

| TO: | CHAIR AND MEMBERS <br> COMMUNITY SERVICES COMMITTEE <br> MEETING ON MAY 14, 2012 |
| :---: | :---: |
| FROM: | WILLIAM C. COXHEAD <br> DIRECTOR OF PARKS \& RECREATION <br> COMMUNITY SERVICES DEPARTMENT |
| SUBJECT: | Neighbourhood concerns with Greenway Off Leash Dog Area |

## RECOMMENDATION

That, on the recommendation of the Director of Parks \& Recreation, with the concurrence of the Executive Director of Community Services, this report BE RECEIVED for information.

PREVIOUS REPORTS PERTINENT TO THIS MATTER

Off-Leash Area Site Evaluation July 9, 2007
Dogs Off-Leash Area Amending By Law November 12, 2007


On September 19, 2011 Municipal Council resolved that a request BE REFERRED to Civic Administration to investigate the neighbourhood noise concerns surrounding the Greenway Offleash Dog Area, as well as report on the scope and volume of complaints received to date from all dog areas in London. This report will review the complaints to date for all dogs off leash areas in the city, efforts taken to address these complaint and options for further action.

## OVERVIEW

## History

The first off-leash dog area (OLA) was developed at Pottersburg Park in 1996. A second offleash area opened in 2006 at Stoney Creek Meadows and a third at Greenway Park in 2007. These areas were developed in accordance with Council approved selection criteria included in Appendix A. All recreation uses in parks, including OLAs, must be at a minimum 30 meters from residential areas. Fencing, accessibility to main roads and space for parking are also considered in the location and design of OLAs.

## Pollution Control Plant Expansion

It should be noted that a planned expansion of the Pollution Control Plant will occur in 2013. Initial plans and preparation for construction will occur in the fall of 2012. The existing boundaries of the off-leash dog area will remain in its current location but an adjustment to the location of the parking lot will take place to allow for the plant expansion.

## Hours of Operation \& Rules of Use

Currently, off leash dog areas are open from 6 am to 10 pm (or dusk). This is consistent with the Dogs Off-Leash Areas By-Law (PH-7) (Appendix B) and the hours of operation of all parks within the City of London. Information, including locations and rules of use, on OLAs can be

found on the City of London website (www.Iondon.ca) (Appendix C). Also, note that OLA's are gated but not locked in the off hours. Parks are also covered by the Noise By-law (PW-12) and are subject to random inspections and complaint driven enforcement. The Noise By-law states:
2.1 No person shall make, cause or permit an unreasonable noise, or a noise that is likely to disturb the inhabitants.

## Users \& Maintenance

London's OLAs are extremely well used by London dog owners and working with the City, the London Dog Owners Association (LDOA) is committed to taking care of the off-leash dog areas. Their "Watch Dog" team of dedicated volunteers keep an eye on what goes on in the OLA's, whether it is to remind users of the rules or notify the City about garbage pick-up. Once a year, they organize a spring clean up in each of the OLAs.

## OFF-LEASH AREA COMPLAINTS

There have been no complaints related to the Pottersburg or Stoney Creek OLAs registered with by-law enforcement or made to the Parks and Recreation or Parks Planning divisions.

Since the Greenway OLA opened in October 2007 there have been consistent complaints of excessive noise as a result of barking dogs by residents whose properties abut Greenway OLA.

- The Greenway OLA fence is 37.5 meters from the lot line of the closest residence and is well above the recommended 30 meter minimum setback.
- Since 2007 there has been one registered complaint with by-law enforcement related to excessive barking from the OLA and a total of thirty-seven (37) complaints made directly to a City Councillor, Parks and Recreation or Parks Planning staff.
- Twenty-seven (27) of the total complaints were for excessive noise (barking) and the remaining ten (10) were for parking issues (prior to construction of the parking lot), dogs off leash on neighbouring streets and within park, two incidents of stray dogs and one biting investigation.
- London Animal Care Centre responded to the stray dogs and biting complaints.

Twenty eight (28) of the total complaints were from a single resident and generally relate to excessive barking in the morning (until around 10:00 am) and during the evening (starting at 5:00 to $10: 00 \mathrm{pm}$ ).

## INVESTIGATION AND RESPONSE TO COMPLAINTS

The City of London has responded to these complaints in a number of ways including:

- Installation of new signage at the OLA indicating that "Excessive barking is prohibited" with instructions to:
- Ensure your dog is a "good neighbour";
- Dogs bark when bored, lonely and to alert owners - excessive barking disturbs neighbours;
- Resolve by training socializing, exercise and family interaction.
- Parks Operations and By-law enforcement staff visit the Greenway OLA on a regular basis
- Whenever a complaint is forwarded about excessive barking Parks staff have attended the OLA but found no excessive barking;
- In 2009 a Parks operations staff was assigned to the off leash area for a period of two weeks and again found no excessive barking to be occurring;
- In September 2011 focussed By-law enforcement patrols (in addition to regular patrols) were made on streets near the OLA and Kensal Park after complaints of off-leash dogs. There were no violations of by-laws found on the patrols;
- Parks and By-law staff have been onsite for identified times when barking has consistently been an issue to educate patrons about rules and etiquette when using the OLA; and,
- After new signage was installed Parks staff was onsite at several different times

to point out the new signs, distribute pamphlets and generally educate users on proper off-leash etiquette.
- Park Planning installed a cedar hedge along the rear of properties as requested through a petition process.
- Liaising with the London Off Leash Association to create an information pamphlet (APPENDIX D) about rules of use of OLAs that was circulated in the OLA a number of times by volunteers of the organization;
- The Association also put reminders about the rules and etiquette when visiting an off leash area in their newsletter and on their website;
- In 2010 noise levels were measured at numerous park amenities including the Greenway OLA. Over a three day period in September the peak noise level reached was 61 decibels, which is considered a comfortable level similar to normal conversation. In comparison peak noise from soccer games consistently registered at or near 80 decibels. In November 2011, By-law enforcement took further decibel readings and the maximum level reached was 65 decibels. These levels are considered a comfortable level and similar to normal conversation and consistent with average city traffic noise levels.

Not withstanding of the actions taken to date the nature of the noise complaints has remained the same.

## OPTIONS AND RECOMMENDATION

## Considerations Further Action

Potential to Change the hours of Operation of the Greenway OLA.
Given that many of the complaints, of late, centre around early and late use of the OLA by park patrons and their animals one could consider changing either the opening of the OLA until later in the morning and/or close earlier in the evening than the by-lawed permissible park hours of 6:00 AM to 10:00 PM.

Altering the Off Leash Area dog area hours of hours of use in any way would have the following affects:

- Denies access to early morning and late evening patrons regardless of the bark factor of their animal.
- Signage would require changing to reflect the new hours
- Hours at the Greenway OLA would be different than that of the other two OLA's where no noise complaints have been received.
- City may be required to respond to complaints to enforce the new hours adding a new level of enforcement and associated costs
- May requiring locking of this facility to ensure compliance adding costs and moving off leash use elsewhere
- Dog walking in the park on leash outside the OLA would still be permissible
- Does not deal with any excessive dog barking during the new hours of operation.
- No guarantee of fewer complaints

Potential to increase By-law enforcement. In order to reduce or eliminate complaints of excessive barking a resident uniformed By-law Enforcement attendance would be required.


This measure is impractical and cost prohibitive.

## Recommendation:

Given the small number and nature of the complaints it is recommended that the City take no action to alter the hours of operation or enforcement regime at off-leash dog areas and that the City Parks staff and By-law Enforcement continue to monitor the Greenway Off Leash Area, investigate complaints, educate users and work with the London Dog's off Leash Association to seek compliance to the rules in all Off Leash areas and that Off leash Dog Areas continue to operate under existing rules and by-laws.

It being noted that the City at Greenway OLA has:

- maintained an appropriate buffer from the OLA to residences,
- installed supplemental plantings at the rear of homes at the top of the slope,
- installed good neighbour signage and provided on site education,
- worked with the London Dog Owners association to deal with education,
- provides periodic staff on site to educate at problematic times,
- provides complaint driven inspection and response via by-law enforcement and parks staff

Acknowledgments
This report was prepared by Dianna Clarke with input by Orest Katolyk, By-Law Enforcement, Andrew Macpherson, Parks Planning \& Design and Donna Baxter, Neighbourhood \& Children's Services.

| SUBMITTED BY: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| SCOTT STAFFORD DIVISION MANAGER, PARKS \& COMMUNITY SPORTS DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SERVICES |  |
| RECOMMENDED BY: | CONCURRED BY: |
| Nus |  |
| WILLIAM C. COXHEAD, DIRECTOR, PARKS \& RECREATION DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SERVICES | ROSS L. FAIR EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SERVICES |

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## APPENDIX A

## SITE SELECTION CRITERIA FOR DOGS OFF-LEASH AREAS

## Goal

To provide suitable opportunities for Londoners to exarcise and sociallize with their dogs in off-leash areas, in keeping with Council direction as outilined in the Parks and Recreation Strategic Master Plan (as expressed below) and to achieve an equal distribution of sites across the City.

Recommendation 148. Establish naw offleash areas where it can be shown that there will be a minimum of impact on identified natural heritage areas and other park users. Pathways, play aroas, and sports fields shall not be considered for offleash ereas."

## Beckground

Site selection criteria were first developed through a review of similar criteria in other cities, as well as through a dialogue between staff and a dog owners group (Friends Interested in Dogs Offleash (FIDO) in 1997). Criteria were then updated in 2003 with the London Dog Owners Assoclation (LDOA), using accepted planning principles and recogntzing the needs of both dog owners and park users (non-dog owners). The criteria are now being retined following up to date research on current standards used by other Canadian municipalities and London's own experience with offcurrent stand
teash parks.

## Dogs Off-teash Arean - Clty of Lendon Defintion

A dogs offleash area is an area of parkiand that is used exclusively for people to walk dogs offleash. It is surrounded by fencing and is accessed through a double-gated entry system. Its size has to be large enough to allow for teatures such as a large open area, tralla through a naturalized area, a separate small dogs area, etc., and be able to accommodate a large number of users. It is popular destination of the park system and must be accessible from an arterial or collector road and must offer sufficient parking.

## Current sttuation

London has currently two dogs off-leash areas:

- The Pottersburg-FIDO Dogs off-feash Area, on Hamitton Rd at Gore Rd
- The Stoney Creek Dogs Offleash Area, on Adelaide St N at Windermere Rd

There is a high demand from residents and from LDOA to build more off-feash areas. There is also a growing trend towards more off-leash areas throughout North America, as shown by the ncreasing number of municipalities with dogs off-leash parks.

## Stite Selection Criteria

Site sefection is a three (3) step process. As with other "drive-to", Cty-wide recreation facilities such as spray pads, tennis courts and large skateboard parks, only certain parks are suitable for these uses in order to minimize impacts on local neigbourhoods while providing much needed recreation facilities activities. The site selection process includes:

Stop 1 - Inittal Sereening Criteria: seven general criteria that must be met for a site to be considered as a potential off-leash area.

Stop 2 - Sotback and Layout Gufcholnnes; Of the suilable sites for consideration, there are more detalled guidelines to consider when drafting the proposed layout plan for the potential offleash area. If some of these guidelines can't be fully met, mitigation measures should then be explored to compensate.

Step 3 - Qualitative Reviowr If several potential sites are suitable within the geographic area, criteria to evaluate the relative qually of potentfal stes are used to rank them. A particular site may be more sufted for a DOA due to the presence of existing vegetation, or topographical separation from neighbours. Onice an the potential shites have been ranked, they are charted on a map to ensure equity or even distribution of off-leash areas across the city.

Note: In the following pages," " Indicates criteria that have been modified following comments from the review commitiee.


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Step 1: Inittal ecreenting - General critorla established by the City of London for the selectlon of potential stites

In onder to be considered as a potontial location for the creation of a dogs offleash area, a site must meet al of the following criteria:

| CRITERIA |  | RATIONALE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | The site is within the City of London boundary. |  |
| 2. | The site is zoned OS1, OS2 or OS4, making it sultable for that usage. Written approval from the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (UTRCA) is required if the site is located on flood plain lands (OS4). Environmentally Significant Areas (OS5) will not be considered as potential sites for off-leash areas.* | These areas designated Open Space consist of public open space (such as parks) and flood plains lands. Private open space, cemeteries (OS3) and conservation lands such as Environmentally Significant Areas) (OS5) are not suitable for off-leash areas. |
| 3. | The site ts not expected to be (re)developed for another purpose within the next 10 years, or the level of development is expected to be minimal.* | It is not worth investing copital funding on a site that would be use only temporanily. |
| 4. | The site can hold an offleash area of at least 1.5 ha ( $\pm 4$ acres) in size." | Research on other municipalites and London owns' experience shows that thls is a required minfmum size In response to the high volume of users, constant use of the site, and impacts on the grounds. |
| 5. | Space is available (or could be made available) outside of areas specifically deslgned for structured recreational activitles (l.e. sports fieids). | Existing park uses should not share the space with an offloash area or be displaced for the craation of an off-leash area, unfess these existing uses are no longer needed or can be relocated to enother site. |
| 6. | The site is acceasible from a main arterial or collector road and allows space for a parking lot. The need for traffic upgrades to ensure sate access and egress for site users must be considered.* | Increased tramic volume in and through nolghbourhood and parking on local streets must be minimized. |
| 7. | The stte is avallable for year-round use. | Dogs need to be exercised all year round and offleash areas are used 7 days a week / 365 days a year, despite of seasonel weather conditions. |

All potential sites are first assessed against the initial screening factors. Those that do not meet all requirements are eliminated from consideration.


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Stop 2: Proposed Layout and Setback Guldellnea
Once a site meets all the infitial criteria in stop 1, a proposed layout plan is dratted for the off-ceash area taking into consideration the following minimum setback guidellnes.

| MINIDUUM SETBACK AND LAYOUT GUIDELINES | RATIONALE |
| :---: | :---: |
| - 100 metres ( 328 ft ) away from schools and playgrounds* | Recognizing that interaction between small children and dogs should happen only under very close supervision, these two uses should be kept apart. |
| - Fence 30 metres ( $\pm 100 \mathrm{ft}$ ) away from residential neighbours <br> - Parking lot and main gate 50 metres ( $\pm$ 165 ft ) away from residential housing | 30 metres is our typical setback for any recreational activity in parks (ball diamond, soccer field, stc.) and is a sufficiont setback from the fence. Parking lot and maln gate are noise-generatlon aress, therefore the setback to residential neighbours is increased. |
| 5 metres ( $\pm 15 \mathrm{ft}$ ) away from other recreational activities such as sports fields and picnic areas* | This minimum setback is sufficient because of the presence of fencing. It is to allow space for a minimal buffer zono. |
| - 15 metres ( $\pm 50 \mathrm{ft}$ ) away from high traffic roadways <br> - 5 metres ( $\pm 15$ fi) away from multi-use pathways (such as the Thames Valley Parkway) ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | This setback is to allow sufficient space for a buffer zone between off-leash parks and high traffic roadways. Because of the presence of fencing, minimum setback to pathways can be decreased. |
| - 15 metres ( $\pm 50 \mathrm{ft}$ ) away from wotercourse and ESAs | This sotback is to allow sufficient space for a buffer zone between off-leash perks and matural aress. |

If all of the general criteria are met but some of the setback and layout guidelines can't be meth mitigation measures must then be explored to compensate.

Potential sites then proceed to step 3 to be evaluated according to qualitative criteria.

## Step 3: Qualltative Roviow

The following criteria will evaluate the quality of potentlal sites and allow to compare and rank them.

## A. Setting

Sites that provide a variety of natural terrains will score high
while more homogenous areas - all flat or all wooded - will score
while more homogenous areas - all flat or all wooded - will score M-3
B. Pedestrian AccessIbIIIty

Sites that are accessible to adjacent neighbourhoods via pathways H-5
and trails will score high. As accessibility becomes more difficult the
scoring declines.

## C. Butfors

Sites that have existing visual buffers such as lopography, vegetation, etc.
between adjacent properties and the proposed site will rank high.
Scoring will decline where no buffers exist.*

## D. hmpact on the Nathral Environment

Sites which will not adversely impact the environmental status H-5
quo will score high, while those that require additional development, M-3
hence impacting on environment, will score lower.

## E. Economic Feaslbility

Sites where construction can occur at a reasonable cost will score high. H-5
Those where construction requires special measures or features ins.
Increasing the cost will score lower. L-1
Total Possible 25
Once all the potential sites have been ranked, thay are charted on a map to ensure equity or even distribution of off-leash areas across the city.

The higher the score, the more suitable the site, but all aites passing step 2 could be reasonably developed as off-toash parks.


## APPENDIX B

# Dogs Off-leash Areas By-law 

PH-7 - Consolidated November 19, 2007

This by-law is printed under and by authority of the Council of the City of Lenden, Ontario, Canada

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## APPENDIX B

## OFFICE CONSOLIDATION <br> INCLUDING AMENDMENT PH-7-05002 (Nov 19, 2007)

Bill No. 308
1997

By-law PH-7
A by-law to establish and regulate a park in which dogs can run at large in the City of London.

Whereas by-laws may be passed by the Councils of all municipalities for establishing and laying out public parks and for exercising all of the powers that are conferred on boards of park management by the Public Parks Act pursuant to paragraph 52 of section 207 of the Municipal Act.

And whereas by-laws may be passed by the councils of local municipalities for regulating the running at large of dogs within any defined area of the municipality pursuant to paragraph 13 of section 210 of the Municipal Act,

The Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of London enacts as follows:

1. "Dogs Off-Leash Area" shall mean an area of land designated in this bylaw for which signs are posted by the City of London indicating that dogs are permitted to run at large.
1.1 "owner" includes any person who owns, keeps, possesses, harbours or acts as a guardian of a dog for any length of time, whether or not that person has a licence for the dog, and, where the owner is a minor, the person responsible for the custody of the minor.
1.2 Dogs Off-Leash Areas are hereby established on those lands as outlined in Schedule " $A$ " of this By-law.
2. 

(1) Subject to subsection 2(1.1), a dog owner may permit their dog licensed under By-law PH-4, as amended, or any successor bylaw thereto, to run at large in a Dogs Off-Leash Area.
(1.1) Owners of dogs whose dogs are required to be muzzled, including Pit Bulls as defined in the Dog Owners' Liability Act, may not permit the dog that is required to be muzzled to run at large in a Dogs Off-Leash Area.
(2) Section 3.3 and 4.10 of By-law PH-4, as amended, shall not apply to persons who permit their dogs to run at large in accordance with subsection (1).
(3) No person shall permit a dog to run at large pursuant to subsection (1) unless that person is in the area signed to permit the running at large of dogs and within sight of the dog at all times.
(4) A Dogs Off-Leash Area is a designated leash-free area for the purposes of Section 3.1(36) of Parks By-law PR-2, as amended.
3. No person shall remain in a Dogs Off-Leash Area between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6 a.m. of the following day.
4. No person shall play or practice any sporting activity except walking within a Dogs Off-Leash Area.

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## 5.

No person shall convey to or on, or enter or be on any area in a Dogs OffLeash Area while in the possession of any bottles, containers or any other articles equipment, or utensils, made of glass, china, ceramic or other breakable substance capable of causing injury to a dog.
6. No person shall permit any animal other than a dog of which he is the owner to be at large in a Dogs Off-Leash Area.
7. (1) Any person who contravenes any provision of this by-law is, upon conviction, guilty of an offence and is liable to any penalty as provided in the Provincial Offences Act.
(2) The court in which the conviction has been entered, and any court of competent jurisdiction thereafter, may make an order prohibiting the continuation of repetition of the offence by the person convicted, and such order shall be in addition to any other penalty imposed on the person convicted.

The Short title of this By-law is "Dogs Off-Leash Areas By-law".
This by-law shall come into force and effect on or after the $5^{\text {th }}$ day of August, 1997 when signs have been erected and are on display permitting dogs to run at large in accordance with section 2 of this by-law.

PASSED in Open Council on August 5, 1997.

Dianne Haskett
Mayor

Jeff A. Malpass
City Clerk


APPENDIX B

## Schedule "A"

The following are designated as Dogs Off-Leash Areas



APPENDIX B



APPENDIX B



## APPENDIX C



Home > City Life > Parks \& Natural Areas > Off-leash Dog Parks Does your Dog Need a Place to Run?


## For your information

Canine Parvovirus has been identified in London recently as well as several other municipalities. Parvovirus is highly contagious and fatal if not treated. The City of London is suggesting all pet owners ensure their dogs are up to date with their vaccinations. Also, pet owners must recognize that if their
 dogs are not vaccinated, they are not permitted to use City of London Off-leash Dog Parks.

Use the link to find out what steps you can take to protect your pet from this viral disease which is spread by fecal-oral transmission

## Off-leash Dog Parks

Dog owners in London have access to three off-leash parks to exercise and socialize with their animal. Off-leash areas are clearly delineated by fencing or boundary signs. They are open year round, from 6 a.m. until 10 p.m. (or dusk). Every user is responsible to clean up after their pet.

## Rules of the off-leash area

For the good functioning of the off-leash area, users are required to respect the following rules:

- Open from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m.
- All Dogs MUST have up to date vaccinations, rabies shots and license tags required
- Use the off-leash area at your own risk
- Leash your dog while entering and exiting
- Keep your dog within sight and under verbal control
- Clean up after your dog
- Do not allow your dog to chase wildlife



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- No puppies under 4 months, female dogs in heat, sick dogs or aggressive dogs
- Dogs required by law to be leashed and muzzled must remain so while in the off-leash area
- No glass containers, food or toys
- Children MUST be supervised by an adult AT ALL TIMES
- Parents are advised this site is NOT suitable for young children
- Off-leash area users are subject to the Dog Owners' Liability Act


## Pottersburg-FIDO Off-leash Area

London's first off-leash area, and also the largest, is located within Pottersburg Park. It can be accessed from Hamilton Road at Gore Road. This off-leash area has a completely fenced section and an open section delineated by boundary signs. Both sections offer trails through naturalized areas. There is also a separate area for small dogs. Site amenities include parking, double-gated entrances, garbage container, picnic tables and benches, rule sign, bulletin board, and portable toilet. Please be considerate of other
 park users and leash your dog if you are using the paved Thames Valley Parkway outside of the designated area.

## Stoney Creek Off-leash Area

London's second largest off-leash park is located within Stoney Creek Meadows, on Adelaide Street North at Windermere Road. Surrounded by trees and meadows, this off-leash area is completely fenced and offers an open area and trails through a naturalized area. There is also an area for small dogs, with a separate entrance from the parking lot. Site amenities include parking, double-gated entrances, garbage containers, benches, rule sign, bulletin board, and a portable toilet. Please be considerate of wildlife and other park users and
 leash your dog when outside of the fenced area. This area is located in the floodplain and is subject to flooding.

## Greenway Off-leash Area

London's newest off-leash park is located within


## APPENDIX C

## Greenway Park. The off-leash area can be accessed

 from Greenside Avenue off of Springbank Drive. Greenside Avenue makes a bend to the left, towards the Greenway Pollution Control Plant (PCP). Make a right before the PCP, carefully follow the driveway along the river, and the off-leash area will be on your left just after the PCP. This off-leash area is completely fenced and offers an open area and trails through a naturalized area. There is also an area for small dogs, with a separate entrance and parking lot. Site amenities include parking, double-gated entrances, garbage containers, benches, rule sign, bulleting board, and a portable toilet. Other activities in Greenway Park include soccer fields, a Saturn Playground, a picnic area with a viewing platform onto the Thames River, and a butterfly garden. Please be considerate of other park users and leash your dog when outside of the fenced area.

## Contact Information

To report any maintenance concerns, vandalism, or misuse of the off-leash areas, please call the City of London:

- During office hours, 519 661-2500 ext. 4570
- After hours and week-ends (emergencies only), 519 661-2500 ext. 4965


## London Dog Owners Association

The London Dog Owners Association (LDOA) is our community partner in developing new off-leash areas and taking care of the existing dog parks. Their Watch Dog team of dedicated volunteers keeps an eye on what goes on in the parks, whether it is to remind users of the rules or notify the City about garbage pick-up. Once a year, they organize a spring clean up in each of the park. They also organize various events throughout the year. To get more information on LDOA or to help out, please visit their website at www.londondogownersassociation.ca


APPENDIX D

## London Dog Owners Association



1) Open from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m.
2) All dogs MUST have up to date vaccinations, rabies shots and licenses
3) No puppies under 4 months, female dogs in heat, sick dogs or aggressive/out of control dogs
4) Never leave your dog alone in the park
5) Use the off-leash area at your own risk
6) Leash your dog while entering and exiting
7) Keep your dog within sight and under verbal control
8) Clean up after your dog - Always remember to Scoop up the Poop!
9) Do not allow your dog to chase wildlife
10) No glass containers, food or toys (these could cause a fight)
11) Children must be supervised by an adult
12) Off-leash area users are subject to the Dog Owners' Liability Act
13) Fill the holes your dog digs
14) Help keep the park clean, and work as a group

Remember to use the whole area; don't just stand at the gate. Socialization for both you and your dog is important.

Dog owners must take the initiative to be a responsible and conscientious group ensuring that their actions support the privilege of sharing parkland and open spaces with the community.
"If you dog shows any signs of illness or unusual behaviour, consult your veterinarian immediately"

For more information please contact:

## www.LondonDogOwnersAssociation.ca


[^0]:    c Andrew Macpherson, Division Manager, Parks Planning \& Design
    Orest Katolyk, Manager, By-Law Enforcement
    Donna Baxter, Manager of Research \& Policy

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