

2014 Budget Overview January 9, 2014

AGENDA

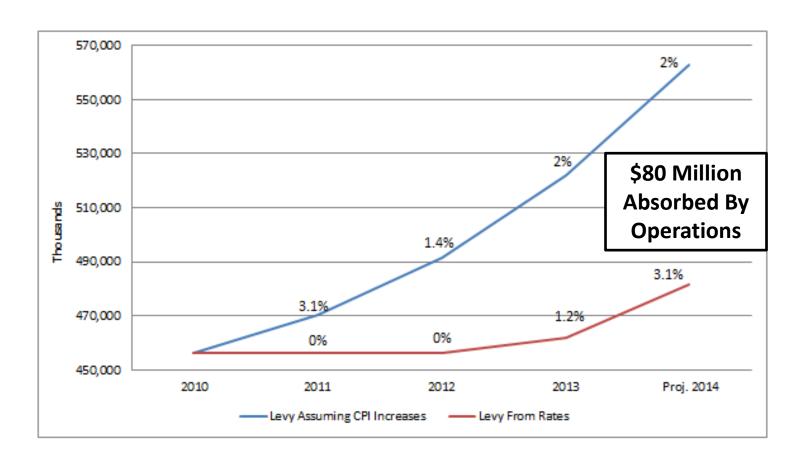
Speaker	Topic	Time
Larry Palarchio	2011 To 2014 Corporate Budget Story	4:00 - 4:15
Anna Lisa Barbon	Service Program Overview Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services Social & Health Services	4:15 – 4:35
Ian Collins	Service Program Overview Culture (Eldon House – Maureen Spencer-Golovchenko) Economic Prosperity Environmental Services Planning & Development Services Transportation Services Corporate, Operational & Council Services	4:35 – 5:40
Alan Dunbar	Strategic Investments, Emerging Issues, & Grant Requests	5:40 - 5:50
Jason Senese	Long-Term Financial Planning (2015-2018 Forecast)	5:50 - 6:00
Larry Palarchio	Timetable	6:00 - 6:05
	Dinner Break	6:05 – 6:35
Larry Ducharme	London Transit Commission	6:35 – 6:50
Larry Palarchio	Protective Services (General Overview)	6:50 - 7:00
Brad Duncan Chief of Police	London Police Service	7:00 – 7:30



2011 To 2014 Corporate Budget Story

Tax Levy From Rates Versus CPI

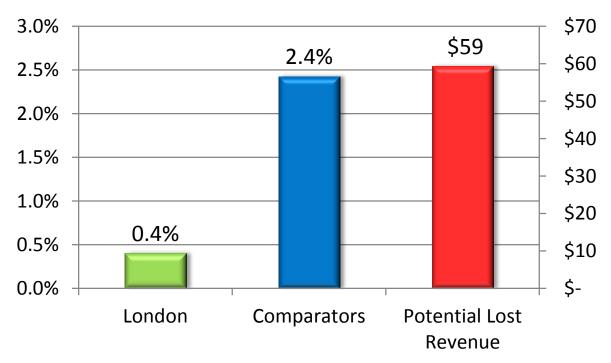




What's Happening with Tax Rates in Other Communities?







\$59 million less in revenue in comparison to other municipalities

Budget 2014

2011 – 2014 Budget Story



- 1. Reduced Personnel Costs
- 2. Created Service Efficiencies and Alternative Service Delivery
- 3. Revenue Opportunities
- 4. Capital Budget Cuts and Deferrals
- 5. Reserves and Reserve Funds
- 6. Value for Money Audits

State of the Infrastructure Report



- This report just released Jan 7, 2014
- Must be considered when looking at capital budget and reserve fund contributions

City of London Infrastructure Summary *							
Replacement Value	Current Condition	Infrastructure Gap In 10 Years					
\$ 4.1 Billion	FAIR TOOM SOIR SOIR SOIR	\$ 50.1 Million	\$ 405.6 Million				

^{*} Tax supported infrastructure only

Increased Cost of Municipal Services



lon DA	Hor	neown	er	Rates
		\$76	1	\$15.1 M
••••••		\$26		\$5.2 M
	\$15		\$3.0 M	
	. \$11		\$2.2 M	
		\$24		\$4.7 M
	. \$14		\$2.8 M	
	. \$10		\$1.9 M	
•••••		\$18		\$3.7 M
•••••		\$4		\$0.9 M
•••••	•	\$3		\$0.6 M
		\$2		\$0.3 M
)	•	\$1		\$0.2 M
••••••	•	\$1		\$0.1 M
	•	\$(4)		\$(0.9) M
	. \$(13)		\$(2.6) N	1
•••••	. \$9		\$1.7 M	

\$1

Avg. Residential

Increase From

			_	
		\$76	\$15	5.1 M
Protective Services		\$26	\$!	5.2 M
Police (Submitted at 3.3%)	\$15		\$3.0 M	
Fire (Submitted at 4%)	\$11		\$2.2 M	
Capital Financing		\$24	\$4	4.7 M
Pay As You Go	\$14		\$2.8 M	
Debt Servicing	\$10		\$1.9 M	
Corp. Contingencies (Tax Write-Offs, Legal, Personnel)		\$18	\$	3.7 M
Land Ambulance (Submitted at 8%)		\$4	\$	0.9 M
London Transit Commission (Submitted at 2.4%)		\$3	\$(0.6 M
London Public Library (Submitted at 1.8%)		\$2	\$(0.3 M
London Middlesex Housing Corporation (Submitted at 2.7%)		\$1	\$	0.2 M
Conservation Authorities		\$1	\$	0.1 M
Net Ontario Works		\$(4)	\$(0	.9) M
Ontario Works (-10.9% due to Provincial Uploading)	\$(13)		\$(2.6) M	-
Reduced Reliance On Stabilization Reserve	\$9		\$1.7 M	

Remaining Service Areas.....

\$0.3 M

Remaining Service Areas



Remaining Services Include:

- Cultural Services
- Heritage
- Economic Prosperity
- Environmental Stewardship
- Garbage, Recycling & Composting
- Neighbourhood & Recreation Services
- Parks & Urban Forestry
- Planning & Development
- Social Housing
- Social & Community Support Services
- Parking
- Roadways
- Corporate & Council Services

Property Values



Average Assessed Value

- 2013 assessed value of \$208,000
- Purpose: Used to determine the amount of taxes paid. The assessed value is the 2012 market value phased in over four years (2013-2016).
- Source: Assessed values are determined by MPAC

Average YTD Sales Price

- October 2013 YTD sales price of \$240,370
- Purpose: Will provide an indication of the current housing market conditions
- Source: London St. Thomas Association of Realtors

Decision Point 1 — Included in the 3.1% Submitted Budget: Service Changes and Capital Cuts



a. Operating program impacts amounting to \$1.3 million

Case #	Service Program	Business Case Description (\$000's)	(Cut)/Add
1	Economic Prosperity	Downtown London Business Improvement Area	\$(53)
2	Economic Prosperity	Elimination of planned increased contribution to the Economic Development Reserve Fund	\$(1,000)
3	Environmental Services	Reduction to the contribution to the Sanitary Landfill Reserve Fund	\$(255)
4	Parks, Rec. & Neighbourhood Services	Upper Thames River Conservation Authority contract for managing environmentally sensitive areas	\$(72)
5	Culture	Eldon House - Addition of a Curator	\$59
		Total	\$(1,321)

RECOMMENDATION: That business cases 1 to 4 **BE APPROVED** and business case 5 **BE REVIEWED**.



Decision Point 1 — Included in the 3.1% Submitted Budget: Service Changes and Capital Cuts



b. Capital program cuts amounting to \$3.6 million

Case #	Project Description (\$000's)	(Cut)/Add
6	Landfill Site Property Acquisition	\$(200)
7	Bus Purchase Renewal	\$(500)
8	Arterial Road Rehabilitation - Main	\$(1,700)
9	Glen Cairn Major Upgrades	\$(125)
10	Floodplain Acquisition	\$(200)
11	Downtown On-Street Pay & Display Parking	\$(175)
12	Bike Lane Program	\$(200)
13	Facility Energy Management	\$(500)
	TOTAL	\$(3,600)

RECOMMENDATION: Notwithstanding the Surplus Policy, the 2013 year end surplus, if realized, **BE APPROVED** as a source of funding to avoid the above cuts to the 2014 Capital Budget that have been submitted as part of the 3.1% submitted tax levy budget.



Surplus Policy



- 1. Surpluses, if any, should be fully contributed to the Operating Budget Contingency Reserve at year end and, in the subsequent year, allocated as follows:
 - a) The first \$850,000 of the previous year end surplus should be contributed as revenue in that year and reduce the tax levy (noting that this amount is already built into the tax levy);
 - b) 50% of the balance of year end surplus be applied to debt reduction/elimination and/or avoidance;
 - c) The balance of year end surplus be applied by Council to:
 - i. Fund capital projects that cannot be fit within the capital funding envelope;
 - ii. Contribute to the Operating Budget Contingency Reserve to provide an amount equivalent to 1.5% of the gross tax supported expenditures. This will provide a reasonable cushion against deficits and unexpected or one-time expenditure/revenue losses that occur from time to time;
 - iii. Contribute toward the Unfunded Liabilities Reserve in order to help fund the liabilities reported on the financial statements which have not been funded,
 - iv. Meet one-time community needs, provide for new initiatives/investments that produce a benefit to the community/taxpayer.
- Deficits, if any, should be funded through a draw from the Operating Budget Contingency Reserve at year end.

Decision Point 2 — Included in the 3.1% Submitted Budget: Costs of a Growing City Funded by Assessment Growth



Assessment Growth

City

What Is Assessment Growth?

Funding from assessment growth refers to property taxes levied on new homes and businesses. These new homes and businesses expect to receive the same municipal services that existing taxpayers receive.

Assessment Growth	Amoun	t 000's
Available Assessment Growth Funding		<u>7,261</u>
 Category A (Business Cases 14-30) Environmental Services Parks, Rec. & Neighbourhood Serv. Transportation Services Corp., Operational & Council Serv. 	\$188 \$804 \$2,280 \$401	3,673
Category B (Business Cases 31-40) Culture Environmental Services Parks, Rec. & Neighbourhood Serv. Planning & Development Protective Services Transportation Services	\$85 \$289 \$229 \$85 \$900 \$2,000	3,588
Total Growth Costs Due To An Expanding		7.261

Assessment growth funds the additional volume of municipal services such as; road maintenance, snow plowing, garbage collection, street lighting, parks, recreation, fire and police services, resulting primarily from the new homes and businesses.

RECOMMENDATION: That the assessment growth business cases that explain the operating and capital costs associated with servicing a "growing" City **BE APPROVED.**

Budget 2014

Increased Cost of Municipal Services



on 	Ho	meown	er	Rates
		\$76	1	\$15.1 M
		\$26		\$5.2 M
	\$15		\$3.0 M	
	\$11		\$2.2 M	
		\$24		\$4.7 M
	\$14		\$2.8 M	
	\$10		\$1.9 M	
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\$1

Avg. Residential

Increase From

		- 1	\$76		\$15.1 M
	Protective Services		\$26		\$5.2 M
П	Police (Submitted at 3.3%)	\$15		\$3.0 M	
	Fire (Submitted at 4%)	\$11		\$2.2 M	
	Capital Financing		\$24		\$4.7 M
	Pay As You Go	\$14		\$2.8 M	
	Debt Servicing	\$10		\$1.9 M	
	Corp. Contingencies (Tax Write-Offs, Legal, Personnel)		\$18		\$3.7 M
	Land Ambulance (Submitted at 8%)		\$4		\$0.9 M
	London Transit Commission (Submitted at 2.4%)		\$3		\$0.6 M
	London Public Library (Submitted at 1.8%)		\$2		\$0.3 M
	London Middlesex Housing Corporation (Submitted at 2.7%)		\$1		\$0.2 M
	Conservation Authorities		\$1		\$0.1 M
	Ontario Works (-10.9% due to Provincial Uploading) Reduced Reliance On Stabilization Reserve	\$(13) \$9	\$(4)	\$(2.6) M \$1.7 M	\$(0.9) M

Remaining Service Areas.....

\$0.3 M

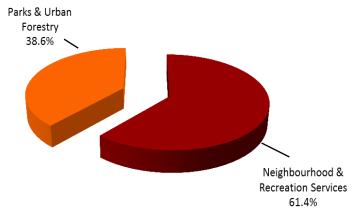


Service Program Overview

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services



2014 Requested Budget Breakdown



The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services is \$30.0 million representing a \$0.2 million or 0.8% increase from rates and \$1.0 million increase in cost associated with servicing an expanding/growing City.

Approximately 6% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services.

*Neighbourhood & Recreation Services

- Aquatics
- Arenas
- •Children's Services
- Community Centres
- •Community Development & Funding
- •Community Recreation & Leisure Programming
- Golf
- •Special Events Coordination
- •Sports Services
- •Storybook Gardens
- Recreation Administration

❖Parks & Urban Forestry

- Parks & Horticulture
- Parks & Natural Areas Planning and Design
- •Urban Forestry

Budget 2014

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services Budget Story Highlights



- Efficiency measures initiated include, wage and benefit adjustments and a variety of purchased services such as janitorial, snow removal and ESA management were re-scoped or negotiated to reduce cost while maintaining basic service.
- Delaying broader implementation of the neighbourhood hub initiative and the increased community centre access initiative have avoided these new costs.
- A variety of user fees have been increased as well as the development of expanded revenue streams necessary to maintain existing service levels.

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services Pressure Points



- Rising costs of fuel, utility costs, fertilizers and aggregates
- Continued increase in demand for recreation subsidy
- Budget pressures have been managed through a combined approach of cost containment and revenue generation (user fees and maximizing non-tax supported sources of funding).
- Existing levels of service are being maintained.
 - No expansion of service is contemplated at this time.

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown

5	
	London

	NET BUDGET (\$000's)						
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	% Increase	From Assessment	
	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates	From Rates	Growth	
Neighbourhood & Rec. Services	18,088	18,422	335	(71)	(0.4%)	406	
Parks & Urban Forestry	10,632	11,561	929	302	2.8%	627	
Total	28,720	29,983	1,264	231	0.8%	1,033	

- ➤ The administrative target for the Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services Program was 0.7%.
- ➤ The submitted 2014 budget supports 489.5 full-time equivalents, a 0.4 decrease over 2013.
- ➤ Eight (8) business cases have been submitted in the 2014 budget for Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services .

Budget 2014

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services 🎉



- **Decision Point 1** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: service changes and capital cuts)
 - Case 4: Reduction to the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority contract related to the management of the City's environmentally significant areas of (\$72k). (reference page 205)



Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category A:

- **Case 18:** A Community Centre to service Southwest London is expected to begin construction in 2014, with the opening of the facility scheduled for 2016. Funding is to support a recreation supervisor to adequately plan and coordinate for the facility opening and to be responsible for managing the building and daily operations once the facility is open. +\$89k (reference page 243)
- Case 19: Funding is required to service capital park improvements and new sports fields added through growth from Hazelden (1), Riverbend (2) and Meadowgate (2) areas. +\$234k (reference page 245)
- Case 20: Additional resources are required to service new parks, the Thames Valley Parkway (TVP) and horticultural features acquired through growth of 16 new parks totalling approximately 36 hectares.+\$418k (reference page 246)

Budget 2014

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category A:

- **Case 21:** As the City grows, we continue to acquire more lands, approximately 105 hectares, for traditional parks, new "urban" parks and natural areas. Upon acquisition, each area requires planning, design and construction of amenities. Additional resources are required to support this process. +\$36k (reference page 247)
- **Case 22:** Increase of approximately 2,075 trees, 1,485 for new subdivisions, 339 for new parks and 251 for community planting. +\$28k (reference page 249)

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services 🎉



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category B:

- Case 36: A project coordinator is required to manage the Age Friendly London Network, established in May 2013, in response to the growth in population and changing demographics for the number of people over the age of 65. +\$82k (reference page 267)
- Case 37: Additional resources are required to service roadside maintenance acquired through growth since 2006, approximately 216 km of lanes. There has been an incremental increase of urban landscape with curb, ditches and sidewalks that require increased urban maintenance practices when compared to previous rural roadside maintenance practices. +\$146k (reference page 269)

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services Repital Budget Overview

The City of London's capital plan for Parks, Recreation and Neighbourhood Services is \$28.3 Million in 2014 and \$196.2 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 16.1 % of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised 2013	Proposed 2014	Forecast 2015	Forecast 2016	Forecast 2017	Forecast 2018	Forecast 2019-2023
Classification	2010	-0-1					
Lifecycle	8,266	7,834	7,815	9,428	9,278	8,975	49,835
Growth	11,062	20,351	13,437	12,754	10,883	18,330	19,005
Service Improvements	500	75	2,375	2,250	200	325	3,000
Total	19,828	28,260	23,627	24,432	20,361	27,630	71,840

Source of Financing							
Capital Levy	4,063	5,297	4,567	7,854	6,709	6,796	45,068
Reserve Funds	731	1,711	3,270	296	296	289	2,160
Debt	10,000	12,939	11,081	11,778	8,257	14,447	7,945
Other	362	415	415	65	465	465	2,325
Non Rate Supported	4,672	7,898	4,294	4,439	4,634	5,633	14,342
Total	19,828	28,260	23,627	24,432	20,361	27,630	71,840

<u>Parks, Recreation &</u> <u>Neighbourhood Services Major</u> <u>Projects</u>

- ✓ New Multi-purpose Recreation Centre – Southwest Construction (\$18.4 Million)
- ✓ New Multi-purpose Recreation Centre – East Southeast (\$40.3 Million)
- ✓ Various Tree Planting and Woodland Management Programs (\$11.5 Million)
- ✓ Recreation Facilities Lifecycle Renewal Program (\$35.7 Million)



Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services 20 Year Capital Highlights

Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Neighbourhood & Recreation - Lifecycle		
RC2445 Senior Centres Lifecycle Repairs	110	1,940
Update Security Systems and Customer Service Systems		750
RC2201-14 Recreation Facilities Lifecycle Repairs	3,946	31,746
RC2881-14 Golf Courses Lifecycle Program	150	2,550
Total Neighbourhood & Recreation - Lifecycle	4,206	36,986
Neighbourhood & Recreation - Growth		
RC2755 Southwest Multi Purpose Rec Ctr (final year of \$40.4 M total project)	18,381	
RC2756 East/Southeast Multi Purpose Rec Centre Aquatics Anchored		16,547
RC2758 East/Southeast Multi Purpose Rec Centre Arena Anchored		23,737
Other Neighbourhood & Recreation Growth	400	2,100
Total Neighbourhood & Recreation - Growth	18,781	42,384
Neighbourhood & Recreation - Service Improvement		
Farquharson, Glen Cairn and Silverwoods Arena Improvements		6,250
Total Neighbourhood & Recreation - Service Improvement	-	6,250
Total Neighbourhood & Recreation	22,987	85,620



Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services 10 Year Capital Highlights (Continued)



Parks & Urban Forestry - Lifecycle	2014	2015-2023
PD2044 Management of Emerald Ash	400	5,200
Maintain District, Neighbourhood and Urban Parks	1,050	16,000
Downtown and Street Tree Planting Program	485	4,365
PD2063-14 Maintain Open Space Network	220	1,980
PD2135-14 Maintain Thames Valley Pathway	400	3,600
PD2173-14 Maintain Sportspark	150	1,200
PD2243-14 Maintain Environmentally Significant Areas	200	1,800
PD2754-14 Woodlot Management	150	950
RC2464-14 Multi-Use Park Pathway Lifecycle	250	3,250
RC2749-14 Park Facilities Major Upgrades	160	6,050
TS3093-14 Parks Major Upgrades	163	3,950
Total Parks & Urban Forestry - Lifecycle	3,628	48,345

Parks, Recreation & Neighbourhood Services 10 Year Capital Highlights (Continued)

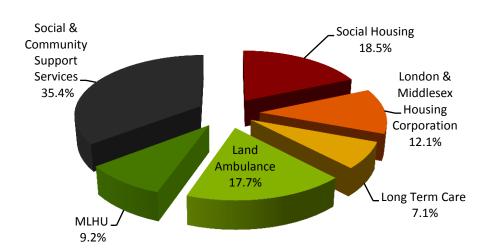


Parks & Urban Forestry - Growth	2014	2015-2023
Various New Parks	1,570	32,025
Total Parks & Urban Forestry - Growth	1,570	32,025
Parks & Urban Forestry - Service Improvement		
PD1142 Enhanced Veterans Memorial Parkway	75	100
PP2014 Floodplain Acquisition		1,800
Total Parks & Urban Forestry - Service Improvement	75	1,900
Total Parks & Urban Forestry	5,273	82,270
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION & NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES	28,260	167,890

Social & Health Services



2014 Requested Budget Breakdown



The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Social and Health Services is \$66.3 million representing a \$1.9 million or 2.9% decrease from rates.

➤ Approximately 13% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Social & Health Services operations.

❖ Housing

- Affordable Housing Planning & Funding
- Social Housing Administration
- London & Middlesex Housing Corporation
- Long Term Care
 - Adult Day Programs
 - Long Term Care (Dearness Home)
 - Homemakers
- Primary Health Care Services
 - Land Ambulance
 - Middlesex-London Health Unit
- ❖ Social & Community Support Services
 - Homeless Prevention
 - Mental Health and Addictions
 - Immigration Services
 - Subsidized Transit
 - Ontario Works Programs

Budget 2014

Social & Health ServicesBudget Story Highlights



- Ontario Works Programs: Upload to the province of the municipal share of Ontario Works Financial & Employment Assistance costs which commenced in 2010 and completes in 2018 has assisted the entire Corporation in meeting corporate budget targets.
- Long Term Care: The Dearness Home has incorporated a contract with Extendicare Assist Inc. into their budget to provide management consulting services and an Administrator.
- Middlesex-London Health Unit: As part of a PricewaterhouseCoopers review conducted in 2013, the Middlesex London Health Unit is redesigning its budget process to integrate program planning and budget processes. The new integrated process will better align scarce resources with desired health outcomes and strategic priorities, improving performance management and enhancing Board of Health oversight.

Social & Health Services Budget Story Highlights



- Social Housing Administration: In 2013, Social Housing administration was able to mitigate an estimated 1.5% rate increase in Housing provider subsidies as per provincially legislated benchmarks by implementing an enhanced monitoring process (approximately \$600,000 savings).
- London and Middlesex Housing Corporation:

 - With assistance from Pricewaterhouse Coopers and the City of London, LMHC conducted a review of the organization's purchasing and cost-sharing opportunities. LMHS successfully incorporated several favourable adjustments to reflect anticipated spending into the 2014 budget as well as implemented cost containment and expenditure control (over \$500,000 in savings).

Social & Health Services Pressure Points



- Ontario Works Programs: The 2014 budget target for Ontario Works was based on previous long term financial forecasts where a 500 case decrease had been anticipated for 2014.
 - In 2013, London's economy did not recover from the recession as predicted. Economic growth has been sluggish, with GDP increasing less than 2% in the last 2 years, underperforming the rest of the Province. Ontario Works caseload trends generally lag economic and employment growth. Consequently, the 2013 Ontario Works caseload trend is not decreasing as earlier predicted.
 - To accommodate the 2014 corporate budget target without the caseload reduction of 500 cases as anticipated, the full potential case cost impact that was forecasted with respect to the 2013 Provincial budget changes effective October 2013 was not included. There is some risk of over-expenditure in the operating budget.

Social & Health Services Pressure Points



- Long Term Care: Long Term Care attained budget targets through reduction in labour costs and increases in Ministry of Health and Long Term Care revenue and user fees. Ministry revenue in the 2014 budget is an estimate based on current level of care funding and 2014 funding levels will not be known until early in 2014. Outcomes of outstanding collective agreements may also present budget pressures in 2014.
- The South West Local Health Integration Network (SWLHIN) is implementing a consistent service delivery and financial model in Adult Days Programs across the SWLHIN to ensure a minimum, consistent service delivery model and standardized user fees. The impact of these changes were unknown at budget preparation time and are not reflected in the 2014 budget, however these changes will create service and financial pressures for the Dearness Home Adult Day Program going forward.

Social & Health Services Pressure Points



- **Tondon and Middlesex Housing Corporation:** LMHC has cost pressures in property taxes due to increase MPAC / property assessments; the 2014 budget increase is higher than the corporate budget target.
- Land Ambulance: Increased service levels implemented in 2013 were funded through a one −time drawdown of the Middlesex-London EMS reserves in the 2013 budget to meet budget targets. The flow through cost from the increased service levels have placed additional pressure on the 2014 Budget.
 - The system continues to experience periods of high call demands that at times is in excess of available resources.

Social & Health Services 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)						
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net Increase	From Rates	% Increase From Rates	From Assessment	
	REVISED	REQUESTED				Growth	
Social Housing	12,586	12,278	(307)	(307)	(2.4%)	-	
London & Middlesex Housing Corp.	7,837	8,052	215	215	2.7%	-	
Long Term Care	4,835	4,722	(113)	(113)	(2.3%)	-	
Land Ambulance	10,847	11,712	865	865	8.0%	-	
Middlesex-London Health Unit	6,095	6,095	-	-	0.0%	-	
Social & Community Support Services	26,031	23,417	(2,614)	(2,614)	(10.0%)	-	
Total	68,231	66,276	(1,954)	(1,954)	(2.9%)	-	

- > The administrative target for the Social and Health Services Program was -4.3%.
- ➤ The submitted 2014 budget supports 1,057.5 full-time equivalents, a 4.6 increase over 2013 excluding the impact of an expanding city.
- ➤ No business cases have been submitted in the 2014 budget for Social & Health Services.



Social & Health Services



- **Decision Point 1** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: service changes and capital cuts)
- **Decision Point 2** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

No business cases submitted



Budget 2014

Social & Health Services Capital Budget Overview



The City of London's capital plan for Social and Health Services is \$2.6 Million in 2014 and \$26.3 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 2.2% of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised	Proposed	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019-2023
Classification							
Lifecycle	2,458	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,708	13,190
Growth	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Service Improvements	607	-	ı	ı	ı	-	-
Total	3,065	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,708	13,190

Source of Financing							
Reserve Funds	3,065	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,708	13,190
Total	3,065	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,608	2,708	13,190

<u>Social and Health</u> <u>Services Major Projects</u>

- ✓ Dearness Home Lifecycle Renewal Program (\$4.3 Million)
- ✓ Public housing program (\$22.1 Million)

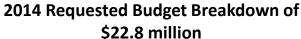
Social & Health Services 10 Capital Highlights

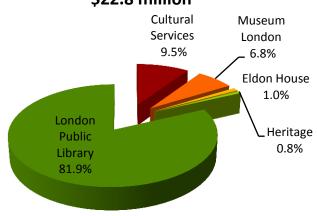


Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Social & Health Services - Lifecycle		
PD2618-14 Public Housing Upgrades	2,208	19,872
GG1620-14 Dearness Major Upgrades	400	3,850
Total Social & Health Services - Lifecycle	2,608	23,722
TOTAL SOCIAL & HEALTH SERVICES	2,608	23,722

Culture







Cultural Services

- Centennial Hall
- Arts, Culture and Heritage Advisory and Funding
- Museum London
- Eldon House
- Heritage
 - Heritage Services
- ❖ London Public Library
 - London Public Library

The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Culture is \$22.8 million representing a \$0.4 million or 1.9% increase from rates and \$0.1 million increase in cost associated with servicing an expanding/growing City.

> Approximately 5% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Culture operations.

Budget 2014

CultureBudget Story Highlights



- **Centennial Hall:** User fee rate increases such as hall, banquet, and building rentals have assisted in mitigating increases in operational expenditures that are over and above the rate of inflation.
- Arts, Culture & Heritage Advisory and Funding: Multi-year agreements with the London Arts Council and London Heritage Council were negotiated back in 2011 to assist keeping budgetary pressures below the rate of inflation, noting that grant funding has remained at 2011 levels as well.
- Museum London: In 2010, 2011, and 2013, Museum London received no increase in funding from the City. However in 2012, Museum London received a 1.5% increase which was consistent with the Municipal Council Budget Target.

CultureBudget Story Highlights



- **Eldon House:** Successful new exhibits, expanded programming, special events and celebrations have increased donations/other revenue by close to 20% in 2013.
- Heritage: The number of properties that are now designated by virtue of being included within Heritage Conservation Districts has grown to 3,400 properties in 2013; all of this is addressed by one Heritage Planner the same staff compliment over the past 20 years.
- **The Library continually reviews its business operations and undertook several large scope audits in 2013 that will be implemented over 2-3 years:**
 - Ameresco conducted an Energy Audit, Asset Review, and Component Evaluation
 - PwC value for money audit to identify revenue opportunities as well as a further request to examine the Central Library Service Delivery model.

CulturePressure Points



- Museum London: Anticipated increases in the cost of energy is predominantly driving the 2014 increase in the submitted 2014 budget.
- Eldon House: As evidenced throughout the first 8 months of 2013, as expected, synergies are lost as no longer under Museum London umbrella.
- Heritage: Increased interest in heritage preservation, and the increased number of properties that are now subject to review when changes or alterations are contemplated means that this service will have an increasing profile. This increase in the number of properties that will be subject to review and Heritage Alteration Permits will also place increasing demands on this service.

CulturePressure Points



— Library:

- Challenging economic times are generating increased demand for the diverse services that the Library provides.
- Public use of technology services has grown exponentially due to:
 - demand for electronic resources such as e-books,
 - the need for staff assistance with the technology,
 - rapid growth in wireless use,
 - an improved library catalogue,
 - improved access to content databases, and
 - internet access that is economically out of reach for a segment of our community for information and communication.

Culture2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)							
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	% Increase	From Assessment		
	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates	From Rates	Growth		
Centennial Hall	100	101	1	1	0.7%	-		
Arts, Culture & Heritage Adv. & Funding	2,069	2,071	2	2	0.1%	-		
Museum London	1,512	1,550	38	38	2.5%	-		
Eldon House	173	232	59	59	34.0%	-		
Heritage	96	182	86	1	1.8%	85		
London Public Library	18,388	18,713	325	325	1.8%	-		
Total	22,338	22,849	511	426	1.9%	85		

- The Administrative Budget Target for Culture was 0.6%.
- ➤ The submitted 2014 budget supports 263 full-time equivalents, a 1.1 increase over 2013 excluding the impact of an expanding city.
- Two (2) business cases have been submitted in the 2014 budget for Culture Services.

Budget 2014

Culture



- **Decision Point 1** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: service changes and capital cuts)
 - **Case 5:** Eldon House has identified the need for a fulltime curator devoted to conserving, researching, interpreting, promoting and exhibiting its unique Harris family collection. This would increase the property tax requirement by \$59 thousand. (reference page 207)





Recap of Eldon House Stewardship

- Located in the heart of the city overlooking the historic Forks of the Thames, Eldon House is London's oldest home.
- In September, 1834, founding residents John and Amelia Harris moved into Eldon House with their 8 children.
- Between 1834 and 1959, four generations of the Harris family lived at Eldon House, where it remained virtually unchanged from the 19th century.
- On January 1, 1961, Eldon House was gifted to the City of London as a heritage museum.

Recap of Eldon House Stewardship

- Prior to 1989, Eldon House was managed by the London Public Library, and later, the City contracted Museum London.
- In 2012, Council passed a procedural by-law (A-6825-162) to establish separate governance of Eldon House and appointed five community members to its Board of Directors.
- Effective January 1, 2013, the Eldon House Board of Directors assumed stewardship of the heritage museum, beginning with the development of its first-ever strategic plan.
- As an immediate strategic goal for the museum, Eldon House identified the pivotal need for a curator.

Eldon House Business Plan

Every museum needs a curator!

This role is responsible for a museum's collection, research and conservation.

Eldon House Business Plan

Without a curator, Eldon House fails to actualize its potential as an historic site or meet museum standards for many heritage funding programs.

10 Standards for Community Museums in Ontario

(Receiving a Community Museum Operating Grant - CMOG)

1. Governance

6. Collection

2. Finance

7. Research

3. Physical Plant

8. Conservation

4. Human Resources

9. Exhibition

5. Community

10. Interpretation and Education

Eldon House Responsibilities as a Museum

Responsibility	Community Museum Standard					
Board of Directors *	Governance *					
	Finance *					
Administration *	Physical Plant *					
	Human Resources *					
Board and Staff *	Community *					
Curator *	Collection *					
	Research *					
	Conservation *					
Programming	Exhibition					
	Interpretation and Education					
* Services which were formerly the responsibility of Museum London						

Eldon House Business Plan

With a curator, Eldon House

- actualizes its potential as an historic site
- creates a new fulltime job for London
- supports London's economic development
- leverages the City's Cultural Prosperity Plan
- ensures museum standards for heritage funding

All possible with a service change of \$59,000

Eldon House 2014 Budget (\$000's)

Expenses	296	Increase (Decrease)
Personnel (incl. benefits)	201	Curator 59
Exhibits & Programming	14	
Facilities Maintenance	54	
General, Admin & Other	27	
_		
Revenue	64	
Revenue	32	
Govt Grants / Subsidies	32	
Total	232	

Eldon House 2014 Budget Recommendation

That London City Council approve the creation of an

Eldon House curator,

thereby investing in the future of London's oldest home on the occasion of its 180th anniversary.

1834-2014

Culture



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category B:

Case 31: New Heritage Conservation Districts of Old South, Downtown London and Petersville will be added. This represents growth of 2,100 newly designated heritage properties and a Heritage Planner will be required to service these areas, \$85k. (reference page 260)

NO ACTION

Budget 2014

Culture Capital Budget Overview



The City of London's capital plan for Culture Services is \$1.5 Million in 2014 and \$22.7 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 1.9% of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised	Proposed	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019-2023
Classification							
Lifecycle	1,327	1,537	2,647	1,537	1,547	1,537	7,715
Growth	-	-	-	3,100	-	-	3,100
Service Improvements	100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,427	1,537	2,647	4,637	1,547	1,537	10,815
Source of Financing							
Capital Levy	1,047	1,137	2,247	1,137	1,147	1,137	5,715
Reserve Funds	380	400	400	400	400	400	2,000
Debt	-	-	-	1,030	-	-	609
Non Rate Supported				2,070			2,491
Total	1,427	1,537	2,647	4,637	1,547	1,537	10,815

Culture Major Projects

- ✓ Municipally Owned Heritage Building Lifecycle renewal Program (\$4.7 million)
- ✓ Centennial Hall Lifecycle renewal Program (\$2.5 million)
- ✓ Museum London Lifecycle Program (\$4.5 million)
- ✓ Northwest Branch Library 2019 (\$3.1 million)
- ✓ Southeast Branch Library 2016 (\$3.1 million)

Culture – 10 Year Capital Highlights

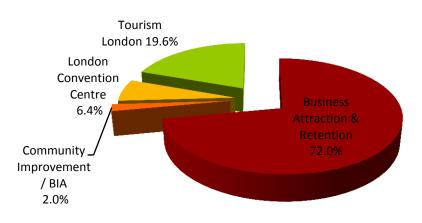


Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Cultural Services - Lifecycle		
GG1841-14 Museum London Repairs	340	4,210
TS6186-14 Centennial Hall Repairs	250	2,250
Total Cultural Services	590	6,460
Heritage - Lifecycle		
PD2154 Heritage Conservation	75	675
PD2324-14 Municipally Owned Heritage Buildings	472	4,248
Total Heritage	547	4,923
Libraries - Lifecycle		
RC3341 Integrated Library System	250	2,250
RC3533 Branch Facilities Maintenance	50	450
RC3540 Facility Renewal Plan	100	900
Total Cultural Services - Lifecycle	400	3,600
Libraries - Growth		
RC3464 Northwest Branch Library		3,100
RC3466 Southeast Branch Library		3,100
Total Libraries - Growth	-	6,200
Total Libraries	400	9,800
TOTAL CULTURAL SERVICES	1,537	21,183
TOTAL COLTORAL SERVICES		

Economic Prosperity



2014 Requested Budget Breakdown



❖ Economic Development

- Business Attraction & Retention
- Community Improvement / Business Improvement Areas (BIA)
- London Convention Centre
- Tourism London
- Covent Garden Market

The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Economic Prosperity is \$9.4 million representing a \$0.1 million or 0.6% decrease from rates.

Approximately 2% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Economic Prosperity operations.
Budget

Economic ProsperityBudget Story Highlights



- Business Attraction & Retention: To mitigate year over year increases,
 multi-year agreements have been negotiated with the London Economic
 Development Corporation, the Small Business Centre, and Tech Alliance.
- Community Improvement/BIA: Through the Community Projects
 Coordinator, the city engaged volunteer and financial contributions in
 excess of \$0.5M per year, over the past 3 years, to deliver a variety of
 community projects.
 - In 2011, alone, over \$850,000 of value was generated.
 - Municipal expenditure leveraged community project value at a ratio of 7:1 in 2012.
 - Engaged the London Downtown Business Association and the Old East Village BIA to serve as a promoter and front-end resource for those seeking City of London incentives thereby reducing time resource requirements within the service.

Economic ProsperityBudget Story Highlights



- London Convention Centre: Increased competition has led to a shift in the revenue composition, thereby requiring the LCC to investigate alternative revenue sources and cost containment strategies to maximize operating results. Operational expenditure pressures to date have been offset by growth in these revenues.
- Tourism London: Absorbed inflationary pressures in order to meet Municipal Council budget targets, and where necessary took strategic budget reductions; elimination of double decker bus tour (2013) and reduced marketing & advertising (2011) where necessary.
- **Covent Garden Market:** Lighting in both parking garages and in the upper market have been replaced with energy efficient fixtures to reduce energy costs (will avoid approximately \$26,000 in electricity costs annually).

 Budget

Economic Prosperity Pressure Points



- Community Improvement/BIA: Increasingly challenging to hit budget targets without impacting service as this area is mainly made up of personnel costs.
- London Convention Centre: The convention marketplace in Ontario is extremely competitive. The London Convention Centre, a 20 year old facility, competes regularly with Windsor and Hamilton convention facilities but most often with large convention hotels in Toronto.
 - Note, in 2012, the new Ottawa Convention Centre re-opened and the Scotiabank Centre in Niagara Falls entered the market. Additionally, Chatham opened a new facility in 2011 with a focus on regional groups.

Economic ProsperityPressure Points



- **Tourism London:** Economic uncertainties, high gasoline prices, passport requirements to enter from the United States, newly constructed convention centres and aging sport facilities no longer meeting International Competition Standards will add to the challenges facing Tourism London over the next few years.
- **Covent Garden Market:** Contractual and inflationary impacts are being experienced within all programs.

Economic Prosperity 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)							
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From Rates	%Increase From Rates	From		
	REVISED REQUESTE	REQUESTED	Increase			Assessment Growth		
Business Attraction & Retention	6,790	6,792	2	2	0.0%	-		
Community Improvement / BIA	258	191	(67)	(67)	(26.0%)	-		
London Convention Centre	600	600	-	-	0.0%	-		
Tourism London	1,832	1,845	13	13	0.7%	-		
Covent Garden Market	-	-	-	-	0.0%	-		
Total	9,480	9,428	(52)	(52)	(0.6%)	_		

- The Administrative Budget Target for Economic Prosperity was 0.7%.
- The submitted 2014 budget supports 115 full-time equivalents, a 2.5 increase over 2013.
- Two (2) business cases have been submitted in the 2014 budget for Economic Prosperity.
 Budget

Economic Prosperity



- **Decision Point 1** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: service changes and capital cuts)
 - Case 1: The elimination of all direct City funding to the Downtown London Business Improvement Area resulting in a reduction to the property tax levy of \$53 thousand. (reference page 198)
 - Case 2: A \$1 million elimination to the planned increased contribution to the Economic Development Reserve Fund. (reference page 200)



Budget 2014

Economic Prosperity Capital Budget Overview



The City of London's capital plan for Economic Prosperity is \$3.4 Million in 2014 and \$54.3 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 4.4 % of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised	Proposed	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019-2023
Classification							
Lifecycle	260	1,186	697	244	665	485	4,220
Growth	5,465	-	1,255	5,000	5,000	-	
Service Improvements	4,103	2,200	3,700	9,550	2,550	2,550	15,000
Total	9,828	3,386	5,652	14,794	8,215	3,035	19,220

Source of Financing							
Reserve Funds	3,828	3,386	4,397	8,794			15,820
Debt	6,000	-	-	1,000	3,215	3,035	3,400
Non Rate Supported	-	-	1,255	5,000	5,000	-	-
Total	9,828	3,386	5,652	14,794	8,215	3,035	19,220

Economic Prosperity Major Projects

- ✓ Convention Centre Lifecycle Renewal Program (\$7.5 million)
- ✓ Economic Stimulus Capacity
 Reinvestment 401 Interchanges (\$11.3 million)
- ✓ New Economy Fanshawe College (\$9.5 million)
- ✓ New Economy Digital Media Centre (\$5.2 million)
- ✓ Industrial Land Acquisition, Servicing and Development (\$19.7 million)

Economic Prosperity 10 Year Capital Highlights



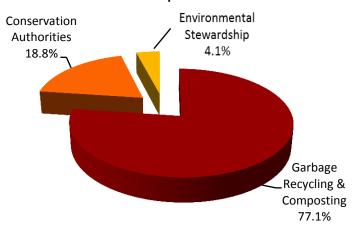
Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Economic Development - Lifecycle		
GG1765-14 Convention Centre Repairs	1,186	6,311
Total Economic Development - Lifecycle	1,186	6,311
Economic Prosperity - Growth	•	
TS1308 Hwy 401 Interchange Projects		11,255
Total Economic Prosperity - Growth	-	11,255
Economic Prosperity - Service Improvement		
ID1145 Future Industrial Land purchase		2,400
ID1168 Innovation Park		850
ID1168-5 Innovation Park-Phase V		8,700
ID1170 Huron Industrial Park		5,500
ID1365 Skyway Park Industrial Park-External Works		2,200
GG1721-6 New Economy-Fanshawe College	1,500	8,000
GG1721-7 Digital Media Centre	700	4,500
GG1721-8 Centre for Life Sciences		1,200
Total Economic Prosperity - Service Improvement	2,200	33,350

TOTAL ECONOMIC PROSPERITY	3,386	50,916

Environmental Services



2014 Requested Budget Breakdown of \$17.1 million



Conservation Authorities

- Kettle Creek Conservation Authority
- Lower Thames Valley Conservation Authority
- Upper Thames River Conservation Authority
- Environmental Stewardship
 - Environmental Action Programs& Reporting
- Garbage, Recycling & Composting
 - Recycling & Composting
 - Garbage Collection & Disposal

The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Environmental Services is \$17.1 million representing a \$0.2 million or 1.1% increase from rates and \$0.5 million increase in cost associated with servicing an expanding/growing City.

Approximately 3% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Environmental Services.

2014

Environmental ServicesBudget Story Highlights



- **Kettle Creek Conservation Authority**: Loss of tree planting contract with Ontario Power Generation. Exploring opportunities to generate additional user fee revenue to reduce the burden on municipalities.
- **→** Lower Thames Valley Conservation Authority:
 - Allocated resources to mission critical areas (e.g. flood forecasting, warning & control and planning requirements) to focus efforts on priority initiatives.
 - Embarked on a thorough organizational review that started in 2013 with the aim of ensuring continuity of critical programs and services, effective and efficient provision of services and future opportunities for alternative service delivery in the hopes of reducing future year budget requests.
- **Upper Thames River Conservation Authority**: Scaled back implementation of \$900k Municipal Levy Investment Plan approved by the Board in 2009 due to requests from municipalities to limit increases.

Environmental ServicesBudget Story Highlights



♂ Garbage, Recycling & Composting:

- Staff Rationalization restructuring initiatives have been undertaken over the years resulting in a "flattened" operation resulting in a reduced complement of 3.0 FTEs.
- Service Rationalization staff have been reviewing a number of services provided to determine the advantages and disadvantages of being in these business areas (e.g., collecting garbage from small commercial properties, providing financial assistance for recycling and composting at special events in Victoria Park, providing services to City services, agencies, boards and commissions, etc.).
- Service Fees and Revenues fees in Solid Waste were reviewed and increased where appropriate to ensure competitive fees were being offered and cost recovery was being maximized.

Environmental ServicesPressure Points



Conservation Authorities:

- Loss of Provincial funding for the planning phase of the Source Water Protection Program.
- Cost pressures driven by inflation and existing employment agreements.

♂ Garbage, Recycling & Composting:

- Delivery of garbage from private haulers into the W12A Landfill was reduced in 2013 and is anticipated to be down for a portion of 2014. This will impact the overall Garbage, Recycling and Composting budget due to the loss of tipping fee revenue.
- Recycling markets have underperformed in 2013; there is the potential for markets to deteriorate further.
- Blue Box funding is expected to be lower in 2014.
- The Provincial Government is currently reviewing legislation dealing with waste diversion (reduction) programs. The outcome and potential new funding arrangement may be in place for 2014.

Environmental Services 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)							
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net Increase	From Rates	% Increase From Rates	From Assessment		
	REVISED	REQUESTED				Growth		
Kettle Creek Conservation Authority	365	393	28	9	2.3%	19		
Lower Thames Valley Cons. Authority	88	93	5	5	5.5%	-		
Upper Thames River Cons. Authority	2,639	2,726	87	87	3.3%	-		
Environmental Stewardship	712	712	-	-	0.0%	-		
Garbage, Recycling & Composting	12,656	13,194	538	79	0.6%	458		
Total	16,460	17,118	658	180	1.1%	477		

- The Administrative Budget Target for Environmental Services was 0.7%
- The submitted 2014 budget supports 253 full-time equivalents, a 0.7 decrease over 2013 excluding the impact of an expanding city.
- Nine (9) business cases have been submitted in the 2014 budget for Environmental Services.

Budget 2014



- **Decision Point 1** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: service changes and capital cuts)
 - Case 3: reduction to the contribution to the Sanitary Landfill Reserve fund as a result of less business garbage going to landfill \$255 k (reference page 202)





Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category A:

- **Case 14:** Fall leaves and yard materials are expected to increase by approximately 300 tonnes (1.5%) from the addition of new homes. \$15k (reference page 239)
- Case 15: Increase in recycling collection of 1,400 curbside stops and 600 multi-residential stops \$58k. (reference page 240)
- Case 16: Increase in garbage collection of 1,400 curbside stops and 600 multi-residential stops \$94k. (reference page 241)



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category A:

Case 17: Increase in waste expected from growth reducing capacity at W12A necessitating an increased contribution to reserve fund. \$21k (reference page 242)

Category B:

- **Case 32:** Reforesting by Kettle Creek Conservation Authority within the City of London. \$19k (reference page 262)
- Case 33: Increase in funding for leaf and yard material management resulting from no new funding since 2009 to accommodate growth in city (2010 & 2012). \$100k (reference page 264)



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category B:

- Case 34: From 2008 − 2012, there were approximately 10,000 households and residential unit stops added to the garbage collection service route, of which approximately 30% was funded from volatile tipping fees. \$60k (reference page 265)
- Case 35: From 2008 2012, there were approximately 10,000 households and residential unit stops added to the recycling collection route, of which approximately 37% was funded from recycling revenue. \$110k (reference page 266)

Environmental Services Capital Budget Overview



The City of London's capital plan for Environmental Services is \$2.7 Million in 2014 and \$81.3 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 6.7 % of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised 2013	Proposed 2014	Forecast 2015	Forecast 2016	Forecast 2017	Forecast 2018	Forecast 2019-2023
Classification							
Lifecycle	4,635	2,585	2,415	4,885	2,175	1,585	16,115
Growth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service Improvements	250	120	-	-	-	220	51,220
Total	4,885	2,705	2,415	4,885	2,175	1,805	67,335
Source of Financing							
Reserve Funds	1,835	1,900	1,600	1,200	1,200	1,200	22,845
Debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000
Other	3,050	805	815	3,685	915	605	31,760
Non Rate Supported	-	-	-	-	60	-	730
Total	4,885	2,705	2,415	4,885	2,175	1,805	67,335

<u>Environmental Services Major</u> <u>Projects</u>

- ✓ Landfill Site Property
 Acquisition (\$13.2 million)
- ✓ Landfill Gas Collection (\$2.4 million)
- ✓ New & Emerging Solid Waste Technologies (\$35 million)
- ✓ W12A New Cell Construction (\$9.8 million)
- ✓ Long Term Disposal Capacity (\$16 million)

Environmental Services 10 Year Capital Highlights

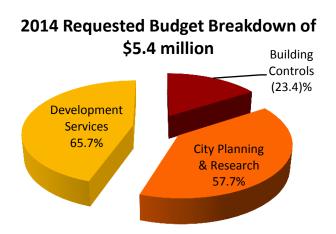


Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Environmental Services - Lifecycle		
SW6030 Landfill Site Property Acquisition	1,900	11,300
SW6051 Municipal Waste Study		400
SW6530 Material Recovery Facility		790
SW6014-14 W12A Ancillary	200	1,950
SW6021-14 W12A New Cell Construction		9,800
SW6025-14 Waste Diversion	60	240
SW6040-14 Landfill Gas Collection	350	2,020
SW6087-14 Closed Landfill Management	75	675
Total Environmental Services - Lifecycle	2,585	27,175
Environmental Services - Service Improvement		
SW6050 New & Emerging Solid Waste Technologies		35,000
SW6052 Additional Sanitary Operations Collection Truck	120	440
SW6080 Long Term Disposal Capacity		16,000
Total Environmental Services - Service Improvement	120	51,440

TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL CERVICES	2 705	78 615
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	2,703	78,013

Planning & Development Services





- Building Controls
 - Building Controls
- City Planning & Research
 - Land Use Planning
- ❖ Development Services
 - Development Services

The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Planning and Development is \$5.4 million representing a \$0.1 million or 2.4% increase from rates and \$0.1 million increase in cost associated with servicing an expanding/growing City.

> Approximately 1% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Planning & Development operations.

Budget 2014

Planning & Development Services Budget Story Highlights



- Building: User fee rate increases in sign and building permit fees have helped to mitigate some cost pressures over the last couple years.
- Land Use Planning: Undertaking a complete re-write of the Official Plan utilizing in-house staff; while Winnipeg and Regina have recently spent in the order of \$3.5M and \$4.5M respectively on their new Plans, our consulting budget relating to this project will be in the order of 10% of that amount.
- Development Services: The new structure aligns planning and engineering staff into multi-disciplinary teams better able to:
 - create consistency in comments,
 - keep each other up to speed on team files,
 - improve ability to manage workload within teams, and
 - build in staffing backups.

Planning & Development Services Pressure Points



— Building:

- All plans examination and inspection staff will need to be re-qualified with respect to the 2012 Ontario Building Code in effect as of January 01, 2014.
- Meeting legislated permit issuance and building inspection timeframes as well as reducing the number of open building permits.

Land Use Planning:

- Tasks assigned have created a work program that has exceeded, for many years, the capacity of the staff complement.
- A significant current pressure point is that all staff are also leading the "ReThink London Program" - a program of several policy analysis components and public consultation events that comprise the statutory comprehensive review of the Official Plan, that will lead to a new 20 yearyear plan for the City of London.
- Increases in office rental and energy rates



Planning & Development Services Pressure Points



- Development Services: The nature of submitted applications and reviews
 of plans for subdivisions, site plans, condominiums, consents, and minor
 variances may be affected over the next five years by Corporate
 initiatives such as:
 - ReThink London,
 - the 2014 Development Charges By-law and associated Growth Management Information Strategy (GMIS),
 - and the final approval of the Southwest Area Plan.

Development Services will be providing input and monitoring these initiatives to ensure that updated policies, guidelines and implementation measures are established which reflect the Corporate position.

Planning & Development Services 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)							
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	% Increase	From		
	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates	From Rates	Assessment Growth		
Building Controls	(1,244)	(1,253)	(9)	(9)	0.7%	-		
City Planning & Research (Land Use Planning)	2,879	3,092	213	128	4.4%	85		
Development Services	3,520	3,523	3	3	0.1%	-		
Total	5,155	5,362	207	122	2.4%	85		

- ➤ The Administrative Budget Target for Planning and Development was 0.7%
 - ✓ Reductions were taken in other areas to offset the 4.4% increase in City Planning & Research.
- ➤ The submitted 2014 budget supports 124.8 full-time equivalents, excluding the impact of an expanding city.
- One (1) business case has been submitted in the 2014 budget for Planning & Development Services.

Budget 2014

Planning & Development Services



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category B:

Case 38: One additional Planner is required to address growth, approximately 1,048 hectares of built land area that has occurred since 1994. \$85k (reference page 270)

Planning & Development Services Capital Budget Overview



The City of London's capital plan for Planning and Development Services is \$0.4 Million in 2014 and \$4.7 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 0.4% of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised	Proposed	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019-2023
Classification							
Lifecycle	230	100	100	100	100	100	500
Growth	374	324	374	374	374	374	1,870
Service Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	604	424	474	474	474	474	2,370

Source of Financing							
Capital Levy	431	238	331	331	331	331	1,655
Reserve Funds	130	100	100	100	100	100	500
Non Rate Supported	43	86	43	43	43	43	215
Total	604	424	474	474	474	474	2,370

<u>Planning and Development</u> <u>Services Major Projects</u>

- ✓ Official Plan Review (\$1 million)
- ✓ Development Charge Study Development (\$0.55 million)
- ✓ Non Growth Contribution to various projects (\$3.1 million)

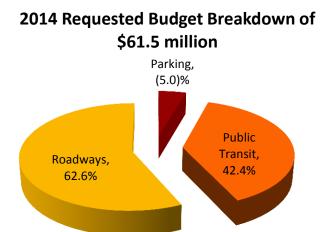
Planning & Development Services 10 Year Capital Highlights



Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Planning & Development - Lifecycle		
PD3023 5-Year Official Plan	100	900
Total Planning & Development - Lifecycle	100	900
Planning & Development - Growth		
GG1034 Development Charges Consulting	100	450
TS1370 Nongrowth Contribution UWRF Works - Minor Roads	224	2,916
Total Planning & Development - Growth	324	3,366

TOTAL PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT 424 4,266





- Parking
 - Parking
- Public Transit
 - Conventional
 - Specialized
- Roadways
 - Roadway Maintenance
 - Roadway Planning & Design
 - Snow Control
 - Traffic Control & Lighting

The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Transportation Services is \$61.5 million representing a \$1.0 million or 1.8% increase from rates and \$4.3 million increase in cost associated with servicing an expanding/growing City.

> Approximately 11% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Transportation operations.

Budget 2014

Transportation ServicesBudget Story Highlights



Parking: Restructuring initiatives undertaken in the last couple years have mitigated some cost pressures along with user fee rate increases and parking ticket fine increases have helped to offset property tax supported expenditure increases.

Transportation ServicesBudget Story Highlights



Roadways:

- Roadway Maintenance: Rationalization of fleet requirement for summer maintenance resulting in the retirement of one flusher truck with savings of \$42,000.
- Snow Control: Change in budget methodology for winter maintenance resulting in budgetary savings of \$188,000. Prior practice was to budget for winter materials and contracted equipment based on a 5 year average of expenditures which has now been changed to a 3 year average.
- Traffic Control & Street Lighting: Street light relamping initiative
 where we have switched from a 4 year replacement cycle to a 5 year
 replacement cycle at no additional cost

Transportation Services Pressure Points



Parking:

- Increased maintenance on individual meters and older master meters is causing disruptions leading to loss of revenue and customer frustration and dissatisfaction. Working to install new machines and provide better service
- Over 20 new properties added to the Private Property Enforcement Program (PPEP) in 2013 totalling over 200 private properties to provide enforcement

Transportation Services Pressure Points



Roadways:

- Roadway Maintenance/Snow Control: The delivery of these services are experiencing rising costs, such as fuel while at the same time facing tighter budget targets. The amount of required service for Roadway Maintenance is based on infrastructure condition whereas with Snow Control the amount of service is uncontrollable given the variability associated with weather event frequency, duration and amount of snow.
- Transportation Planning & Design: Maintaining the condition of the transportation network is challenging at constrained funding levels.
 Increased life cycle funding is required to keep the network efficient and safe. Cost effective implementation of capital programs including in-house design and administration where possible.

Transportation Services Pressure Points



Roadways:

• Traffic Control & Street Lighting: Street light energy costs (volume and unit prices) continue to increase significantly each year (7.6% in 2013).

Transportation Services 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)							
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	%Increase From Rates	From Assessment		
	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates		Growth		
Parking	(3,071)	(3,093)	(23)	(23)	0.7%	-		
Public Transit (LTC)	25,495	26,096	601	601	2.4%	-		
Roadways	33,778	38,498	4,720	440	1.3%	4,280		
Total	56,202	61,501	5,298	1,018	1.8%	4,280		

- The Administrative Budget Target for Transportation Services was 0.7%.
- The submitted 2014 budget supports 769.8 full-time equivalents, an increase of 7.0 excluding the impact of an expanding city.
- ➤ Eight (8) business cases have been submitted in the 2014 budget for Transportation Services.

Budget 2014



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category A:

- **Case 23:** Since 2006, there has been an increase of 92.5 km of lanes to be patrolled. The increases in operating costs are offset by ticket revenue. (Estimated expenditure \$45,000, estimated revenue \$45,000). (reference page 250)
- Case 24: Funding of \$ 291k is required to service the increase of 60 km of road and 42 km of sidewalk from assumed subdivisions, warranted sidewalk program, walkways, ditches, boulevards, downtown maintenance and roadside maintenance. (reference page 252)
- Case 25: Funding of \$181k is required to service the increase of 60 km road and 42 km of sidewalk from assumed subdivisions, warranted sidewalk program and road widening. Additional funding is required to provide winter control services to those areas. (reference page 253)

 Budget

014



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category A:

- Case 26: Funding of \$335k is required for patrolling services to handle infrastructure growth for the City and to comply with the Minimum Maintenance Standards (MMS) prescribed by Council resolution in April 2003 and subsequent updates. In October 2013, Civic Works Committee approved funding from available assessment growth for this initiative, subject to final budget approval. (reference page 254)
- Case 27: Funding of \$ 145k is requested for maintenance and energy costs of street lights added to accommodate growth from new subdivision streets, approximately 854 new street lights. (reference page 255)



- **Decision Point 2** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)
 - Case 28: Funding of \$30k is required for maintenance and energy costs of traffic lights added to accommodate growth from new subdivision streets, approximately 5 traffic signals. (reference page 256)
 - with the growing asset base for added road kms due to growth which was identified in the Transportation Infrastructure Gap Report and Transportation Master Plan. London's transportation network has grown by 100 lane kms over the past 5 years. This request would enable approx. 6 lane km of roads/year as well as additional periodic bridge rehabilitation. (reference page 257)



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category B:

Case 40: Funding requested of \$ 2.0 million for costs associated with growth infrastructure requirements as identified in the Transportation Infrastructure Gap Report and Transportation Master Plan. Amount requested for Environmental Assessment (EA) to address Rapid Transit noting that Council requested this be included in 2014 budget for Council consideration. (reference page 274)

Transportation Services Capital Budget Overview



The City of London's capital plan for Transportation Services is \$57.6 Million in 2014 and \$664.6 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 54.4% of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised	Proposed	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019-2023
Classification							
Lifecycle	22,806	28,913	31,999	38,460	36,373	36,521	192,270
Growth	27,918	26,540	33,195	31,606	8,831	18,779	150,397
Service Improvements	1,747	2,164	3,573	5,133	9,258	2,608	7,995
Total	52,471	57,617	68,767	75,199	54,462	57,908	350,662
Source of Financing							
Capital Levy	7,725	10,337	12,885	15,664	19,364	20,487	123,685
Reserve Funds	-	2,329	2,921	1,093	251	264	2,241
Debt	9,888	10,073	14,400	19,242	14,100	9,700	44,589
Other	12,058	13,949	12,919	13,628	13,840	13,361	66,425
Non Rate Supported	22,800	20,929	25,642	25,572	6,907	14,096	113,722
Total	52,471	57,617	68,767	75,199	54,462	57,908	350,662

<u>Transportation Services Major</u> <u>Projects</u>

- ✓ Fanshawe Rd E Widening Phase I Fanshawe/ Highbury Intersection (\$13.2 million)
- ✓ Hyde Park Widening Phase I & II (\$30.7 million)
- ✓ Commissioners Rd Widening Wonderland to Viscount (\$10.8 million)
- ✓ Future road widening and new initiatives (\$198.0 million)
- ✓ Western Road and Philip Aziz (\$9.8 million)
- ✓ *Bike Lanes (\$1.1 million)*
- ✓ Transit system investment (\$98.1 million)

Transportation Services 10 Year Capital Highlights



Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Total Parking (ie. Pay&Display and Parking Lot Rehabilitation)	225	1,268

Roadways - Lifecycle		
TS1446-14 Road Rehab-Main Life Cycle Renewal	7,300	108,158
TS1763-14 Bridge Rehab Life Cycle Renewal	1,800	22,600
TS3014-14 Road Rehab - Local and Rural	4,000	53,800
TS4067-14 Traffic Signal Maintenance Program	2,108	21,979
TS5123-14 Street Light Maintenance Program	1,000	30,186
TS3037-14 Lifecycle Sidewalk Repair & Replacement	1,200	10,800
Miscellaneous Roadways Lifecycle	4,695	16,560
Total Roadways - Lifecycle	22,103	264,083
TS1355 Wharncliffe Rd Widening-Becher Street to Springbank Dr	400	10,081
TS1470 Commissioners Rd Widening (Wonderland Rd to Viscount Rd)	500	10,300
TS1478 Huron Widening (Adelaide St to Vesta Road)		12,796
TS1487 Southdale Widening (Wellington to Pond Mills Rd)		20,813
TS1489 Western Road Widening (Platts Lane to Oxford St)		15,903
TS1475-2 Fanshawe Rd E Widening (Fanshawe/Highbury Intersection)	1,150	12,100
TS1477 Hyde Park Widening Ph I & II (Oxford to Fanshawe)	18,300	12,405
TS1479-1 Bradley Ave Widening Phase I (Dearness Dr to Pond Mills)		20,035
TS1481 Wellington Rd Widening (Commissioners to Exeter Rd)	950	14,150
Miscellaneous Roadway Items	4,340	11,985
TS1484 Sarnia Road Widening (Wonderland to Sleightholme)	700	7,310
TS2171 Old Victoria Rd Upgrade (Hamilton Rd to Hwy 401)	200	8,051
Future Road Widenings	900	99,840
Total Roadways - Growth	26,540	240,408

Transportation Services 10 Year Capital Highlights



Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
TS1136 Western Rd & Philip Aziz Ave Improvements	250	9,550
Other Roadways - Service Improvements	350	1,730
Total Roadways - Service Improvement	600	11,280
Total Roadways	49,243	515,771
Public Transit		
MU1044-14 Bus Purchase Replacement Program (Lifecycle)	6,010	65,272
Expansion Vehicles (Service Improvement)	1,439	16,787
Other Public Transit	700	7,900
Total Public Transit	8,149	89,959
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	57,617	606,998

Corporate, Operational, & Council Services



Corporate Services

- Asset Management
- Dispatch
- Energy Conservation
- Facilities
- Fleet Management
- Graphics, Surveying & Technical Services
- Human Resources
- Legal Services
- Payroll
- Purchasing
- Realty Services
- Risk Management
- Information Technology Services
- Corporate Planning & Corporate Administration
 - Corporate Management
 - Government Liaison
 - Information & Archive

Council Services

- Advisory Committee
- Audit
- Councillor's Office
- Mayor's Office
- Municipal Elections
- Secretariat Support (City Clerk)

❖ Financial Management

- Corporate Finance
- Finance
- Corporate Investments & Partnerships

❖ Public Support Services

- Administration of Justice
- Taxation
- Communications
- Customer Relations
- Licensing & Certificates
- Cafeteria

Corporate, Operational, & Council Services



The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Corporate, Operational and Council Services is \$136.5 million representing a \$9.9 million or 7.9% increase from rates and \$0.4 million increase in cost associated with servicing an expanding/growing City.

- Approximately 28% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Corporate, Operation, & Council Services. This is comprised of:
 - > 18% relates to Capital Financing (Pay as you go, debt servicing)
 - ➤ 4% relates to Corporate Contingencies
 - 2% relates to Other Corporate Expenditures (Insurance, MPAC)
 - ➤ 4% relates to Corporate, Council, and Public Support Services, (Facilities, Fleet, Information Technology, Finance) net of other municipal revenues (grants in lieu, draws from reserves)

Budget 2014



- Fificiency measures and management lead initiatives have saved the property tax payer at least \$2.4 million over this term of Council.
- Through restructuring efforts in ITS, Facilities and Finance since 2012, over \$1.1 million in permanent ongoing savings has been realized. This resulted in a net reduction of 6 FTE positions as well as a realignment of 4 FTE positions.
- Since 2011, this area has contributed approximately \$2.6 million in one-time savings to the Efficiency, Effectiveness and Economy Reserve.

- Information Technology
 - Cellular Services, Hardware and Printing renegotiated contracts and strategies have resulted in 2014 budget savings of approximately \$300,000.
 - ITS has been able to contain costs and as a result was able to contribute \$1 m in savings to the Technology Services Reserve Fund. These savings were then used to fund capital initiatives such as Records Management and Internet Modernization which were previously unfunded.
- Facilities efficiency upgrades have reduced energy consumption and helped contain costs.
- City Clerks continued efforts to contain postage and courier costs which have increased by 6% since 2011; implementation of agenda-to-go will assist in this initiative.



- Fleet Services Service Realignment and Public/Private Partnership Opportunities synergies with our major City partners including Police, Fire, LTC by maximizing shared services (parts and services) and in house facilities like our automated wash centre and fuelling storage and dispensing stations.
- ▼ Fleet Service Rationalization working to consolidate operations to our two major facilities to maximize technician capacity.

- Human Resources: The following initiatives were undertaken:
 - Expanded health and wellness initiatives to support attendance management.
 - Developed and implemented employee IDEAS program to promote employee engagement and recognize efficiencies and economies where applicable.
 - Development and administration of the Position Management program to achieve efficiencies and economies.
 - Administration of the Employee Attendance Support Plan
 - Negotiation of favourable compensation agreements/contracts.
- Capital Grant Funding Eliminated funding was reduced by \$200,000 in 2012 budget to achieve 0% and by an additional \$50,000 in the 2013 budget in order to achieve 1.2%. However, administration continues to accept applications to this program through the Strategic Funding Framework.

 Budget

 2014



- Extensive efficiencies have been gained to date from the first and second year audits by PwC. Estimated savings, revenue opportunities, efficiencies and cost avoidance over the next 5 years is \$18 m, although not all are currently implemented to date.
- Increase in capital levy on average of \$2.2 m per year (\$2.8 million in 2014) that is used to finance capital projects consistent with the Strategic Financial Plan. These increases are helping to move towards a capital levy funding source for Lifecycle renewal projects of 75%.

Corporate, Operational and Council Services Pressure Points

- Rising utility costs increase by 8-10% each year through to 2018.
- Insurance premium cost increases well in excess of inflation, + 10%.
- **▶** Postage costs are set to increase in 2014, beyond what was expected.
- Managing the infrastructure gap.

Corporate, Operational and Council Services 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown

		NET BUDGET (\$000's)								
SERVICE	2013 2014 Net REVISED REQUESTED Increase		From	% Increase	From Assessment					
			Increase	Rates	From Rates	Growth				
Corporate Services	41,687	42,250	563	162	0.4%	401				
Corporate Planning & Corporate Admin.	2,003	2,012	8	8	0.4%	-				
Council Services	3,233	3,240	7	7	0.2%	-				
Financial Management	79,179	88,924	9,745	9,745	12.3%	-				
Public Support Services	32	54	22	22	68.7%	-				
Total	126,134	136,480	10,345	9,944	7.9%	401				

- ➤ The Administrative Budget Target for this area was 7.1%.
- ➤ The submitted 2014 budget supports 549.1 full-time equivalents, a 3.1 increase over 2013 excluding the impact of an expanding city.
- Nine (9) business cases have been submitted in the 2014 budget for Corporate, Operational, and Council Services.

Budget 2014

Corporate, Operational and Council Services Budget Breakdown – Corporate Services

			NET BUDG	SET (\$000's	5)	
SERVICE	2013 REVISED	2014 REQUESTED	Net Increase	From Rates	% Increase From Rates	From Assessment Growth
CORPORATE SERVICES	-	401	401	-	0.0%	401
Asset Management	415	417	2	2	0.4%	
Dispatch	769	774	5	5	0.7%	
Energy Conservation	119	134	14	14	12.1%	
Facilities	12,716	12,860	144	144	1.1%	
Fleet Management	-	-	-	-	0.0%	
Graphics, Surveying & Tech Serv	830	835	6	6	0.7%	
Human Resources	5,304	5,341	36	36	0.7%	
Legal Services	2,678	2,697	19	19	0.7%	
Payroll	1,042	997	(46)	(46)	-4.4%	
Purchasing	1,115	1,124	9	9	0.8%	
Realty Services	194	185	(8)	(8)	-4.4%	
Risk Management	328	329	1	1	0.3%	
Technology Services	16,176	16,156	(20)	(20)	-0.1%	
CORPORATE SERVICES	41,687	42,250	563	162	0.4%	401

Corporate, Operational and Council Services Budget Breakdown – Corporate Planning & Council Services



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)							
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	% Increase	From		
SERVICE	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates	From Rates	Assessment		
CORPORATE PLANNING & ADMI	NISTRATION							
Corporate Management	950	945	(5)	(5)	-0.5%			
Governmental Liaison	465	468	3	3	0.7%			
Information & Archive Mgmt	589	599	10	10	1.6%			
CORPORATE PLANNING &	2.002	2.011	0	0	0.40/	0		
ADMINISTRATION	2,003	2,011	8	8	0.4%	0		

	NET BUDGET (\$000's)							
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	% Increase	From		
SERVICE	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates	From Rates	Assessment		
COUNCIL SERVICES								
Advisory Committees	98	99	1	1	0.7%			
Audit	300	300	-	-	0.0%			
Councillors' Offices	1,295	1,298	3	3	0.2%			
Mayor's Office	517	518	1	1	0.2%			
Municipal Election	2	2	-	-	0.0%			
Secretariat Support-City Clerk	1,021	1,024	3	3	0.3%			
COUNCIL SERVICES	3,233	3,240	8	8	0.2%	0		

➤ 3.0 Full Time Equivalents are added in 2014 budget for Municipal Elections, funded through reserves.

Corporate, Operational and Council Services Budget Breakdown – Financial Management



SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	% Increase	From
SERVICE	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates	From Rates	Assessment
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT						
Corporate Financing						
Capital Financing	86,770	91,501	4,731	4,731	5.5%	
Corporate Contingencies	14,706	18,387	3,681	3,681	25.0%	
Other Corporate Expenditures	8,336	8,255	(81)	(81)	-1.0%	
Other Municipal Revenue	(36,806)	(35,462)	1,344	1,344	0.0%	
Finance	5,521	5,589	68	68	1.2%	
Corporate Investments &	652	654	2	2	0.3%	
Partnerships						
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	79,179	88,924	9,745	9,745	12.3%	0

Capital Financing		\$ 4.7 m
✓ Pay as you go (capital levy)	\$ 2.8 m	
✓ Debt Servicing	\$ 1.9 m	
Corporate Contingencies (Tax write offs, Legal, Pe	rsonnel)	\$ 3.7 m
Other Municipal Revenue (reliance on stabilization)	n reserve)	\$ 1.3 m

Corporate, Operational and Council Services Budget Breakdown – Public Support Services



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)								
SERVICE	2013	2014	Net	From	% Increase	From			
SERVICE	REVISED	REQUESTED	Increase	Rates	From Rates	Assessment			
PUBLIC SUPPORT SERVICES									
Administration of Justice	(2,022)	(2,008)	14	14	-0.7%				
Taxation	475	472	(3)	(3)	-0.7%				
Corporate Communications	845	851	6	6	0.7%				
Customer Relations	960	967	7	7	0.7%				
Licensing & Certificates	(326)	(328)	(2)	(2)	0.5%				
Cafeterias	100	100	-	-	0.0%				
PUBLIC SUPPORT SERVICES	32	54	22	22	68.7%	0			

Corporate, Operational and Council Service London

- **Decision Point 1b** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: service changes and capital plan)
 - **Cases 6-13:**

Case #	Project #	Project Description	\$000's
6	SW6030	Landfill Site Property Acquisition	\$200
7	MU1044-14	Bus Purchase Renewal	\$500
8	TS1446-14	Arterial Road Rehabilitation - Main	\$1,700
9	RC2608	Glen Cairn Major Upgrades	\$125
10	PP2014	Floodplain Acquisition	\$200
11	TS4207	Downtown On-Street Pay & Display Parking	\$175
12	TS1739-14	Bike Lane Program	\$200
13	TS6217	Facility Energy Management	\$500
		TOTAL	\$3,600

Corporate, Operational and Council Services



- **Decision Point 2** (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: cost of a growing city funded by assessment growth)
 - Case 30: \$ 401k the cost of service for an expanding city is projected to be \$6.9 million in 2014. Consistent with existing service levels, indirect costs attributable to the on-going delivery and support of direct services will require a relative increase as well. These costs include, but are not limited to, costs associated with Corporate Services such as information technology, human resources, risk management, legal, accounts payable, purchasing, facilities and asset management, which represent 5.8% of gross expenditures. (reference page 258)



Corporate, Operational and Council Services Capital Budget Overview

The City of London's capital plan for Corporate, Operational and Council Services is \$10.5 Million in 2014 and \$98.5 Million from 2014 to 2023, which represents 8.1% of the overall ten year capital plan.

	Revised	Proposed	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019-2023	
Classification								
Lifecycle	7,380	9,574	8,168	9,166	9,041	8,517	47,894	
Growth	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Service Improvements	1,404	898	863	863	500	500	2,500	
Total	8,784	10,472	9,031	10,029	9,541	9,017	50,394	

Source of Financing							
Capital Levy	4,155	2,700	2,880	2,660	2,570	2,760	15,210
Reserve Funds	4,479	7,772	5,651	6,869	6,471	5,757	32,684
Other	150	-	500	500	500	500	2,500
Total	8,784	10,472	9,031	10,029	9,541	9,017	50,394

<u>Corporate, Operational, and</u> <u>Council Services Major</u> <u>Projects</u>

- ✓ Information Technology Services (\$22.0 million)
- ✓ City Vehicle & Equipment Lifecycle Replacement Program (\$48.7 million)
- ✓ City Facilities Lifecycle Renewal including City Hall, Energy Savings Initiatives, operation facilities (\$25.8 million)

Corporate, Operational and Council Services 10 Year Capital

Major Capital Works in Ten Year Plan 2014- 2023 (\$000's)	2014	2015-2023
Corporate Services - Lifecycle		
GG1050 Corporate Systems Update	800	7,800
GG1055 One Voice Communications	100	1,700
GG1320 Courts Administration Building Upgrade	60	240
GGAPPL Application, Data, Information & Process	470	3,580
ME1206 Fuel System Management	50	450
ME1407 Fleet and Equipment Maintenance		190
ME2014 Vehicle & Equipment Replacement	5,554	43,156
GGINFRA Infrastructure - ITS	700	4,450
GG1555-14 City Hall Major Upgrades	1,210	12,670
GGENDUSER End User Devices & Productivity Tools		2,350
TS6200-14 Operation Facilities Lifecycle	630	6,200
Total Corporate Services - Lifecycle	9,574	82,786
Corporate Services - Service Improvement		
TS1346 Corporate Asset Management	338	676
TS1350 Corporate Asset Management Software	310	50
TS6217-14 Facility Energy Management	250	4,500
Total Corporate Services - Service Improvement	898	5,226
TOTAL CORPORATE SERVICES	10,472	88,012



Capital Overview

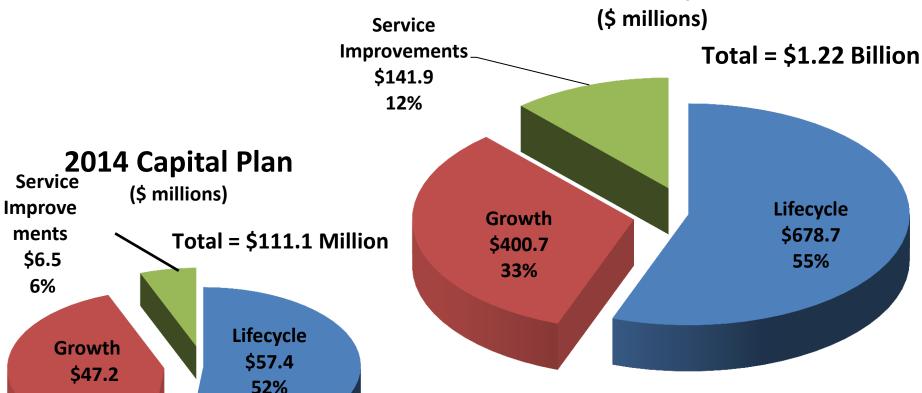
including:

- Reserves & Reserve Funds
- Strategic Investments
- Emerging Issues
- Municipal Grant Requests

The capital budget breakdown







42%

Budget 2014

Capital Budget by Category



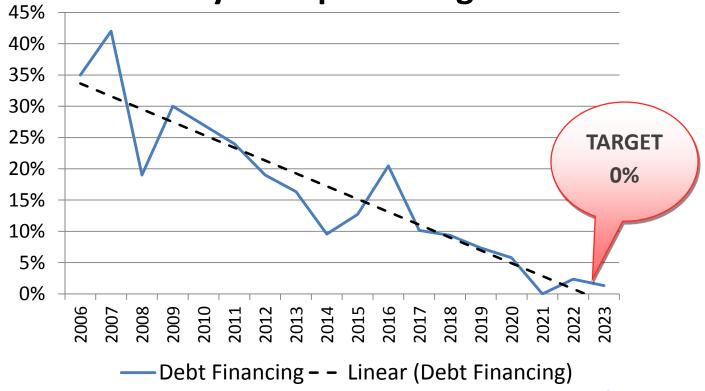
Tax Supported 2014 Capital Budget with Forecast for 2014-2022 (in \$ millions)

	2013 Revised	2014 Proposed	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019 to 2023	Total 2014 to
	Budget	Budget	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	2023
Expenditures Request	ed							
Lifecycle Renewal	49.4	57.4	63.1	71.8	65.3	65.0	356.1	678.7
Growth	46.2	47.2	48.8	52.8	26.2	39.6	186.2	400.8
Service Improvement	9.2	6.5	11.5	17.8	13.2	7.7	85.2	141.9
Total Capital Expenditures	\$104.8	\$111.1	\$123.4	\$142.4	\$104.7	\$112.3	\$627.5	\$1,221.4
Source of Financing fo	r Capita	al Expend	litures					
Capital Levy (Pay-as-you-go)	18.5	21.9	27.2	29.4	31.6	33.8	201.9	345.8
Debenture	25.9	23.0	25.7	33.0	22.8	24.8	77.6	206.9
Reserve Fund	15.0	21.0	23.6	24.3	16.9	17.2	109.3	212.3
Other	2.0	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.7	4.3
Total Tax Supported	\$61.4	\$67.1	\$77.2	\$87.4	\$71.7	\$76.4	\$389.5	\$769.3
Total Non-Tax Supported	\$43.4	\$44.0	\$46.2	\$55.0	\$33.0	\$35.9	\$238.0	\$452.1
Total Financing Available * Figures rounded for presenta	\$104.8 ation purp	\$111.1 oses	\$123.4	\$142.4	\$104.7	\$112.3	\$627.5 201	\$1,221.4

Life Cycle Debt Financing



Debt Financing as a % of Lifecycle Capital Budget



Reserves and Reserve Funds



(in \$000's)	Projected Balance Dec 31, 2013	Projected Contribution from Tax	Other Income and Interest	Planned Draws	Projected Balance Dec 31, 2014	Change Over Previous Year
Capital Asset Renewal and Replacement	44,283	18,878	7,179	(21,904)	48,436	4,153
Capital Asset Growth	7,413	2,892	1,449	(3,072)	8,682	1,269
Specific Projects & New Initiatives	43,713	9,865	6,061	(23,884)	35,755	(7,958)
Contingencies and Stabilization	17,698	497	-	(4,673)	13,522	(4,176)
Risk Management and Long Term Planning	71,774	1,670	3,298	(3,882)	72,860	1,086
Total City Owned	184,881	33,802	17,987	(57,415)	179,255	(5,626)
Obligatory	22,218	-	18,488	(22,144)	18,562	(3,656)
Total Reserves and Reserve Funds	207,099	33,802	36,475	(79,559)	197,817	(9,282)

Budget 2014

Strategic Investments

Initiative	Full Capital Cost (\$000's)	Municipal Portion (\$000's)	Potential 2014 Impact (\$000's)	Potential Annual Tax Levy Impact
Transportation Master Plan (Lifecycle & Growth Infrastructure Gap, Bus Rapid Transit)	\$946,000	\$343,500	\$8,200	1.71%
Downtown Master Plan	\$55,000	TBD	\$0	0.0%
Economic Development Initiatives	\$520,000	\$60,000	\$6,000	1.25%
Ontario Works Decentralization Strategy	\$6,500	\$6,500	\$2,300	0.48%
Total	\$1,527,500	\$410,000	\$16,500	3.44%

NOTE: Administration is recommending that the \$2.3 million for the Ontario Works Decentralization Strategy be funded from 2013 Surplus. This strategy cannot move forward without this funding.

RECOMMENDATION: That a 1% tax levy increase in the 2014 budget **BE REVIEWED** to accumulate funding to support the strategic investments discussed above as Municipal Council continues to receive information on these initiatives and decide on the highest priority items.

Emerging Issues

Initiative	2014 Cost (\$000's)	Potential 2014 Tax Levy Impact	2015 Cost (\$000's)	Source
Blackfriars Bridge	\$0	0.0%	\$3,000	Civic Works – Sept 9
Huron Street Improvements	\$500	0.10%	\$0	Planning Comm – Sept 24
Safety - Railway Pedestrian Crossings	\$135	0.03%	\$170	Civic Works – Oct 7
VMP Noise Wall	\$500	0.10%	\$0	Civic Works – Oct 7 / Jan 6
Traffic Calming Program	\$25	0.01%	\$25	Civic Works – Oct 7
Sidewalk Maintenance Program	\$315	0.07%	\$315	Civic Works – Oct 7
Emerald Ash Borer	\$200	0.04%	\$200	Planning Comm – Oct 29
Cultural Prosperity Plan	\$100	0.02%	\$100	Council - March 5
Total (received as of Dec 3)	\$1,775	0.37%	\$3,810	
Animal Welfare Services: Enhancements	\$700 (Capital) \$376 (Operating)	0.15% 0.08%	\$376	CPSC – Dec 9

RECOMMENDATION: That the emerging issues **BE REVIEWED** by Municipal Council for consideration for funding in the 2014 Budget, noting the tax levy impact included in the table above.

Decision Point 3 — Not Included in the 3.1% Submitted Budget: *** Strategic Investments, Emerging Issues and Municipal Grant Request *****

Municipal Grant Requests

Organization	Amount Reques	Amount Requested (\$000)			
	One Time Operating/Capital	On-going Operating			
African Community Council (ACC)		\$93.0			
Canadian National Institute for the Blind (CNIB)	\$19.1				
Family Services Thames Valley		\$16.9			
Grand Theatre	\$100.0				
JCI London	\$20.0				
London Celebrates Canada		\$50.0			
London Children's Museum	\$150.0				
St. Joseph's Hospice	\$200.0				
	\$489.1	\$159.9			
Total (received as of Dec 3)	\$649.0	0			
Sunfest (Council – Dec 17)	\$50.0				

RECOMMENDATION: That the City of London Municipal Grant requests **BE REVIEWED**, noting that additional funding requests for both operating and capital **get**grants have <u>not</u> been accommodated in the submitted 3.1% tax levy increase



Long-Term Financial Planning (2015-2018 Forecast)

Why Do Long-Term Financial Planning?



- ✓ Enables <u>proactive</u> management of government financing rather than reactive responses when crisis occur.
- ✓ Improved resource allocation:
 - Set realistic boundaries for what can be accomplished.
 - Helps direct resources to those areas with the highest priorities.
- Links decisions that are made today with the impacts on taxpayers hard earned dollars in the future.

2015 – 2018 Forecast







Budget

2015 – 2018 Forecast



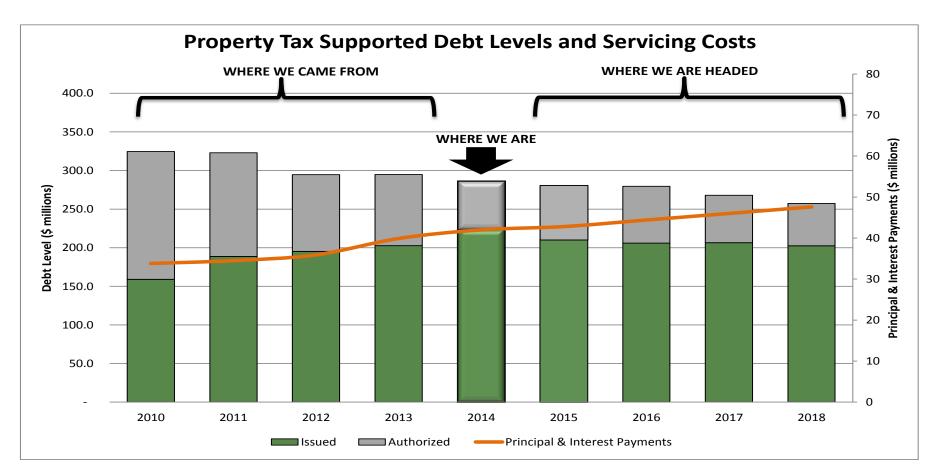
Assumptions included in the forecast:

- ✓ London Police have requested an increase of 92 positions (average annualized increase of 4.1%);
- ✓ Continued upload of Ontario Works to the Province (to be completed by 2018);
- ✓ Fair and reasonable collective bargaining agreements;
- Continuation of the Corporate Strategic Financial Plan (pay as you go) financing for Lifecycle Renewal capital projects;
- ✓ Average annual increase in debt servicing costs of \$1.6 million for debt financing of previously approved capital projects;
- ✓ Strategic use of the Operating Budget Contingency Reserve to mitigate tax rate pressures is gradually reduced;
- The forecast is only reflective of the property tax levy increases from rates and excludes the impacts of assessment growth costs due to an expanding City (except the London Police Service); and
- No additional program or services are anticipated in this forecast.

Budget 2014

Debt Levels & Debt Servicing









Scenario 1 Reducing / Adding Permanent Services / Costs



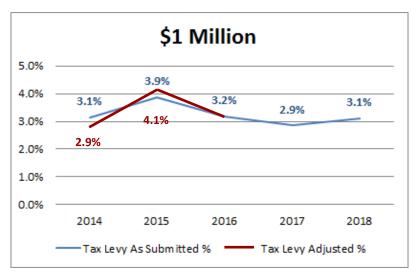
2014 IMPACT						
Scenario	From	Rates	Homeowner Impact			
	Change	Adjusted Change		Adjusted		
\$-8 million	- 1.6%	1.5%	- \$40	\$36		
\$-6 million	- 1.2%	1.9%	- \$30	\$46		
\$-5 million	- 1.0%	2.1%	- \$25	\$51		
\$-1 million	- 0.2%	2.9%	- \$5	\$71		
\$1 million	+ 0.2%	3.3%	+ \$5	\$81		
\$5 million	+ 1.1%	4.2%	+ \$25	\$101		
\$10 million	+ 2.1%	5.2%	+ \$50	\$126		

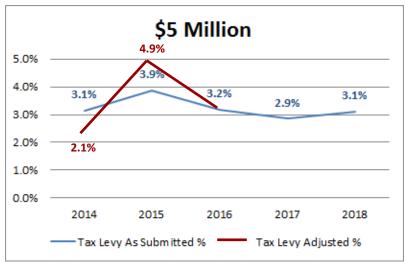
NOTE: The 2014 budget was submitted with a 3.1% increase from rates and a \$76 increase to the average residential homeowner with a house valued at \$208,000.

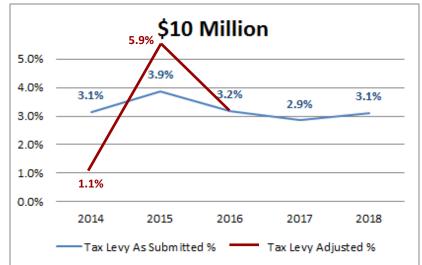
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Scenario 2 Use of One-Time Funding









Budget 2014

Consider the Long Term View



- ✓ The impact of your decisions <u>today</u> will impact the future in terms of expenditures, tax levy, services and asset life
- ✓ Consider carefully the flow-through on future budgets:
 - Adding services/costs
 - ii. Cutting capital
 - iii. Use of one-time funding (drawdowns from reserves)
- ✓ Consider desire to invest in Strategic Investments, Emerging Issues, and Municipal Grant Requests



Timetable

Important Dates



December 3, 2013	2014 Budget Tabled ((Council Chambers)
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January 9, 2014 Property Tax Budget Presentations

Overview of 2014 Budget & Process (Council Chambers)

January 11, 2014 Build a Budget Workshop (Session 1) (Goodwill Industries)

January 13, 2014 Public Participation Meeting (Council Chambers)

January 15, 2014 Build a Budget Workshop (Session 2) (Goodwill Industries)

January 30, 2014 Decision Point 1 (Included in 3.1% Budget),

(and January 31 if needed) Decision Point 2 (Assessment Growth),

Operating Budget Review (Council Chambers)

February 6, 2014 Capital Budget, Decision Point 3 (Strategic Investments,

(and **February 7** if needed) Emerging Issues, Grant Requests) (Council Chambers)

February 10, 2014 Public Participation Meeting (Council Chambers)

February 27, 2014 Operating & Capital Budgets Approved (Council Chambers)

All meetings, with the exception of the Jan 11 and Jan 15 budget workshops, will be streamed live at www.london.ca

Budget 2014

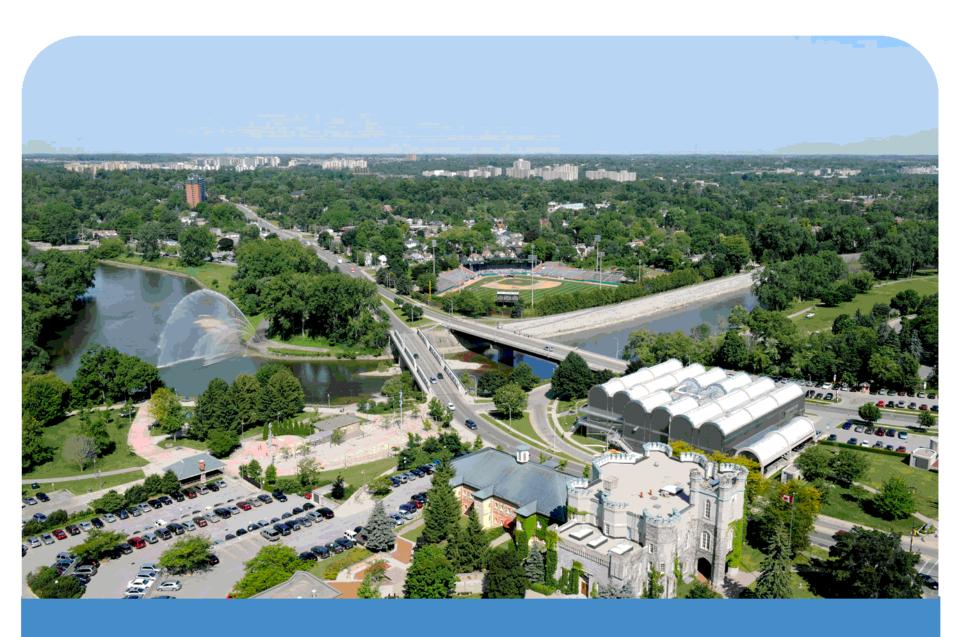
Feedback



Talk to Us!

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- f
- Facebook.com/LondonCanada
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- @CityofLdnOnt or #LdnBudget14

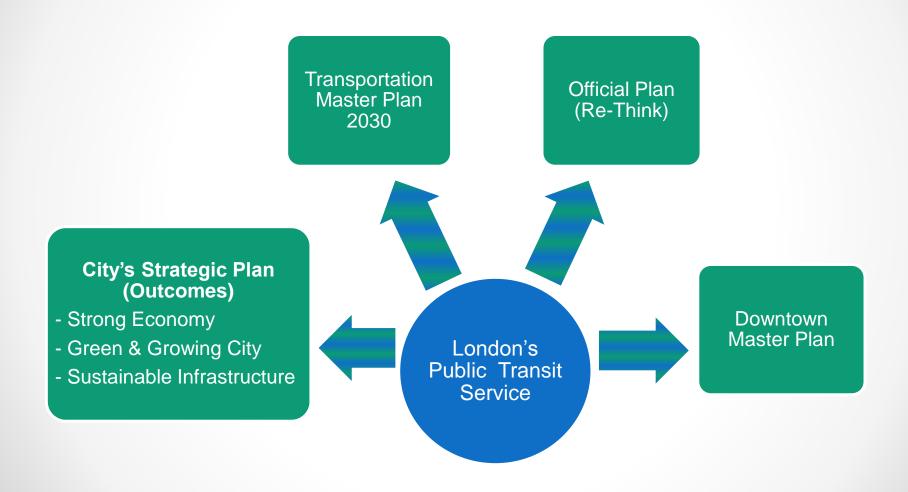
Call Financial Planning at 519-661-4638



2014 Operating & Capital Budget-Transit Services - Overview

January 9, 2014 Strategic Planning and Policy Committee

Transit - A Critical Link/Role to City's Strategic Plans



2014 Operating Budget - Summary

Description	Amount (Millions)	Percent Share
Conventional Transit Service		
Passengers, operating & reserves	\$34.259	56.5%
Provincial funding (gas tax)	4.203	6.9%
City of London	22.234	36.6%
Total investment	\$60.696	100.0%
Specialized Transit Service		
Passengers, operating & reserves	\$0.531	9.9%
Provincial funding (gas tax)	0.979	18.2%
City of London	3.860	71.9%
Total investment	\$5.370	100.0%

2014 Operating Budget Transit Services

2014 City of London total operating investment = \$26.094 million representing a 2.4% increase vs. 2013 (total for conventional & specialized of \$600,000)

- 1.8% increase in base (annualized 2013 service levels)
- 0.6% increase for service hour growth

2014 Commission approved operating budget:

- is viewed as a maintenance budget
- focuses on ridership retention limited new service hours directed at current service quality issues vs. service expansion
- is consistent with the Commission approved 2014 capital budget program
- <u>excludes</u> consideration of:
 - medium term implementation of the BRT Strategy per approved 2030 TMP
 - operating impact associated with potential restructuring of transit service in the downtown per the draft Downtown Master Plan

2014 Operating Budget – Conventional Transit

Issues

- ridership growth of 9% over the period 2010 to 2013, while service hours increased by 4% representing a 2.5 to 1 ratio.
- significant service quality issues 77% increase in complaints relating to overcrowding, schedule adherence, missed passengers – no room on bus; further 26,000 reported incidents (Sept to Dec) of overcrowding
- service deficit of 200,000 hours; requiring annual operating investment of \$20 million & capital investment (buses) of \$40 million
- the current system design/delivery does not effectively meet market need and is not sustainable, simply adding hours will cost more to carry the same or less. The solution is the BRT strategy.

2014 Outputs

- 23.7 million rides 0.6% increase
- 566,000 service hrs. (includes 3,500 new hours effective Sept. 2014)
- flat-lining City investment share at 37% consistent with 2013
- actual dollar increase in City investment for 2014 vs. 2013 is \$370,000 representing a 1.7% increase

2014 Operating Budget – Specialized Transit

Issues

- ridership growth of 16% from 2010- 2013, service hour increased by 10%; registrants increased by 25%
- non-accommodated trips have grown from 4,700 per year to 12,500 per year
- 7% decline in average number of annual trips per registrant
- expected 30% growth in registrant given expanded eligibility per AODA transportation standard

2014 Outputs

- 294,000 rides <u>6.5%</u> increase
- 110,000 revenue service hours (incl. 2,000 new hours effective Sept. 2014) move to larger vehicles improved scheduling/capacity flexibility
- 30% reduction in non-accommodated trips to 8,800 from 12,500
- Increase in City investment for 2014 of \$230,000 representing 6.3% increase City investment level declines from 76% share to 72%

London Transit Service - Return on Investment

Conventional Transit Service (versus 16 Ontario transit systems – bus only)

- 7th largest system in terms of population being served
- 2nd largest in terms of ridership
- 1st (highest) in terms of rides/capita and rides/service hour
- 16th (lowest) direct operating cost/ride
- 15th (2nd lowest) municipal operating investment/ride
- 1st (highest) revenue recovery

Specialized Transit Service (versus Ontario average)

- lower operating cost per eligible passenger trip
- lower municipal investment per eligible passenger trip
- lower municipal investment share
- higher number of registrants per capita

2014 Capital Budget - Overview

Capital budget – 3 programs

- \$6.010 million for replacement of 12 buses (state of good repair)
 - City of London capital levy = \$3.400 million
 - Federal gas tax = \$1.500 million
 - Provincial gas tax = 1.110 million
- \$0.700 million facility and facility system upgrades (state of good repair)
 - City of London capital levy = \$0.300 million
 - Provincial gas tax = \$0.400 million
- \$1.439 million expansion buses 3 buses fully funded by Provincial gas tax

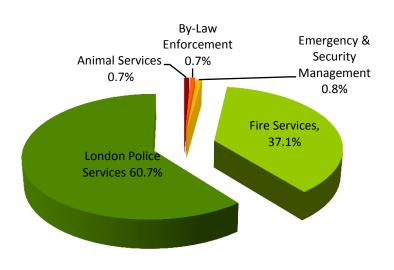
2014 Operating Budget Transit Services – Overview of 2014 Initiatives

2014 Initiative	Effective Service	Efficient Service	Quality Service
Introduction of smart card for public transit services	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Conventional transit – route/service review – 2 parts – 1 st part - linked to BRT service/corridor development and 2 nd part - route/service review excluding BRT	√	√	\checkmark
Continued migration to larger vehicles on specialized services (enhanced scheduling and service capacity)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Assessment of service integration – specialized & conventional services	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
On-going compliance with AODA requirements			\checkmark
 Continued BRT development/implementation: BRT Strategy Development – lobby for Provincial and Federal support Complete EA – north/south BRT corridor Route/service review - Potential new express services re 2014 service plan 	√	√	√

Protective Services



2014 Requested Budget Breakdown



- **❖** *Animal Services*
 - Animal Services
- ❖ By-Law Enforcement
 - •By-Law Enforcement & Property Standards
- ❖ Emergency & Security Management
 - Emergency Management
 - •Security Management
- **❖** Fire Services
 - •Fire & Rescue Services
 - Fire Prevention & Education
- **❖** London Police Services
 - Police Services

The City of London's 2014 Submitted Tax Supported Budget for Protective Services is \$153.0 million representing a \$5.2 million or 3.5% increase from rates and \$0.9 million increase in cost associated with servicing an expanding/growing City.

➤ Approximately 31% of the overall submitted 2014 property tax levy supports Protective Services.

Protective Services Budget Story Highlights



- Animal Services: A recommendation regarding a new enhanced animal care model, including a "no kill" principle, was referred to the budget process by City Council on Dec 17, 2013:
 - The base contract of \$2.1k is included in the 3.1% submitted budget.
 - The costs for the enhanced animal care model including annual operating costs of \$376k and one-time capital costs of \$700k for are <u>not</u> included in the 3.1% submitted budget.

Protective Services Pressure Points



- **Tondon Police Services:** Presentation to be delivered by Chief of Police
- **Fire Services:** The City of London has tabled proposals through an interest arbitration with the London Professional Fire Fighters Association to address the ongoing and escalating costs of the Fire Service.
- **Fire Services:** The City of London's labour contract with the London Professional Fire Fighters Association expired on Dec. 31, 2010 and a new contract agreement is currently in arbitration. The results of the arbitration may put a strain on the Fire Service meeting its 2014 budget target.

Protective Services 2014 Submitted Operating Budget Breakdown



	NET BUDGET (\$000's)					
SERVICE	2013	2014	Increase	Lrom Patoc	% Increase From Rates	From Assessment
	REVISED	REQUESTED				Growth
Animal Services	1,062	1,060	(2)	(2)	(0.1%)	-
By-Law Enforcement & Property Standards	1,126	1,139	13	13	1.1%	-
Emergency & Security Management	1,176	1,184	8	8	0.7%	-
Fire Services	54,545	56,727	2,183	2,183	4.0%	-
London Police Services	89,008	92,882	3,874	2,974	3.3%	900
Total	146,917	152,992	6,076	5,176	3.5%	900

➤ One (1) business case has been submitted in the 2014 budget for Police Services.

Protective Services



Decision Point 2 (included in the 3.1% submitted budget: costs of a growing city funded by assessment growth)

Category B:

Case 39: The increase in population of 1% each year for the next 5 years requires additional resources for policing. Funding is being requested to continue to operate programs at the same levels in the expanding city recognizing there is a deficit of positions currently.

900k (reference page 273)

NO ACTION