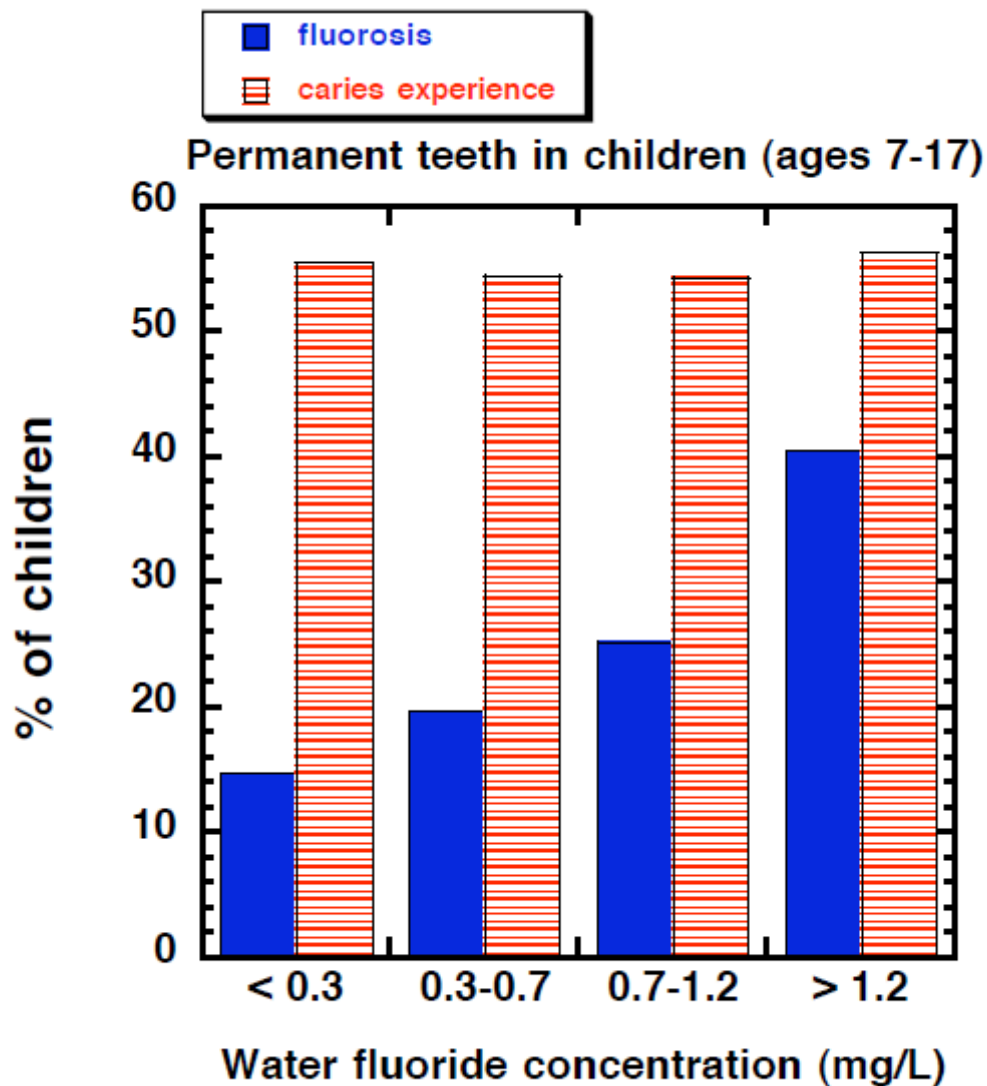


Artificial Water Fluoridation – No Benefit – Definite Harm

National data set collected in the U.S. in 1986-1987 (more than 16,000 children, ages 7-17, with a history of a single continuous residence). No difference in caries rates in the permanent teeth of children is seen with different water fluoride levels. Fluorosis prevalence and caries prevalence with water fluoride concentration for children ages 7-17 with a history of a single continuous residence is provided. Data are shown as % of total children having fluorosis (very mild, mild, moderate, or severe, but not questionable) or caries experience. Source: Iida, H., and Kumar, J.V. 2009. The association between enamel fluorosis and dental caries in U.S. schoolchildren. JADA 140:855-862.



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