

Dear Mayor Morgan and London City Council,

The LCCEWA is a network of organizations and programs working to end violence against women (VAW) and gender-based violence (GBV). Along with other municipalities across the province that have declared intimate partner violence (IPV) an epidemic, as Co-Chairs, along with the Executive committee, we are writing in strong support of this motion being put forward in our community.

We believe this is in keeping with, and strengthens, the strategic pillar – A Safe London for Women, Girls & Gender-Diverse and Trans People.

There is a growing understanding about the increasing rates of GBV/VAW in the country, province, and our own city. Frontline service providers have seen a sharp increase in requests for service, increase in the severity of cases, and a notable increase in femicides across the province. Across Ontario in 2022, 52 women were murdered. That is one femicide each week throughout the year. As of June 30th, 30 women have been murdered across the province and this number continues to grow. The impact of COVID-19 on people experiencing violence across the globe is known as the shadow pandemic. It will take all levels of government, service providers, and community to address this issue, but the first step is formally calling it what it is – an epidemic. Last year, **Anova & Women's Rural Resource Centre of Strathroy & Area, two of our key women's emergency shelters, turned away 2,166 women from shelter due to lack of beds & capacity.** This trend is captured on our Snapshot (attached) and is mirrored in many communities across Ontario.

The Ontario Association of Interval & Transitional Housing (OAITH) captures data monthly and issues femicide reports, highlighting the high rates of femicide in Ontario amidst the ongoing calls for municipal and the provincial governments to declare IPV an epidemic. More information is available on their website - https://www.oaith.ca/oaith-work/we-count-femicide-because/monthly-femicide-snapshots.html

When this motion is passed, the City of London will join other municipalities that are taking a leadership role in recognizing the crisis and responding to declare the killing of women an epidemic. Naming the problem as an epidemic is a first step to meaningful change. In December 2022, Lanark County was the first to declare IPV an epidemic. We ask the City of London to do the same.

London has taken a leadership role in including a strategic pillar that protects women, girls, and gender diverse individuals. But continued engagement with, and investment in, the community on this issue will be critical to ensuring the safety of those experiencing GBV/VAW in our city.

We look forward to continuing to work closely with City Council to protect the most vulnerable individuals in our community.

Sincerely,

Jessie Rodger, LCCEWA Co-Chair, Executive Director, Anova jessier@anovafuture.org

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Jennifer Dunn, LCCEWA Co-Chair, Executive Director, London Abused Women's Centre jen@lawc.on.ca

SNAPSHOT 2022



Measuring the success and strength by the health and wellbeing of all citizens.

ΚEΥ

TVAMHS Thames Valley Addiction & Mental Health Services **WRRCSA** Women's Rural Resource Centre of Strathroy & Area **LAWC** London Abused Women's Centre **DV** Domestic violence **SV** Sexual violence **HT** Human trafficking



Community profile

543,551	Population 6.37% increase over 2021
29 %	Londoner's identify as a visible minority
3 in 4	London's new residents were immigrants
13,675	Indigenous people in London, making up 2.6% of the population.
\$18.05/hr	Living wage in London Min. wage \$15.50 Oct 2022, deficit gap of \$2.55hr or \$408/month, Ontario Living Wage Network
	London is the $4^{\rm th}$ fastest growing city in Canada
	Most common languages – Arabic, Spanish, Mandarin, Portuguese, Hindi
	Oneida of the Thames 1 of 3 EN's reserves

Most common languages – Arabic, Spanish, Mandarin, Portuguese, Hindi
Oneida of the Thames, 1 of 3 FN's reserves in London & Middlesex, has had a boil water advisory since 2019



Employment, Social Assistance & Housing

6230	Individuals or households on wait list for rent-geared-to-income housing (19.8% increase over 2020)
\$1455	Average cost of 1-bedroom apartment (34.8% increase since 2019)
2,241	People experiencing homelessness
21.4%	Renting households spending more than 30% of income on housing 12.1% Ontario average - Affordable housing is defined as spending less than 30% of income on housing
17,058	Monthly average of beneficiaries on Ontario Works



Crisis & Helplines

8,244	Children's mental health crisis calls 137% increase over 2020, Vanier			
27,137	Mental health crisis interactions 52.4% increase over 2021, CMHA Reach Out			
24,261	Mental health support calls 71.9% increase over 2020, CMHA			
2,704	Mental health & addictions Crisis Centre visits 59% increase in case management due to complexity of cases, CMHA TVAMHS			
1,651	Crisis Response Team Interactions 171.1% increase over 2021			
10,274	DV/SV calls crisis calls 54.4% increase over 2021, Anova, Atlohsa, WRRCSA			



Policing & Justice

Total Incidents Reported:

	London	Middlesex	Strathroy
DV	1,224 ↓ .25%	403 ↓ 6.45%	208 ↓ 2.4%
SV	546 ↑ 3.23%	48 ↑ 20.8%	23 ↓ 65.2%
HT	71 ↓ 15.5%	7 ↓ 142.8%	0 no change
522	DV offender program completions Changing Ways, Partner Assault Program, Being the Change Program		
195	Outreach supports to victims/current partners Changing Ways, Partner Assault Program, Being the Change Program		
90	Dads, 196 children & 110 mothers Changing Ways, Caring Dads Program		
1148	Counselling for the justice syste John Howard Soc	em	olved with



Children & Youth





Safety & Supports

618	Women & children in emergency shelter due to DV Multiple sites			
2,166	Times women turned away from shelter due to lack of beds Represents a 62% increase over 2021, Anova, WRRCSA			
52	Average number of days women spent in emergency shelter Anova			
2,670	Adult SV & DV cases Regional SA & DV Treatment Centre			
24,691	Individuals served in DV/SV/HT counselling <i>Multiple sites</i>			
25%	Increase in new clients of crime or tragic circumstances Victim Services			
15,308	Individuals receiving addiction & mental health services 20% increase in those receiving service for the first time, CMHA TVAMHS			
14,505	Client visits to safe consumption services Carepoint			
24,786	Client visits to Counterpoint needle & syringe project			
186	Opioid poisoning & overdoses reversed			
872	Interpretation hours for newcomers 25 languages, most requested language was Spanish, followed by Arabic & Vietnamese			

Poverty & Homelessness

20,000	Londoners visiting the Food Bank 38% increase over 2021
38%	London Food Bank users younger than 17
	#1 reason for visiting the Food Bank is increase in rental costs
350	Youth Opportunities Unlimited

330	Youth Opportunities Unlimited
10%	Overall food cost increase from 2021 – 2022 Fastest increase in in over 30 years
4700/	

470%	Increase in Southwest Ontario Aboriginal		
	Access Centre clients reporting food insecurity		

334	nomeless deaths
500	Times a month individuals turned away from

Resting Space shelter 290% increase over 2021, London Cares

307%	Increase in the total number of calls received			
	for homeless outreach			

London Cares

498%	Increase in number	of urban	campsites	visited
London Caras				

London Cares

LCCEWA is a network of organizations, groups and individuals in London & Middlesex dedicated to ending woman abuse through leadership & actions that achieve both social justice for women & an integrated response to women and their children. Membership includes cross-sector organizations including child protection, justice sector, health, adult & children's mental health, violence against women, community counselling, research, education, family supports, Indigenous & Francophone.











