjacent Powell Drain wetland	medium impacts expected - access to Powell Drain wetland, trampling	Fence, educational brochure, web based resources, guide residents to the existing open space at Heron Haven Park	no net effects	on-going education provided to condo board, monitor for fence openings
Creation of new trails	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	low impact expected - there are no formal trails planned	There are no planned trails; Fence and guide residents to the existing open space at Heron Haven Park	no net effects	on-going education provided to condo board, and residents
Increased trail use	No sensitive areas within the subject lands, adjacent Powell Drain wetland	low impact expected - residents of 17 units will not impact near-by trails	There are no planned trails; Fence and guide residents to the existing open space at Heron Haven Park	no net effects	on-going education provided to condo board, and residents

Tree damage	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	medium impacts expected - limb removal, tree forts	Educational brochure, web based resources	no net effects	condo board to monitor for tree forts, and dismantle
Increased noise	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	low impacts expected -common wildlife species found	Avoidance; development footprint is 50m from wetland	no net effects	Residential by-laws restrict excessive noise
Decreased infiltration and increased run-off	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common plants	low impacts expected	Avoidance; setback distance of 50m is large enough to support sufficient surface flows to the wetland, clay soils are not conducive to infiltration, stormwater management strategies to control flow during construction and post construction, sediment and erosion control fencing at edge development, fencing should remain until the area is serviced by storm sewers and disturbed areas are seeded; all issues with sediment and erosion control measures should be resolved the same day; roof leaders directed to vegetated areas	no net effects	monitor sediment and erosion control fence

Increased erosion	slopes at northwest corner	low impacts expected	sediment and erosion control fencing at edge development, fencing should remain until the area is serviced by storm sewers and disturbed areas are seeded; all issues with sediment and erosion control measures should be resolved the same day; roof leaders directed to vegetated areas	no net effects	monitor sediment and erosion control fence
Increased nutrient, pesticide and sediment	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common plants	low impacts expected - grounds are managed by condo corp.	stormwater management; sediment and erosion control during construction; ban on cosmetic pesticides	no net effects	on-going education provided to condo board, and residents
Visual intrusion	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	there are no adjacent houses or parkland	Avoidance; tree preservation plant, development footprint is 18m from the rear lot line and 25m from road ROW	no net effects	
Domestic animals	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	low impacts expected - cats that roam and catch small animals; off leash dogs can trample plants	educational brochure - including information on the impacts of cats on wildlife; dogs on leashes; signage; fence	no net effects	on-going education provided to condo board, and residents
Introduced invasive plants	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common plants	low impacts expected - residence do not manage or maintain grounds	educational brochure for condo corporation/grounds maintenance staff; ensure use of only native plants	no net effects	on-going education provided to condo board, and residents
Increase in urban wildlife species	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	medium impacts expected - limited garbage will be generated with this small development; garbage can attract nuisance wildlife	educational brochure, web based resources; including information on what attracts nuisance wildlife; ensure an accessible garbage disposal location	no net effects	on-going education provided to condo board, and residents

Air pollution	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	no impacts expected	residential homes and parkland will not generate substantial air pollution	no net effects	
Fire hazards	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	low impacts expected - potential for recreational gatherings in the adjacent lands	educational brochure, web based resources; including information on potential impacts of recreational bonfires in the woods	no net effects	
Use of heavy machinery - broken limbs	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	high impacts expected - machinery too close to trees on site can break off branches	install construction fence to restrict access to areas protected in the tree preservation report	no net effects	tree protection fencing/sediment and erosion control fencing should be inspected by a qualified ecological consultant
Use of heavy machinery - soil compaction	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	medium impacts expected - machinery too close to the trees can compact soils over vital tree roots	install construction fence to restrict access to the patch; tree protection fencing/sediment and erosion control fencing should be inspected by a qualified ecological consultant	no net effects	
Use of heavy machinery - oil, gasoline, grease spill	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	medium impacts expected - machinery can leak or refueling can generate spills	establish storage/refueling area away from property edges	no net effects	low infiltration soils on site; containment of spills should be included in plan
Changes in soil grade	Adjacent Powell Drain wetland, residential/cultural woodland -common birds and plants	medium impacts expected -lowering the grades may result in removal of tree roots -raising the grades may result in root suffocation - grade changes can alter water table or drainage patterns	setback are 3m on the west side adjacent to cultural woodland trees, tree preservation report will review tree species to be protected	subject to tree preservation report and grading plan	

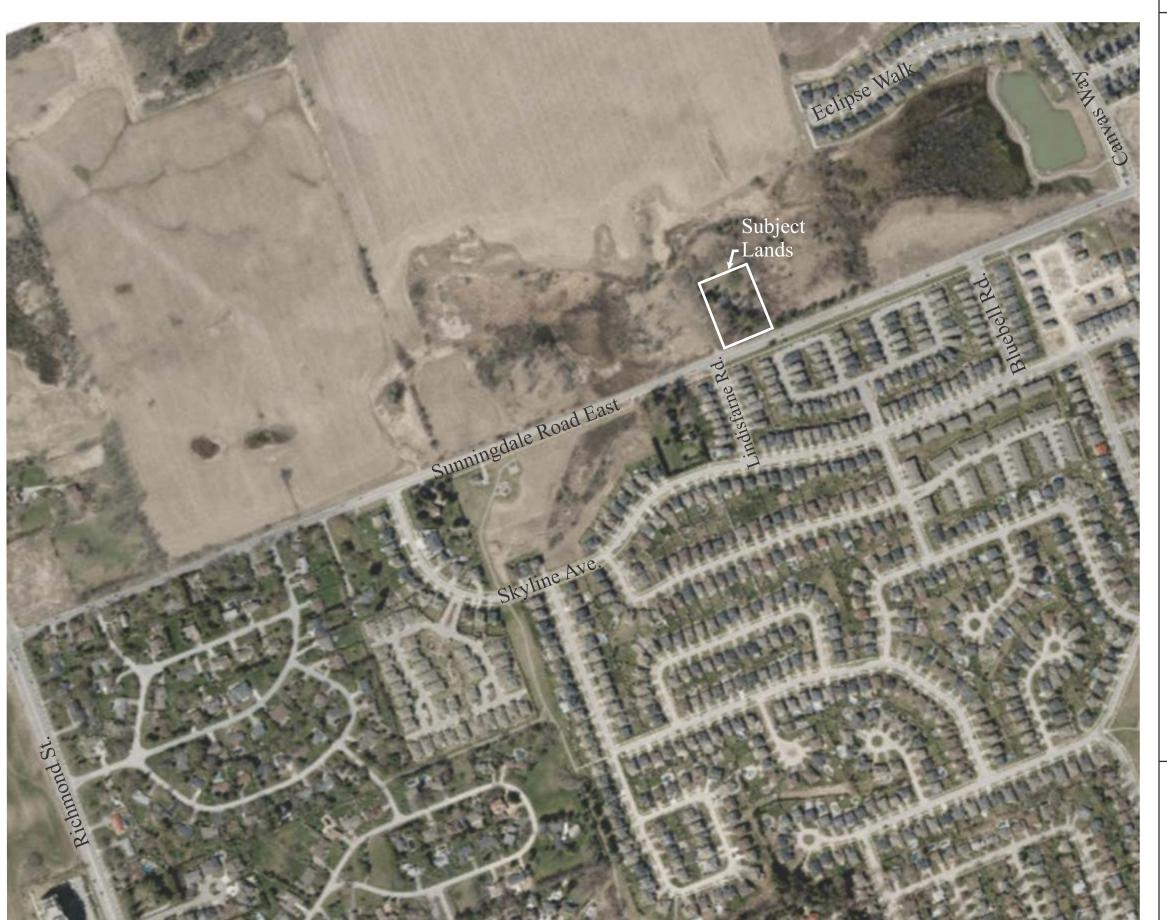
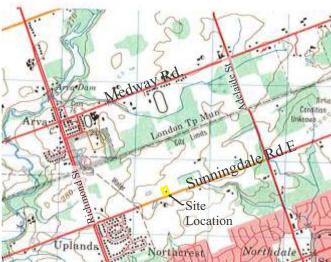


Figure 1: Site Location (City of London Air Photo 2016)



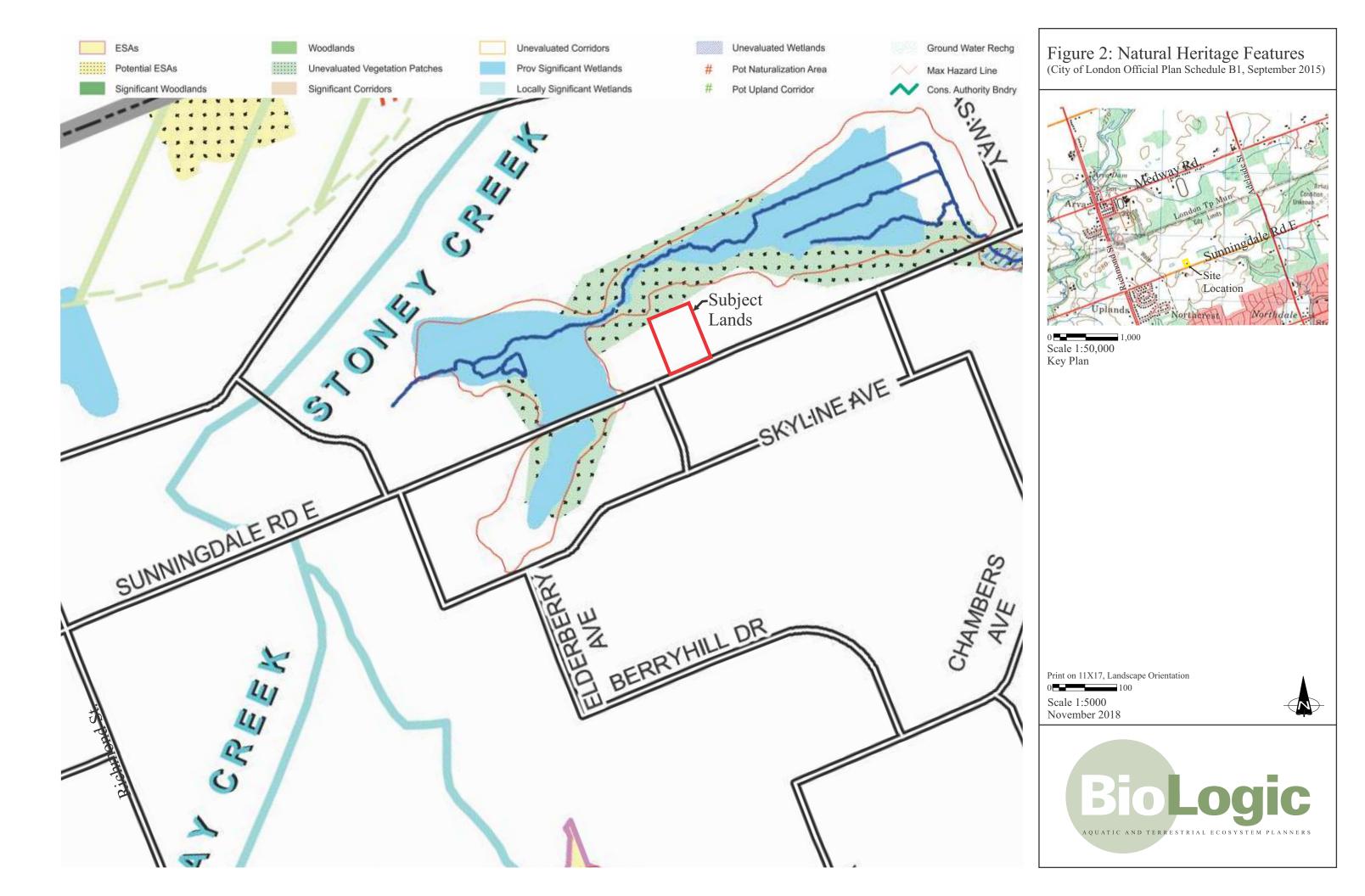
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Scale 1:5000 November 2018







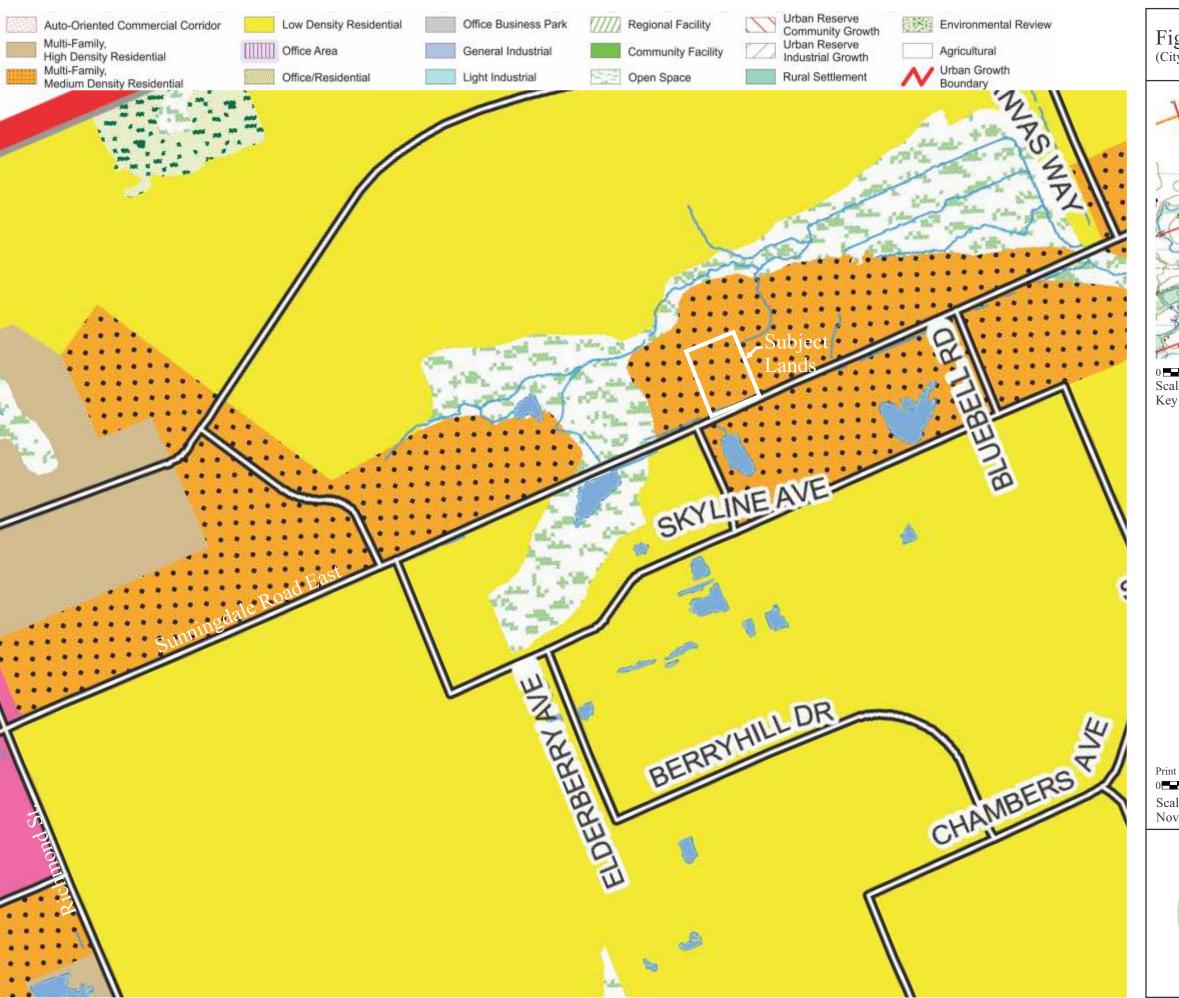


Figure 3: Land Use
(City of London Official Plan Schedule A, September 2015)



Scale 1:50,000 Key Plan

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Scale 1:5000 November 2018





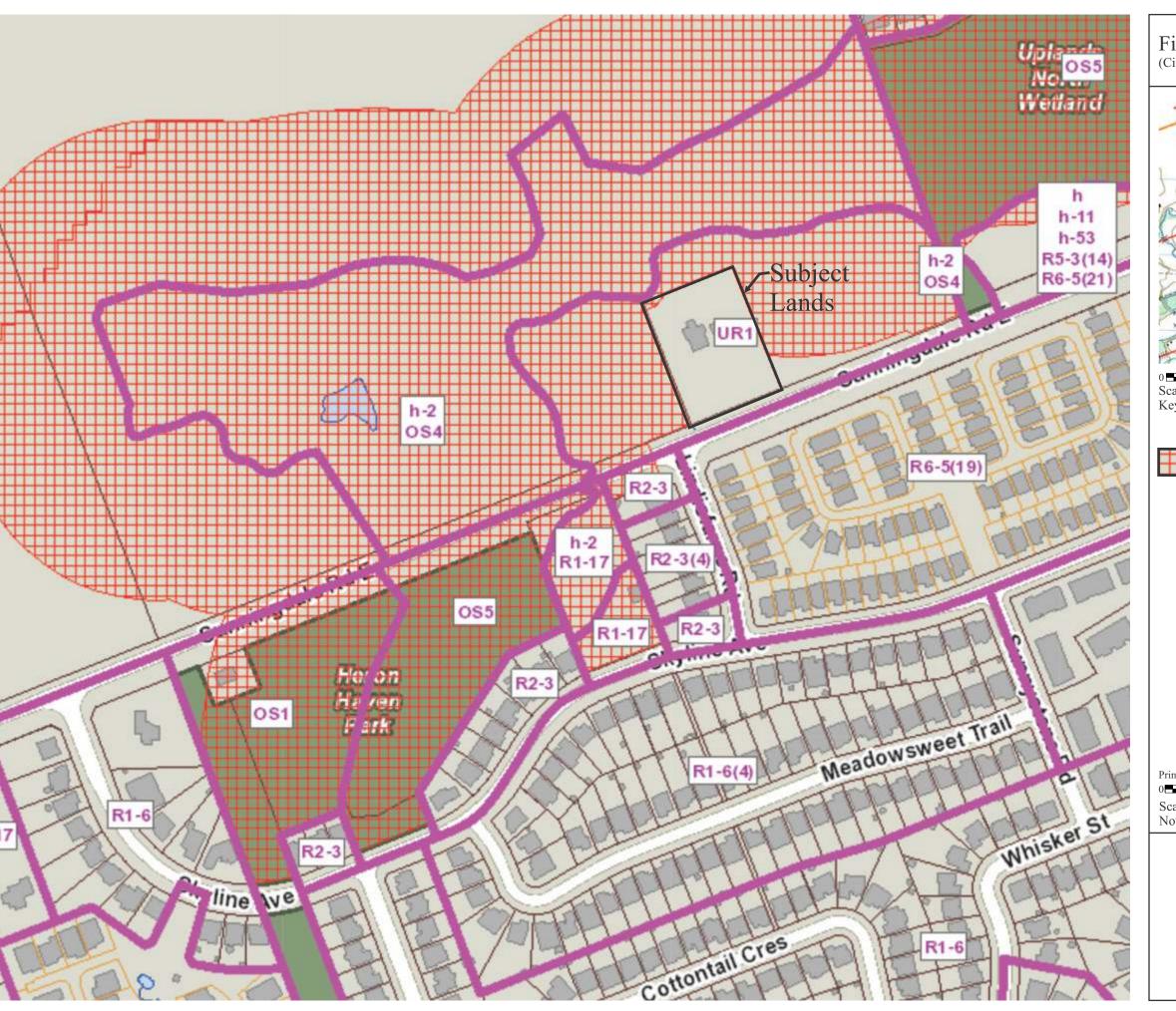
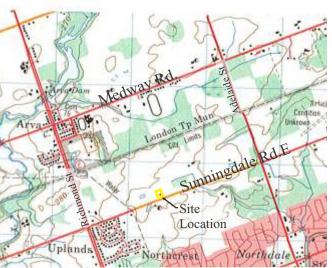


Figure 4: Zoning (City of London Zoning Bylaw)



UTRCA Regulated

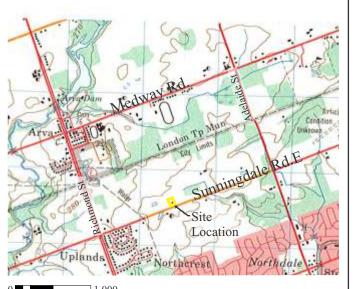
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Figure 5a: Vegetation Communities (City of London Air Photo 2017)



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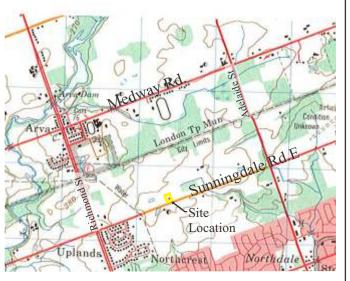






Figure 5b: Vegetation communities with Site Photos

(City of London Air Photo 2017)



Scale 1:50,000 Key Plan

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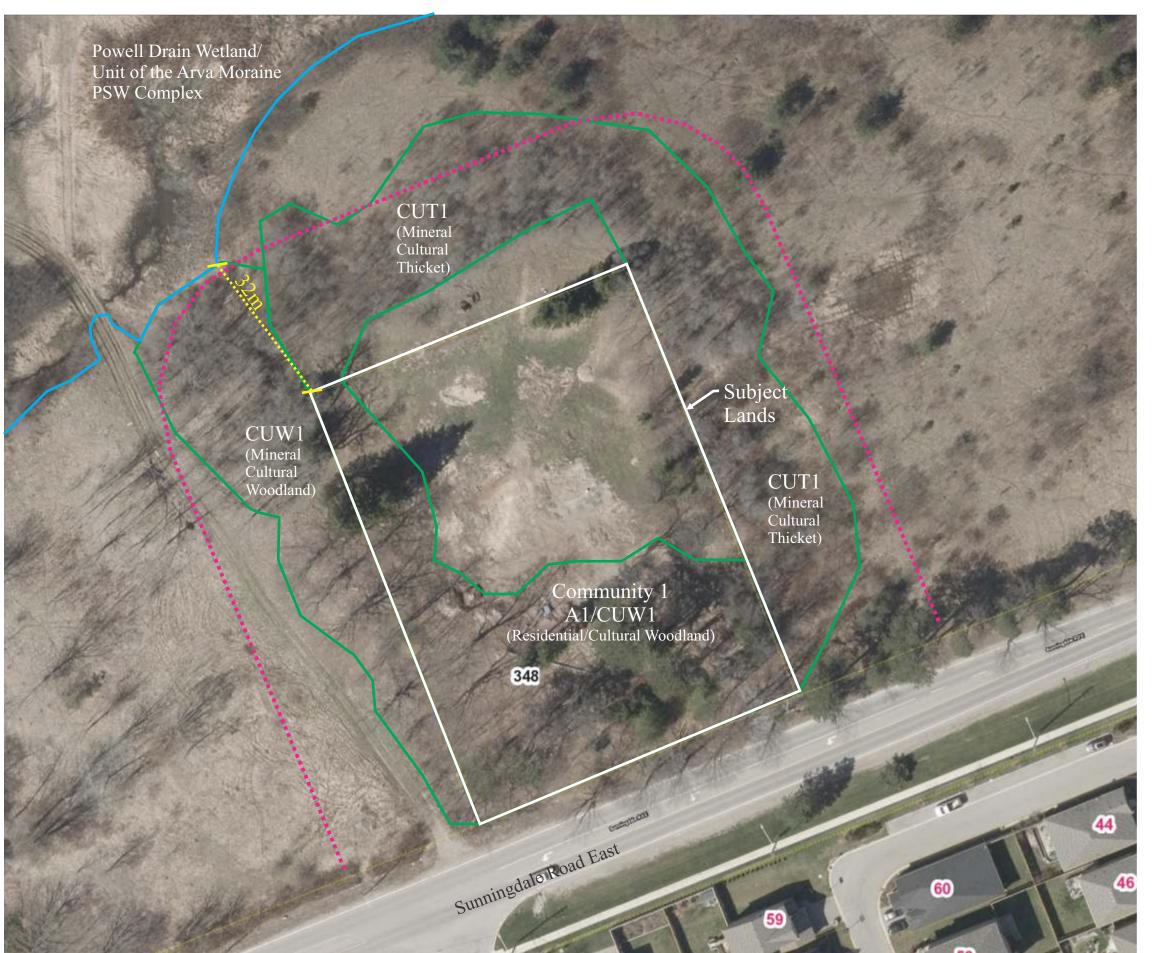
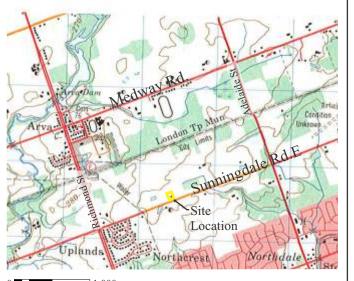


Figure 6: Environmental Management Strategy (City of London Air Photo 2017)



■■■■ 30m Setback Distance

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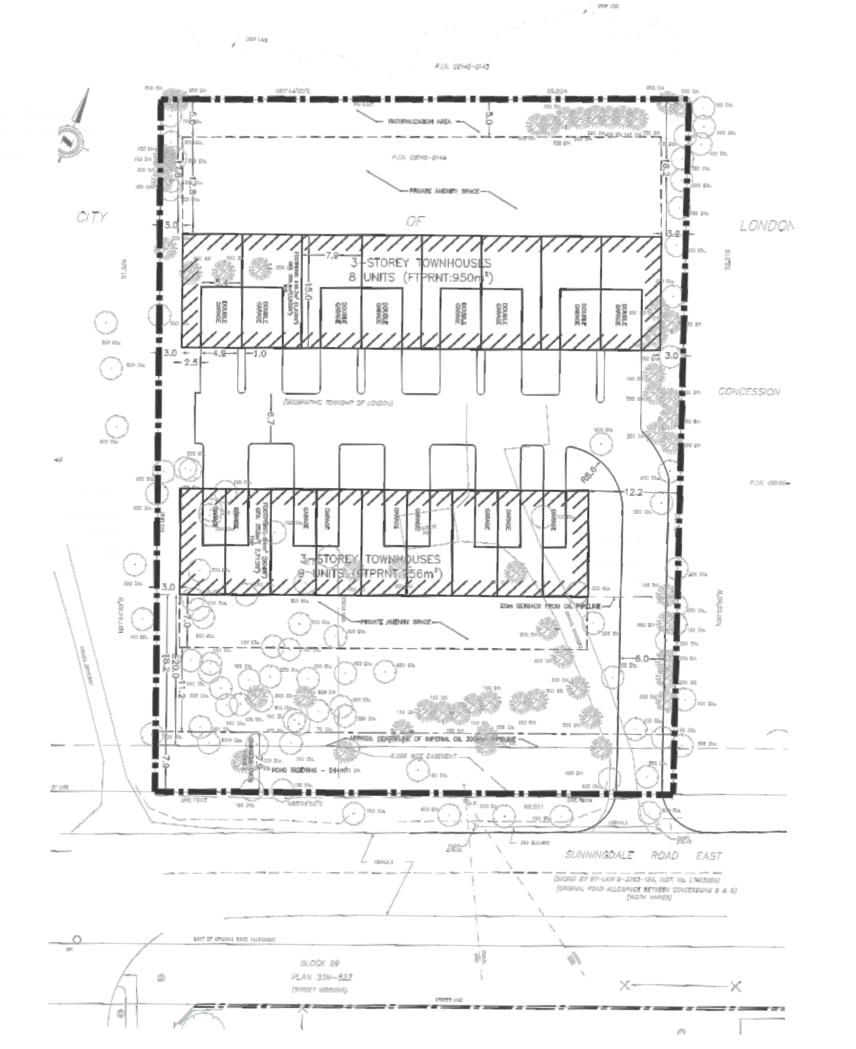
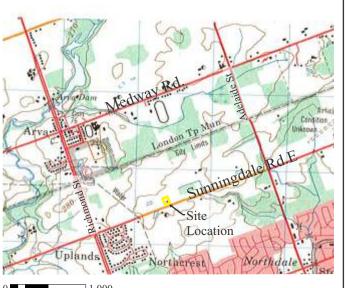


Figure 7: Development Proposal



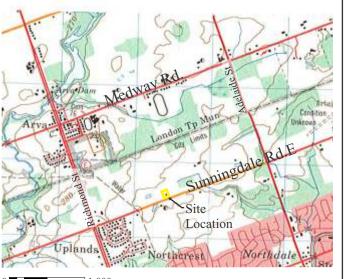
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Figure 8: Development Proposal Overlay (City of London Air Photo 2017)



■■■■ 30m Setback Distance

Conceptual Location of Bat Box

Print on 11X17, Landscape Orientation 0 15





Appendix AEIS Scoping notes

Laura McLennan

From: MacKay, James <jmackay@london.ca>
Sent: Wednesday, May 23, 2018 8:19 AM

To: Laura McLennan

Cc: mathew.c@zpplan.com; Dave Hayman; Tchir, Tara; Page, Bruce

Subject: RE: Westchester Homes Sunningdale Rd East

Hi Laura, I will try to follow-up with the UTRCA this week to confirm what they want to see as well. But based on our site visit and what we discussed in the field, doing the basic inventory work is still required – Birds, veg (2 season), etc. Please follow-up with the MNRF regarding bats. Based on the site visit, even if SAR bats are confirmed to be in the area and likely using the multiple cavities identified in the field, the MNRF may not identify the cultural woodland as SAR habitat based. Providing bat boxes in place of the cavity trees at the rear of the property may be sufficient and would not require acoustic monitoring surveys according to MNRF Aylmer district protocols. However, if the MNRF indicate that the woodland could still be designated as SAR habitat, studies according to the protocols would likely need to be carried out to confirm.

Regards,



James MacKay, M.Sc.

Ecologist
ISA Certified Arborist
City of London, Planning Services
Environmental and Parks Planning

T: (519) 661-CITY (2489) ext. 4865 | F: (519) 963-1483 | E: jmackay@london.ca

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From: Laura McLennan [mailto:lmclennan@biologic.ca]

Sent: Tuesday, May 22, 2018 2:01 PM **To:** MacKay, James <jmackay@london.ca>

Cc: mathew.c@zpplan.com; Dave Hayman <dhayman@biologic.ca>; Tchir, Tara <TchirT@thamesriver.on.ca>

Subject: FW: Westchester Homes Sunningdale Rd East

Hello James,

Following up again. I am looking for the scope of life science work for the Westchester Homes location at 348 Sunningdale Rd East.

Laura McLennan BioLogic Incorporated 110 Riverside Dr, Suite 201 London, ON N6H 4S5 Tel: 519-434-1516 Fax: 519-434-0575

From: Laura McLennan

Sent: Thursday, May 17, 2018 2:56 PM
To: 'MacKay, James' < imackay@london.ca>

Cc: 'mathew.c@zpplan.com' <mathew.c@zpplan.com>; Dave Hayman <dhayman@biologic.ca>; Tchir, Tara

<<u>TchirT@thamesriver.on.ca</u>>

Subject: FW: Westchester Homes Sunningdale Rd East

Hello James,

Just following up again to see if you have some direction for us on the Westchester Homes location at 348 Sunningdale

Thanks,

Laura McLennan BioLogic Incorporated 110 Riverside Dr, Suite 201 London, ON N6H 4S5

Tel: 519-434-1516 Fax: 519-434-0575

From: Laura McLennan

Sent: Tuesday, May 15, 2018 12:18 PM **To:** MacKay, James < <u>imackay@london.ca</u>>

Cc: Dave Hayman < dhayman@biologic.ca>; Tchir, Tara < TchirT@thamesriver.on.ca>

Subject: Westchester Homes Sunningdale Rd East

Hello James

This email is to follow up on our site meeting of May 2, 2018 at the Westchester Homes location at 348 Sunningdale Rd East in London.

As discussed, you were going to get back to us with the scope of the life science inventory to complete the EIS for the proposed condominium development at this location.

Please provide this information so we can move forward with the data collection as necessary.

Thanks and regards,

Laura McLennan BioLogic Incorporated 110 Riverside Dr, Suite 201 London, ON N6H 4S5

Tel: 519-434-1516 Fax: 519-434-0575

Appendix B Water Well Records

UTM 117 12 1477 1440 E	COM		Secretary of the secret	7D \	
Elet Out 10 9 30 WATER WEL		RECC	/	41 No	2112
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For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? Is well on upland, in valley or on hillside? Drilling or Boring Firm Address		In diagra	am below sho	w distances of we ndicate north by	ell from arrow.
Licence Number Name of Driller or Borer Address Date Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor) Form 7 10M-62-1152				4	Ç55.58
OWRC COPY					

Appen	dix	C
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Ecological Land Classification Information Sheets

SYSTEM	POLYGON DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATION UTMZ:	DESCRIPTION &	COMMINITY	FLC
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ORM CC			finish	start	1
MMUNITY					

SYSTEM	SUBSTRATE	FEATURE	HISTORY	PLANT FORM	COMMUNITY
TERRESTRIAL	OP NIC	LACUSTRINE	NATURAL	PLANKTON	LAKE
☐ WETLAND	MINERAL SOIL	BOTTOMLAND	CULTURAL	SUBMERGED FLOATING-LVD.	RIVER
ACUATIC	DARFUT MIN	TERRACE		GRAMINOID	STREAM
] [☐ VALLEY SLOPE		FORB	MARSH
	☐ ACIDIC BEDRK.	TABLELAND		LICHEN	SWAMP
	DACIO BEDEV	ROLL UPLAND		L BRYOPHYTE)C FEW
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SITE	CARB. BEDRK.	CREVICE / CAVE	COVER	CONFEROUS	☐ BARREN
		ALVAR			L PRAIRIE
OPEN WATER		BEACH / BAR	OPEN		SAVANNAH
N STIBEICIAI DEB		SAND DUNE	SHRUB		WOODLAND
BEDROCK		□ BLUFF	TREED		☐ PLANTATION

ď	STAND DESCRIPTION		2	
	LAYER	тн	CVR	SPECIES IN ORDER OF DECREASING DOMINANCE (up to 4 sp) (>> MUCH GREATER THAN; > GREATER THAN; = ABOUT EQUAL TO)
_	CANOPY	2	3	ACSsasa=PlCabie=PlNresi
2	SUB-CANOPY			
w	3 UNDERSTOREY	W	2	LON tata = SY Runla > RHILTUPh
4	GRD. LAYER	6	h	GRASSES-CIRAYUE > SYLCHINA> SYMpilo

HT CODES: 1=×2
CVR CODES 0=NO
STAND COMPOSITION: 0= NONE 1= 0% < CVR 10% 2= 10 < CVR 25% 3= 25 < CVR 60% 4= CVR > 60% 1=>25 m 2=10<HT 25 m 3=2<HT 10 m 4=1<HT 2 m 5=0.5<HT 1 m 6=0.2<HT 0.5 m 7=HT<0.2 m

STAND COMPOSITION:				BA:
SIZE CLASS ANALYSIS:	< 10	10 - 24	25 - 50	> 50
STANDING SNAGS:	< 10	10 - 24	25 - 50	> 50

ABUNDANCE CODES: N = NONE R = RARE O = OCCASIONAL A = ABUNDANT

10 - 24

25 - 50

> 50

DEADFALL / LOGS:

G					
OF D	MATURE	MID-AGE	YOUNG	PIONEER	COMM. AGE:

SOIL ANALYSIS:

COLE LAW IN LOIS.		
	DEPTH TO MOTTLES / GLEY g =	G=
MOISTURE:	DEPTH OF ORGANICS:	(cm)
HOMOGENEOUS / VARIABLE	DEPTH TO BEDROCK:	(cm)
COMMUNITY CLASSIFICATION:	ON:	ELC CODE
COMMUNITY CLASS: CULTURAL	TURAL	CU
COMMUNITY SERIES: WOODLAND	DLAND	CUW
ECOSITE: MINERAL	JAGS	Can

Notes:

VEGETATION TYPE:

INCLUSION COMPLEX

ON SITE. ANTHROPOGENIC FORMER RESIDENTIAL SITE, POTENTABL BAT TRESS

† INTENSITY × EXTENT = SCORE

					The second secon
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT
1	HEAVY	MODERATE	ПСНТ	NONE	OTHER
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF ICE DAMAGE
	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	ICE DAMAGE
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF FIRE
)	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	FIRE
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF FLOODING
b	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	FLOODING (pools & puddling)
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF BEAVER
)	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	BEAVER ACTIVITY
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF BROWSE
)	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	BROWSE (e.g. DEER)
(EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF WIND THROW
)	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	WIND THROW (BLOW DOWN)
(EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF DISEASE / DEATH
0	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	DISEASE/DEATH OF TREES
	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF NOISE
7	INTENSE	MODERATE	SLIGHT	NONE	NOISE
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF RECR. USE
) (HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	RECREATIONAL USE
0	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF DISPLACEMENT
	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	EARTH DISPLACEMENT
0	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF DUMPING
	HEAVY	MODERATE	LIGHT	NONE	DUMPING (RUBBISH)
σ	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL.	NONE	EXTENT OF TRACKS/TRAILS
1	TRACKS OR	WELL MARKED	FAINT TRAILS	NONE	TRACKS AND TRAILS
đ	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF PLANTING
1	DOMINANT	-ABUNDANT	OCCASIONAL	NONE	PLANTING (PLANTATION)
6	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF ALIEN SPECIES
,	DOMINANT	TNAGNUBA	OCCASIONAL	NONE	ALIEN SPECIES
0	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF LIVESTOCK
	HEAVY	MODERATE	ПСНТ	NONE	LIVESTOCK (GRAZING)
	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF GAPS
Q	LARGE	INTERMEDIATE	SMALL	NONE	GAPS IN FOREST CANOPY
C	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF OPERATIONS
	HEAVY	MODERATE	ПСНТ	NONE	SUGAR BUSH OPERATIONS
	EXTENSIVE	WIDESPREAD	LOCAL	NONE	EXTENT OF LOGGING
	DIAMETER LIMIT	SELECTIVE	FUEL WOOD	NONE	INTENSITY OF LOGGING
W	0-5 YEARS	5 - 15 YRS	15 - 30 YRS	> 30 YRS	TIME SINCE LOGGING
SCORE †	3	2	1	0	DISTURBANCE EXTENT
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		5.	0110	DATE:	MANAGEMENT
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EVIDENCE CODES (EV):
BREEDING BIRD - POSSIBLE:
SH = SUITABLE HABITAT

SM = SINGING MALE

BREEDING BIRD - PROBABLE: T = TERRITORY A = ANXIETY BEHAVIOUR

D = DISPLAY N = NEST BUILDING FAUNAL TYPE CODES (TY): B = BIRD M = MAMMAL H = HERPETOFAUNA L = LEPIDOPTERA F = FISH O = OTHER

FAUNAL TYPE CODES (TY):
B = BIRD M = MAMMAL

H=HERPETOFAUNA L=LEPIDOPTERA F=FISH O=OTHER

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OTHER WILDLIFE EVIDENCE: OB = OBSERVED DP = DISTINCTIVE PARTS TK = TRACKS SI = OTHER SIGNS (specify)	BREEDING BIRD - CONFIRMED: DD = DISTRACTION NE = EGGS AE = NEST ENTRY	BREEDING BIRD - PROBABLE: T = TERRITORY A = ANXIETY BEHAVIOUR	EVIDENCE CODES (EV): BREEDING BIRD - POSSIBLE: SH = SUITABLE HABITAT
VO = VOCALIZATION HO = HOUSE/DEN FE = FEEDING EVIDENCE	NU = USED NEST NY = YOUNG	D = DISPLAY N = NEST BUILDING	SM = SINGING MALE
CA = CARCASS FY = EGGS OR YOUNG SC = SCAT	FY = FLEDGED YOUNG FS = FOOD/FAECAL SACK	P = PAIR V = VISITING NEST	

Page of

OTHER WILDLIFE EVIDENCE:
OB = OBSERVED
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SI = OTHER SIGNS (specify)

BREEDING BIRD - CONFIRMED: DD = DISTRACTION NE = EGGS

NU = USED NEST NY = YOUNG

AE = NEST ENTRY

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Appendix D RKLA Tree Report

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IN	GENERAL IFORMATION		SI	ZE		BIO	LOGICAL HEALTH		MMENDATIONS BASED ON VALUE AND VIGOUR
TAG#	TREE SPECIES	DBH	CANOPY RADIUS		CROWN CONDITION	DEFECT CODE	COMMENTS	PROPOSED ACTION	RATIONALE
		(cm)	(m)		1=Dead			First Priority	
					5=Healthy			Second Priority	
								Remove - hazard	
737	Acer saccharum	55	8		5	S1	City ROW along east edge of existing driveway, wide trunk flare, basal scar, minor dieback, codominant stems		
738	Acer saccharum	55	5		5		along east edge of existing driveway, no trespassing sign nailed to tree, several nails in trunk, bulging due to damage from abutting fence, low branching	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
739	Prunus spp.	51	6		3		along east edge of existing driveway, recently pruned, no trespassing sign nailed to tree, crooked upper stem, large exposed/damaged roots, girdling roots, damage from abutting fence		
740	Acer saccharum	33	5		5		along east edge of existing driveway, recently pruned, limbed up, grade change at base, along edge of existing driveway	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
741	Acer platanoides	22	5		5		along east edge of existing driveway, sealing pruning cuts, supressed, exposed/damaged roots, girdling roots		
742	Acer platanoides	32	5.5		5		along east edge of existing driveway, sealing pruning cuts, codominant stems, exposed/damaged roots, grade change at base		
743	Acer saccharum	79	7		5	51	along east edge of existing driveway, loose bark, lateral branch larger than main stem, internal rot at base, burly main stem, instects at base	Remove	poor/weak branch structure, in decline
744	Pinus nigra	78	9		5		along west edge of existing driveway, unbalanced crown - heavy towards SW, insect holes in trunk, limbed up to approx. 50'		
745	Picea abies	78	4		4		along west edge of existing driveway, grade change at tunk due to driveway, codominant stems, included bark, butressing from branches to base, limbed up to approx. 30'		
746	Pinus nigra	64	6		4	R3	along west edge of existing driveway, no root flare, codominant leaders, fused leaders, included bark, butressing on west side of base, uneven crown - heavy to the W, limbed up to approx. 30'		
747	Pinus sylvestris	43	3		4	R3	along west edge of existing driveway, grade change at trunk due to driveway, insect holes in trunk, no root flare, limbed up to approx. 30'		
748	Picea abies	51	3		5	S1	along west edge of existing driveway, supressed, droopy habit, grade change at base due to driveway		
749	Pinus nigra	46	7		3	R3, S1	along west edge of existing driveway, bowed trunk, thin crown, supressed, no root flare		

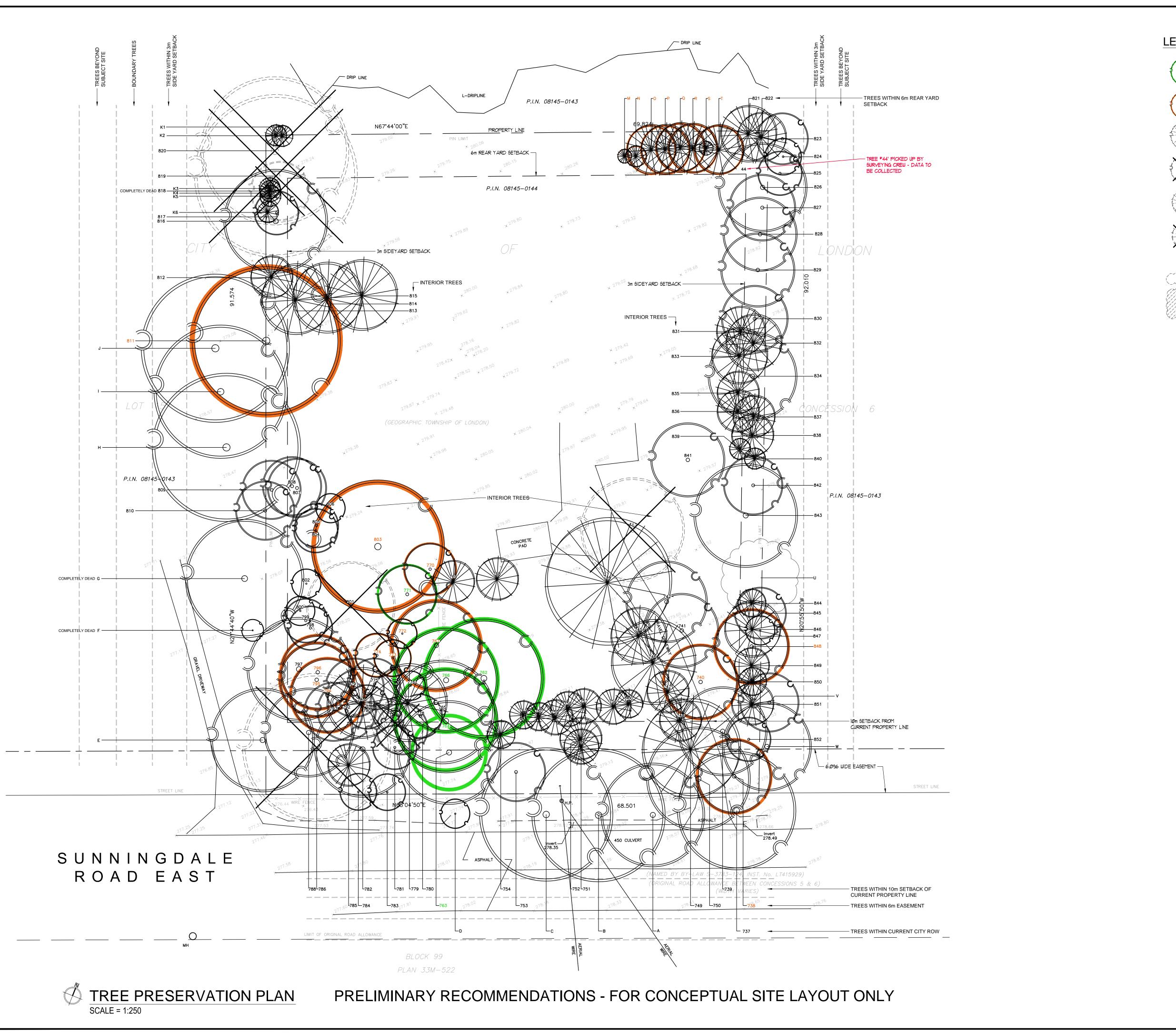
II	GENERAL NFORMATION		SI	ZE		BIOI	LOGICAL HEALTH	PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS TREE SPECIES VALUE AND VIO	
TAG#	TREE SPECIES	DBH	CANOPY RADIUS	STRUCTURE MS=multistem	CROWN CONDITION	DEFECT CODE	COMMENTS	PROPOSED ACTION	RATIONALE
750	Acer saccharum	58	7		5	R3, S1	along west edge of existing driveway, girdling/exposed/damaged roots alond driveway edge, limbed up, no root flare on S side, damage from abutting fence		
751	Thuja occidentalis	42, 42	2.5	ms2	5		exposed roots, minor interior dieback, low branched		
752	Thuja occidentalis	18	3		5		supressed, low branched, minor dieback, uneven crown		
753	Prunus spp.	15, 8	4	ms2	5	S1, C8	curling leaves, epicormic growth, scrubby habit, S1 in small stem		
754	Picea pungens	24	2		3		supressed, dieback, limbed up to approx. 20'		
755	Picea abies	9	2		5		hedge row, thin crown, low branched		
756	Picea abies	16	2.5		5		hedge row, thin lower branches, low branched, Adelges abietis (pineapple spruce		
757	Picea abies	16	2.5		5		hedge row, thin lower branches, low branched, Adelges abietis (pineapple spruce gall)		
758	Picea abies	13	2.5		4		hedge row, thin lower branches, low branched		
759	Picea abies	20	2.5		5		hedge row, thin lower branches, low branched		
760	Picea abies	13	2		5		hedge row, low branched		
761	Picea abies	8	2		5		hedge row, low branched		
762	Liriodendron tulipefera	55	8		5		uneven crown - heavy to SE due to a torn off scaffold branch in crown	First Priority Preservation	Carolinian species, good health and condition
763	Acer saccharum	19, 13	7	ms2	5		exposed roots, partial root rot, remnants of previous third stem, excellent condition	First Priority Preservation	Valuable species, excellent health and condition
764	Acer saccharum	38	7		5		codominant stems, included bark, butressing, supressed on NW side, dead branches	First Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
765	Acer saccharum	34	7		5	SI	vertical S1, sealing wounds, discolouration at base, minor dead branches		
766	Acer saccharum	43	7		5		low branches on E side, minor dead branches, excellent condition	First Priority Preservation	Valuable species, excellent health and condition
767	Acer saccharum	19	6		5		open crown, supressed, minor dead branches	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
768	Picea abies	45	3		4		large vertical wound on N side, basal scar, previously supressed, limbed up to approx. 30'		
769	Picea abies	47	3		5		wide root flare		
770	Acer saccharum	17	3.5		5		minor dead wood, abutting large stump	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
771	Acer saccharum	15	4		5		excellent condition		Valuable species, excellent health and condition
772	Prunus serotina	13	2		5		crooked at base - self corrected, high crown	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
773	Acer saccharum	10	2.5		5		high crown, supressed on NW	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
774	Acer saccharum	13	3		5		supressed	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
775	Acer platanoides	17	4.5		5		crook at base, clustered upper crown, supressed		
776	Acer saccharum	10	2		5	(8	supressed, high crown, epicormic along trunk		

GENERAL Information			SI	ZE		BIO	LOGICAL HEALTH		MMENDATIONS BASED ON VALUE AND VIGOUR
TAG#	TREE SPECIES	DBH	CANOPY RADIUS	STRUCTURE MS=multistem	CROWN CONDITION	DEFECT CODE	COMMENTS	PROPOSED ACTION	RATIONALE
777	Pinus nigra	71	5.5		4	L	lean E, dead branches, natural limb drop, codominant stems, included bark with dead stem, high/small crown, small fungal fruiting body at root flare		
778	Acer saccharum	10	3		5	C8	supressed, epicormic		
779	Juglans nigra	14	3.5		5		high crown, dead branches, supressed		
780	Juglans nigra	16	3.5		4	51	S1 at 7' from grade, several major wounds/burls, ants	Remove	Health and condition - may pose a hazard
781	Tilia americana	21	3		5		crook in upper stem, insect damage to leaves, 1 mature epicormic sprout from base, minor dieback, supressed on N, young virginia creeper on trunk		
782	Juglans nigra	29	6.5		5		supressed, uneven crown – heavy to the S, young virginia creeper on trunk		
783	Acer saccharum	10	2.5		5		low branched, vertical crack in bark, supressed		
784	Acer saccharum	11	2.5		5	(8	rodent protection present, minor dieback, supressed, epicormic growth		
785	Pinus sylvestris	40	3		4		insect holes, dead/drooping branches, thin crown, bulbous root flare		
786	Acer saccharum	95	10		4	SI	S1 - MAJOR cavity, codominant stems, dieback in upper crown, thin crown, buckthorn	Remove	Health and condition - may pose a hazard
787	no tag - no tree								
788	Acer saccharum	28	6		4	(8	large lower dead branches, supressed, dieback, epicormic growth		
789	Pinus nigra	75	5		4		elevated root plate, high crown, thin crown, 3 codominant stems, major dead branches		
790	Acer saccharum	12	3		4		supressed, abutting tree no. 789, leaf spot, dieback in lower branches		
791	Prunus spp.	14	4		3		supressed, dead lower branches		
792	Acer saccharum	10	4		5		supressed, minor die back		
793	Prunus spp.	18	4		4	SI	vertical wound below crown, dead lower branches, supressed, crooked - self corrected		
794	Tilia americana	14	5		5	L	insect damage to leaves, lean SW, supressed, included bark	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
795	Tilia americana	18	5		5		insect damage to leaves	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
796	Tilia americana	23	5		5	~-	insect damage to leaves	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
797	Tilia americana	23, 22	7	ms2	5	51	major wound on one stem, included bark, insect damage to leaves, buckthorn		
798	Prunus spp.	12	3		5	S1, L	wound 2' from grade, supressed, lean SW		
799	Prunus spp.	10	3		5	L	supressed, minor die back, lean SW		
800	Prunus spp.	9	2		5		supressed, large epicormic sprout from base		
801	Tilia americana	85	6		5	S1	several large wounds at 5' from grade and at unions, wide spreading root flare, 3 codominant stems, large dead limbs, minor dieback, burls, basal wound/rot	Remove	Health and condition
802	Prunus spp.	12	2		5		dead lower branches, supressed		
803	Acer saccharum	74	9		5	S1	exposed/damaged roots, minor root girdling, one large low branch, uneven crown-heavy on SW, previously supressed	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, mature specimen, good health and condition

IN	GENERAL IFORMATION		SI	ZE		BIOL	OGICAL HEALTH		MMENDATIONS BASED ON VALUE AND VIGOUR
TAG#	TREE SPECIES	DBH	CANOPY RADIUS	STRUCTURE MS=multistem	CROWN CONDITION	DEFECT CODE	COMMENTS	PROPOSED ACTION	RATIONALE
804	Prunus spp.	18	3		5		supressed, canopy heavy to SW, dead lower branches		
805	Prunus spp.	18	3		5		supressed, canopy heavy to W, dead lower branches		
806	Prunus spp.	16	2		5		supressed, canopy heavy to N, dead lower branches		
807	Prunus spp.	40	4		4		burly growth at 20' from grade, dead lower branches, butressing		
808	Prunus spp.	33	4		4		large butress root on N side, dead lower branches, supressed		
809	Prunus spp.	20	4		4	L	Lean to SE, lower canopy dieback		
810	Prunus spp.	22	4		5		Boundary tree between subject site and Lot 15, Lean to SW, lower canopy dieback		
811	Acer saccharum	77	10		5		Boundary tree between subject site and Lot 15, weeping wound, minor interior dieback, low union, clothesline hardware attached to trunk	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, mature specimen, good health and condition
812	Thuja occidentalis	24	3		5		supressed, lean N, previous codominant stem removed at 1' from grade		
813	Picea abies	53	5		5		dead interior canopy, supressed, drooping habit, exposed/damaged roots, limbed up to approx.15'		
814	Picea abies	48	5		5		dead interior canopy, supressed, drooping habit, exposed/damaged roots, limbed up to approx.15', Adelges abietis (pineapple spruce gall), soil/debris piled against base		
815	Picea abies	51	5		5		dead interior canopy, supressed, drooping habit, exposed/damaged roots, limbed up to approx.15', Adelges abietis (pineapple spruce gall), soil/debris piled against base		
816	Ulmus pumila	70	7		3		on slope, codominant stems, dead wood		
817	Ulmus pumila	34	3		2		on slope, supressed, dieback		
818	Ulmus pumila	45	4		1		fully dead		Dead
819	Ulmus pumila	55, 35	11	ms2	4	L, S1, C7, C8	on slope, significant lean NE, significant cavity at base, codominant stem, major dead limbs, epicormic growth, one major limb to the W, virginia creeper on trunk		Health and condition - may pose hazard
820	Ulmus pumila	65	10		3	S1, C7, L	Hazard, major dead limbs, major vertical scar at base, supressed, lean, codominant stems		Health and condition - may pose hazard
821	Thuja occidentalis	18, 21, 18, 1	4	ms4	3		hedgerow, dead interior		
822	Thuja occidentalis	52, 28, 15,	3.5	ms4	4		hedgerow, dead interior, included bark		
823	Ulmus pumila	15	3.5		4	Ĺ	Property of Lot 15 dead lower branches, supressed, lean N		
824	Ulmus pumila	21	2.5		4	C8	Property of Lot 15 dead lower branches, supressed, girdling roots, epicormic growth		
825	Ulmus pumila	28, 19	3	ms2	4		Property of Lot 15 uneven crown - heavy to W, dieback of lower branches		
826	Acer platanoides	30	6		5		low scaffold branches, exposed roots, minor dieback		
827	Acer saccharinum	18, 13	4.5	ms2	5	S1	butressing at union, cavity halfway up smaller stem		

II	GENERAL IFORMATION		SI	ZE		BIOI	OGICAL HEALTH		MMENDATIONS BASED ON VALUE AND VIGOUR
TAG#	TREE SPECIES	DBH	CANOPY RADIUS	STRUCTURE MS=multistem	CROWN CONDITION	DEFECT CODE	COMMENTS	PROPOSED ACTION	RATIONALE
828	Acer platanoides	28	5		5		low branching, minor interior dieback		
829	Acer platanoides	46	5		5		multiple branch union cluster at 4' from grade, fused branches at union, minor interior dieback		
830	Acer platanoides	31	4.5		3		significant interior dieback, thin crown, low branches, low vigor		
831	Picea abies	22	3.5		3		supressed, thin crown, branched to grade		
832	Acer saccharum	18	4		2		highly supressed, low vigor		
833	Picea abies	16	4		4		supressed, thin crown, branched to grade		
834	Acer platanoides	38	6		4		included bark, exposed roots, low union, double codominant stems, low branched		
835	Picea abies	12	3		5		lower dead branches, minor Adelges abietis (pineapple spruce gall)		
836	Picea abies	22	3		5		lower dead branches		
837	Pinus nigra	25	3		3	L	lean NE, natural limb drop - remianint stubs up to approx. 10', codominant stems		
838	Pinus nigra	25	3		3		browning foliage, dead lower limbs, codominant stems, low union, included bark		
839	Picea abies	12	1.5		5		supressed, branched to grade, minor Adelges abietis (pineapple spruce gall)		
840	Picea abies	15	1.5		2		only upper 30' of canopy is living		
841	Malus spp.	62	5		4	SI	wood pecker damage, twisting trunk, bark splitting, thin crown, major dead limbs, cavity		
842	Acer saccharum	18	4		5		supressed, uneven crown - heavy to NE, low union, low branched		
843	Acer saccharum nigrul	50	7		5	C1, C2	low scaffold branches, cupped/discolourd leaves, woodpecker damage, exposed/girdling roots, butressing		
844	Pinus nigra	10	2		4		twisted/crooked trunk, supressed, low branched, browning needles		
845	Prunus spp.	20	3.5		5		exposed roots, low branched, supressed		
846	Pinus sylvestris	25	4		4		dead lower branches, thin canopy		
847	Prunus spp.	11	2		5	L	lean NE, supressed		
848	Acer x freemanii	16, 11	5	ms2	5		uneven crown - heavy to W, root flare butressing	Second Priority Preservation	Valuable species, good health and condition
849	Thuja occidentalis	30, 12	2.5	ms2	5		hedgerow, dead lower branches		
850	Thuja occidentalis	13, 10	2	ms2	5		hedgerow, dead lower branches		
851	Thuja occidentalis	32, 15	3	ms2	5		hedgerow, dead lower branches		
852	Prunus spp.	9	3		5	L	crook in trunk, supressed, lean E, minor dieback		
Trees no	t tagged during tree in	entory -	beyond subj	ect site or inaccessible					
А	Acer saccharum	70	7		5	SI	City ROW major root damage along road side, epicormic growth, large burl, large exposed/girdling root, on slope, pruned		
В	Acer saccharum	65	8		5	S1	City ROW severed roots on street side, pruned, major dead wood, adjacent to hydro line		

II.	GENERAL IFORMATION		SI	ZE		BIOI	OGICAL HEALTH		MMENDATIONS BASED ON VALUE AND VIGOUR
TAG#	TREE SPECIES	DBH	CANOPY RADIUS	STRUCTURE MS=multistem	CROWN CONDITION	DEFECT CODE	COMMENTS	PROPOSED ACTION	RATIONALE
C	Acer saccharum	65	8		5	S1, L	City ROW slight lean N, lilac shrub growing from roots, girdling roots, large dead branches, minor dieback		
D	Crataegus spp.	12	2		4	L	City ROW insect damage to leaves, supressed, uneven crown, scrubby habit, slight lean S		
E	Acer saccharum	85	7		3	SI	cavities in branches, weeping wound, crown dieback, major dead limbs, fused leaders, clustered branching, girdling roots		
F	Tilia americana	75	na		1		Property of Lot 15 completely dead		
G	Acer saccharum	85	8		1		Property of Lot 15 completely dead		
Н	Acer saccharum	86	10		5	SI	Property of Lot 15 low crotch, cavity at base, minor dead branching, cavity in upper crown		
ļ	Acer saccharum	80	9		5	SI	Property of Lot 15 burls on roots, low crotch, ants present, butressing, near existing pile of debris		
J	Acer saccharum	80	10		5		Property of Lot 15 girdling roots, low scaffold branches, dieback to main branches		
K	Thuja occidentalis group	+-15	+-2		4		Subject site property good condition, low area		
L	Vegetation unit - Ulmus pumila	+-15			4		Property of Lot 15 stand of trees along entire north property line beyond subject site boundary		
М	Picea pungens	7	1		5		Subject site property hedgerow, branched to ground	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
N	Picea pungens var. glauca	8	1.5		5		Subject site property hedgerow, branched to ground	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
0	Picea abies	25	4.5		5		Subject site property hedgerow, low branched	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
Р	Picea abies	21	4.5		5		Subject site property hedgerow, branched to ground	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
Q	Picea abies	21	4.5		5		Subject site property hedgerow, branched to ground	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
R	Picea abies	32	4.5		5		Subject site property hedgerow, branched to ground	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
S	Picea abies	12	1		5		Subject site property hedgerow, branched to ground, supressed	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
T	Picea abies	25	4.5		5		Subject site property hedgerow, branched to ground	Second Priority Preservation	healthy hedgerow
U	Lonicera spp.	na	4		4		Subject site property large shrub		
V	Prunus spp.	23, 20, 15	4	ms3	4		Property of Lot 15 large cavity in 20cmDBH stem, gall, open crown, dieback		
W	Prunus spp.	52	6		5	L	Property of Lot 15 lower canopy dieback, supressed, lean E		







FIRST PRIORITY TREES - VALUABLE SPECIES/HEALTHY/SOLID STRUCTURE



SECOND PRIORITY TREES - VALUABLE SPECIES/HEALTHY/SOLID STRUCTURE



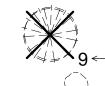
EXISTING DECIDUOUS TREES TO REMAIN



EXISTING DECIDUOUS TREES RECOMMENDED FOR REMOVAL -HEALTH/STRUCTURE



EXISTING CONIFEROUS TREES TO REMAIN

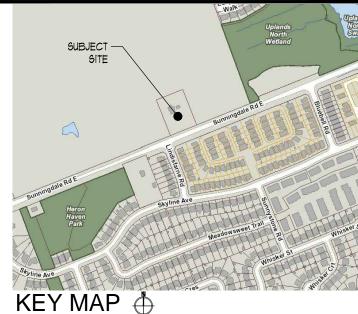


EXISTING CONIFEROUS TREES RECOMMENDED FOR REMOVAL -HEALTH/STRUCTURE

EXISTING PLANTINGS TO



EXISTING PLANTINGS TO BE REMOVED





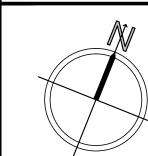
ALL DRAWINGS REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED OR REUSED WITHOUT THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS WRITTEN PERMISSION.

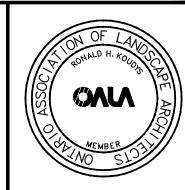
THIS DRAWING SHALL NOT BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR TENDER PURPOSES UNLESS SIGNED AND DATED BY RONALD H. KOUDYS, OALA, CSLA, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, LONDON, ONTARIO (519) 667-3322.

Ronald H. Koudys, O.A.L.A. C.S.L.A. DATE

ISSUED FOR TREE COORDINATION

PLOTTING INFORMATION: PLOTTED DATE = JULY 11, 2017 PLOTTED SCALE = 1:1





348 SUNNINGDALE ROAD EAST LONDON, ONTARIO

TREE PRESERVATION PLAN

	DATE: JULY 2017	SCALE: AS NOTED	DRAWING No.
	DRAWN: RKLA Inc.	CHECKED BY:	T-
	PROJECT No. 17-	176Lb	

	Appendix	Ε
Candidate Significant	Wildlife Habit	at

Seasonal Concentration of Animals

Wildlife Habitat	ELC Codes Triggers	Additional Habitat Criteria	Candidate SWH
Waterfowl Stopover and Staging Areas (Terrestrial)	none present	- no fields with sheet water during spring present	No
Waterfowl Stopover and Staging Areas (Aquatic)	none present	- habitat - ponds, marshes, lakes, bays - not available	No
Shorebird Migratory Stopover Area	none present	- habitat - shorelines of lakes, rivers and wetlands - not available	No
Raptor Wintering Area	combination of forest and upland needed	- combination of forest and meadow is not large enough (need to be >20ha); nearby field is not idle/fallow, it is active agriculture, subject lands are small (0.6ha) with landscape trees	No
Bat Hibernacula	none present	- none present	No
Bat Maternity Colonies		- standing snags on the subject lands - not enough (>10/ha, >25cm DBH) to be SWH, but possible habitat for SAR	No
Turtle Wintering Areas	none present	- no water on the subject lands	No
Reptile Hibernaculum	all other than really wet	- no rock piles, stone fences, crumbling foundations, or rock crevices, no active animal burrows	No
Colonially-Nesting Bird Breeding Habitat (Bank / Cliff)	none present	- no steep slopes of exposed banks or cliff faces present	No
Colonially-Nesting Bird Breeding Habitat (Trees/Shrubs)	none present	- nests in live or dead standing trees	No
Colonially-Nesting Bird Breeding Habitat (Ground)	none present	- no rocky islands or peninsulas present or watercourses in open fields with scatted trees present	No
Migratory Butterfly Stopover Areas	combination of field and forest needed	- less than the required 10ha in size; not located with 5km of Lake Erie	No
Land Bird Migratory Stopover Areas	none present	- not within 5km of Lake shore	No
Deer Winter Congregation Areas	none present	- deer movement during winter in Ecoregion 7E is not constrained by snow depth	No

Rare Vegetation Communities

Wildlife Habitat	ELC Codes Triggers	Additional Habitat Criteria	Candidate SWH
Cliffs and Talus Slopes	not present		No
Sand Barren	not present		No
Alvar	not present		No
Old Growth Forest	not present		No
Savannah	not present		No
Tallgrass Prairie	not present		No
Other Rare Vegetation	not present		No

Specialized Habitats of Wildlife considered SWH

Wildlife Habitat	ELC Codes Triggers	Additional Habitat Criteria	Candidate SWH
Waterfowl Nesting Area	none present	- suitable upland communities are not present on site within 120m of adjacent wetlands	No
Bald Eagle and Osprey Nesting, Foraging, Perching	none present	- no lakes, ponds, rivers, wetlands along forest shorelines, islands or structures over water	No
Woodland Raptor Nesting Habitat	none present	-no forest communities >30ha, or with >4ha interior habitat	No
Turtle Nesting Areas	none present	- no exposed mineral soil adjacent to wetlands	No
Springs and Seeps	none present	- no headwater forested areas present	No
Amphibian Breeding Habitat (Woodland)	none present	- no forest, wetland, pond or woodland pool on site, wetland is within 120m on adjacent lands	No
Amphibian Breeding Habitat (Wetlands)	none present	- wetlands >120m from woodland ecosites; wetlands >500m²	No
Woodland Area-Sensitive Bird Breeding Habitat	none present	-habitats where interior forest breeding birds are breeding; large mature (>60yrs old) forest stands or woodlots >30ha	No

Habitats of Species of Conservation Concern considered SWH

Wildlife Habitat	ELC Codes Triggers	Additional Habitat Criteria	Candidate SWH
Marsh Breeding Bird Habitat	none present	- all wetland habitat is to be considered as long as there is shallow water with emergent aquatic vegetation	No
Open Country Bird Breeding Habitat	none present	- natural and cultural fields >30ha are not present	No
Shrub/Early Successional Bird Breeding Habitat	CUW1	- no large fields succeeding to shrub and thicket habitats > 10ha in size	No
Terrestrial Crayfish	none present	- no wet meadow and edges of shallow marshes	no
Special Concern and Rare Wildlife Species (NHIC and MNRF pre-consultation)		- Snapping Turtle (SC); Branching Burreed (SH) habitat for Snapping Turtle not found on the subject lands habitat for Branching Burreed not found on the subject lands October 18, 2017 site investigation	no

Wildlife Habitat	ELC Codes Triggers*	Additional Habitat Criteria	Candidate SWH
Amphibian Movement Corridors	based on identifying SWH	Movement corridors are determined when there is confirmed amphibian breeding habitat - wetland.	No

Wildlife Habitat	Ecosites	Habitat Criteria and Information	Candidate SWH
Bat Migratory Stopover Area	no triggers	- site is not near Long Point	No

Appendix F NHIC List

12/21/2017 Make A Map: Natural Heritage Areas

Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry Make A Map: Natural Heritage Areas

Looking for a Park, Reserve or Wetland? Enter the name



Make a Map: Natural Heritage Areas

About

Please note: The NHIC functionality can be found in the "Find Information" tab, "Find" button. All attributes for a location can be retrieved using this tool. Once you have retrieved NHIC data, click on a row to view species, natural areas and plant communities.

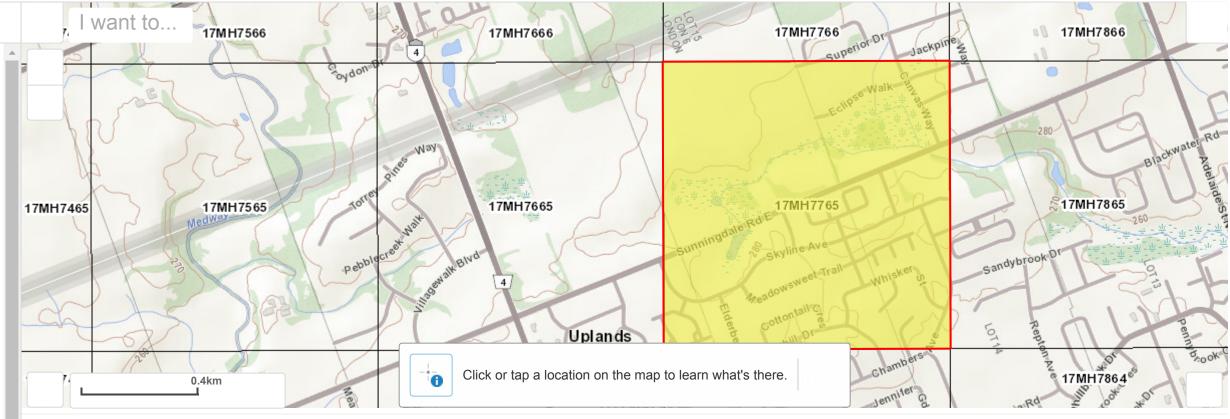
The Make a Map: Natural Heritage Areas mapping application displays some of Ontario's natural heritage information, such as wetlands, woodlands, provincial parks, and Natural Heritage Information Centre data. The application can show planning areas and designations for provincial plans such as the Niagara Escarpment Plan. It also displays topographic base information such as roads, rivers and municipal boundaries. You can zoom in and out, turn information on and off, identify features, and print a map of the displayed information along with your own added text. For more information about this application and the data used to support it, please view the following link

http://www.ontario.ca/environment-and-energy/make-natural-heritage-area-map

If your question has not been covered by the information in this link, please send us an email at

naturalheritage@ontario.ca

The information provided in the Make a
Map: Natural Heritage Areas application is
illustrative only. Users should not rely on its



NHIC Data -- Grid ID = 870309

ı	Element Type	Common Name	Scientific Name	SRank	SARO Status	COSEWIC Status	Last Obs Date	EO ID	Details URL
	SPECIES	Branching Burreed	Sparganium androcladum	SH			1882-09-23	3555	http://nhic.mnr.gov.on.ca/reports/public_de
	SPECIES	Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina	S3	SC	SC	1997-06-29	96013	http://nhic.mnr.gov.on.ca/reports/public_de



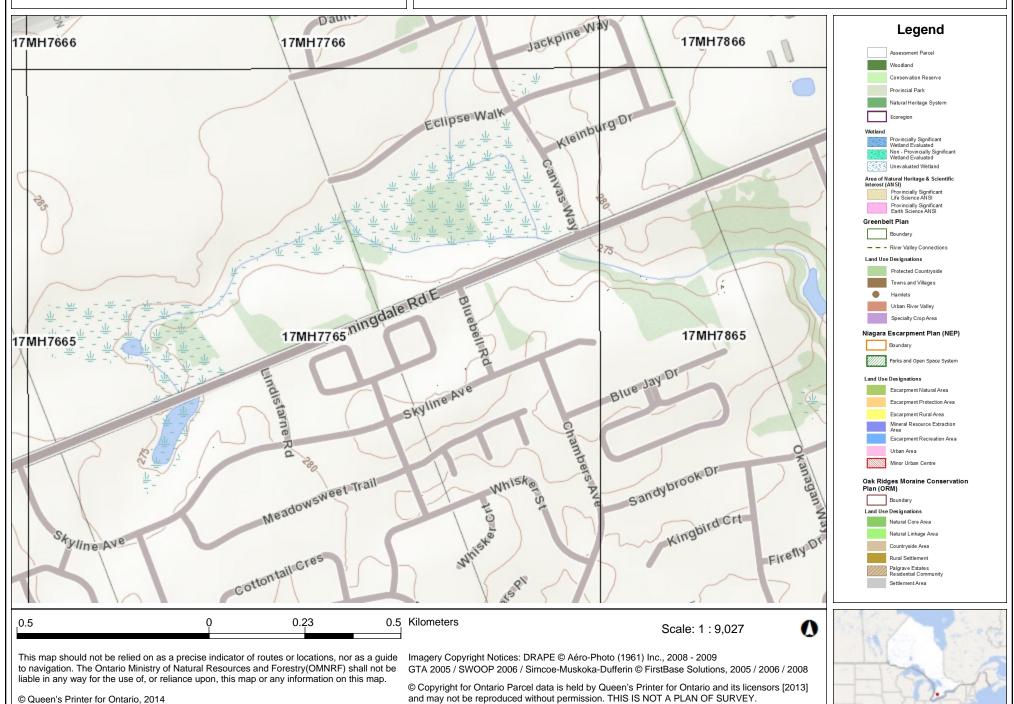




Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry Make-a-Map: Natural Heritage Areas

Enter map title

Notes: Enter map notes



Appendix GFloral Inventory

Survey Information (Please fill in all information)											
Surveyor(s) (Contact Information	Date(s) of Survey(s):									
Observer Name:	William Huys		Survey 1	Survey 2	Survey 3	Survey 4	Survey 5				
Title:		Date (YYYY-MM-DD):	2017/10/18	2018/05/22	2018/06/05	2018/06/20	2018/07/10				
Company:	BioLogic										
Street Address 1:	201-110 Riverside Drive										
Street Address 2:			Single Survey								
City/Town:											
Province:		1									
Postal Code:					Y						
Phone:	519-434-1516			N	Iultiple Surveys						
	51-434-0575										
	whuys@biologic.ca										
Other Observers:	Erin Boynton										
Natural Fe	ature Information										
Natural Feature ID (Name/Location):	Cultural Woodland										
Upper Tier Municipality:	City of London										
Lower Tier Municipality:											
Property Ownership/Owner:	Westchester Homes										
Detailed Directions to the Site:											
ARN:											
PIN:											
Lat/Long:		decimal degrees separated	d hv a comma (ea	42 0415 -82 5137	7)						
UTM x:		accamat acgrees separated		.2.0 .25, 02.5257	,						
UTM y:		†									
OTHI Y.		7									

	Floral Inventory					
Scientific Name	Common Name	cw	OSEWI SARO	MD	Туре	Invasive
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple	5.0		IU	TR	Υ
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	0.0		С	TR	
Acer saccharinum	Silver Maple	-3.0		С	TR	
Acer saccharum	Sugar Maple	3.0		С	TR	
Achillea millefolium	Common Yarrow	3.0			FO	
Agrostis gigantea	Redtop	-3.0		IC	GR	Υ
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic Mustard	0.0		IC	FO	Υ
Arctium minus	Common Burdock	3.0		IC	FO	
Asclepias syriaca	Common Milkweed	5.0		С	FO	
Barbarea vulgaris	Bitter Wintercress	0.0		IC	FO	
Carex blanda	Woodland Sedge	0.0		С	SE	
Carex sparganioides	Burreed Sedge	3.0		U	SE	
Cichorium intybus	Chicory	3.0		IC	FO	
Cirsium arvense	Canada Thistle	3.0		IC	FO	Υ
Clinopodium vulgare	Field Basil	5.0		X	FO	
Convallaria majalis	European Lily-of-the-valley			IR	FO	Υ
Cornus racemosa	Gray Dogwood	5.0 0.0		X	SH	
Cornus sericea	Red-osier Dogwood	-3.0			SH	
Dactylis glomerata	Orchard Grass	3.0		IC	GR	
Daucus carota	Wild Carrot	5.0		IC	FO	
Dianthus armeria	Deptford Pink	5.0	 	IX	FO	
Echinochloa crus-galli	Large Barnyard Grass	-3.0		IC	GR	
Elymus repens	Creeping Wildrye	3.0		IC	GR	
Erigeron annuus	Annual Fleabane	3.0		C	FO	
Erigeron canadensis	Canada Horseweed	3.0		c	FO	
Frangula alnus	Glossy Buckthorn	0.0		IU	SH	Υ
Galium odoratum	Sweet Bedstraw	5.0		IR	FO	'
Geranium robertianum	Herb-Robert	3.0		C	FO	
Glechoma hederacea	Ground Ivy	3.0		IX	FO	
Hemerocallis fulva	Orange Daylily	5 0			FO	Υ
Hypericum punctatum	Spotted St. John's-wort	0.0		X	FO	'
Iris x germanica	(Iris pallida X Iris variegata)			hyb	FO	
Juglans nigra	Black Walnut	5.0 3.0		X	TR	
Juncus tenuis	Path Rush	0.0		X	RU	
Lapsana communis	Common Nipplewort	3.0		IR	FO	
Leucanthemum vulgare	Oxeye Daisy	5.0		IC	FO	
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Tree	3.0		U	TR	
Lolium arundinaceum	Tall Fescue	3.0		IC	GR	-
Lonicera tatarica	Tartarian Honeysuckle	3.0			SH	Υ
Lotus corniculatus	Garden Bird's-foot Trefoil	3.0		IX IX	FO	Y
Mollugo verticillata	Green Carpet-weed	0.0			FO	Y
<u> </u>	·			IR	+	
Muhlenbergia mexicana	Mexican Muhly	-3.0		C	GR	
Nepeta cataria Oxalis stricta	Catnip Upright Yellow Wood-sorrel	3.0		IC X	FO FO	
Penstemon digitalis	Foxglove Beardtongue	3.0 0.0		X	FO	

Picea abies	Norway Spruce	5.0	IX	TR	
Picea glauca	White Spruce	3.0	IR	TR	
Pinus resinosa	Red Pine	3.0	IR	TR	
Plantago lanceolata	English Plantain	3.0	IC	FO	
Poa pratensis	Kentucky Bluegrass	3.0	IC IC	GR	
Prunella vulgaris ssp. vulgaris	Common Self-heal	0.0		FO	
Prunus avium	Sweet Cherry	5.0	ID.	TR	
Rhamnus cathartica	Common Buckthorn	0.0	IR	SH	Υ
Rhus typhina	Staghorn Sumac	3.0	IC	SH	Y
Ribes americanum	Wild Black Currant		С	SH	
Rubus occidentalis		-3.0	С	SH	
	Black Raspberry	5.0	C		
Rumex crispus	Curly Dock	0.0	IC	FO	
Setaria faberi	Giant Foxtail	3.0	IC	GR	
Solidago altissima	Tall Goldenrod	3.0		FO	
Solidago canadensis	Canada Goldenrod	3.0		FO	
Spiraea x vanhouttei	(Spiraea cantoniensis X Spiraea	5.0		SH	
Symphyotrichum pilosum var. pilosum	trilobata) Old Field Aster	3.0	U	FO	
Syringa vulgaris	Common Lilac	5.0	IX	SH	Υ
Taraxacum officinale	Common Dandelion	3.0	IC	FO	ī
Thuja occidentalis	Eastern White Cedar	-3.0	X	TR	
Tilia americana	American Basswood	3.0	C	TR	
Trifolium arvense	Rabbit-foot Clover	5.0	<u> </u>	FO	
Trifolium pratense	Red Clover	3.0	IV.	FO	
Tussilago farfara	Colt's-foot	3.0	IX	FO	V
Ulmus pumila	Siberian Elm		IC	TR	Y
Verbascum thapsus	Common Mullein	3.0	IR	FO	Υ
Verbena urticifolia	White Vervain	5.0	IC	FO	
Viola sororia		0.0	Х		
	Woolly Blue Violet	0.0	X	FO	
Viola tricolor	Johnny-jump-up	5.0	IR	FO	
Vitis riparia	Riverbank Grape	0.0	С	VW	
				-	
				-	
				1	



Project: Andrew - 348 Sunnig da Ce

A93)	Logic	C	Date: Collector(s):	Oct.	(8, 70(7)) e finished: (72)3 Co	•	Project Ma	anager: Visit #:	ırs: 0	75
4				NHIC List	MNR	EO's none		not provid	led to co	ollector	, <u>J</u>
		ER CONDITIONS						WIND SCA	LE		
Tem	p.	Wind:	3	Cloud Cover (%)	Precipi		_	Calm Smoke Drift			
18	/	Direction:	SW	0	Today:	day: ho	_	Wind Felt o			
		DCUS	10 Year 1 (1975)		rester	uay. No		Leaves in c		notion	
	7	Birds 1 2 Mig		ELC's		Dripline/Tree Survey	_	Wind raises			
	i	Mammals	X	Floral VSA×		Aquatic - Physical	5	Small trees	sway	•	
	1	Amphibians 1_ 2_ 3_		Wetland		Aquatic - Biological		Large brand			
]	Reptiles		Butternut (BHA)		Faunal Habitat		Lots of resis			king into
	l	Inverterbrates		other SAR		Other - see notes	8	Limbs break			امماما
		RES (with GPS co-ordi	inates wi	nere applicable)		None observed		Mapped UTM	Yes	ow-up R No	eq a Who
Yes		de Structures:						OTIVI	163	140	VVIIO
Z		Barns/Footings/Wells/	/other/list	1			_	AND THE PARKS	THE STATE OF STATE	Cesses at the con-	DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF T
	X	Rock Piles	outorthor	/							
		Garbage									
Natu		Vegetation:				None observed					
X	1	Fallen Logs outside w	oods (#'s)							
	X	Brush Piles									
	×	Snags (raptor perch)									
\leq	Н	Tree Cavities (nesting	1) pote	ited bot							
\vdash	씱	Sentinel Trees									
\blacksquare	$\stackrel{\frown}{=}$	Butternut Identified Mast Trees (6E)		Berry Shrubs (6E)							
Wild	llife	Features:		Derry Officials (OL)		None observed	_				
	8	Waterfowl nesting (lar	rae #'s. #	of species)							
H	×	Exposed Banks (nesti									
Ħ	×	Stick Nests		,							
	<	Animal Burrows (>100	cm)								
	X	Heronry									
Щ	\propto	Crayfish mounds									
_	X	Sand/gravel on site	, to acceler								
Н	X	Marsh/open country/s	nrub								-
H	7	Winter Deer yards Corridor from pond to	woods (s	amnihian movement)							
H	X	Bat corridor (shoreline									
H	X	Bat hibernacula (cave									
Aqu	atic	Features:									
	×	Perm. pond in woodla		emergents/submerge		temp.					
	×	Perm. pond in open		emergents/submerger		temp.					
Ш	1	Water in woodland	pools		dry						-
	X		wing	dry pools			_				
	Ĺ]natural stream ∃swale	Η			None observed					
l	Ļ	open drain	\dashv			Tione observed					
		Seeps/Springs	Н								
Inci	den	tal Observations/Note	s:								
_			Stor	of data							
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				0							
Gra	phic	: Attached or Na	₩.PTempla	ates\Other Templates\	Field Sh	eet&leekegiby&kheshi	Man	ar □ D	ate:		



GENERAL SITE INFORMATION FIELD SHEET

All	D)		etto.		Project	· <u>we</u>	sichester =>	unn	ingdale	/		
	D)		C	•	Collector(s): Way 22, 2018					lanager		
W		3".			ollector(s)	W1				Visit #:	_2	
.60	Time started: 3:30 Time finished: 4:15 Com											
		DDA*		NH	IC List	MN	R EO's none		not provi	ded to d	collector	•
WE	ATH	IER CONDITIONS					PROBATION STATEMENT	A302 (SE)	WIND OOA			
Ten		Wind:	2	Cloud	over (%)	Droois	altation	0	WIND SCA	LE		
	.6.			Olouu C	JOVET (70)		oitation /: No	0	Calm			
1	8	Direction:	2	950/0				1	Smoke Drif			
		ocus		73 10	THE STANDARD OF	reste	rday: No	2	Wind Felt o			
1		Birds 1 2 Mig_		ELC's			Daiatia a Œ O		Leaves in c			
	_	Mammals			C 4		Dripline/Tree Surv		Wind raises		nd paper	.17
_	╡	Amphibians 1_ 2_ 3_		Floral V _≤ Wetland	- S A_		Aquatic - Physical		Small trees			
_	╡	Reptiles			(DLIA)		Aquatic - Biologica	al <u>6</u>	Large bran	ches swa	ау	
_	╡	Inverterbrates		Butternut			Faunal Habitat	7	Lots of resi	stance w	hen wa	lking into
EEA	TIII			other SAR			Other - see notes	8				
Man	-ma	RES (with GPS co-ordi	nates w	nere applic	able)				Mapped		low-up F	STATE OF THE PARTY
Yes	-	ide Structures:					None observed		UTM	Yes	No	Who
res		D/E/- 00/ 11/ 7										
_	0	Barns/Footings/Wells/	other(list) Well	and for	otives	removed					
_	×	Rock Piles	Y .			0						
	×	Garbage										
Nati		Vegetation:					None observed					
_	X	Fallen Logs outside wo	ods (#'s)			2					
_	X	Brush Piles										
	X	Snags (raptor perch)										
×	Ц	Tree Cavities (nesting)									-	
	\propto	Sentinel Trees										
	\times	Butternut Identified							7			
	\propto	Mast Trees (6E)		Berry Shru	bs (6E)							
Nild	llife	Features:					None observed					
	\times	Waterfowl nesting (larg	ge #'s, #	of species)							() /-	
	X	Exposed Banks (nesting										
1	×	Stick Nests										
	×	Animal Burrows (>10cr	m)									
	×	Heronry										
Ü	×	Crayfish mounds					Ţ.					
	X	Sand/gravel on site										
	X	Marsh/open country/sh	rub								-	
	X	Winter Deer yards										
Ħ	X	Corridor from pond to v	voods (a	mpibian mo	ovement)							
	X	Bat corridor (shorelines			- Torriority							
\neg	X	Bat hibernacula (caves	. mines	crevices e	tc.)							
\qu	atic	Features:	,	0.01.000, 0	10.7							
Ť	\langle	Perm. pond in woodlan	ıd 🗆	emergents/s	submergen	ts/loas	temp.			-		
\dashv	\sim	Perm. pond in open		emergents/s			temp.					
\exists		Water in woodland	pools	☐ flowin			temp.					
	×	Waterways flow			oools	,						
	구	natural stream	7	<u></u>								
		swale	=	\exists			None observed					_
	H	lopen drain	_				THORE ODSERVEU					
	_	Seeps/Springs										
ncio	lent	al Observations/Notes	:					-				
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271111												
											-	

Graphic ☐ Attached or NameTemplates\Other Templates\Field SheetStedicyGraphed PanageTeet ☐ Date:______



GENERAL SITE INFORMATION FIELD SHEET

	5)	Logi			Projec	t: We	struster	Homes		Project M	anager.	1.00			
		LOGI	5	Co	Date: Jn5 2018 Collector(s): WH , EB						Project Manager:				
40	VATIC	AND TERRESTRIAL ELOSS STIM PLAN	NERN				né finished:	11.15 Co	omb	ined collec					
100		and the second			C List		R EO's	none		not provid					
1075		ED COMPLETIONS				4	NAMES AND ASSESSED OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS		1 500	•			Anguary or a part		
		ER CONDITIONS		Claud C	(0/)	ID	.14.41		0	WIND SCA	LE				
Tem	p.	Wind:	1	Cloud Co	over (%)		oitation /: no		_	Calm Smoke Drif	te				
4		Direction:		0.			rday: 🚕			Wind Felt o					
DAT	ΔE	DCUS				Treste	ruay. 🔨			Leaves in c		motion			
×		Birds 1 <u>×</u> 2_ Mig_		ELC's			Drinline/T	ree Survey	_	Wind raises					
-	Ì	Mammals	~	Floral V_	S A		Aquatic -		_	Small trees		a paper			
	7	Amphibians 1_ 2_ 3_		Wetland				Biological		Large brand		av			
	=	Reptiles		Butternut (I	BHA)		Faunal H			Lots of resis			kina into		
	7	Inverterbrates		other SAR			Other - se			Limbs breal					
FEA	TUR	ES (with GPS co-ordi	nates v		able)					Mapped	COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.	ow-up R	eq'd		
		de Structures:					None obs	erved		UTM	Yes	No	Who		
Yes	No														
	X	Barns/Footings/Wells/	other(lis	st)											
	Y	Rock Piles													
K		Garbage													
Natu	ıral	Vegetation:					None obs	erved							
Ц	X	Fallen Logs outside w	oods (#	s)											
Щ	X	Brush Piles													
	X	Snags (raptor perch)													
X	1	Tree Cavities (nesting)												
Щ	X	Sentinel Trees													
Щ	X	Butternut Identified													
	X	Mast Trees (6E)		Berry Shru	os (6E)										
Wild	liite	Features:					None obs	erved							
Щ	1	Waterfowl nesting (lar													
Н		Exposed Banks (nesti	ng swal	lows)			,								
Щ	-	Stick Nests													
Н	8	Animal Burrows (>10c	:m)												
Ш	2	Heronry													
Н		Crayfish mounds													
\vdash	V	Sand/gravel on site Marsh/open country/si	hrub												
\vdash	2	Winter Deer yards	niub						_						
H	-	Corridor from pond to	woode	ampihian mo	vement)										
H	1	Bat corridor (shoreline			venienty										
H	1	Bat hibernacula (cave			tc.)							1 1			
Aqu	atic	Features:	0, 11111100	5, 0,000,000, 0											
	~	Perm. pond in woodla	nd \square	emergents/s	ubmerae	nts/loas] temp.							
H	5	Perm. pond in open	Ī	emergents/s				temp.							
	1	Water in woodland	pool			dry		•							
	1		ving		ools										
_	Ī	natural stream													
	Ē	swale		П	П		None obs	erved							
	Ē	open drain	П												
14 190		Seeps/Springs													
Inci	dent	al Observations/Note	s:												
Gra	nh:-	Attached as Nam	20				Chacked	hy Droinet *	10-	ager _{eet} □ Da	oto:				
Gra	DITIC	☐ Attached or Nac	I:HTemp	ates\Other To	emplates	\Field Sh	neets/lBf6L6gi	Ƙ⊼QGHEISH J	relia	r®fleet □ D	ale				



GENERAL SITE INFORMATION FIELD SHEET

Project: Westchester Homes Date: 1 40 20 2018 Project Manager: VM Collector(s): WH Visit #: 4 Time started: 130 Time finished: 830 Combined collectors' hours: NHIC List MNR EO's none not provided to collector WIND SCALE WEATHER CONDITIONS Cloud Cover (%) Precipitation 0 Calm Temp. Wind: Today: Very Veh Yesterday: Vesterday: 1 Smoke Drifts Direction: 100 10 2 Wind Felt on Face **DATA FOCUS** 3 Leaves in constant motion Birds 1__ 2_XMig__ ELC's Dripline/Tree Survey 4 Wind raises dust and paper Floral V__S__A_ Mammals Aquatic - Physical 5 Small trees sway 6 Large branches sway Amphibians 1_2_3_ Wetland Aquatic - Biological 7 Lots of resistance when walking into Butternut (BHA) Faunal Habitat Reptiles other SAR 8 Limbs breaking off trees Inverterbrates Other - see notes FEATURES (with GPS co-ordinates where applicable) Mapped Follow-up Reg'd Man-made Structures: None observed UTM Yes No Who Yes No Barns/Footings/Wells/other(list) X Rock Piles Garbage Natural Vegetation: None observed Fallen Logs outside woods (#'s) Brush Piles Snags (raptor perch) Tree Cavities (nesting) Sentinel Trees **Butternut Identified** Mast Trees (6E) Berry Shrubs (6E) Wildlife Features: None observed Waterfowl nesting (large #'s, # of species) Exposed Banks (nesting swallows) Stick Nests Animal Burrows (>10cm) Heronry Crayfish mounds Sand/gravel on site Marsh/open country/shrub Winter Deer yards Corridor from pond to woods (ampibian movement) Bat corridor (shorelines, escarpments) Bat hibernacula (caves, mines, crevices, etc.) Aquatic Features: Perm. pond in woodland emergents/submergents/logsemergents/submergents/logs temp. Perm. pond in open temp. Water in woodland pools flowing ☐ dry flowing Waterways dry pools natural stream swale None observed \Box П open drain \Box П Seeps/Springs Incidental Observations/Notes:

Graphic Attached or Namer emplates Other Templates Field Sheets Broked by General Management Date:



GENERAL SITE INFORMATION FIELD SHEET Project: West charges

(8)	V			riojeci	· ///	estimester					
		a adil		Date	Juli	110,2018		Project Ma	anager:		
		C L O S I		Collector(s)					Visit #:		
4.0	UATIC	AND TRAFESTRIAL PROSYSTEM PLAN	NNERS	Time started: 11:15		ne finished: 11:45 Co	omb				
	V425			NHIC List	MNI	R EO's none		not provid	ded to c	ollector	
ME	ATU	ER CONDITIONS					1 188	WIND SCA	I E		
Tem		Wind:	2	Cloud Cover (%)	Drocir	oitation	0	Calm	LE		
len	ıμ.	willu.	Ohme	Cloud Cover (76)		: No	_	Smoke Drift	te		
2	7	Direction:	W	0		rday: NO		Wind Felt o			
DΔT	ΔΕ	ocus			110310	iday.	_	Leaves in c		notion	
	$\frac{2}{1}$	Birds 1 2 Mig		ELC's		Dripline/Tree Survey	_	Wind raises			
	┥	Mammals	X	Floral VS_X_A_		Aquatic - Physical		Small trees		a pape.	
_	╡	Amphibians 1_ 2_ 3_		Wetland		Aquatic - Biological		Large brand		ıv	
	╡	Reptiles		Butternut (BHA)		Faunal Habitat		Lots of resis			kina into
	╡	Inverterbrates		other SAR		Other - see notes		Limbs breal			
FEA	TUF	RES (with GPS co-ordi	nates w			Curior Coo motos		Mapped		ow-up R	eq'd
		de Structures:				None observed		UTM	Yes	No	Who
Yes	No										
\Box	X	Barns/Footings/Wells/	other(lis	t)							
П	~	Rock Piles									
П	×	Garbage									
Natı	ural	Vegetation:				None observed					
	\times	Fallen Logs outside w	oods (#'s	s)							
	~	Brush Piles									
	1	Snags (raptor perch)									
X		Tree Cavities (nesting	1)								
	X	Sentinel Trees	.,	(359)							
\Box	X	Butternut Identified			31-11-1-1-11-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1						
Ħ	X	Mast Trees (6E)		Berry Shrubs (6E)							
Wild	dlife	Features:				None observed					
	×	Waterfowl nesting (lar	ae #'s. #	of species)							
	2	Exposed Banks (nesti								- X	
Ħ	~	Stick Nests	<u> </u>					23			
\propto		Animal Burrows (>100	cm) N	roundly							
Ħ	4	Heronry		0-11/1/1/000/							
	×	Crayfish mounds									
\Box	×	Sand/gravel on site									
	~	Marsh/open country/s	hrub								
\Box	>	Winter Deer yards									
H	X	Corridor from pond to	woods (ampibian movement)							
H	×	Bat corridor (shoreline									
Ħ	×	Bat hibernacula (cave	s, mines	, crevices, etc.)							
Aqι	atic	Features:									
	×	Perm. pond in woodla		emergents/submerge		temp.					
	X	Perm. pond in open		emergents/submerge	nts/logs	temp.					
	X	Water in woodland	pools	flowing 🗌 d	dry						
	X	Waterways flo	wing	dry pools							
		natural stream									
		swale				None observed					
	Ĺ	open drain	П								
1 000		Seeps/Springs									
Inci	den	tal Observations/Note	s:			4					

Graphic 🗆 Attached or Nameremplates\Other Templates\Field Sheets (Brokkogiby சோட்சர் Managarieet 🗆 Date:______

Appendix HBreeding Bird List



AVIFAUNAL SURVEY INFORMATION SUMMARY SHEET

Project: 348 Sunningdale Collector(s): WH Visit 1: 5-Jun-18 Visit 2: 20-Jun-18 7:30 6:45 End: 7:12 Start: End: 8:30 Start: Weather: 11°C clear, cool, still Weather: 18°C overcast, light precipitation, cool, still

Species	Species	Evide	nce Code	N	lo.	S Rank	ESA	PIF	Community	Notes	
Code	Name	vis 1	vis 2	vis 1	vis 2	S Kank	Status	Status			
DOWO	Downy Woodpecker	Р		2		S5					108
GCFL	Great Crested Flycatcher	VO		1		S4					118
AMCR	American Crow	VO	FY	1	3	S5					126
BCCH	Black-capped Chickadee		Р		2	S5					134
AMRO	American Robin		FY		5	S5					152
GRCA	Gray Catbird		Р		3	S4					153
EUST	European Starling		FY		2	SNA					156
CEDW	Cedar Waxwing		Р		3	S5					157
YWAR	Yellow Warbler	SM		1		S5					163
SOSP	Song Sparrow		SM		2	S5					198
NOCA	Northern Cardinal	SM	Р	1	2	S5					203
RWBL	Red-winged Blackbird	Р	Р	2	2	S4					207
BHCO	Brown-headed Cowbird	Р		2		S4					211
BAOR	Baltimore Oriole	Р	Р	2	2	S4					213
AMGO	American Goldfinch	Р		2		S5					215

Evidence Codes:

Breeding Bird - Possible

SH=Suitable Habitat SM=Singing Male S7=Singing Male present >7days

Breeding Bird - Probable

T=Territory A=Anxiety Behaviour D=Display N=Nest Building P=Pair V=Visiting Nest P7=Pair present >7days

Breeding Bird - Confirmed

DD=Distraction NE=Eggs AE=Nest Entry NU=Nest Used NY=Nest Young FY=Fledged Young FS=Food/Faecal Sack

Other Wildlife Evidence

OB=Observed DP=Distinctive Parts TK=Tracks VO=Vocalization HO=House/Den FE=Feeding Evidence CA=Carcass

Fy=Eggs or Young SC=Scat SI=Other Signs (specify) FO=Flyover

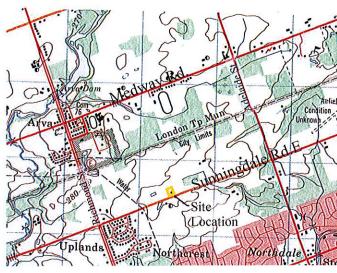
Appendix I Frog Monitoring Field Sheets

AMPHIBIAN BREEDING SURVEY INFORMATION FIELD SHEET

BoLoc	VIII O	Project:		estch	ester	HOME	2		10/-1-		NI .		0	a II . A		-Page		<u> </u>
PILLO		Station Na	ame:	bun	ningo	laxi					se Nar		POW	ell A	ain			
AGUATIC AND TERFESTING COMMEN		Darinage Sys.:						GPS Coordinates:										
Vieit 1 Date: A-O-	177110										01	~12				Day 1		
Visit 1 Date: AOT	90110						in a late				Start	9:30)	W. 19	End:	9:49		
THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	Wind:	2	Maio		0						in day.	Dai	1 //		In a	00	117	
	Cloud%:	0	Noise	∌.	3		J				oday-			,	Max		230	'C
		s Calling	JAN .	Wher	٥.	0	6504	2110	1 5	Yest	erday-	Kain:	6		Max '			
Amphibian Data:	vveie riog	gs Calling C					W. M.	etion	d+ S	mn 1	ina	neu	77		Collec	tor(s):	M	_
Field Note Communit				900					_			126 (8)						
ELC Community:	у.			ds N nd/swn			.1	67-	├				_					
Species		Season	CC	#	CC	in wetk		Site	00	T 41	00		00		00		0.0	
Wood Frog			CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#
Spring Peeper		e. spring	2		-	_	1	-/-	├				_					
Western Chorus Frog		e. spring	L		2		-	-	-				_		-		_	_
Boreal Chorus Frog		e. spring	-		_	_	-	-	-				_		-			
American Toad		e. spring			_		-	-/-	_		_			_	-			_
Northern Leopard Fro		spring	-				1	-				_						
Pickerel Frog	g	spring						/	_						<u> </u>			
Gray Treefrog		spring							_			_						
Fowler's Toad		spring				 	/	/	-	-		_		-	-			_
Mink Frog		spring					/	1	-			_			-	-		
Green Frog		summer			-		-/-	-	 	_		-	_		_			
Bullfrog		summer					1	1		-		-			_			
Visit 2 Date: mau	22,2	218									Start:	113	30		End:	11%	45 F	m
Weather: Cloudy				y in the														
	Wind:	2	Noise	e :	2	Nº					oday-			mm	Max ^c		184	(
	Cloud%:	100		***						Yeste	erday-	Rain:	Ø		Max ^c		210	0
	Were Frog	s Calling: \	Y/N	Wher	e:										Collect	tor(s):	m	
Amphibian Data:				Marine								True!						
Species		Season	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#
Wood Frog		e. spring						/										
Spring Peeper		e. spring	1		1													
Western Chorus Frog		e. spring																
Boreal Chorus Frog		e. spring																
American Toad		spring					1				4							
Northern Leopard Fro	g	spring					1											
Pickerel Frog		spring						\										
Gray Treefrog		spring	1	*				\										
Fowler's Toad		spring						1										
Mink Frog		summer					/)										
Green Frog		summer																
Bullfrog		summer																
Visit 3 Date: June	18		W.								Start:	940			End:	9:5	0	
Weather: numid	clouds	/										110				1-0		
Weather: numid Water °C:	Wind:		Noise	e:	1	_		-		T	oday-	Rain:	2	nm	Max o	C.	35	
Air °C: 24℃	Cloud%:	90%	1		Nis	Souri	ed wel	land			erday-				Max o		35	
Control Site: Y/N	Were Frod	s Calling:(N(Wher	e: Ur	land	SHI	Netla	d Sul	m			1	(Collect		M	
Control Site: YN Amphibian Data:					- 1/				57.0		Aleger III	agrando a				.,0/.	7711	
Species		Season	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#	CC	#
Wood Frog		e. spring							00		00		00		00	ır	00	· · ·
Spring Peeper		e. spring						-/										
Spring Peeper Western Chorus Frog	6	e. spring					1	+			- 8							
Boreal Chorus Frog		e. spring					1										-	
American Toad		spring					+	/								-		-
Northern Leopard Fro	oa .	spring					1	/										\dashv
Pickerel Frog		spring					- V											-
Gray Treefrog		spring	 				^											-
Fowler's Toad		spring					/	1										
Mink Frog		summer	 				/						_					_
Green Frog		summer	1				/	$\overline{}$										-
Bullfrog		summer	 			_	/	-	\vdash			-						
		Summer						,										A



Figure 1: Site Location (City of London Air Photo 2016)



Scale 1:50,000 Key Plan

Print on 11X17, Landscape Orientation 0 90

Scale 1:4500 February 2018





Apper	ndix	J
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Candidate SAR Bat Maternity Roosting Habitat Field Sheets



WEATHER CONDITIONS

Direction:

Mammals

Reptiles

Man-made Structures:

Rock Piles Garbage Natural Vegetation:

> Brush Piles Snags (raptor perch) Tree Cavities (nesting) Sentinel Trees **Butternut Identified** Mast Trees (6E)

Stick Nests

Heronry Crayfish mounds Sand/gravel on site Marsh/open country/shrub Winter Deer yards

Animal Burrows (>10cm)

Perm. pond in woodland

flowing

Perm. pond in open

Water in woodland

Waterways

natural stream

Seeps/Springs Incidental Observations/Notes:

roosting trees

□swale

□open drain

Wildlife Features:

Aquatic Features:

Inverterbrates

Birds 1__ 2__ Mig__

Amphibians 1_ 2_ 3_

Temp. Wind:

DATA FOCUS

25

Yes No

GENERAL SITE INFORMATION FIELD SHEET Project: Westchester Humes Date: April 25.2018 Project Manager: M Collector(s): _____ Visit #: Time started: 3:00pm Time finished: 4:15m Combined collectors' hours: NHIC List MNR EO's none not provided to collector WIND SCALE Cloud Cover (%) Precipitation 0 Calm Today: ~~~~ 1 Smoke Drifts MN (OO) Yesterday: 2 Wind Felt on Face 3 Leaves in constant motion ELC's Dripline/Tree Survey 4 Wind raises dust and paper Floral V__S_A_ Aquatic - Physical 5 Small trees sway Wetland Aquatic - Biological 6 Large branches sway Butternut (BHA) Faunal Habitat 7 Lots of resistance when walking into other SAR bathabitut Trees Other - see notes 8 Limbs breaking off trees FEATURES (with GPS co-ordinates where applicable) Mapped Follow-up Reg'd None observed UTM Yes No Who Barns/Footings/Wells/other(list) None observed Fallen Logs outside woods (#'s) Berry Shrubs (6E) None observed Waterfowl nesting (large #'s, # of species) Exposed Banks (nesting swallows) Corridor from pond to woods (ampibian movement) Bat corridor (shorelines, escarpments) Bat hibernacula (caves, mines, crevices, etc.) mergents/submergents/logs temp. emergents/submergents/logs temp. ☐ flowing pools ☐ dry dry pools None observed Л Site investigation to Look for Dotential Box maternity

Graphic		Attached or Name emplates Other	Templates\Field Sheets\B6k8djlby&filerd Malessfleet Date:
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Appendix B – Suitable Maternity Roost Trees for Little Brown Myotis/Northern Myotis

Include all <u>live and dead</u> standing trees ≥10cm dbh with loose or naturally exfoliating bark, cavities, hollows or cracks.

Project Name: Wishingtu

Survey Date(s): April 25, 2018

Site Name: Sunningdale Rd

Observers(s): W

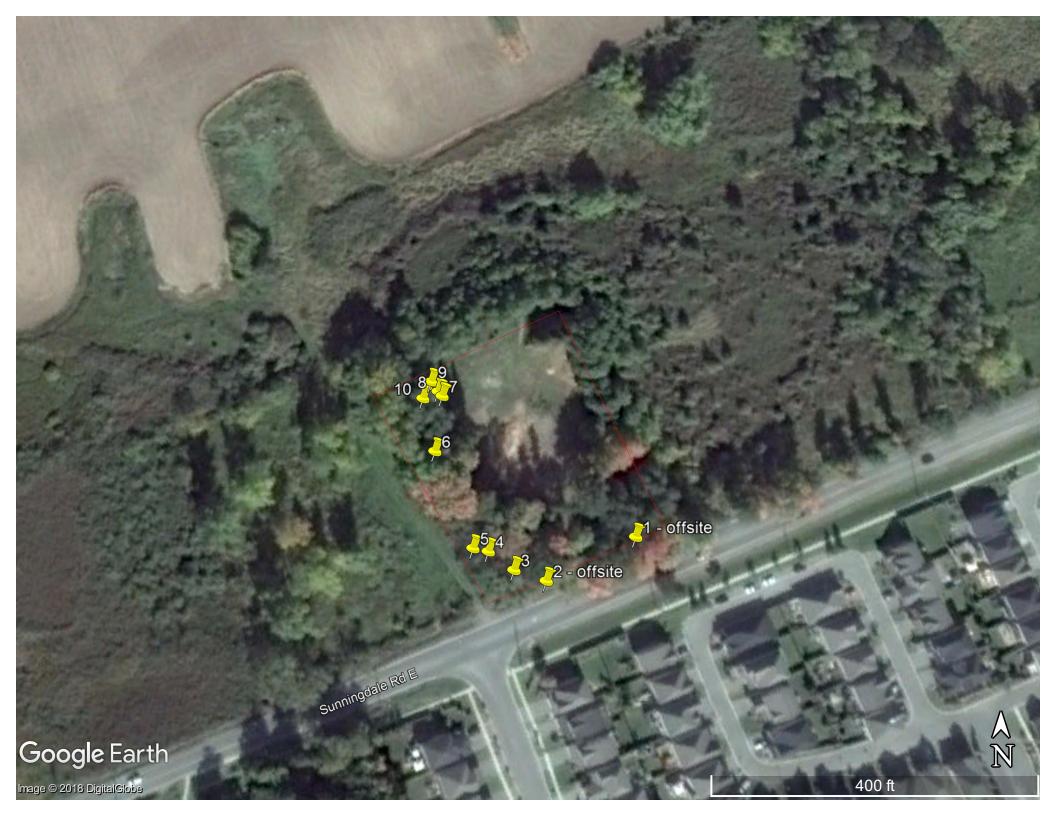
ELC Ecosite:

Snag Density (snags/ha):

Tree #	Tree Species ID	dbh (cm)	Height Class ²	Snag attributes (check all that apply)	Easting	Northing	Notes
1	College College	60	7,	☐ cavity³ ☐ loose bark☐ crack ☐ knot hole☐ other snag within 10m?☐ Decay Class 1-3?⁴			outside Brucheria
2	Coll Chr. Mory	61,	2	☐ cavity ☐ foose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?			11
3	Engo.	751	3	☐ cavity ☐ loose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?			5WCOINS!
A	Dak?	(d8	3	☑ cavity ☐ loose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?			Brokentop
5	Coffan wood	Ø	3	☐ cavity ☐ loose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?			
Ų	Engapu	60	2	☐ cavity ॎ॓॔॔॔dose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?			7
Í	dim	60	3	☐ cavity ☐ loose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☑ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?	Migu		
8	drm	40	3	☐ cavity ☐ loose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?) W/'n		doad.
7	Elm	48	2	☐ cavity ☐ loose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?	(10m		dead limbs
JD	alm	65	3	☐ cavity ☐ loose bark ☐ crack ☐ knot hole ☐ other snag within 10m? ☐ Decay Class 1-3?			doad (imps

Height Class: 1 = Dominant (above canopy); 2 = Co-dominant (canopy height); 3 = Intermediate (just below canopy); 4 = suppressed (well below canopy)
 The approx. height of the cavity should be noted. Note that cavities with an entrance near the ground may also be used by bats if they are "chimney-like".

<u>Decay Class</u>: 1 = Healthy, live tree; 2 = Declining live tree, part of canopy lost; 3 = Very recently dead, bark intact, branches intact



Appendix K MNRF Letter to Proponent

Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry 615 John Street North Aylmer ON N5H 2S8 Tel: 519-773-9241 Fax: 519-773-9014 Ministère des Richesses naturelles et des Forêts 615, rue John Nord Aylmer ON N5H 2S8 Tél: 519-773-9241 Téléc: 519-773-9014



October 30, 2018

AYL-L-183-18

Westchester Homes 416 Ridout St London ON N6C 4A1

Dear Westchester Homes:

RE: Westchester Homes - 348 Sunningdale and the Endangered Species Act. 2007

The Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF) has reviewed the information that was provided on the proposed [project name] project to assess the potential impacts of the proposal on endangered or threatened species and their habitats. From the information provided, it is our understanding that the proposed project falls within these parameters:

- a) The project is located at 348 Sunningdale Road, London, Ontario
- b) The proposed project involves the construct cluster single-detached and townhouse dwelling units in a condominium format.
- c) The proposed project will begin on October, 2018.
- d) MNRF has reviewed species at risk (SAR) occurrence information on file and determined that there are known occurrences of Little Brown Myotis - Endangered in the general area of the project location with potential to occur in the project location.

Based on a review of the above information, MNRF has determined that the activities associated with the project, as currently proposed, will likely not contravene section 9 (species protection) and/or section 10 (habitat protection) of the *Endangered Species Act, 2007* (ESA 2007) for SAR provided the following recommendations are implemented:

- To protect bat species and their habitat, please follow the attached documents outlining MNRF's approved survey methodology for SAR bats, as well as a guidance document from MNRF Guelph District that we accept being used within Aylmer District.
- If suitable maternity roost trees are identified and are planned for removal, MNRF (contact information below) should be contacted immediately for further advice

OR

- 3) Tree removal activities should avoid the bat active season, i.e. the time period when bats are likely to be using treed habitat to support foraging and roosting (generally corresponds to May 1 to September 1 in a given year).
- 4) If maternity roost sites are found within the proposed project site and are planned for removal, MNRF recommends the installation of bat boxes at a 2:1 ratio (i.e. 8 bat boxes installed for the 4 cavity trees removed) in suitable habitat.

If the above recommendations are implemented, the activity will likely not contravene section 9 (species protection) and/or section 10 (habitat protection) of the ESA 2007.

This Letter to Proponent (AYL-L-183-18) is valid until December 31st, 2019. MNRF should be contacted for a new review if the project activities have not been completed by this date, or if land ownership has changed.

Should any of the project parameters change, or if it is not possible to comply with all the above recommendations, please notify the MNRF Aylmer District office (ESA.Aylmer@ontario.ca) immediately to obtain guidance on whether additional actions will need to be taken to remain in compliance with the ESA 2007. Also, if any SAR species and/or habitats are observed on the property, please contact the MNRF Aylmer District office as soon as possible to report the observation.

It is important to note that changes may occur in both species and habitat protection which could affect whether proposed projects may have adverse effects on SAR. The ESA 2007 applies to endangered and threatened species listed on the Species at Risk in Ontario (SARO) List (http://www.ontario.ca/environment-and-energy/species-risk-ontario-list). The Committee on the Status of Species at Risk in Ontario (COSSARO) meets regularly to evaluate new species for listing and/or re-evaluate species already on the SARO List. As a result, species designations may change, which could in turn change the level of protection they receive under the ESA 2007. Also, habitat protection provisions for a species may change if a species-specific habitat regulation comes into effect.

Please be advised that it is your responsibility to be aware of and comply with all other relevant provincial or federal legislation, municipal by-laws or required approvals from other agencies.

If you have any concerns or questions regarding this letter, please contact me by email at ESA.Aylmer@ontario.ca.

Sincerely.

Jason Webb

Management Biologist, Aylmer District Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry

	Appendix L
City of London Woodlar	nd Guidelines

Criterion	Evaluation	Factors for Evalution	Patch Attributes	Patch Standard	Standard	Highest Standard	
15.4.5 -i Important Features	1.1 Site Protection	or contiguous with the patch	ephemeral water at east edge connecting to a pocket of reed canary grass 0.02ha in area; no swale or watercourse on the Subject Lands; water may sheet flow to the east	The patch is not cat1/groundwater recharge or in a large wetland: the patch does not contain a wetland, although there is one to the east. There is a small swale within the patch but it is often dry and should not be considered important to the interentive of the Natural Heritage system	Low	Low	
		Erosion and Slope Protection	slopes nearly level	slopes <10%	Low		
	1.2 Landscape Integrity	Landscape Richness	96 ha witin 2 km²	7-10% local vegetation cover	Medium		
		Landscape Connectivity	separated by culltural meadow; the patch is connected to the Powell Drain Wetland by contiguous cultural meadow that surounds the property (between the wetland and Sunningdale Rd). The trees on site were not considered part of the patch when evaluated in SWStudies or Area Plan	woodland habitat gaps <40m	Medium	Medium	
		Patch Distribution	patch cluster north of Sunningdale is 15ha	patch cluster <20ha	Low	1	
15.4.5 -ii important functions	2.1 Age and Site Quality	Community Successional Stage	Trees on the subject lands are generally mature trees - mix of Sugar Maple, White Spruce, Red Pine Adjacent lands - thicket is pioneer to young and woodland is young to midage	mature trees, but not a mature community; there are no woodland or forest layers present; maintained grounds on the property save and except for 10m at the road.	medium		
		Mean Coefficient of Conversatism of Communities	MCC = 2.95 with a Fall plant list	all communities with MCC<4.2 and patch <4	Low	Medium	
		Distrubances related to human activity	The Subject Lands are a former residential lot with maintained grounds	poor	Low		
	2.2 Size and Shape	Patch Size - Air photo interpretation used	City requested patch to evaluate is 0.9ha; trees on Subject Lands are contiguous with vegetation connected to the Powell Drain wetland	patch is >9ha	High		
		Patch Shape/Interior	patch has no interior	no interior with P:A>3m/100m²	Low	нідн	
		Conservative Bird Species	this system has been replaced	not included in evaluation *** don't use PIF birds to replace CP birds			
	2.3 Diversity of Natural Communities and Associated Species	ELC Community Diversity	2 community series	Patch contains 1-2 Community Series	Low		
		ELC Vegetation Type and Topographic Diversity	patch is two ecosite - CUW1 and CUT1 - NO vegetation types	patch relatively homogenous; 1 Ecosite OR one to two Vegetation Types on one topographic feature - this patch is two ecosites on tableland	Low		
		Diversity & Critical Habitat Components for Amphibians	no data collected		unknown		
		Presence of Conifer Cover	Planted conifers in front yard of former residence	No coniferous communities	Low		
		Fish Habitat Quality	no defined channels	not applicable	Low		
15.4.5-iv	3.0 Endangered or Threatened Species Present		Not Applicable			MNRF process to be followed	
15.4.5 -v distinctive or unusual	4.1 Distinctive, Unusual or High Quality Natural Communities	ELC Community SRANK	CUW	Rank is S5	Low		
		Specialized or Rare Species Presence/Absence	No rare plants	no rare plants	Low		
		Size and Distribution of Large Trees	in the front yard of the former residence there are large trees	trees with >50cm dbh are occassional	Medium Meduim		
		Basal Area some la former r		the average basal area is <12m²/ha for trees >10cm DBH	Low		
	4.2 Distinctive, Unusual, or High Quality Landforms	Distinctive Landforms	Eroded Channel - Till Morraine	Till Plain or Till Morraine	Medium	Medium	
	1	4		!			