4TH REPORT OF THE

TREES AND FORESTS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Meeting held on April 22, 2015, commencing at 12:22 PM, in Committee Room #4, Second Floor, London City Hall.

PRESENT: A. Cantel (Acting Chair), P. Ciufo, C. Haindl, I. Kalsi, J. Kogelheide, G. Mitchell and J. Martin (Secretary).

ABSENT: A. Adgria, C, Linton and R. Mannella.

ALSO PRESENT: I. Listar, S. Mathers and S. Rowland.

I. CALL TO ORDER

1. Disclosures of Pecuniary Interest

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that no pecuniary interests were disclosed.

II. ORGANIZATIONAL MATTERS

2. Committee Orientation

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that the Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA) Integrated Accessibility Standards orientation from J. Martin, Secretary was received.

III. SCHEDULED ITEMS

3. Planting Trees Near Stormwater Management Facilities

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that the <u>attached</u> presentation from S. Mathers, Manager, Stormwater Management, with respect to planting trees near stormwater management facilities, was received.

4. Urban Forest Strategy

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that the <u>attached</u> presentation from I. Listar, Manager, Urban Forestry, with respect to the Urban Forest Strategy, was received.

IV. CONSENT ITEMS

5. 3rd Report of the Trees and Forests Advisory Committee

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that the 3rd Report of the Trees and Forests Advisory Committee, from its meeting held on March 25, 2015, was received.

6. Appointments to the Trees and Forests Advisory Committee

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that the Municipal Council resolution adopted at its meeting held on March 31, 2015, with respect to the appointments to the Trees and Forests Advisory Committee for the term ending February 28, 2019, was received.

V. SUB-COMMITTEES & WORKING GROUPS

7. Climate Change/Allergens/Invasives Working Group

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that the Trees and Forests Advisory Committee received a verbal update from A. Cantell, with respect to the Climate Change/Allergens/Invasives Working Group.

VI. ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION

None.

VII. DEFERRED MATTERS/ADDITIONAL BUSINESS

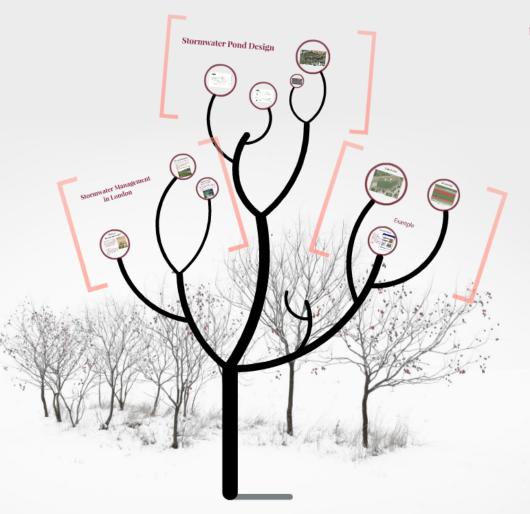
8. Urban Design and GIS and Downtown Design Manuals

Recommendation: That it **BE NOTED** that the members of the Trees and Forests Advisory Committee were encouraged to provide comments with respect to the Urban Design and GIS and Downtown Design Manuals to A. Cantell for submission to the Civic Administration for consideration.

VIII. ADJOURNMENT

The meeting adjourned at 2:45 PM.

Next Meeting Date: May 27, 2015 at 12:15 PM



Trees and Forests Advisory
Committee:
Planting Near Stormwater Ponds

Stormwater Management in London

What is a Stormwater Pond?

- Ponds gather surface water generated from rainfall to help reduce the possibility of flooding and provide treatment of the water.
- · Ponds include a combination of landscaped and structural features, to slow and filter stormwater



Who Builds them?

- New ponds are constructed by the
- Older areas may have ponds that are still the responsibility of the



Natural Amenity

- Not just an engineered structure.
 Ponds have a landscaping plan created by a Landscape Architect and signed off by the City.



What is a Stormwater Pond?

- Ponds gather surface water generated from rainfall to help reduce the possibility of flooding and provide treatment of the water.
- Ponds include a combination of landscaped and structural features, to slow and filter stormwater runoff.



Who Builds them?

- New ponds are constructed by the City.
- Older areas may have ponds that are still the responsibility of the developer.



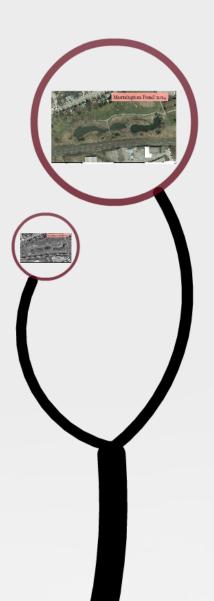
Community and Natural Amenity

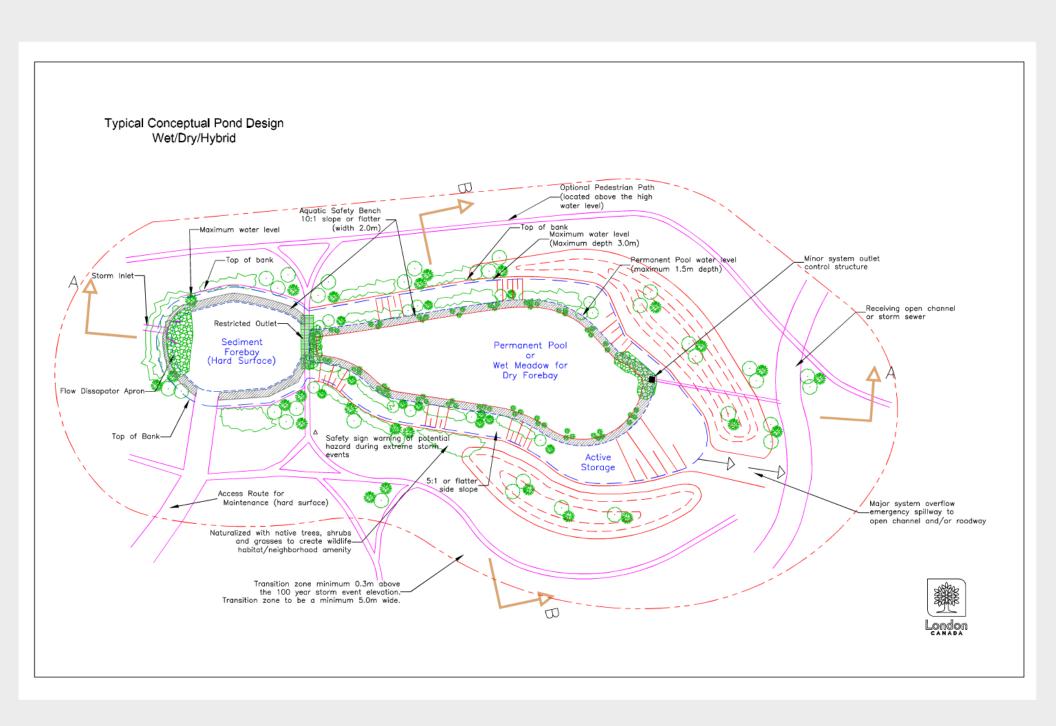
- Not just an engineered structure.
- Ponds have a landscaping plan created by a Landscape Architect and signed off by the City Ecologist.
- Needs to be something you'd like to live beside.

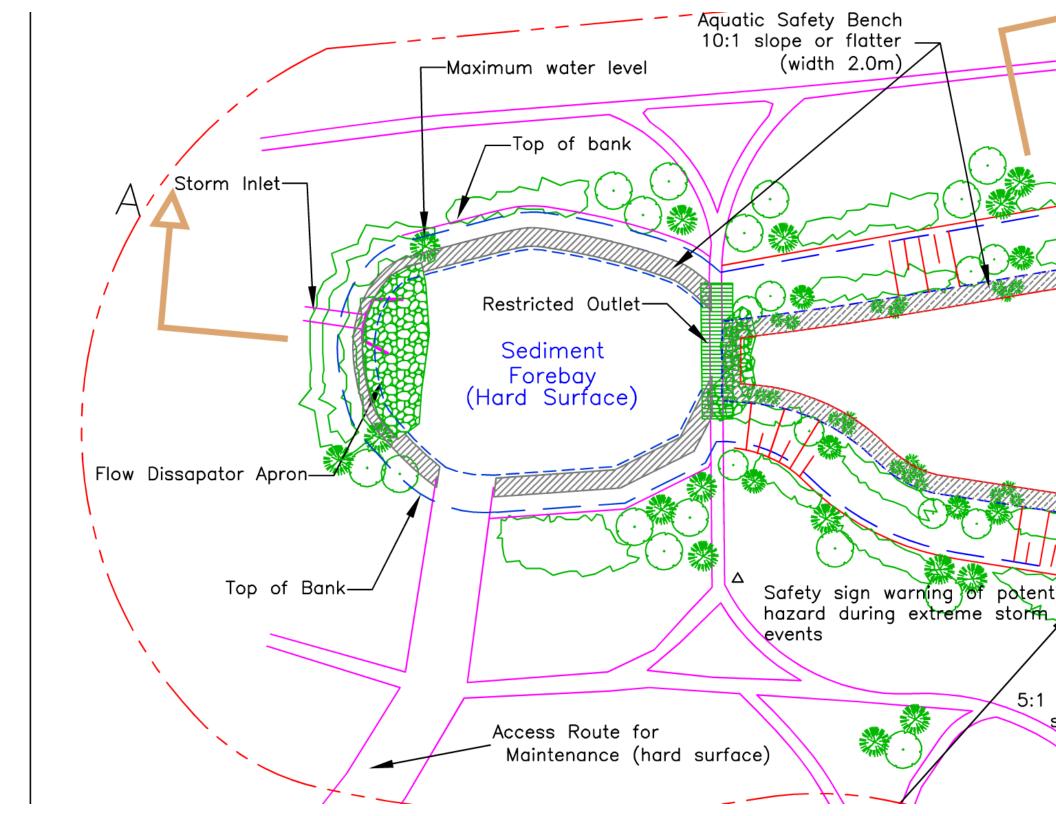


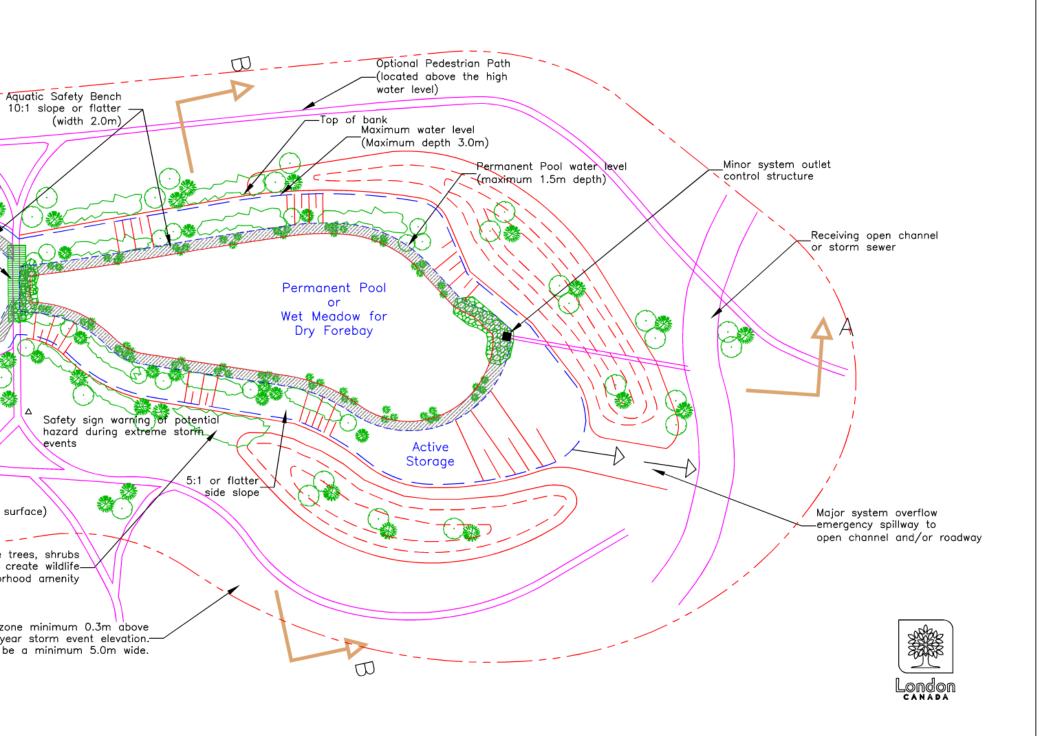
Stormwater Pond Design



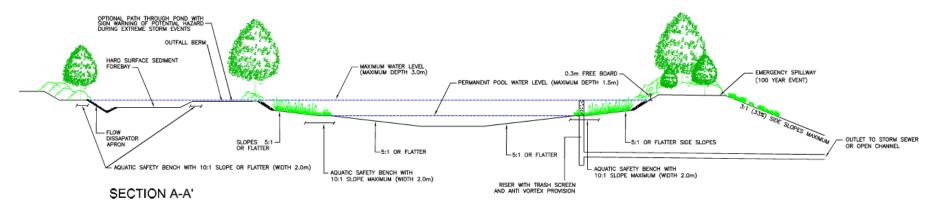


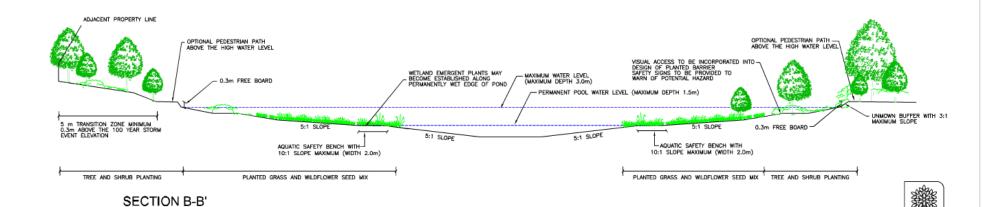


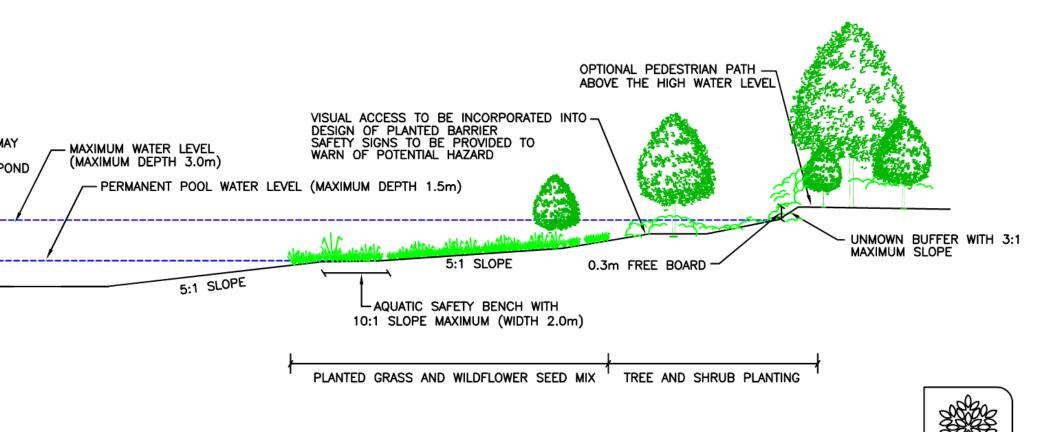




Typical Conceptual Pond Design Wet/Dry/Hybrid

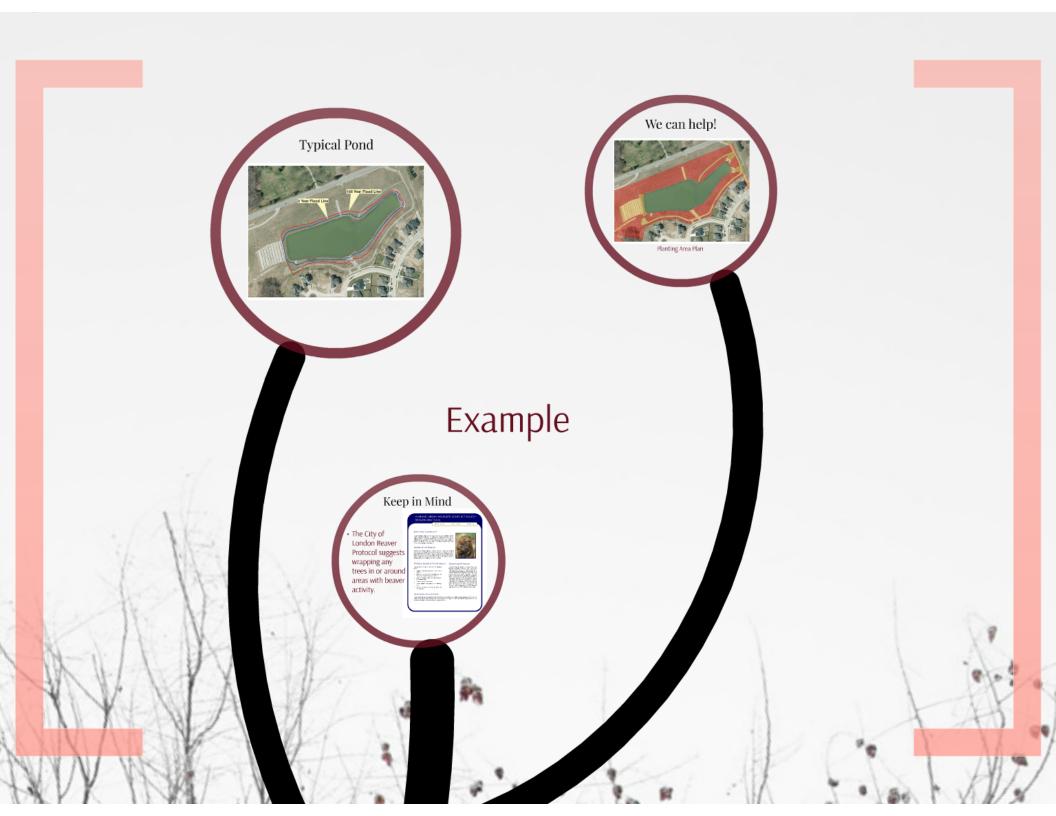














We can help!



Planting Area Plan



Planting Area Plan

Keep in Mind

 The City of London Beaver Protocol suggests wrapping any trees in or around areas with beaver activity.

HUMANE URBAN WILDLIFE CONFLICT POLICY: BEAVER PROTOCOL

March 10, 2015

City of London

Version: 2.0

Why have a protocol?

To successfully implement the City's Humane Urban Wildlie Conflict. Policy, Specific protocols are required to address potential human wildlie conflicts. This protocol will ensure that beavers are treated in a respectful and consistent manner, belanding the various needs to protect the beaver and their habitat; the overall environment; City infrastructure; people, and properly.

Needs of the Beaver

Beaver communities require a minimum of 1-1.5 meters of standing water where their lodge is located for protection from predictors and to successfully weather the winter months. They also can fueld secondary downstream dams to create shaflower ponds to access new trees for food, as well as for ease and safety of travel. They require access to woody vogetarion for building materials and food.



Primary Goals of the Protocol

The protocol attempts to balance the following

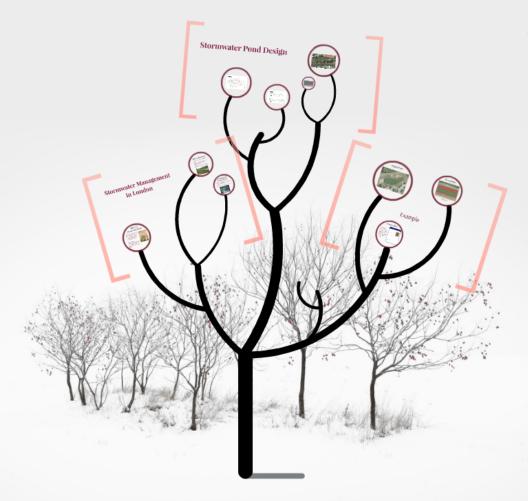
- Respect and protect beavers in their natural
- Allow for enhancements to biodiversity and the creation of wetland environments;
- Educate the public about the value of beaver
- Protect critical infrastructure;
- Protect people and property from flooding;
- · Maintain the use of the City's pathway and

Governing Principle

Creation of beaver ponds / marshes have many positive ecological benefits, but sometimes negative impacts occur that require intervention. This governing principle of this protocol is to strive to coexist with the beaver community in its existing location whenever possible. Use low impact, non-lethal control methods as first options when any of the primary goals of the protocol are negatively impacted. If all rescondable alternatives have been exhausted for coexistence, relocate the beavers to an appropriate alternative site only under specific circumstances and in accordance with the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forests (MNRF) legislation and the Council's approved Humane Urban Wildlife Conflict Policy.

Continuous Improvement

The protocol will be reconsidered and brought back to Council by the middle of 2016 following the first year of implementing the protocol. Going forward, any significant changes to the protocol will be reported back to the various stakeholders and Council prior to implementation.



Trees and Forests Advisory Committee: Planting Near Stormwater Ponds

Keeping the Forest in 'The Forest City'

April 22, 2015













Our Urban Forest

- Is all trees and associated vegetation within an urban area regardless of ownership or location
- Is an ecosystem that is highly influenced by environmental factors and land use decisions
- Is dynamic and evolves over time and across the landscape
- Is where people connect with nature











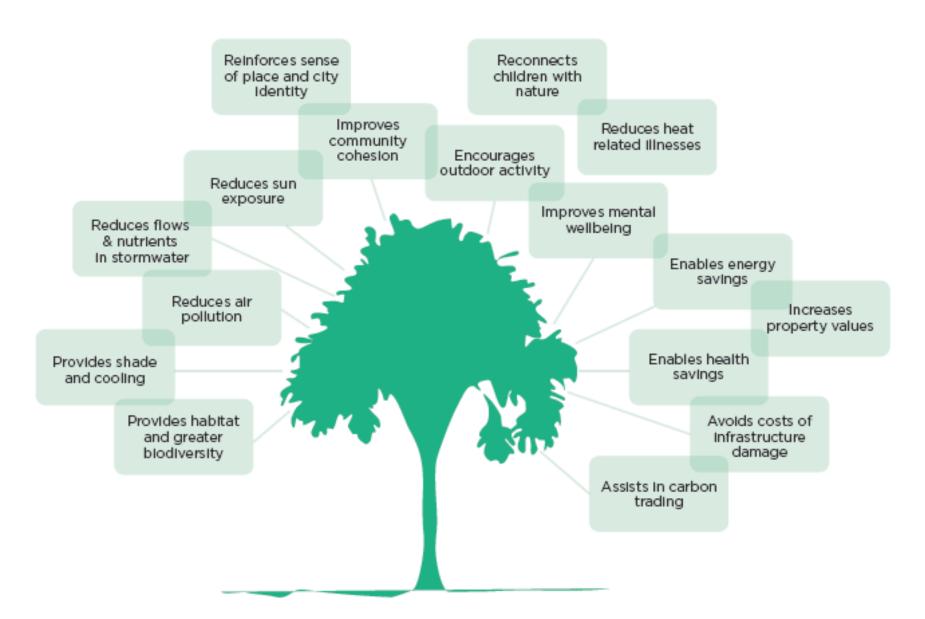








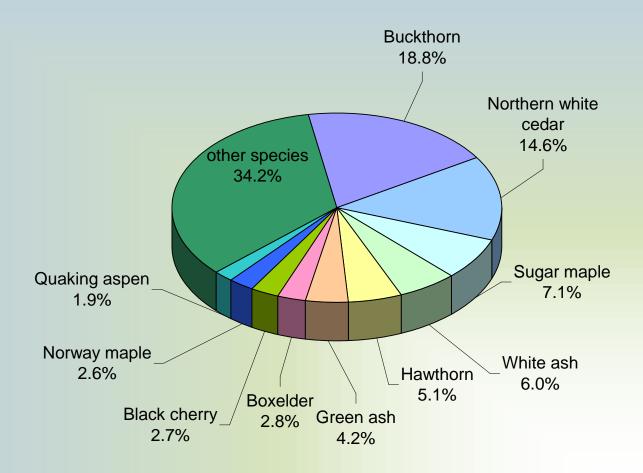
Why the Urban Forest is Important



Our Urban Forest in 2008



Urban Forest Species















What's happened since then



























What's happened since then



























Emerging issues























We've made some gains



























However.....

- London is at a critical point in the management of our urban forest
- Status Quo management will result in a smaller urban forest that is more susceptible to climatic and land use impacts and will not provide the social and environmental benefits that we are currently enjoying and the public is expecting



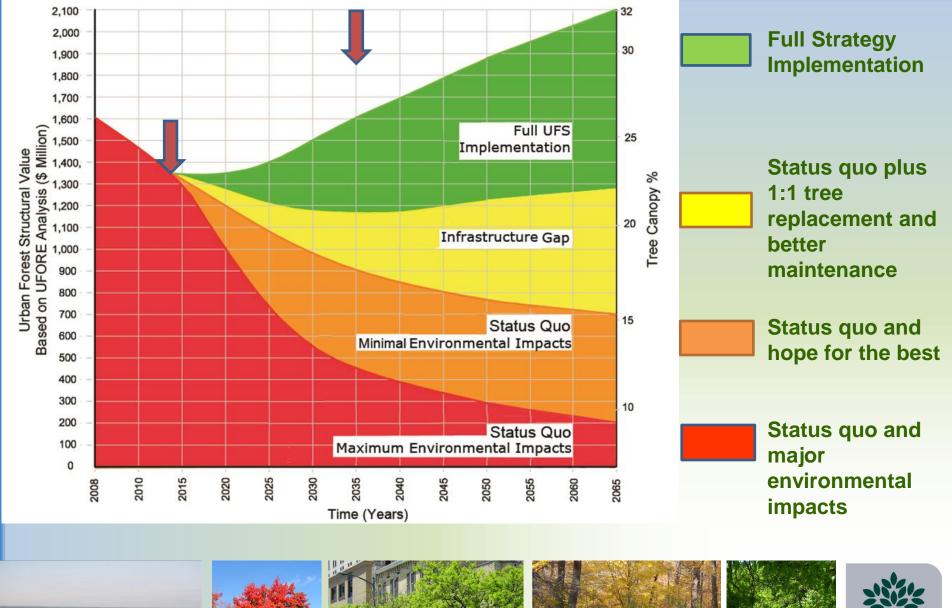


















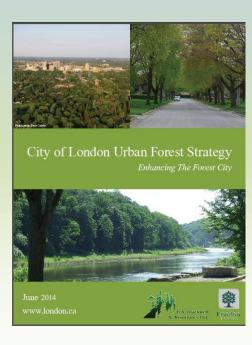






The Strategy Answers the following 4 questions

- 1. What have we got?
- 2. What do we want?
 - Become one of the greenest cities in Canada (London Plan)
 - A healthy, diverse and extensive urban forest for today and the future
 - The tree canopy target is the fundamental first step
 - Residents have told us what is important to them
- 3. How are we going to get there?
- 4. Are we getting what we want?















City Wide (All Land Use Types)	Target Canopy Cover 2035	Target Canopy Cover 2065	Estimated Required Budget Total
Council - Approved Canopy Target	28%	34%	37.7 M

Council adopted the Strategy and Implementation Plan in September 2014

- Total investment over 20 years is approximately \$26 million (average \$1.3 million per year)
- The cost of this investment is 1.2% of the future value of one of our most valuable assets
- This funding supports the entire Urban Forest, not just the City owned trees

Public and Stakeholders take up the "Call To Action"













How We Are Going To Get There

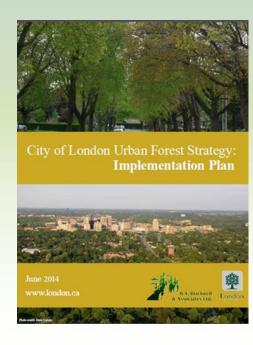
Higher targets can be achieved

Achieving the tree canopy cover targets requires a paradigm shift in how the urban forest is viewed and managed

It will require <u>ALL</u> of the following:

- Policy changes
- Ordinance/by-law changes
- Increased staff and program levels
- Improved practices
- Stewardship
- Partnerships/collaboration
- Engagement

These are all links in the chain – we can't cherry-pick which ones to support















There are 4 Guiding Principles – Links in the Chain to achieve London's Vision:

1. Protect the existing trees because the trees that are in the ground now will provide most of the canopy cover in 20 years



















Guiding Principles:

2. Maintain and Monitor the structure, function and value over time



















Tree Canopy Cover Re-Analysis









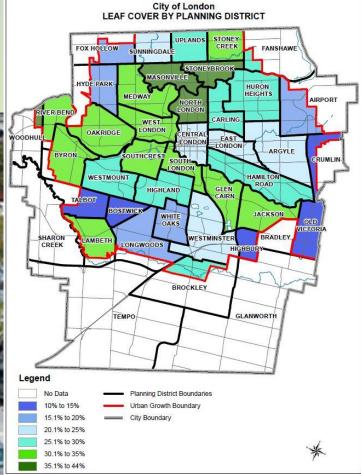




Guiding Principles:

3. Plant More and Enhance the Urban Forest where possible







Guiding Principles:

4. Engage the Public because ¾ of all trees are on private property and all residents are stakeholders in our urban forest



















How We Are Going to Get There















Short Term Priorities					
Plant more and Enhance	Protect	Maintain and Monitor	Engage the Community		
Establish tree canopy targets for Place Types	Hire additional staff for forest health and enforcement	Establish Cross- Divisional Implementation Team	Develop comprehensive communications strategy		
Develop overall planting strategy	Strengthen tree protection by-laws and policies	Remeasure tree canopy to determine change since 2008	Initiate public and stakeholder information and discussion forums		
Apply right tree- right place practices	No 'net loss' of tree canopy cover	Complete CMMS and update inventory information	Promote London's urban forest		













Summary

Our Urban Forest is a community asset that benefits all of us

We are at a crossroads in the management of our urban forest

The Urban Forest Strategy brings portions of the Official Plan to life

We CAN achieve higher tree canopy targets set by Council

It will take a higher level of effort and resources than before – in some cases it will require a paradigm shift in thinking

We have to think of all the elements in the Strategy as links in a chain that is only as strong as its weakest link













Summary



What will "The Forest City" look like in 2035, 2065, 2114?













Questions?

