### Planning and Environment Committee Report

15th Meeting of the Planning and Environment Committee September 12, 2022

PRESENT: Councillors A. Hopkins (Chair), S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner,

S. Hillier

ABSENT: Mayor E. Holder

ALSO PRESENT: PRESENT: A. Anderson, H. Lysynski and K. Van Lammeren

REMOTE ATTENDANCE: G. Barrett, J. Bunn, M. Corby, B. House, J. Kelemen, P. Kokkoros, C. McCreery, H. McNeely, C.

Parker, M. Pease and B. Westlake-Power

The meeting was called to order at 4:01 PM, with Councillor A. Hopkins in the Chair, Councillors S. Lewis and S. Lehman present and all other members participating by remote

attendance.

### 1. Disclosures of Pecuniary Interest

That it BE NOTED that no pecuniary interests were disclosed.

### 2. Consent

2.1 Building Division Monthly Report - July 2022

Moved by: S. Lewis Seconded by: S. Hillier

That the Building Division Monthly report for July, 2022 BE RECEIVED for

information. (2022-A23)

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

Motion Passed (5 to 0)

### 3. Scheduled Items

3.1 4680 Wellington Road South (TZ-9509)

Moved by: S. Hillier Seconded by: S. Lehman

That, on the recommendation of the Director, Planning and Development, based on the application by 761030 Ontario Limited, relating to the property located at 4680 Wellington Road South, the proposed by-law appended to the staff report dated September 12, 2022 as Appendix 'A' BE INTRODUCED at the Municipal Council meeting to be held on September 27, 2022, to amend Zoning By-law Z.-1, (in conformity with the Official Plan), by extending the Temporary Use (T-74) Zone for a period not exceeding three (3) years;

it being noted that no individuals spoke at the public participation meeting associated with this matter;

it being further noted that the Municipal Council approves this application for the following reasons:

- the recommended amendment is consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement, 2020;
- the recommended amendment conforms to the in-force policies of The London Plan and the Future Industrial Growth Designation policies;
- the recommended amendment conforms to the in-force policies of the 1989 Official Plan and the Open Space Designation policies; and,
- the recommended temporary use provides an appropriate interim land use until such time as the subject lands and surrounding area develop for their intended landuses. The recommended use is not intended to continue on a permanent basis. (2022-D14)

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

Motion Passed (5 to 0)

Additional Votes:

Moved by: S. Lehman Seconded by: S. Hillier

Motion to open the public participation meeting.

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

Motion Passed (5 to 0)

Moved by: S. Hillier Seconded by: S. Turner

Motion to close the public participation meeting.

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

Motion Passed (5 to 0)

3.2 Public Participation Meeting - Not to be Heard before 4:00 PM - 1407-1427 Hyde Park Road (OZ-9438)

Moved by: S. Turner Seconded by: S. Lewis

That the application by York Developments, relating to the properties located at 1407-1427 Hyde Park Road BE REFERRED back to the Civic Administration for further discussions with the applicant to address the outstanding concerns and to report back at a future meeting of the Planning and Environment Committee; it being noted that the referral is at the request of the applicant;

it being noted that the Planning and Environment Committee received the staff presentation appended to the Added Agenda, with respect to these matters;

it being pointed out that the following individual made a verbal presentation at the public participation meeting held in conjunction with this matter:

• S. Allen, MHBC Planning, on behalf of the applicant. (2022-)

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

### Motion Passed (5 to 0)

Additional Votes:

Moved by: S. Turner Seconded by: S. Lehman

Motion to open the public participation meeting.

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

### Motion Passed (5 to 0)

Moved by: S. Lehman Seconded by: S. Hillier

Motion to close the public participation meeting.

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

### Motion Passed (5 to 0)

### a. (ADDED) Staff Presentation

### 4. Items for Direction

None.

### 5. Deferred Matters/Additional Business

5.1 Deferred Matters List

Moved by: S. Lehman Seconded by: S. Hillier

That the Deputy City Manager, Planning and Economic Development BE DIRECTED to update the Deferred Matters List to remove any items that have been addressed by the Civic Administration. (2022-D19)

Yeas: (5): A. Hopkins, S. Lewis, S. Lehman, S. Turner, and S. Hillier

Absent: (1): E. Holder

### Motion Passed (5 to 0)

### 6. Adjournment

The meeting adjourned at 4:38 PM.

### **Report to Planning & Environment Committee**

To: Chair and Members

**Planning & Environment Committee** 

From: Peter Kokkoros, P.Eng., B.A. (Econ)

**Director Building & Chief Building Official** 

**Subject:** Building Division Monthly Report

**July 2022** 

Date: September 12, 2022

### Recommendation

That the report dated July 2022 entitled "Building Division Monthly Report July 2022", **BE RECEIVED** for information.

### **Executive Summary**

The Building Division is responsible for the administration and enforcement of the *Ontario Building Code Act* and the *Ontario Building Code*. Related activities undertaken by the Building Division include the processing of building permit applications and inspections of associated construction work. The Building Division also issues sign and pool fence permits. The purpose of this report is to provide Municipal Council with information related to permit issuance and inspection activities for the month of July 2022.

### **Linkage to the Corporate Strategic Plan**

Growing our Economy

- London is a leader in Ontario for attracting new jobs and investments. Leading in Public Service
  - The City of London is trusted, open, and accountable in service of our community.
  - Improve public accountability and transparency in decision making.

### **Analysis**

### 1.0 Background Information

This report provides information on permit and associated inspection activities for the month of July 2022. <u>Attached</u> as Appendix "A" to this report is a "Summary Listing of Building Construction Activity for the Month of July 2022", as well as respective "Principle Permits Reports".

### 2.0 Discussion and Considerations

2.1 Building permit data and associated inspection activities – July 2022

### Permits Issued to the end of the month

As of July 2022, a total of 2,535 permits were issued, with a construction value of \$854.3 million, representing 1,396 new dwelling units. Compared to the same period in 2021, this represents a 19.7% increase in the number of building permits, with a 69.8% increase in construction value and an 43.6% increase in the number of dwelling units constructed.

### Total permits to construct New Single and Semi-Dwelling Units

As of the end of July 2022, the number of building permits issued for the construction of single and semi-detached dwellings was 422, representing an 12.3% decrease over the same period in 2021.

### Number of Applications in Process

As of the end of July 2022, 1,260 applications are in process, representing approximately \$1.3 billion in construction value and an additional 3,148 dwelling units compared with 1,118 applications, with a construction value of \$839 million and an additional 1,521 dwelling units in the same period in 2021.

### Rate of Application Submission

Applications received in July 2022 averaged to 20 applications per business day, for a total of 389 applications. Of the applications submitted 27 were for the construction of single detached dwellings and 109 townhouse units.

### Permits issued for the month

In July 2022, 389 permits were issued for 388 new dwelling units, totaling a construction value of \$184.9 million.

### Inspections - Building

A total of 2,906 inspection requests were received with 2,509 inspections being conducted.

In addition, 6 inspections were completed related to complaints, business licenses, orders and miscellaneous inspections.

Of the 2,906 inspections requested, 97% were conducted within the provincially mandated 48 hour period.

### Inspections - Code Compliance

A total of 612 inspection requests were received, with 660 inspections being conducted.

An additional 81 inspections were completed relating to complaints, business licences, orders and miscellaneous inspections.

Of the 612 inspections requested, 97% were conducted within the provincially mandated 48 hour period.

### Inspections - Plumbing

A total of 1,245 inspection requests were received with 1,442 inspections being conducted related to building permit activity.

An additional 0 inspections were completed related to complaints, business licenses, orders and miscellaneous inspections.

Of the 1,245 inspections requested, 100% were conducted within the provincially mandated 48 hour period.

### 2020 Permit Data

To the end of July, a total of 2,862 Permit were issued, with a construction value of \$1.0 Billion, representing 2,696 new dwelling units. The number of single/semi detached dwelling units was 710.

### Conclusion

The purpose of this report is to provide Municipal Council with information regarding the building permit issuance and building & plumbing inspection activities for the month of July 2022. <u>Attached</u> as Appendix "A" to this report is a "Summary Listing of Building Construction Activity" for the month of July 2022 as well as "Principle Permits Reports".

Prepared by: Peter Kokkoros, P.Eng.

Director, Building and Chief Building Official

**Planning and Economic Development** 

Submitted by: Scott Mathers, MPA, P.Eng.

**Deputy City Manager** 

**Planning and Economic Development** 

Recommended by: Scott Mathers, MPA, P.Eng.

**Deputy City Manager** 

**Planning and Economic Development** 

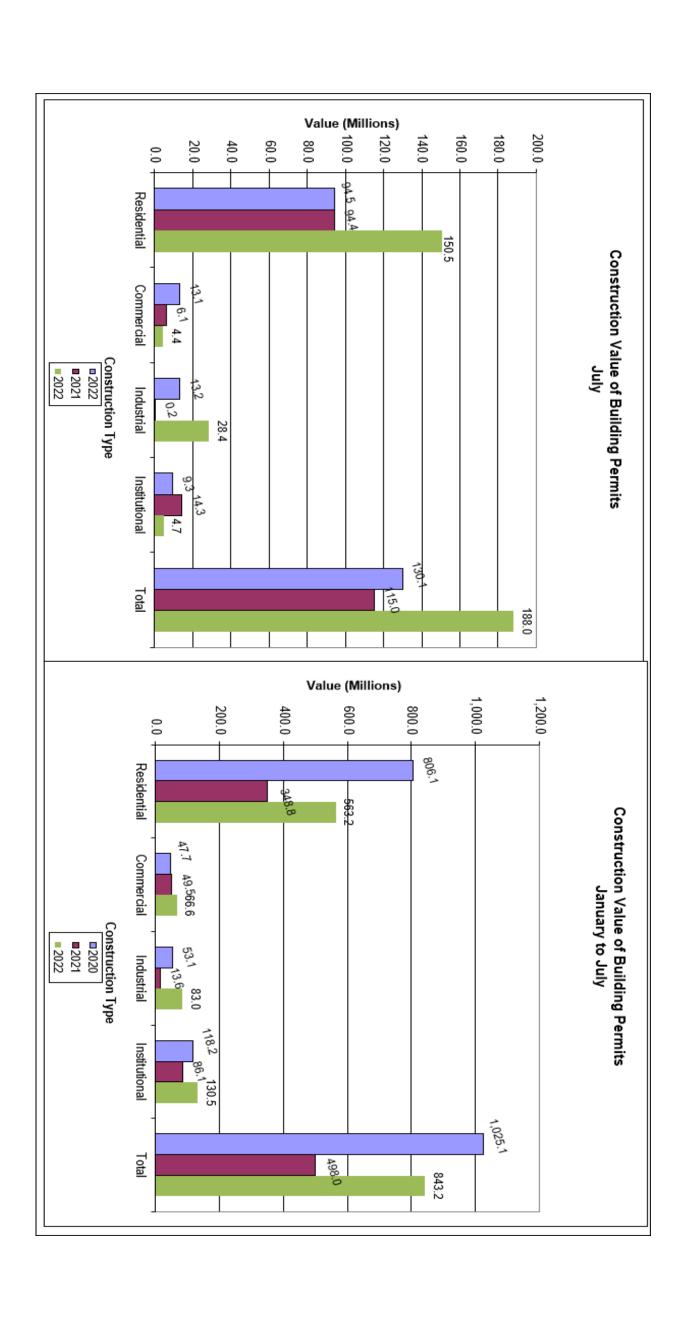
### **APPENDIX "A"**

Note: 1) Administrative permits include Tents, Change of Use and Transfer of Ownership, Partial Occupancy.

Mobile Signs are no longer reported.
 Construction Values have been rounded up.

# CITY OF LONDON SUMMARY LISTING OF BUILDING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY FOR THE MONTH OF July 2022

	NO. OF CO	July 2022 CONSTRUCTION NO. OF		to the end of July 2022  NO. OF CONSTRUCTION	IUIY 2022 TRUCTION	NO. OF	NO. OF	July 2021 CONSTRUCTION	No. OF	to the end of July 2021  NO. OF CONSTRUCTION	# I E	_	2021 UCTION NO. OF	V NO. OF	July 2020  N NO. OF CONSTRUCTION	V NO. OF	V NO. OF NO. OF CONSTRUCTION NO. OF NO. OF NO. OF	July 2020 to t  NO. 0F NO. 0F CONSTRUCTION NO. 0F
CLASSIFICATION		VALUE UNITS	-0	NO. OF CONS PERMITS	VALUE				NO. OF	NO. OF CONS PERMITS	ž	l	l	UNITS PERMITS	UNITS PERMITS VALUE	UNITS PERMITS VALUE	UNITS PERMITS VALUE UNITS PERMITS	UNITS PERMITS VALUE UNITS PERMITS VALUE
SINGLE DETACHED DWELLINGS	27	14,419,498	27	422	213,222,342	422	105	44,354,200	105	481	2	203,460,504	03,460,504 481		481	481 91	481 91 41,015,500	481 91 41,015,500 91
SEMI DETACHED DWELLINGS	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	354,000	2	<u> </u>		354,000	354,000 2	354,000 2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0 0	2 0 0
TOWNHOUSES	⇉	29,040,506 109	9	77	104,315,923	366	19	21,875,300	70	73		65,143,485	65,143,485 242		242	242 23	242 23 17,344,900	242 23 17,344,900 79
DUPLEX, TRIPLEX, QUAD, APT BLDG	2	100,082,082 236	65	00	185,277,620	500	2	23,000,000	97	<b>о</b>		49,878,800	49,878,800 224		224	224 2	224 2 30,336,000	224 2 30,336,000 41
RES-ALTER & ADDITIONS	164	6,944,623	6	1,125	60,351,826	108	184	4,835,093	w	741		29,993,516		29,993,516	29,993,516 23	29,993,516 23 167	29,993,516 23 167 5,764,250	29,993,516 23 167 5,764,250 9
COMMERCIAL -ERECT	2	1,841,809	0	9	37,908,279	0	<u> </u>	500,000	0		00	8 4,660,300		4,660,300	4,660,300	4,660,300 0 4	4,660,300 0 4 5,755,900	4,660,300 0 4 5,755,900 0
COMMERCIAL - ADDITION	2	700,000	0	6	3,641,900	0	0	0	0		2	2 791,800						
COMMERCIAL - OTHER	12	1,865,466	0	163	25,070,614	0	23	5,625,250	0	206		44,006,135	44,006,135 0	44,006,135 0 30	0	0 30	0 30	0 30 7,353,500 0
NDUSTRIAL - ERECT	<u></u>	28,380,578	0	<u> </u>	29,380,578	0	0	0	0	2		3,436,700	3,436,700 0	3,436,700 0 2	0	0 2	0 2	0 2
INDUSTRIAL - ADDITION	0	0	0	7	52,657,871	0	0	0	0	4		7,918,800	7,918,800 0	7,918,800 0 1	7,918,800 0 1 40,000	0	0	0 1 40,000 0
INDUSTRIAL - OTHER	<u></u>	500	0	15	918,700	0	2	165,000	0	23		2,272,607	2,272,607 0	2,272,607 0 4	0	0 4	0 4	0 4 1,045,580 0
INSTITUTIONAL - ERECT	0	0	0	ω	99,646,230	0	<u> </u>	250,000	0	ω		32,825,000	32,825,000 0	32,825,000 0 0	0	0	0	0
INSTITUTIONAL - ADDITION	_	2,190,000	0	2	2,379,000	0	2	8,618,000	0	8		15,178,000	15,178,000 0	15,178,000 0 0	15,178,000 0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0
INSTITUTIONAL - OTHER	25	2,500,431	0	69	28,427,036	0	39	5,383,800	0	98		38,048,001	38,048,001 0	38,048,001 0 23	0	0 23	0 23 9,335,000	0 23 9,335,000 0
AGRICULTURE	0	0	0	w	1,610,000	0	0	0	0			100,000	100,000 0	100,000 0 0	100,000 0 0 0	100,000 0 0 0 0	100,000 0 0 0 0 1	100,000 0 0 0 0 1 150,000
SWIMMING POOL FENCES	33	1,385,363	0	234	8,670,891	0	58	1,368,663	0	220		5,087,499	5,087,499 0	5,087,499 0 29	0	0 29	0 29	0 29 948,770 0
ADMINISTRATIVE	24	42,000	0	93	807,000	0	ယ	7,000	0	26		95,000	95,000 0	95,000 0 12	0	0 12	0 12	0 12 31,000 0
DEMOLITION	22	0	7	68	0	44	<b>∞</b>	0	5	40		0	0 28	0 28 8			8 0	8 0 8
SIGNS/CANOPY - CITY PROPERTY	<u></u>	0	0	≐	0	0	0	0	0	2		0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
SIGNS/CANOPY - PRIVATE PROPERTY	59	0	0	219	0	0	36	0	0	173		0	0 0		0	0 30	0 30 0	0 30 0 0
TOTALS	000	400 000 000	00	3636	854 285 810	306	484	116 336 306	277	2118	5	503 250 146 64		970	077		972 426 131 055 400 220	503 250 146 64 972 426 131 055 400 220 2 862 1 032 731 300





### City of London - Building Division

Principal	Permits Issued from J	Principal Permits Issued from July 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022		
Owner	Project Location	Proposed Work	No. of	Construction
			Units	Value
REMBRANDT HOMES REMBRANDT HOMES	1061 Eagletrace Dr 5	Erect-Townhouse - Cluster SDD ERECT CLUSTER SDD. 2 STOREY, 2 CAR GARAGE, 4 BEDROOM, FINISHED BASEMENT, DECK, A/C, ENERGY STAR, DPN 5, MVLCP 958 LEVEL 1 UNIT 25, HRV & DWHR REQUIRED, SOILS REPORT REQUIRED.	1	530,576
LONDON CITY	1119 Jalna Blvd	Add Non-Residential Accessory Building SHELL PERMIT - ADD STEEL OPEN AIR EXTERIOR PAVILLION.  ** B/F GUARDS/HANDRAILS REQUIRED FOR REVIEW**	0	350,000
Tim Donut Limited C/O The Tdl Group Corp	119 Oxford St E	Alter Restaurant CM - INTERIOR ALTERATIONS	0	200,000
CHOICE PROPERTIES LTD. PART. C/O CP REIT ONTARIO PROPERTIES LTD	1205 Oxford St W	Alter Retail Store Alter interior of existing Grocery Store.	0	500,000
	18 Farnham Cres			125,537
STEPHEN STAPLETON CRICH HOLDINGS & BUILDINGS LTD.	1850 Adelaide St N	Alter Restaurant INTERIOR ALTERATION TO EXISTING BUILDING, UNIT 4	0	108,260
STATION (LONDON) INC. STATION PARK (LONDON) 254 Pall Mall St. INC.	254 Pall Mall St	Alter Offices CM - INTERIOR ALTER TO 3RD FLOOR OFFICE SPACE.	0	120,000
FOXHOLLOW KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC. FOXHOLLOW NORTH KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC.	2700 Buroak Dr H	Erect-Townhouse - Condo ERECT 5 UNIT TOWNHOUSE BLOCK H, 2 STOREY, 1 CAR, 3 BED, FINSIHED BASEMENT, NO DECK, W/ A/C, SB12 PERFORMANCE HOTS2000, HRV AND DWHR REQUIRED DPN 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, SOILS REPORT REQUIRED.	5	1,027,356
FOXHOLLOW KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC. FOXHOLLOW NORTH KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC.	2700 Buroak Dr I	Erect-Townhouse - Condo ERECT 4 UNIT TOWNHOUSE BLOCK I , 2 STOREY, 1 CAR, 3 BED, FINISHED BASEMENT, NO DECK, W/ A/C, SB12 PERFORMANCE HOTS2000, HRV AND DWHR REQUIRED, DPN 97, 99, 101, 103, SOILS REPORT REQUIRED.	4	672,958
FOXHOLLOW KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC. FOXHOLLOW NORTH KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC.	2700 Buroak Dr J	Erect-Townhouse - Condo ERECT 6 UNIT TOWNHOUSE BLOCK J , 2 STOREY, 1 CAR, 3 BED, FINSIHED BASEMENT, NO DECK, W/ A/C, SB12 PERFORMANCE HOTS2000, HRV AND DWHR REQUIRED DPN 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, SOILS REPORT REQUIRED.	6	1,005,455
FOXHOLLOW KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC. FOXHOLLOW NORTH KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC.	2700 Buroak Dr K	Erect-Townhouse - Condo ERECT 6 UNIT TOWNHOUSE BLOCK K, 2 STOREY, 1 CAR, 3 BED, FINSIHED BASEMENT, NO DECK, W/ A/C, SB12 PERFORMANCE HOTS2000, HRV AND DWHR REQUIRED DPN 63,65,67,69,71,73. SOILS REPORT REQUIRED.	6	1,005,455
FOXHOLLOW KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC. FOXHOLLOW NORTH KENT DEVELOPMENTS INC.	2700 Buroak Dr. L	Erect-Townhouse - Condo ERECT 6 UNIT TOWNHOUSE BLOCK L, 2 STOREY, 1 CAR, 3 BED, FINSIHED BASEMENT, NO DECK, W/ A/C, SB12 PERFORMANCE HOTS2000, HRV AND DWHR REQUIRED DPN 75,77,79,81,83,85. SOILS REPORT REQUIRED.	6	1,005,455



### City of London - Building Division

## Principal Permits Issued from July 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022

Owner	Project Location	Proposed Work	No. of Units	No. of Construction Units Value
FIRST LONDON EAST DEVELOPMENTS INC	330 Clarke Rd	Alter Retail Store REMOVE EXISTING ROOF TOP UNITS AND REPLACE WITH 27 NEW UNITS	0	650,000
2560533 ONTARIO INC. 2560533 ONTARIO INC.	3900 Savoy St A	Erect-Townhouse - Rental ERECT 40 UNIT STACKED TOWNHOMES - BLOCK 1	40	8,816,385
13351521 Canada Inc	425 McKenzie Ave	Alter Apartment Building INTERIOR RENOVATION TO 3 UNITS, MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING STAIRS AND REPAIRS TO FIRE SEPARATION OF PUBLIC CORRIDORS, EXITS AND SERVICE SPACE	0	250,000
THAMES VALLEY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD THAMES 550 Pinetree Dr VALLEY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD	550 Pinetree Dr	Alter Schools Elementary, Kindergarten Interior alter to upgrade HVAC and Domestic Water Systems	0	2,190,700
Tim See McDougall Energy Inc - 1188165 ONTARIO LTD.	7340 Colonel Talbot Rd	Alter Convenience Store INTERIOR ALTERATION, PLUMBING AND STRUCTURAL CHANGES	0	190,000
TALU PROPERTIES INC. TALU PROPERTIES INC.	805 Chelton Rd Q	Erect-Townhouse - Rental ERECT TOWNHOUSE BLOCK, BLDG Q, 3 STOREY, Municipal addresses 3354, 3352, 3350 Meadowgate Boulevard & DPNs 63, 65, 67	6	1,987,018
TALU PROPERTIES INC. TALU PROPERTIES INC.	805 Chelton Rd R	Erect-Townhouse - Rental ERECT TOWNHOUSE BLOCK, BLDG R, 3 STOREYS, Municipal addresses 3348, 3346, 3344, 3342 Meadowgate Boulevard & DPNs 69, 71, 73, 75.	00	2,644,048

Total Permits 19 Units 82 Value 23,379,203

# Commercial building permits issued - subject to Development Charges under By-law C.P. -1551-227

### OWNER

DEVELOPMENTS YORK YORK DEVELOPMENTS

GATE INC WELLINGTON WELLINGTON GATE INC

<sup>\*</sup> Includes all permits over \$100,000, except for single and semi-detached dwellings.

### **Report to Planning and Environment Committee**

To: Chair and Members

**Planning & Environment Committee** 

From: Scott Mathers MPA, P. Eng.,

**Deputy City Manager, Planning and Economic Development** 

Subject: 4680 Wellington Road South

**Public Participation Meeting** 

Date: September 12, 2022

### Recommendation

That, on the recommendation of the Director, Planning and Development, the following actions be taken with respect to the application of 761030 Ontario Limited relating to the property located at 4680 Wellington Road South:

(a) the proposed by-law attached hereto as Appendix "A" **BE INTRODUCED** at the Municipal Council meeting on September 27, 2022, to amend Zoning By-law Z.-1 in conformity with the Official Plan, by extending the Temporary Use (T-74) Zone for a period not exceeding three (3) years.

### **Executive Summary**

### **Summary of Request**

The recommended amendment would permit the continuation of the existing temporary seasonal golf driving range facility for an additional three (3) years.

### **Purpose and Effect of Recommended Action**

The purpose and effect of this zoning change is to extend the existing Temporary Use (T-74) Zone to allow for the continuation of the existing golf driving range facility on the subject lands for three years.

### **Rationale of Recommended Action**

- 1. The recommended amendment is consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement, 2020;
- 2. The recommended amendment conforms to the in-force policies of The London Plan and the Future Industrial Growth Designation policies.
- 3. The recommended amendment conforms to the in-force policies of the 1989 Official Plan and the Open Space Designation policies.
- 4. The recommended temporary use provides an appropriate interim land use until such time as the subject lands and surrounding area develop for their intended landuses. The recommended use is not intended to continue on a permanent basis.

### **Analysis**

### 1.0 Background Information

### 1.1 Previous Reports Related to this Matter

Z-6096 – Report of the Commissioner of Planning and Development, July 30, 2001, recommending the extension of a temporary zone to permit a golf driving range and accessory structures for a period of not more than three years from the date of the passing of the by-law.

Z-8603 – Report to the Planning & Environment Committee, June 20, 2016, recommending the approval of a temporary zone to permit a golf driving range and

accessory structures for a period of not more than three years from the date of the passing of the by-law.

TZ-9027 - Report to the Planning & Environment Committee, May 13, 2019, recommending the approval of a temporary zone to permit a golf driving range and accessory structures for a period of not more than three years from the date of the passing of the by-law.

### 1.2 Planning History

The subject lands have functioned as a seasonal golf driving range facility since 1994, during which they were zoned General Industrial (M2-5) in the Township of Westminster Zoning By-law.

The Township Council adopted a Zoning By-law amendment in September of 1994 to permit the temporary use of the subject lands for a driving range facility for a period of three years. An Archaeological Assessment was also completed at this time in 1995.

The temporary use was extended for an additional three years in May of 1998 (By-law No. 2000-130) and again in August of 2001 (By-law No. 2000-145). The temporary use zone permitting the use lapsed in 2004.

Municipal Council adopted Annexed Area Zoning By-law No. Z.-1-051390 in 2005 which changed the zoning of the subject lands from the General Industrial (M2-6) Zone to an Urban Reserve (UR6) Zone to permit, among other uses, existing defined industrial uses, kennels, and both outdoor recreation clubs and passive recreation uses. The Urban Reserve (UR6) Zone did not permit the use of the subject lands for a driving range. By-law No. Z.-1 051390 also zoned the southerly portion of the property from a General Agriculture (AI) Zone (in the Township of Westminster Zoning By-law) to an Agricultural (AG1) Zone. Like the Urban Reserve (UR6) Zone which was applied to the majority of the existing facility, the Agricultural (AG1) Zone did not permit the use of the lands for a driving range.

The property was acquired by the current owner in 2008 who continued to operate the seasonal driving range and was informed in 2014 that the use was not permitted by the Zoning By-law. The owner applied for a new Temporary Use Zone, which was granted on June 20, 2016, to permit the existing driving range facility for a temporary period of three years. The owner extended the Temporary Use Zone, which was granted on May 21, 2019, to permit the existing driving range facility for a temporary period of three years.

### 1.3 Property Description

The subject site is located on the east side of Wellington Road South, south of Dingman Drive and north of Urban Growth Boundary. The site is outside of the Built-Area Boundary and is currently being used for a seasonal golf driving range facility which forms part of a larger agricultural parcel which is bisected by the Dingman Creek, the majority of which is regulated by the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority and is within the Dingman Screening Area. The subject lands are also listed on the Inventory of Heritage Resources as the Nichol Family Cemetery is located on-site within the Dingman Creek Corridor.



Figure 1: Subject lands and current use (Green Par Driving Range) – view from Wellington Road

### 1.4 Current Planning Information (see more detail in Appendix C)

- The London Plan Place Type Future Industrial Growth
- 1989 Official Plan Designation Urban Reserve Industrial Growth
- Existing Zoning Temporary Use Urban Reserve (UR6/T-74) Zone

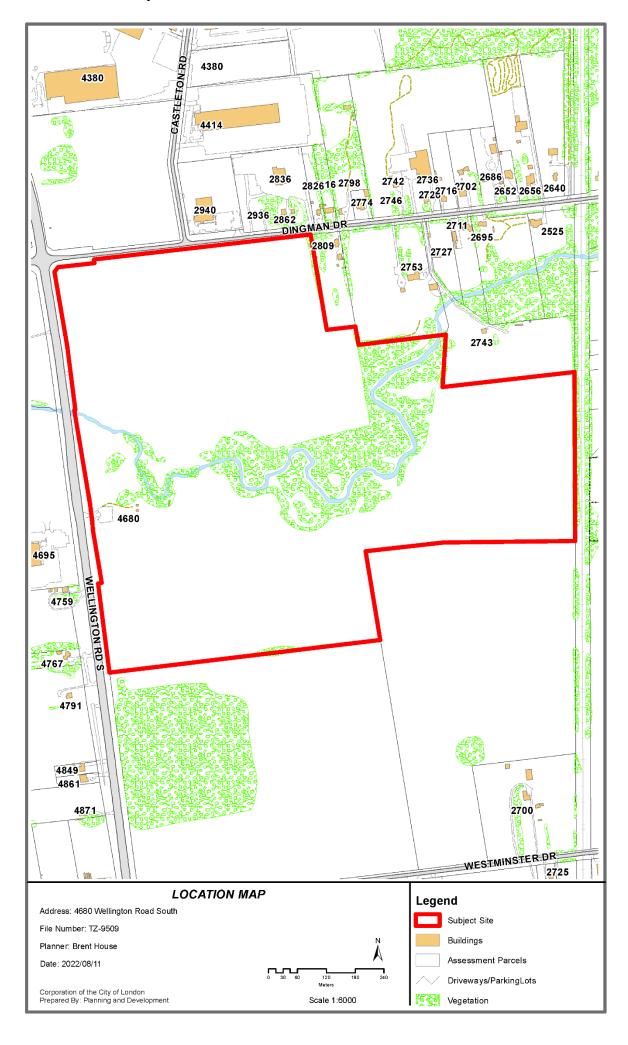
### 1.5 Site Characteristics

- Current Land Use Existing golf driving range as part of a larger agricultural parcel
- Frontage 183 metres (600 feet)
- Depth 360 metres (1, 180 feet)
- Area 6.5 hectares (16.2 acres)
- Shape Irregular

### 1.6 Surrounding Land Uses

- North Open space and agricultural uses
- East Agricultural uses
- South Agricultural uses
- West General industrial uses

### 1.7 Location Map



### 2.0 Discussion and Considerations

### 2.1 Development Proposal

The applicant is not proposing any new development as part of this amendment. The request is to permit the continuation of the existing golf driving range facility for an additional three years.

### 2.2 Requested Amendment

The requested amendment would permit the continuation of the existing golf driving range facility on the subject lands for three years. Possible change to Zoning By-law Z.-1 from an Urban Reserve/Temporary Use (UR6/T-74)) Zone which permits a range of pastoral and existing industrial uses, conservation, and passive recreation uses, as well as a golf driving range facility for a temporary period not exceeding three (3) years, to an Urban Reserve/Temporary Use (UR6/T-74)) Zone to permit, in addition to the full range of uses in the Urban Reserve/Temporary Use (UR6/T-74)) Zone noted above, the continuation of the existing golf driving range facility use on the subject lands for an additional three (3) years.

### 2.3 Community Engagement (see more detail in Appendix B)

On May 25, 2022, Notice of Application was sent to all property owners within 120 metres of the subject lands. One response was received at the time this report was prepared, indicating that there is no objection to the temporary continuation of the use. Notice of Application was published in The Londoner on May 26, 2022.

### 2.4 Policy Context

Provincial Policy Statement, 2020

The Provincial Policy Statement (PPS), 2020 provides policy direction on matters of provincial interest related to land use planning and development. In accordance with Section 3 of the Planning Act, all planning decisions "shall be consistent with" the PPS.

Section 1.1 of the PPS encourages healthy, livable and safe communities which are sustained by promoting efficient development and land use patterns which sustain the financial well-being of the Province and municipalities over the long term. The PPS directs settlement areas to be the focus of growth and development, further stating that the vitality and regeneration of settlement areas is critical to the long-term economic prosperity of our communities (1.1.3).

### The London Plan

The London Plan is the new Official Plan for the City of London (Council adopted, approved by the Ministry with modifications, and the majority of which is in force and effect). All of The London Plan policies and mapping considered with respect to this application are in force and effect and are determinative for the purposes of this planning application.

The London Plan provides Key Directions (54\_) to be considered in reviewing applications which provide direction and focus which serve as a foundation to the policies of the Plan. Each direction encompasses a variety of strategies intended to guide planning and development over the twenty-year planning horizon. Due to the nature of the proposed use in an area identified for future industrial development, the relevant Key Direction, Direction #8 Make wise planning decisions (62\_) is most applicable in this context which presents the following strategies:

- 1. Ensure that all planning decisions and municipal projects conform with The London Plan and are consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement.
- 2. Plan for sustainability balance economic, environmental, and social considerations in all planning decisions.

- 3. Think "big picture" and long-term when making planning decisions consider the implications of a short-term and/ or site-specific planning decision within the context of this broader view.
- 8. Avoid current and future land use conflicts mitigate conflicts where they cannot be avoided.
- Ensure new development is a good fit within the context of an existing neighbourhood.

Balancing the environmental, cultural heritage, and future development considerations with respect to the extension of the Temporary Use Zone, while maintaining the long-term use of the land, forms the basis for the recommendation. The long-term land use conflicts have been mitigated as there is no development proposed as part of this application, and the short-term temporary use may only be extended beyond three years subject to Council approval.

The London Plan also provides clear direction for each Place Type. The Future Industrial Growth Place Type is applied to lands which are expected to develop for industrial uses pending future study (1156\_). The Place Type provides for a limited range of new uses. To prevent premature development, new uses which are similar to existing uses and would not have an impact on the future comprehensive planning development of these lands may be permitted (1163\_).

A portion of the subject lands are also within the Green Space Place Type which provides for the protection and enhancement of natural heritage features and areas recognized as having city-wide, regional, or provincial significance. To the north of the subject lands, Dingman Creek bisects the subject property. Where development is proposed adjacent to components of the Natural Heritage System, the Environmental Policies of the Plan require environmental impact studies to confirm or redefine the boundaries of such components to ensure the development does not negatively impact the natural features and their ecological function (1431\_). The applicant is not proposing any development or structures, and as such the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority has indicated that they are satisfied that the continuation of the temporary golf driving range facility will not negatively impact the natural heritage features on site.

### 1989 Official Plan

The London Plan is the new Official Plan for the City of London (Council adopted June 23, 2016, approved by the Ministry with modifications on December 28, 2016, and in force and effect on May 25, 2022.) As this application was received prior to May 25<sup>th</sup>, 2022, the policies outlined in the 1989 Official Plan were still in effect at the time of the application.

The Urban Reserve designation is intended to provide a general indication of the mix of urban land uses proposed for the area. The Urban Reserve – Industrial Growth designation is expected to transition in the future and will generally be composed of uses permitted in the Light Industrial, General Industrial, and Office Business Park designations. Notwithstanding this intent, Council may re-designate Urban Reserve lands for any use through the community planning process and an amendment to the Plan. (9.4.3.)

Similarly to the Green Space Place Type applied through The London Plan, a portion of the subject site is also designated Open Space by the 1989 Official Plan which is applied to lands within a flood plain or are susceptible to erosion and unstable slopes, including natural heritage areas. Permitted uses are limited to non-intensive uses including agriculture, conservation, essential public utilities and municipal services, and private open space uses such as cemeteries and private golf courses subject to applicable zoning (8A.2.2).

Chapter 15 – Environmental Policies provide additional direction with respect to natural heritage features and environmentally sensitive areas and expands on the range of permitted uses within the Open Space Designation to include existing uses (15.3.2.ii).

### 3.0 Financial Impact/Considerations

None.

### 4.0 Key Issues and Considerations

### 4.1 Issue and Consideration #1: Extension of the Temporary Use (T-74) Zone

Provincial Policy Statement, 2020 (PPS)

The PPS is intended to be read in its entirety with all relevant policies applied based on the development proposed and the context of the subject site, which in this instance includes the policies of Section 1: Building Strong Healthy Communities, Section 2: Wise Use and Management of Resources, and Section 3: Protecting Public Health and Safety (1.1.5.1). The extension of the existing use is consistent with the goals and intent of the PPS 2020 as it does not negatively impact the natural and cultural heritage resources on the subject lands and is appropriate for the existing infrastructure and service levels available to the site (1.1.3.2.). Heritage Planning has confirmed that as no new development is proposed, there are no heritage planning or archaeological issues associated with this amendment.

### The London Plan and 1989 Official Plan

The Future Industrial Growth Place Type applied to the subject site permits existing uses, and new uses which are similar to the existing uses and do not inhibit the lands from developing in their intended manner in the future (1163\_). The Place Type is applied strategically to provide for development opportunities consistent with the City's Industrial Land Development Strategy, and a restrictive approach is taken to lot creation and other forms of development in the Place Type to avoid patterns of land that will detract from the intended comprehensive planning process (1157\_,1159\_).

The Urban Reserve – Industrial Growth designation was applied to lands which were intended to transition to Light Industrial, General Industrial, and Office Business Park designations in the long term (9.4.3.) Similar to the policies of The London Plan noted above, the designation permits a limited range of uses based on the nature of existing uses due to concerns regarding premature development (9.4.2.).

Both The London Plan and the 1989 Official Plan contain policies regarding the implementation of temporary use by-laws to authorize the temporary use of land, buildings, or structures for a purpose otherwise prohibited by the Plan. The criteria for evaluating a temporary use by-law are largely similar between Plans, only differing in The London Plan by the inclusion of two additional matters which City Council will have regard for. Policy 19.4.5. in the 1989 Official Plan and Policies 1671\_, 1672\_ and 1673\_ require that when enacting a temporary use by-law, City Council will have regard for the following matters:

1. Compatibility of the proposed use with surrounding land uses.

The lands surrounding the subject site are predominantly used for agricultural and industrial uses, with some commercial and residential uses on properties near Dingman Drive. The seasonal golf driving range facility has been in operation since 1995 and has demonstrated that the use is compatible with surrounding land uses and does not limit the ability of these lands to function in their intended manner.

2. Any requirement for temporary buildings or structures in association with the proposed use.

The applicant is not proposing any buildings or structures in association with the proposed use.

3. Any requirement for temporary connection to municipal services and utilities.

The temporary use does not require connection to municipal services and utilities.

4. The potential impact of the proposed use on mobility facilities and traffic in the immediate area.

As there are no expansions to the use proposed as part of the temporary zone, there will be no increase in traffic or additional impacts on mobility facilities in the area. Transportation Design has no objections to the requested temporary use.

5. Access requirements for the proposed use.

The proposed access on the subject site is not changing as part of this application and is adequate for the proposed use.

6. Parking required for the proposed use, and the ability to provide adequate parking on-site.

The parking rate for a golf driving range is 1.5 spaces per tee. The existing parking facilities on the subject site are adequate for the requested temporary use.

7. The potential long-term use of the temporary use.

The applicant has requested an extension of the Temporary Use (T-74) Zone for an additional three years. Sanitary servicing is not currently available to the subject lands and the City has no plans in the foreseeable future to extend services in this location. Until such time as the market demands that these lands be utilized for industrial purposes, the passive nature of the temporary use and the minimal on-site infrastructure it requires does not preclude the ability of the lands to develop in the future for industrial purposes. The seasonal golf driving range use has been in operation in excess of twenty years and has established compatibility with the surrounding land uses

8. In the case of temporary commercial surface parking lots in the Downtown, the impact on the pedestrian environment in the Downtown.

This application will not facilitate a temporary commercial surface parking lot in the Downtown.

9. The degree to which the temporary use may be frustrating the viability of the intended long-term use of the lands

The portion of the site subject to this application is adjacent to the Urban Growth Boundary within the Future Industrial Growth Place Type and outside of the Built-Area Boundary. The intended long-term use of the subject site is for industrial purposes, provided the necessary studies and approvals are completed given the existing servicing challenges and natural and cultural heritage features on-site. As noted above, the continuation of the temporary use does not pose an impediment to the long-term development of the site.

More information and detail is available in Appendix B and C of this report.

### **Conclusion**

The requested amendment to change the zoning on the subject site to allow for the continuation of the temporary use of the lands for a golf driving range facility for an additional three years is consistent with the Provincial Policy Statement, 2020 and conforms to the in-force policies of The London Plan and the 1989 Official Plan.

Prepared by: William Brent House,

Planner I

Reviewed by: Mike Corby, MCIP, RPP

**Manager, Planning Implementation** 

Recommended by: Gregg Barrett, AICP

**Director, Planning and Development** 

Submitted by: Scott Mathers MPA, P. Eng

**Deputy City Manager, Planning and Economic** 

Development

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Bill No.(number to be inserted by Clerk's Office) 2022

By-law No. Z.-1-22\_\_\_\_\_

A by-law to amend By-law No. Z.-1 to rezone a portion of an area of land located at 4680 Wellington Road South.

WHEREAS 761030 Ontario Limited have applied to extend the Temporary Use (T-74) Zone as it applies to a portion of the property located at 4680 Wellington Road South for a period not to exceed three (3) years;

AND WHEREAS the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of London, by By-law No. Z.-1-162487 approved the Temporary Use for 4680 Wellington Road South for a period not exceeding three (3) years beginning May 21, 2019;

AND WHEREAS the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of London deems it advisable to extend the Temporary Use for the said property for a period not exceeding three (3) years;

AND WHEREAS this rezoning conforms to the Official Plan;

THEREFORE the Municipal Council of The Corporation of the City of London enacts as follows:

- 1. Section Number 50.2(74) of the Temporary (T) Zone is amended by adding the following subsection for a portion of lands known municipally as 4680 Wellington Road South:
  - 74) T-74

This Temporary Use is hereby extended for an additional three (3) years beginning September 27, 2022.

The inclusion in this By-law of imperial measure along with metric measure is for the purpose of convenience only and the metric measure governs in case of any discrepancy between the two measures.

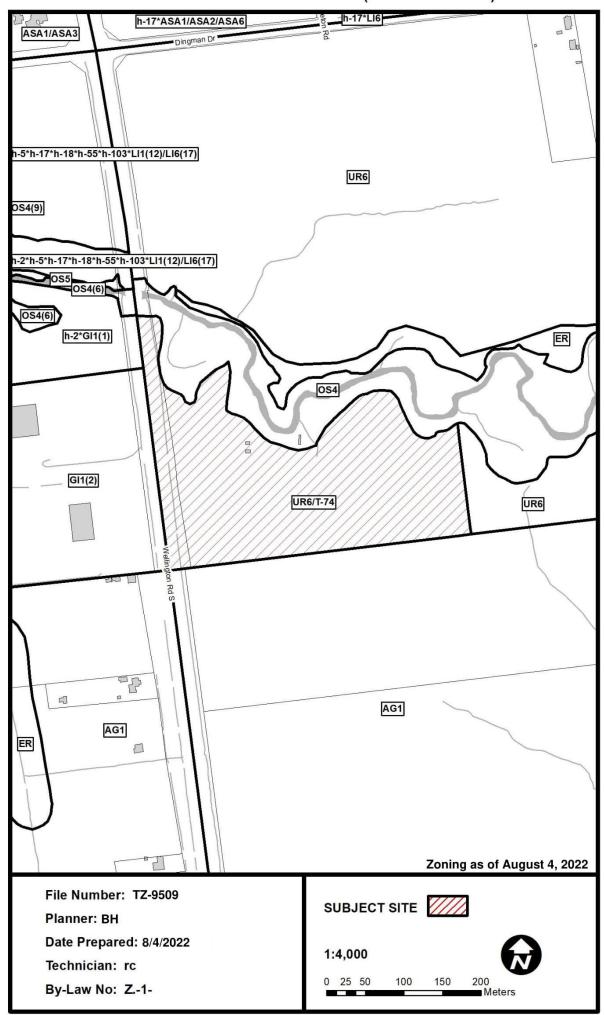
This By-law shall come into force and be deemed to come into force in accordance with Section 34 of the Planning Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. P13, either upon the date of the passage of this by-law or as otherwise provided by the said section.

PASSED in Open Council on September 27, 2022.

Ed Holder Mayor

Michael Schulthess City Clerk

First Reading – September 27 2022 Second Reading – September 27, 2022 Third Reading – September 27, 2022



### **Appendix B – Public Engagement**

### **Community Engagement**

**Public liaison:** On May 25, 2022, Notice of Application was sent to 34 property owners in the surrounding area. Notice of Application was also published in the *Public Notices and Bidding Opportunities* section of *The Londoner* on May 26, 2022. A "Planning Application" sign was also posted on the site.

**Nature of Liaison:** To extend the existing Temporary Use (T-74) Zone to allow for the continuation of the existing golf driving range facility on the subject lands for an additional three (3) years.

**Responses:** 1 response was received, which indicated no objection to the continuation of the use of the lands for a golf driving range facility for an additional three years.

### Responses to Public Liaison Letter and Publication in "The Londoner"

Telephone	Written
•	Dave and Kim Stewart 2525 Dingman Drive London, Ontario N6N 1G3

### **Agency/Departmental Comments**

Upper Thames River Conservation Authority

As indicated, the subject lands are regulated by the UTRCA and are located within the Dingman Subwatershed Screening Area. A Section 28 permit will not be required for the purpose of this application as it is a continuation of an existing use. Should any new buildings or structures be proposed on the subject lands, the applicant shall pre-consult with the UTRCA and a Section 28 permit will be required.

### Engineering Review

Engineering has no comments for the re-zoning.

### Heritage Planning

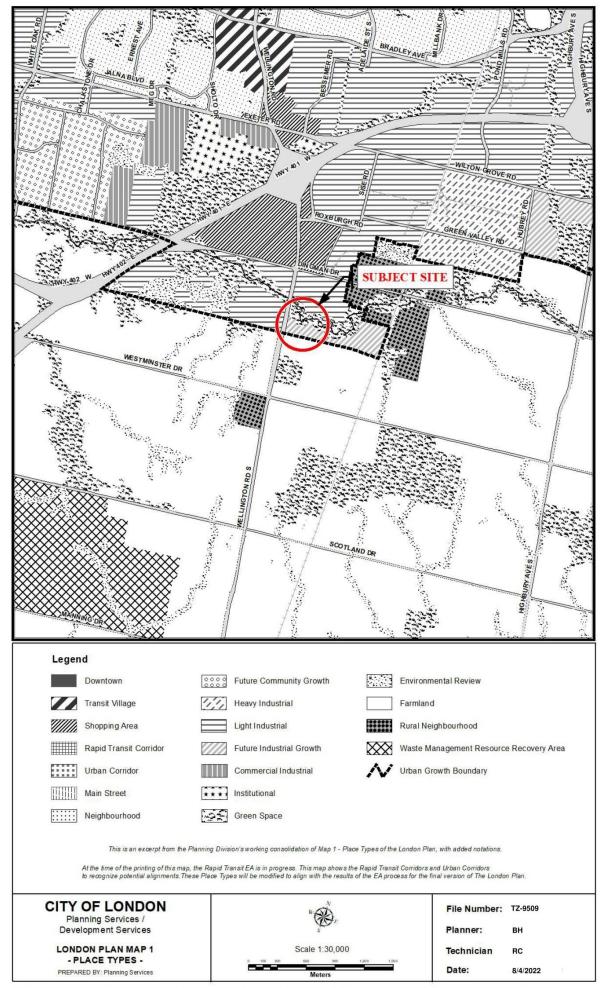
Due to the limited scope of work indicated in the proposal summary (i.e. no new development, paving or construction is being proposed) – there are currently no heritage planning or archaeological issues associated with this file on this property.

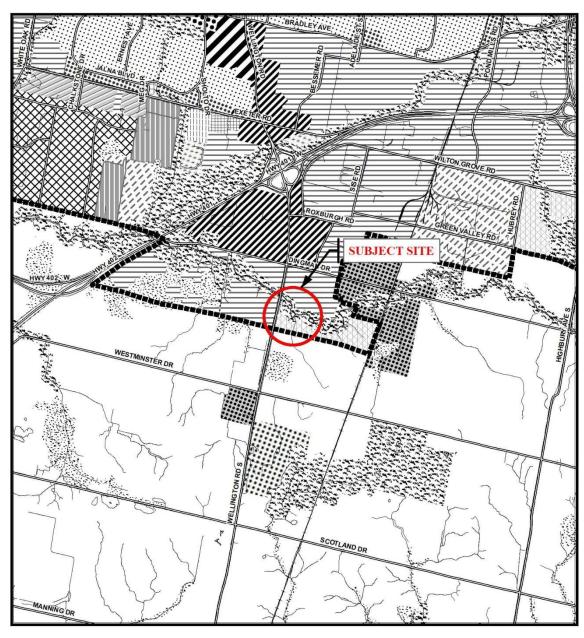
### London Hydro

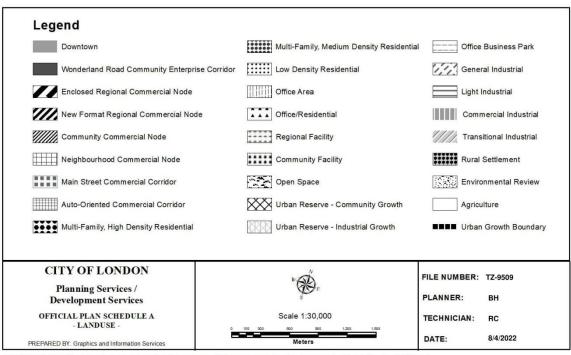
London Hydro has no objection to this proposal or possible official plan and/or zoning amendment. Any new or relocation of the existing service will be at the expense of the owner.

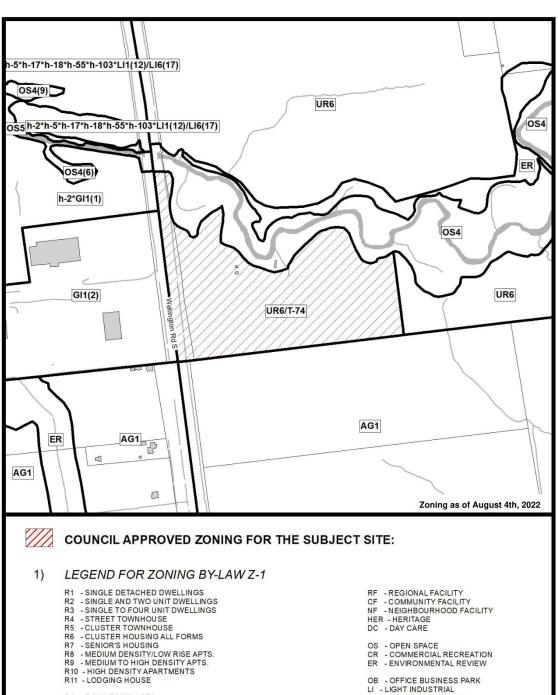
### Appendix C – Relevant Background

### **Additional Maps**









DA - DOWNTOWN AREA
RSA - REGIONAL SHOPPING AREA
CSA - COMMUNITY SHOPPING AREA
NSA - NEIGHBOURHOOD SHOPPING AREA
BDC - BUSINESS DISTRICT COMMERCIAL
AC - ARTERIAL COMMERCIAL
HS - HIGHWAY SERVICE COMMERCIAL
RSC - RESTRICTED SERVICE COMMERCIAL
CC - CONVENIENCE COMMERCIAL
SS - AUTOMOBILE SERVICE STATION
ASA - ASSOCIATED SHOPPING AREA COMMERCIAL

OR - OFFICE/RESIDENTIAL
OC - OFFICE CONVERSION
RO - RESTRICTED OFFICE
OF - OFFICE

FILE NO:

TZ-9509

HER - HERITAGE DC - DAY CARE

OS - OPEN SPACE CR - COMMERCIAL RECREATION ER - ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

OB - OFFICE BUSINESS PARK LI - LIGHT INDUSTRIAL GI - GENERAL INDUSTRIAL HI - HEAVY INDUSTRIAL EX - RESOURCE EXTRACTIVE UR - URBAN RESERVE

AG -AGRICULTURAL
AGC -AGRICULTURAL COMMERCIAL
RRC -RURAL SETTLEMENT COMMERCIAL
TGS -TEMPORARY GARDEN SUITE
RT -RAIL TRANSPORTATION

"h" - HOLDING SYMBOL
"D" - DENSITY SYMBOL
"H" - HEIGHT SYMBOL
"B" - BONUS SYMBOL
"T" - TEMPORARY USE SYMBOL

### **CITY OF LONDON**

PLANNING SERVICES / DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

ZONING BY-LAW NO. Z.-1 **SCHEDULE A** 



MAP PREPARED: 2022/08/04 RC 1:5,000 0 25 50 100 150 200 Meters

BH

THIS MAP IS AN UNOFFICIAL EXTRACT FROM THE ZONING BY-LAW WITH ADDED NOTATIONS

### **Report to Planning and Environment Committee**

To: Chair and Members

**Planning and Environment Committee** 

From: Scott Mathers MPA, P. Eng.,

**Deputy City Manager, Planning and Economic Development** 

Subject: 1407 - 1427 Hyde Park Road (at South Carriage Road)

(OZ-9438/York Developments)

Public Participation Meeting on: September 12, 2022

### Recommendation

That, on the recommendation of the Deputy City Manager, Planning and Economic Development, the following actions be taken with respect to the application of York Developments relating to the properties located at 1407-1427 Hyde Park Road:

- (a) the request to amend the Official Plan to permit a single storey building height within the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan, **BE REFUSED** for the following reasons:
  - i) the proposal is not in conformity with the 2020 Provincial Policy Statement:
  - ii) the proposal is not in conformity with the Main Street policies in The London Plan; and,
  - iii) the proposal is not in conformity with the Hyde Park Community Plan Community and Urban Design Guidelines.
- (b) the request to amend Zoning By-law No. Z.-1 to change the zoning of the subject properties to permit a site-specific Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(\_)) Zone, **BE REFUSED** for the following reasons:
  - the proposal is not in conformity with the 2020 Provincial Policy Statement;
  - ii) the proposal is not in conformity with the Main Street policies in The London Plan;
  - iii) the proposal is not in conformity with the Main Street Commercial Corridor policies in the 1989 Official Plan; and,
  - iv) the proposal is not in conformity with the Hyde Park Community Plan Community and Urban Design Guidelines.

### **Executive Summary**

### **Summary of Request**

The applicants requested amendments to:

- add a Specific Policy Area to permit a single-storey building within the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan whereas a minimum of two storeys are required and to add the subject site to Map 7 – Specific Policy Areas.
- 2. change the zoning from a Holding Business District Commercial Special Provision (h\*BDC2(4)) Zone and a Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(3)) Zone to a Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(\_)) Zone with special provisions to permit stacked townhouses, maintain the existing special provision exempting the site from the maximum 3.0 metre front yard depth (South Carriage Road); to permit a maximum mixed-use density of 65 units per hectare, a maximum building height of 14.5 metres in place of 12.0 metres, a drive-through facility associated with a restaurant whereas drive-through facilities are not permitted, a minimum of 202 off-street parking spaces

in place of 222 spaces and parking in the front yard whereas parking in the front yard is not permitted.

### **Purpose and the Effect of Recommended Action**

The purpose of the recommended action is to refuse all the requested amendments.

### **Rationale of Recommended Action**

- 1. The requested amendments are not consistent with the PPS, 2020 because it will result in an inappropriate form of development, is an underutilization of the site and will create safety concerns for pedestrians and residents on the subject site;
- 2. The proposed site layout and functioning of future development, how the residential and commercial uses are mixed on site and lack of amenity space for the residential uses are major concerns;
- 3. The requested amendments are not in conformity with the Main Street Place Type policies in the London Plan with regard to intensity and form;
- 4. The requested amendments do not conform to the policies of the 1989 Official Plan because it creates a form of development not consistent with the Main Street Commercial Corridor policies; and,
- 5. The requested amendments do not conform to the policies of the Hyde Park Community Plan Community and Urban Design Guidelines because it creates a form of development not consistent with the Business District policies.

### **Analysis**

### 1.0 Site at a Glance

### 1.1 Property Description

The property is relatively flat with no designated natural features except for a municipal drain which traverses the site. The Van Horik drain runs along the southern boundary of the site and across a portion of the site to the northeast.

### 1.2 Current Planning Information

- 1989 Official Plan Designation Main Street Commercial Corridor
- Hyde Park Community Plan Business District
- The London Plan Place Type Main Street
- Existing Zoning Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(3)) and Holding Business District Commercial Special Provision (h.BDC2(4)) Zones.

### 1.3 Site Characteristics

- Current Land Use Vacant
- Frontage 93 metres (South Carriage Road)
- Depth 149 metres (Hyde Park Road)
- Area 1.4 hectares
- Shape Rectangular

### 1.4 Surrounding Land Uses

- North South Carriage Road, hardware store (Peavey Mart), retail commercial businesses, apartment building and townhouses
- East low density residential including street townhouses and single family detached dwellings.
- South Service commercial uses, SWM pond and CPR railway corridor
- West Hyde Park Road (4 lane road with turning lanes), vacant land, low density residential subdivision and Cantebury Park.



**Aerial Photo of Subject Site looking Southeast** 



**Aerial Photo of Subject Site looking Southwest** 

### 1.5 Intensification (72 stacked townhouse units)

 The proposal includes residential units on a "greenfield" site that do not represent intensification within the Built-Area Boundary or the Primary Transit Area but are located within the Urban Growth boundary.

### 1.6 LOCATION MAP



### 2.0 Description of Proposal

### **Proposal**

The design concept developed by the applicant for the Site includes the following three main components:

- A multiple-unit, single storey commercial structure along Hyde Park Road accommodating a variety of service/retail commercial uses with seven individual units ranging in gross floor area (GFA) from approximately 109m² to 140m² and a total gross floor area of 921m²;
- A stand-alone restaurant (McDonalds) at the corner of Hyde Park Road and South Carriage Road with an accessory drive-through facility and an approximate gross floor area (GFA) of 410m<sup>2</sup>;
- Two, 3.5 storey stacked, back-to-back townhouse buildings accommodating a total of 72 dwelling units in the central portion of the property;
- A common parking area comprised of 187 surface parking stalls, including barrier free spaces, and integrating bicycle parking and internal loading areas;
- An internal walkway system (1) providing pedestrian connectivity to commercial and residential units, adjacent sidewalks and the parking area and (2) incorporating enhanced landscaping elements (e.g., gazebo feature); and,
- Vehicular access from Hyde Park Road and South Carriage Road with internal drive aisle connections, pedestrian walkways and loading areas. A joint access with 1369 Hyde Park Road is proposed to accommodate the southern entrance.

Figure 1 – Conceptual Site Plan

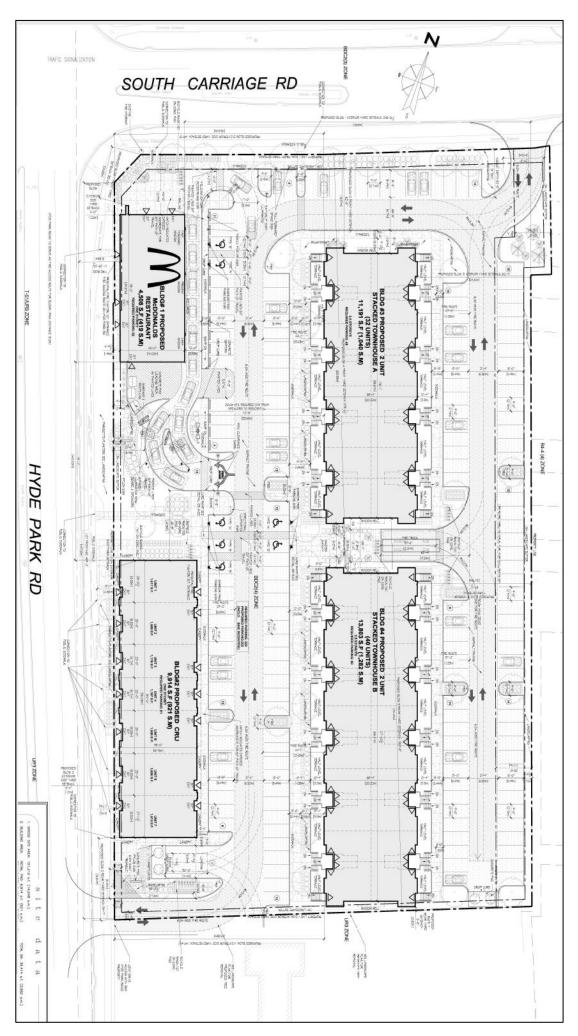




Figure 2 - Proposed Elevation along Hyde Park Road looking East



Figure 3 - Proposed Commercial Buildings along Hyde Park Road looking Northeast



Figure 4 - Proposed Stacked Townhouses in the Central Portion of the Site

### 3.0 Relevant Background

### 3.1 Planning History

The subject site was part of the Hyde Park Community Plan area (1989 Official Plan), on lands that were annexed from London Township on July 1, 1993. At the time of annexation, Hyde Park had a considerable amount of existing industrial, community facility, commercial and residential uses within its boundaries. The existing commercial area centred on the intersection of Hyde Park and Gainsborough Road had a distinct "village form" at the time, with street-orientated businesses and on-street parking along both Hyde Park Road and Gainsborough Road.

In 1999 the developers (First Professional Management) of the commercial area at the intersection of Hyde Park and Fanshawe Park Road and the City initiated the Hyde Park Community Plan. In December 1999 the Hyde Park Community Plan – Community and Urban Design Guidelines were completed to guide future development in the area. Those guidelines are still used and form part of The London Plan City Design Guidelines in Policy 1716 (6) of the Plan. The Hyde Park Community Plan was Council adopted December 2, 2000 and formed part of the 1989 Official Plan policies. The Hyde Park Community Plan has now been incorporated into the London Plan and is no longer in force and effect.

Not soon after the completion of the Hyde Park Community Plan, an application (OZ-6368/Braskal Corporation) was initiated requesting amendments to allow service commercial uses on the north portion of the subject property and on lands to the north of the proposed South Carriage Road. On September 2, 2003 Council passed a Zoning By-law amendment (BDC2(3)) which removed the maximum front yard depth of 3.0 metres from the northern portion of the subject property and lands north of the proposed future road allowance (South Carriage Road) to allow the development of a hardware store (TSC now Peavey Mart) on the latter lands. The maximum setback regulation had been put in place to implement policies in the Hyde Park Community Plan and guidelines in the Hyde Park Urban Design Guidelines which encouraged street-orientated development to maintain the "village" character of commercial development in that area.

It is important to note that the report from Planning staff to Planning Committee on August 25, 2003 recommended that;

- (a) The request to amend the Official Plan by adding a site-specific policy to allow for flexibility in the orientation and setback of buildings in the Business District designation (1989 Official Plan) BE REFUSED;
- (f) The request to amend the Zoning By-law by adding a special provision to permit drive-through restaurants, tavern, and an increased setback for buildings in the Business District designation, **BE REFUSED**;

On September 2, 2003 Council concurred with those recommendations but approved the special provision zone for the north portion of the subject property to delete the maximum front yard setback regulation.

Since that time a number of other commercial developments in the area (eg. Dentist office at 994 Gainsborough Road and new commercial development at 1331 - 1351 and 1600-1622 Hyde Park Road) have all developed consistent with the Hyde Park Community Plan and Urban Design Guidelines which encouraged pedestrian-orientated forms of commercial development, ie) buildings located close to the street with rear yard parking.

In summary, policies and guidelines in the Hyde Park Community Plan (Secondary Plan under the 1989 Official Plan) and Urban Design Guidelines have been in place since the late 1990's and development since, except for one exception at 1435 Hyde Park Road (TSC/Peavey Mart), has conformed to those policies and guidelines. The proposal on

the subject site does not meet the intent of the Plan and Urban Design Guidelines.

### 3.2 Requested Amendments

The applicants requested amendments to:

- 1. Add a Specific Policy Area to permit a single-storey building within the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan whereas a minimum of two storeys are required and to add the subject site to Map 7 Specific Policy Areas.
- 2. Change the zoning from a Holding Business District Commercial Special Provision (h\*BDC2(4)) Zone and a Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(3)) Zone to a Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(\_)) Zone with special provisions to permit stacked townhouses, maintain the existing special provision exempting the site from the maximum 3.0 m front yard depth (South Carriage Road); to permit a maximum mixed-use density of 65 units per hectare, a maximum building height of 14.5 metres in place of 12.0 metres, a drive-through facility associated with a restaurant whereas drive-through facilities are not permitted, a minimum of 202 off-street parking spaces in place of 222 spaces, and parking in the front yard whereas parking in the front yard is not permitted.

### 3.3 Community Engagement (see more detail in Appendix A)

On December 2, 2021 a Notice of Application was sent to 159 property owners within 120 metres of the property boundaries. Notice of application newspaper notice was also placed in the Londoner on December 3, 2021. In response to those notices eight comments were received.

The issues identified by the public included;

- 1. increased traffic and reduction in pedestrian safety from commercial development and drive-through;
- 2. increased litter and garbage;
- 3. need for another McDonald' restaurant;
- 4. impact of restaurant/drive-through on climate change; and,
- 5. disrespects the nearby memorial for the Afzaal family.

### 3.4 Policy Context

### **Provincial Policy Statement 2020**

The PPS provides overall policy direction on matters of provincial interest related to land use planning and development and sets the policy foundation for regulating the development and use of land. Part IV of the PPS outlines that this policy instrument provides a vision for land use planning in Ontario that focuses growth within settlement areas and encourages efficient development patterns to optimize the use of land, resources and public investment in infrastructure and public service facilities.

The applicants have reviewed the policies against the proposed development plan with regard to the policy direction and provisions of the PPS in Section 4.0 (Planning Analysis) of their Planning and Design Report. Planning staff have also reviewed the policies and offer the following comments on conformity with the PPS.

The PPS tries to achieve a balance between providing for growth and creating healthy, safe, sustainable transit and pedestrian friendly communities. The PPS "supports the provincial goal to enhance the quality of life for all Ontarians." (Part 1: Preamble). Further, it provides for appropriate development while protecting .... "public health and safety, and the quality of the natural and built environment." In the PPS (Part IV) the

Vision for Ontario's Land Use Planning System states "Strong communities, a clean and healthy environment and a strong economy are inextricably linked. Long term prosperity, human and environmental health and social well-being should take precedence over short-term considerations". The proposal as shown is new development; however, the site layout and function of the site, the mixing of commercial and residential parking and the drive-through through that parking lot may create a safety issue for pedestrians and residents.

In addition, this section states "Efficient development patterns optimize the use of land, resources and public investment in infrastructure and public service facilities. These land use patterns promote a mix of housing, including affordable housing, employment, parks and open spaces, and transportation choices that increase the use of active transportation and transit before other modes of travel". The proposal can be characterized as a one storey, suburban form of development on an undeveloped piece of land. Although, the commercial buildings are street-oriented and provide pedestrian connections to the sidewalk, there are large areas of surface parking. Affordable housing is not proposed for the residential component of the proposed development and the provided green space/amenity space for the residential uses is limited.

Specifically, the proposed concept is not an "efficient development ...pattern" (Section 1.1.1 a)) because it is one storey, does not include affordable housing, may impact public safety by mixing residential and commercial uses in the same parking lot and by adding a drive-through (Section 1.1.1 c)) and is an underutilization of an undeveloped "greenfield" site. In addition, there is very little functional amenity space for residential uses, only parking (1.1.1 b) and e)).

The subject site is also close to the Urban Growth boundary to the west and there are minimal lands in this area for further development and any remaining vacant lands, including the subject property, should seek to be developed to their maximize potential within the existing policy framework for the area.

With regard to Section 1.1.2, "sufficient land shall be made available...", there are ample lands already used for commercial uses a short distance to the north at Hyde Park and Fanshawe (over 100,000m² of commercial), to the east at Sherwood Forest Mall and to the south at Oakridge Mall. There are already three McDonald's restaurants in the area, two in the first area and one in the second.

The subject site is within a Settlement Area/Urban Growth boundary, but not the Built-up Area boundary, and doesn't efficiently use land... (Section 1.1.3.2 a)) or infrastructure (1.1.3.2 b)) and includes a drive-through which impacts air quality and climate change (1.1.3.2 c)). The proposal is generally transit supportive simply due to its location and proximity to the street. The development must provide safe pedestrian connections around and into the site which is still a concern given the proximity of residential and commercial uses to one another and the sharing of parking areas. The development has potential to improve on these concerns through a more appropriate form of development (1.1.3.4.)

With regard to Section 1.4 (Housing), the proposal doesn't provide for affordable housing (1.4.3 b) because it appears to only include market based stacked townhouses.

With regard to Section 1.6 (Infrastructure and Public Service Facilities) the Main Street Place Type provides the subject site the ability to provide for a more intensive and appropriate form of mixed-use development. This would result in a more efficient use of the existing infrastructure in the area then the current proposal provides.

Section 1.6.7 (Transportation Systems) states "A land use pattern, density and mix of uses should be promoted that minimizes the length and number of vehicle trips and support current and future use of transit and active transportation.". The proposed site plan includes a large amount of surface parking and there are few pedestrian connections to the abutting adjacent residential neighbourhoods. The proposed drive-through location makes pedestrian access to the restaurant difficult from the parking

area.

The proposal meets Section 1.7.1 a) (Long-Term Economic Prosperity) by providing an opportunity for economic development but doesn't satisfy subsection b) (range of housing options), c) (optimizing use of land and infrastructure), e) (encouraging a sense of place, well-built form), g) (integrated multi-modal transportation system), j) promoting energy conservation and k) minimizing impacts of climate change by including a drive through. All other criteria do not apply to this proposal.

Section 1.8 (Energy Conservation, Air Quality and Climate Change) also are not met due to the inclusion of a drive-through, emphasis on parking for automobiles and the minimal amount of amenity space.

#### Summary

Although the proposal is development on a vacant parcel of land ("greenfield" site) within the Urban Growth boundary and is street-orientated, the proposal is not in conformity with most of the policies in the 2020 Provincial Policy Statement with regard to intensity, wise use of existing infrastructure and land, pedestrian friendliness, mix of housing, lack of amenity space and the creation of a healthy and safe environment. The low height, the presence of a drive-through and amount of land covered by parking are primary features which are not in conformity with the policies.

#### The London Plan

The London Plan is the new Official Plan for the City of London (Council adopted June 23, 2016, approved by the Ministry with modifications on December 28, 2016, and the majority in force and effect on May 20, 2022).

#### <u>Use</u>

The subject lands are in the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan, permitting a broad range of residential, retail, service, office and institutional uses to serve surrounding neighbourhoods within walking distance. (Policy 908\_1). Main Streets can include older business districts in the City or newer developments which have a similar form and function. Mixed-use buildings will be encouraged (Policy 908\_2) and retail and service uses will be encouraged at grade, with residential and non-service office uses directed to the rear and upper floors of buildings (Policy 908\_3). The proposal doesn't mix the uses in one building, instead it includes uses in separate buildings which is not in conformity with these policies.

Policy 909 indicates that drive-throughs are generally not permitted in a Main Street Place Type; however, they can be permitted where 1) they will not detract from the vision and role of the commercial area, 2) will not impact the pedestrian environment and 3) will be subject to both a zoning by-law amendment and site plan approval in conformity with the City's Design Policies. The proposal detracts from the "vision" of the area established by the Hyde Park Community Plan and Urban Design Guidelines in 1999 and carried forward by The London Plan through the inclusion of a single storey development, especially at the intersection of South Carriage Road. Although the proposed drive-through is internal to the site and is not in the front or exterior side yard it can be seen from Hyde Park Road and may interfere with pedestrian connections within the site, especially between commercial and residential uses. Site plan approval will be required and occur following the zoning by-law amendment process.

#### Intensity

The London Plan does not use density like the previous 1989 Official Plan as a measure of intensity, it uses intensity and form to regulate development. The Main Street Place Type requires a **minimum** height of 2 storeys or 8 metres and provides opportunity to reach heights of up to 4-6 storeys of height. The applicants have requested a special policy to allow one storey for the commercial component of the development but that is not in conformity with the policies which are attempting to

encourage higher intensity development along major roadways to make better use of land and infrastructure. A one storey height is typical of previous suburban development which was focused on the private automobile.

The requested height for the stacked townhouses of 3.5 storeys meets the intent of the policies which have a maximum height of 4 storeys. The applicant' also requested a parking reduction; however, Council recently approved amendments which removed the minimum parking requirement from Main Street Place Types and lowered minimum parking rates for stacked townhouses, retail and office uses. A reduction in parking could provide more room for amenity space on the site, something that is deficient in the original proposal.

Policy 910 also limits large floor plate commercial buildings in Main Street Place Types to a maximum gross floor area of 2000m<sup>2</sup> which may impact future leasing of the commercial buildings. No details have been provided regarding future tenants.

#### Form

Policy 911 states "all new development will be designed to be well integrated with the character and design of the associated Main Street." The original Hyde Park Community Plan (1989 Official Plan) intended that all future commercial development along the Hyde Park and Gainsborough Road corridors would have a "village" character ie.) buildings along the street, rear yard parking, similar to the existing development at the intersection. Since these lands were annexed into the City and both the Hyde Park Community Plan and associated design guidelines were put in place, new developments in the Hyde Park area have adopted that form, with one exception to the north of the subject property (1435 Hyde Park-TSC/Peavey Mart). New development is generally street-orientated with sidewalks and landscaping/street trees in front and parking to the rear. The Hyde Park Urban Guidelines (911\_3) are still being used to evaluate proposals. They will be discussed further in Section 4.1 of this report.

Policy 911\_4 requires buildings along the front property line to be consistent with other developments in the area. Along Hyde Park Road the proposal shows windows, doors and signage to the individual commercial units. The frontage along South Carriage Road is proposed to have no buildings, just landscaping and parking which does not meet the intent of the policy.

Policy 911\_5 addresses pedestrian connections placing a priority on the pedestrian experience through site layout, building location, and a design that reinforces pedestrian comfort and safety. Although the proposed site plan provides a pedestrian access along the Hyde Park street edge and into the proposed McDonalds, the proposed connections through the site require pedestrians to traverse over laneways serving commercial land uses and a large parking area between the commercial building and residential uses to the east. Doing the latter is a safety hazard, especially with a drive-through as part of that parking area. Policy 911.9 indicates that surface parking is to be located in the rear (to the south) or interior side yard (to the east). Although the proposal has made an effort to screen parking from Hyde Park there is still a large area of parking located in the front yard along South Carriage Road along with a portion of the drive through which is highly visible and not in keeping with the intent of this policy.

#### **Summary**

Except for the street edge along Hyde Park Road and the mix of commercial and residential, albeit in separate buildings, the proposal doesn't conform to the Main Street Place Type policies in a number of areas including street elevations, location and amount of parking, functional amenity spaces, pedestrian connections, inclusion of a drive-through, street intersection building orientation and height of buildings.

#### 1989 Official Plan/Hyde Park Community Plan

The London Plan is currently in force and effect and replaces the former 1989 Official Plan; however, when this application was submitted, the 1989 Official Plan and

associated Hyde Park Community Plan was still in force and the policies still have to be evaluated through the application review process.

These lands were designated as Main Street Commercial Corridor in the 1989 Official Plan which is very similar to the above Main Street Place Type in The London Plan.

The Main Street Commercial Corridor designation permits small-scale retail uses, service and repair establishments, food stores, convenience commercial uses, personal and business services, pharmacies, restaurants, financial institutions, small scale offices, small scale entertainment uses, galleries, studios, community facility, residential uses (including secondary uses) and units created through the conversion of existing buildings, or through the development of mixed-use buildings as the main uses (4.4.1.4).

They are similar in regard to other policies including Planning Objectives/Character (4.4.1), common parking areas (4.4.1 iii)), mix of uses at higher densities (4.4.1 iv)), urban design objectives (4.4.1.2), function (4.4.1.3.), location (4.4.1.5), encouraging mixed use development (4.4.1.8) and urban design (4.4.1.9). The only difference between the designation and the Place Type is that there is no minimum height specified in Section 4.4.1.7 (Scale) of the previous 1989 Plan. It does indicate that any residential uses be at a Medium Density Residential scale which is a maximum of 75 units per hectare.

The <u>Hyde Park Community Plan</u>, and associated urban design guidelines, were a Secondary Plan (Council approved in April 1999) under the 1989 Official Plan and included more specific policies for the area. Some relevant features include recognizing the Hyde Park Village or hamlet as a separate commercial entity and avoidance of typical "strip" commercial suburban development in commercial areas. The Plan states;

"The transformation of an existing mix of auto-orientated and pedestrian-orientated commercial uses in the Hyde Park hamlet to a commercial "village" was eagerly supported by the current business owners and the community at large. The creation of a pedestrian scale commercial focal point was desirable for the community and is supported by the Hyde Park Urban Design Guidelines. Additional lands have been designated to provide room for parking and provide for "gateways" to the business area..."

The Community Plan also did not specify a minimum height but it did encourage a form of development which was similar to existing development at the intersection of Hyde Park and Gainsborough Roads. The Design Guidelines saw this area as a proposed business district, a high activity area with streetscaping and a building orientation to create a pedestrian-friendly, mixed-use area where people can live, work and shop. (2.0 Urban Form). Section 6.0 of the Guidelines provides further direction.

#### **Summary**

The policies in the Main Street Commercial Corridor designation in the 1989 Official Plan, the Business District designation in the Hyde Park Community Plan (Council approved April 1999) and the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan are almost identical which means a consistent set of policies have been in place for this specific commercial area since the late 1990's as the Hyde Park area developed from a rural community (annexed in 1993) into a developing community. The subject site is towards the southern end of the commercial area but is still part of the Main Street Place Type. The proposal as submitted also does not comply with the 1989 Official Plan policies.

#### 4.0 Key Issues and Considerations

#### 4.1 Issue and Consideration # 1 – Urban Design/Site Plan Issues

Both the Site Plan Approval and Urban Design Sections of the Planning and Development Department and the Urban Design Peer Review Panel (UDPRP) had significant concerns about the design of the proposed development and its ability to meet the intent of the Main Street Place Type policies in The London Plan.

Comments had been provided during both the application pre-consultation (March 17, 2021) and site plan pre-consultation (June 19, 2021) with no significant changes being made prior to the formal application being submitted on September 17, 2021. The public notice was sent December 1, 2021 and through that process similar comments, including new comments from the UDPRP, were received identifying the same concerns as previously provided from staff. Planning staff offered the applicant an opportunity to revise their proposal but they declined on June 16, 2022.

The components of the proposal which met the intent of the Main Street Place Type policies is the limited setback next to Hyde Park Road (although staff commented it could be moved closer); the inclusion of windows, entrances and signage along Hyde Park Road for individual businesses; and the mix of uses, although they are proposed in separate buildings and not in one mixed use building as encouraged by the policies.

Below is a summary of 1) the issues raised by staff and the UDPRP and 2) possible resolutions from the UDPRP and Urban Design/Site Plan staff to meet the intent of the policies and create a better development;

#### 1) Issues with the Submitted Proposal

- The commercial building and the restaurant along Hyde Park Road are only one storey in height, the policies require a minimum of two storeys (London Plan Policy 908\_2);
- The proposal includes a drive-through which is not normally permitted in a Main Street Place Type because it impacts streetscape character and results in front yard parking along South Carriage Road, concern about speakers, privacy and idling impacting residential environment;
- 3. The site layout and function are major concerns;
- 4. Mix of commercial and residential parking could create a safety hazard;
- 5. Proposed parking in the front yard and building and parking area setbacks contrary to Main Street Place Type;
- 6. Inadequate outdoor amenity area particularly for residential uses;
- 7. UDPRP indicated the overall site design was confusing and detracted from the residential environment;
- 8. Joint access with 1369 Hyde Park Road requires a consent application, is not supported by Transportation, and creates tree preservation concerns; and,
- 9. Enclosure of municipal drain requires UTRCA approval.

#### 2) Possible Improvements to Proposal

 Include a minimum two storey building along Hyde Park Road with ground level retail/office uses and residential or office uses above, split Building 2 into two buildings with parking areas between the two buildings to allow for better access to the commercial units along Hyde Park Road frontage to parking area;

- 2. Remove the drive-through;
- 3. Separate commercial and residential parking areas;
- Rotate Building 3 along South Carriage with parking behind with a 75% street wall frontage. The proposed parking along South Carriage should be removed;
- 5. No parking shall be located between the street frontages and the building face (The London Plan Policy 911-9) and screen all surface parking areas;
- 6. Ensure the proposed built form at the intersection emphasizes and addresses the corner location (The London Plan Policy 291);
- 7. Design the space between the building and the Right-of-Way so it is similar to other developments in the area with a main sidewalk, secondary sidewalk and large planting beds;
- 8. Ensure direct and safe pedestrian connections, currently there are significant barriers /obstacles to pedestrian flow; and,
- 9. Locate any garbage/recycling facilities away from public street frontage and in the proposed McDonalds put it in the building.

The Urban Design Peer Review Panel (UDPRP) and both the Site Plan and Urban Design Sections of Planning and Development Department indicated that "significant modifications" were required to meet the intent of the policies of the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan and comply with urban design policies and site plan regulations but the applicant declined to revise the proposal.

#### 4.2 Issue and Consideration # 2 – Traffic/Pedestrian Safety

This issue was discussed above but the public responses to the application raised this as their main issue. It includes a concern about traffic at the intersection, turning into the site, traffic on Hyde Park Road and on-site traffic, especially with the drive-through, and its impact on pedestrians moving around and into the site. Public health and safety are important measures in the Provincial Policy Statement (See Section 3.4 – Policy Context) and need to be considered and addressed.

The current proposal does not address public/pedestrian safety into and around the site. It should also be noted that Transportation does not support the proposed southerly shared access.

### 4.3 Issue and Consideration # 3 – MacDonalds-Drive-Through (Litter/Noise/Smell)

Public concerns were also raised about the need for another McDonalds in the area, there are currently three (one full store and two kiosks) within 1 km of the subject site. The "user" of the property is not part of the planning evaluation; the "use" of the property is evaluated. Restaurants are an appropriate use in the Main Street Place Type, however, drive throughs are generally discouraged as they create compatibility issues and interfere with a connected, cohesive pedestrian environment.

The current proposal could create traffic, safety and other issues in the future, and would require a redesign of the proposal to better address these issues.

#### 4.4 Zoning By-law Z-1 Issues

The subject property is currently zoned Holding Business District Commercial Special Provision (h\*BDC2(4)) on the majority of the property and Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(3)) Zone on the northerly portion. Permitted uses include apartment buildings with any or all of the other permitted uses on the first floor, dwelling units restricted to the rear portion of the ground floor or on the second floor or above

with any or all of the other permitted uses in the front portion on the ground floor, and a broad range of retail, service, office, recreation, entertainment, institutional and community uses subject to a holding provision for services. The northern portion has a special provision which removes the maximum front yard depth setback. Regulations include a maximum 12 metre height except for apartment buildings which require a zoning by-law amendment application to establish a maximum height for development.

The applicants have requested a Business District Commercial Special Provision (BDC2(\_)) Zone with special provisions to;

- 1) permit stacked townhouses;
- 2) maintain the existing special provision exempting the site from the maximum 3.0 m front yard depth (South Carriage Road);
- 3) to permit a maximum mixed-use density of 65 units per hectare and a maximum building height of 14.5 metres in place of 12.0 metres;
- 4) a drive-through facility associated with a restaurant whereas drive-through facilities are not permitted;
- 5) a minimum of 202 off-street parking spaces in place of 222 spaces; and,
- 6) parking in the front yard whereas parking in the front yard is not permitted.

Some of the requested zoning by-law special provisions are appropriate and in conformity with the Main Street Place Type policies with the exception of 2), 4) and 6) based on the policy analysis and department comments above. Exemption from the maximum 3.0m setback, the proposed front yard parking and the inclusion of a drive-through are all issues raised through the circulation process and are not in conformity with The London Plan Main Street Place Type policies and; therefore, no zoning by-law changes are being recommended for this site.

#### **Hyde Park Community and Urban Design Guidelines**

The guidelines were developed as part of Hyde Park Community Plan process and have been in place since December 1999 as Council adopted guidelines. Even though the guidelines were part of a Secondary Plan under the 1989 Official Plan they are still a listed guideline document (Policy 1716\_6) under The London Plan because they still implement the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan. As indicated earlier, the policy approach for the commercial development surrounding the intersection of Hyde Park Road and Gainsborough Road has not changed since the late 1990's.

Section 6.0 (Hyde Park Hamlet) specifically addresses the design of development at the intersection with the following guidelines which are relevant to the subject site;

- Buildings should be sited in close proximity to the street with walkways extending to the adjacent sidewalk.
- Street and pedestrian connections should be provided to neighbouring residential development.
- Encourage the planting of large deciduous "street" trees along the roadside to help shade and enclose the street, creating the atmosphere of an "outdoor room".
- Encourage efficient and attractive design of parking lots. Reduce large expanses of asphalt into smaller visual units with landscaping.
- Buildings should define the public street space with building walls maximized along the street to enclose and animate the street and create a consistent street edge.

The proposal for the subject site does not meet the intent of these guidelines.

#### 5.0 Conclusion

The proposal is not in conformity with the 2020 Provincial Policy Statement, the Main Street policies in the London Plan, the Main Street Commercial Corridor policies in the 1989 Official Plan, the Business District policies in the Hyde Park Community Plan and the Hyde Park Community Plan - Community and Urban Design Guidelines. Significant revisions to the proposal are required to meet the intent of the policies and urban design guidelines.

Prepared by: W.J. Charles Parker, MA

Senior Planner, Long Range Planning and Research

Reviewed by: Mike Corby, MCIP, RPP

Manager, Planning Implementation

Recommended by: Gregg Barrett, AICP

**Director, Planning and Development** 

Submitted by: Scott Mathers MPA, P. Eng.,

**Deputy City Manager, Planning and Economic** 

**Development** 

**Note:** The opinions contained herein are offered by a person or persons qualified to provide expert opinion. Further detail with respect to qualifications can be obtained from Development Services.

September 2, 2022

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#### **Appendix A – Public Engagement**

#### **Community Engagement**

**Public liaison:** On December 1, 2001, Notice of Application was sent to 159 property owners in the surrounding area. Notice of Application was also published in the *Public Notices and Bidding Opportunities* section of *The Londoner* on December 2, 2001. A "Planning Application" sign was also posted on the site.

8 replies were received.

Nature of Liaison: Official Plan and Zoning amendments to allow:

- Mixed-use development
- Single-storey multiple-unit commercial structure
- Stand-alone restaurant with drive-through facility
- Two, 3.5 storey stacked, back-to-back townhouse dwellings with a total of 72 dwelling units
- Special provisions regarding front yard depth, townhouse use, height, density, drive-through facility, and parking

Responses: A summary of the various comments received include the following:

#### **Concern for:**

- 1. increased traffic and reduction in pedestrian safely from commercial development and drive-through;
- 2. increased litter and garbage;
- 3. need for another McDonald' restaurant;
- 4. impact of restaurant/drive-through on climate change; and,
- 5. disrespects the nearby memorial for the Afzaal family.

#### Responses to Public Liaison Letter and Publication in "The Londoner"

Telephone	Written/E-mail
	Diane Dempsey
	Unit 70-1600 Mickleborough Drive
	Samantha Watt
	A.J. Daniak
	Margaret Fuller
	2-1144 Coronation Drive
	Sandra Venneri
	Brandy Straub
	Jim Milliken

#### 1) Public Comments

#### **Diane Dempsey (to Councillor Josh Morgan)**

"Proposed McDonalds restaurant

As a member of the community that sees a plan for a McDonalds being built on Hyde Park Road and South Carriage, I am compelled to communicate with you as the City Councillor for this area. I walk on a regular basis past this intersection and honestly have not recovered from the tragedy of last June. I am very happy to see the lovely tribute that has been constructed at this intersection for the Afzaal Family as a permanent reminder of the horror that occurred there. This makes this corner hallowed ground as it memorializes this lovely family. It truly seems like an extreme insult to this Memorial to allow a McDonalds Restaurant to exist exactly across from this special tribute. There are other reasons that I will also mention as to why it is not wise to move forward with any fast food restaurant. The increase in traffic is a big concern as there are always lines as cars pull over to get into the queue for take out. This area is already very busy with traffic and the pedestrians have to navigate very carefully. I predict there will be cars backed up on a regular basis especially at rush hour. Along with this will be increased litter and amounts of garbage that are generated by purchases as well as the huge carbon footprint that McDonalds inflicts on our community. It is extremely discouraging to read all the information about how McDonalds contributes to climate change by how they operate and do business everyday. Please check this data and see how bad they are in this area. The other issues that are very concerning are all the noises, smells, fumes, and light pollution that will interrupt the quietness of this residential area. I have so often enjoyed the song of the killdeer birds who nest in that open space currently and it saddens me all they will be wiped out. I do hope our City leaders will find a solution that is not going to sacrifice quality of life over a McDonalds restaurant..."

#### **Samantha Watt**

"There are already 3 McDonald's in this area.

This would only cause congestion in a residential area, smell, and an ugly appearance. This area has a nice memorial set up across the street, and does not need an eyesore like McDonald's to distract from it.

Please consider this... I'm sure we can also get lots of signatures to help back us all up. I really hope this isn't a done deal."

#### A.J. Daniak

"...In the conceptualized site plan, it shows a McDonald's as the restaurant. In another spot in the documents, it says that the restaurant was 'conceptualized' as a McDonald's. I was a bit unclear how they would be able to use the McDonald's logo, unless they were already in talks with the company? From the use of the logo, I assumed someone was already in talks with the franchise.

That said I did want to raise concerns that while I don't have objections to a restaurant or drive-thru necessarily I do think that a better suited restaurant could be chosen for the location. The first that comes to mind is a Starbucks (or a local independent coffee shop instead), but for sake of the conversation, a coffee shop would provide a much better lifestyle addition to the area residents, including to all those new proposed stacked townhouse residents who would be sharing a parking lot. A coffee shop would become a community hub where people can gather and meet and I think would be much more welcomed than a McDonald's - for many reasons. I understand that McDonald's would be considered an anchor tenant of the plaza, but that's why I compared it directly to a Starbucks. Less risk than an independent coffee shop. If not a coffee shop - any kind of local restaurant with good quality food would be more welcomed - think something like Dolcetto, Taverna 1331 that is right down the street, Porcino's and so forth. The Hyde Park main street that is being built up has much potential to become a hub for the city and while I have nothing personally against McDonald's, there are already 2 - one at Dalmagarry/Fanshawe Park, and one inside

the Hyde Park Walmart. I realize there is already a Starbucks as well at Fanshawe and Hyde Park road, but as Starbucks has demonstrated in certain locations there can be a Starbucks on multiple corners of the same intersection with no concern of customers served - as there is often that much demand. As well please note I am simply using Starbucks as an example in this situation, there may be many other more suitable choices.

I of course am not an official planner, do not have connections to Starbucks and am not privy to many of the other details I'm sure that go into the planning process before a decision is made, but I wanted to bring my comments to your attention for consideration and in case others share the same concerns.

#### **Margaret Fuller**

"I am a resident in the Hyde Park area and would like to be on record as opposing any zoning amendment that would permit a drive-through restaurant at the corner of Hyde Park Road and South Carriage Road.

As indicated in the "Notice of Planning Application", the London Plan does not permit a drive-through facility at this location, and I believe this check on development needs to be respected. In my opinion, the subject intersection was not designed for a drive-through facility, and by making allowances for one, the City of London would be creating an environment conducive to increased traffic problems and safety risks. For this reason, I am strongly opposed to this proposed amendment and ask that the City respect the terms of the London Plan, which preclude a drive-through facility at the corner of Hyde Park Road and South Carriage Road."

#### Sandra Venneri

"I'm a resident near Hyde Park and would like to know the process of having a say in the plans. I want to speak up about the fast food restaurant and the planning of healthier options for our community that are allowed. With so many fast food options already, it seems excessive and not supporting public health initiatives that are important when city planning happens."

#### 2) Departmental Comments

Urban Design (January 20, 2022) (TLP- The London Plan, HPCPG-Hyde Park Community Planning Guidelines)

#### General

- Consistent with the previous staff and panel comments, please address the following comments in establishing appropriate zoning provisions (e.g. setbacks, heights etc.) and as direction to site plan authority.
- This site is fully located within the Main Street Place Type in The London Plan[TLP] which contemplates a mid-rise, mixed use built form up to 6 storeys with bonus[TLP 908-2; 910\_4] and falls within the Hyde Park Community Plan Guidelines Area [HPCPG] and as such the plans and policies of the plans apply:

#### **Building Design**

- Design a mixed-use building (minimum 2 floors and maximum 6 floors) with ground floor commercial and residential units on upper floor along Hyde Park Road [TLP 908-2]. This will help in creating an appropriate street enclosure and pedestrian realm relative to street width and a main street urban form resolving other site plan issues like parking, outdoor amenity spaces, etc.
- Alternatively, split "Building 2" into two buildings with parking located between the two buildings to allow for better access to the commercial units along the Hyde Park Road frontage from the parking area.

- There is perceived negative impacts of noise, idling and privacy concerns from the proposed drive-through at a close proximity to the proposed residential uses.
- Buildings should be located closer to the street with principal entrances, unit entrances oriented to the street to create a strong street wall and active facades for a comfortable and vibrant pedestrian environment. [TLP 911-9; HPCPG 4.1.2].
- A maximum setback of 2m along Hyde Park Road and 4m along South Carriage Road from the property line should be considered to ensure buildings are located closer and oriented to the street.
- Rotate "Building 3" and locate along the South Carriage Road frontage to allow for a
  greater portion of the built form parallel the street, with the surface parking located
  behind the building and direct access from the individual unit entrances to the public
  sidewalk.
- A minimum building frontage requirement-75% of the plot frontage should also be considered to ensure a continuous street wall along street frontages.
- Ensure that the principal unit entrances of the proposed retail units are facing Hyde park Road with actual front doors and transparent windows. [TLP 291].
- Provide for a store-front design for the ground-floor commercial units proposed on the Hyde Park Road frontage. This should include a higher proportion of vision glass, double doors, an increase in ground floor height, and the potential for canopies and lighting to frame the entrance.
- No parking shall be located between the street frontages and the building face. [TLP 911-9].
- The proposed parking along South Carriage Road should be removed. This requires redesign of the site including locating the proposed stacked townhouses or alternative building typologies along South Carriage Road Frontage.
- Ensure that the proposed built form at the intersection of Hyde Park and South Carriage emphasize and address the corner location through appropriate massing, height element and location of entrances. [TLP 291].
- Design the space between the building and the ROW so it is generally consistent with the design that has been implemented for other developments in the area.
- Provide a main sidewalk along the curb edge with a 2m clearway between the curb and the start of planters. This should include a 0.25m exposed aggregate band on either side of a 1.5m concrete sidewalk.
- Provide a secondary sidewalk along the face of the building
- Provide large planting beds for trees between both sidewalks with individual walkways to the ground floor entrances.
- Ensure the planters are aligned parallel to the street with a 0.15m curb to clearly define the clearway. Include two trees per planter with other assorted low laying plantings.

#### Site Design

- Screen any surface parking areas as well as the drive-thru lane for "Building 1" from view of the public street with a combination of low masonry walls (max. 0.75m in height) and enhanced landscaping. If the proposed drive-through stays as proposed, it should be also screened from internal residential uses.
- Ensure direct and safe pedestrian connection throughout the site between the unit entrances, amenity areas, parking areas and the city sidewalk.

- Locate any garbage/recycling facilities away from the public street frontage.
- Incorporate the garbage/recycling area for "Building 1" into the building, in a similar fashion to other McDonald's restaurants in the area (i.e. Fanshawe Park Road E & Dalmagarry Road);

#### **Urban Design Peer Review Panel (December 15, 2021)**

The Panel noted that the overall design strategy for the site was confusing and not in alignment with the intended "Main Street" character envisioned through the relevant City Documents (e.g. '89 Official Plan & London Plan). Though the goal of integrating a mix of commercial and residential uses on the site is a good one, the organization of this site does so in a way that will detract from the residential living environment and the adjacent streetscapes. The following comment were provided to inform the on-going planning and design process for the project:

- The Panel recommends that the site design be revised to focus a more prominent built form (e.g., 2-storey buildings min.) along the Hyde Park Road frontage in order to create the desired sense of enclosure for the main street pedestrian realm and appropriately relate to width of the adjacent ROW.
- Further/special attention should be paid to how the proposed built form related to the intersection of Hyde Park Road and South Carriage Road.
- The Panel noted that it was unclear if the principal unit entrances for the proposed commercial/retail units are, in fact, facing Hyde Park Road.
   Commercial buildings/units are recommended to be oriented toward Hyde Park Road to contribute to the desired Main Street character.
- The Panel recommends that no parking be sited between any proposed building and the adjacent public streets in accordance with City policy. This will require a significant reorganization of the site to rectify the current proposed edge condition along South Carriage Road.
- The Panel suggested that current proposed site layout and amount of commercial uses relative to the space provided for parking and circulation will create significant barriers/obstacles to pedestrian flow across the site, particularly for those accessing the west-facing residential units.
- The Panel expressed concern about the lack of amenity space provided for future residents of the site.
- The Panel suggests that may organizational issues noted above could be resolved by shifting to a true mixed-use concept with residential apartment units stacked above street-oriented commercial/retail space. Further density is likely achievable on the site in that scenario.

#### Concluding comments:

This UDPRP review is based on City planning and urban design policy, the submitted brief, and noted presentation. It is intended to inform the ongoing planning and design process. Significant modifications are recommended in order to ensure the proposed development contributes to the planned urban Main Street context of the area.

#### Site Plan Comments- from record of consultation comments provided June 2021

#### **Site Design Comments:**

- Ensure the townhouses function separately from the commercial development, with adequate landscape buffering and separate entrances and parking facilities for each use.
- Provide an adequately sized and functional amenity space for the residential units.
- Locate the site access wholly on the subject property.
- Drive-through stacking spaces are counted from the window where customers pick up their orders. Confirm the purpose of the "fast forward" window.
- Screen surface parking areas and the drive-thru lane for "Building 1" from view of the public street with a combination of low masonry walls (max. 0.75m in height) and enhanced landscaping.
- Locate garbage/recycling facilities away from the public street frontage.
- Incorporate the garbage/recycling area for "Building 1" into the building, in a similar fashion to other McDonald's restaurants in the area (i.e. Fanshawe Park Road E & Dalmagarry Road).

#### **Building Design Comments:**

- Explore opportunities to include a true mixed-use building along the Hyde Park Road frontage with commercial ground floor and residential on the upper levels, this could help resolve other site plan issues such as outdoor common amenity space and parking.
- Alternatively, split "Building 2" into two buildings with parking located between the two buildings to allow for better access to the commercial units along the Hyde Park Road frontage from the parking area.
- Orient any commercial units adjacent to Hyde Park Road to the street by including the principal building entrance on this elevation with direct access to the individual unit entrances to the public sidewalk.
- Rotate "Building 3" and locate along the South Carriage Road frontage to allow for a
  greater portion of the built form parallel the street, with the surface parking located
  behind the building and direct access from the individual unit entrances to the public
  sidewalk.
- Design "Building 1" to have regard for its corner location. Building massing and articulation should address the intersection of Hyde Park Road and South Carriage Road.
- Design the space within the R.O.W., between the proposed building and the existing public sidewalk on Hyde Park Road, to be consistent with the design that has been implemented for other developments in the Hyde Park area.
- Provide for a store-front design for any ground-floor commercial units proposed on the Hyde Park Road frontage. This should include a higher proportion of vision glass, double doors, an increase in ground floor height, and the potential for canopies and lighting to frame the entrance.

#### **Landscape Comments:**

The City Landscape Architect provides the following comments consistent with the Official Plan, applicable by-laws, City design requirements and specifications:

- •The current site plan shows site ingress across 1369 Hyde Park Rd with the removal of boundary and off-site trees.
- •A tree preservation plan of the south property line is required as part of a complete application to:
- establish the ownership of trees growing along property lines, including the identification of boundary trees that are protected by the province's Forestry Act 1998, c. 18, Sched. I, s. 21.
- Identify rare or endangered species that are protected by the province's Endangered Species Act, 2007, S.O., C.6
- · Identify:
  - •offsite trees 3m outside property line
  - •"distinctive" trees 50cm dbh that are protected by the City's Tree Protection Bylaw, C.P. 1515-228
- Identify canopy spread of all existing trees; tree symbols to reflect canopy extents
- Detail tree removals, tree retention, tree fence alignment and construction mitigation measures.

The tree preservation plan must be completed in accordance with the City of London Design Specifications and Requirements Manual Section 12.1.2.1.

No tree removals arising from demolition, construction, or any other activity shall take place on the subject property prior to Site Plan Approval.

Tree protection measures shall be in accordance with Section 12 of the City of London Design Specifications & Requirements Manual and implemented prior to any tree removals, land clearing, demolition, excavation, construction or grading operations. A landscape plan is required as part of a complete application. The plan must be completed in accordance with the City of London Site Plan Control Bylaw Section 1.6.1, Section 9. The base plan should be the same scale as the site plan, superimposed on top of servicing plan. Include:

- cross-sections to show detailed tree and potted shrub planting methods. Planting details and specifications should be in accordance with the City of London Supplemental Standards for Tree Planting and Protection Guidelines https://www.roadauthority.com/Standards,
- planted islands within the parking areas a- one planter for every 50 stalls, planter 10sqm or 100 sq ft with 0.9m depth,
- tree planting along site fronting onto a public street in 3m wide landscape strip; 1 tree per 12m.
- tree planting along interior property lines in 1.5 landscape strip; 1 tree per 15m,
- screen drive through lane from Hyde Park
- tree planting along pedestrian paths to fulfill London Plan Policies 386, 38, 388
- (stamp) of a landscape architect,
- Consider planting vegetation that supports pollinators fulfills London Plan Policy 249 and 649.

Include in landscape notes:

If topsoil is to be stockpiled for use on site development, avoid mixing topsoil with subsoil. Limit height of stockpile to 3 meters to retain soil microorganisms and soil viability and fertility. Indicate on drawing intended stockpile location.

All work in the road allowance shall meet the minimum specifications of the City of London Standard drawing SR-1.0.

Ensure a minimum of 100 mm topsoil is laid in boulevard and protect the City Owned Road Allowance from compaction or soil contamination.

All tree removals must take place between September 1 and April 1st to avoid disturbing nesting migratory birds.

Tree may be removed outside this window only if a qualified bird specialist has been determined there are not nesting birds in the trees. This requirement is in accordance with the Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1994.

Ensure that tree protection fencing is installed around existing trees, do not place demolition or construction materials under tree canopy.

#### **Tree Preservation comments (December 1, 2021)**

 Although there are not trees on the site, the Site Plan shows the southern access drive spans the southern property line and encroaches into the neighbouring property at 1369 Hyde Park Rd. Trees have been identified for removal from the neighbours property and staff need clarification as to what is going on at this entrance. Consent is required from the neighbour and a letter detailing this consent must be copied to the City.

#### Parks comments (December 1, 2021)

• Parkland dedication is required in the form of cash in lieu, pursuant to By-law CP-9 and will be finalized at the time of site plan approval.

#### **Engineering comments**

#### Sanitary (Dec 6, 2021):

- Based on the recent submitted ZBA there was an attached servicing report for the above noted, SED notes that York and AGM identified the subject lands as a 1.41 ha area and was allotted an equivalent population of 141 people. As submitted, they are proposing 233 people in a mixed use of stacked townhouse residential, commercial retail and restaurant use on 1407-1427 Hyde Park.
- SED has no objection with the proposed population of 233.
- The intended outlet is a 450mm diameter on Hyde park Rd. As per record drawings there is an existing PDC stubbed to the 450mm diameter sanitary on Hyde Park for the entire subject lands when it was intended as one commercial development.
- As part of a future site plan application the subject lands proposed as a mixed use will need to demonstrate how they can be serviced and connected meeting all applicable standards to the abutting 450mm municipal sanitary sewers. The proposed development will require inspection MH's for the non residential uses. Further comments may be forthcoming with future development applications.

#### Transportation (December 15, 2021)

- No further widening requirements.
- Detailed comments regarding access design and location already provided at the site plan pre consultation in June/2021. (South access should be along projected frontage of 1407-1427 Hyde Park, joint access with 1369 Hyde Park not supported as the neighbouring property is already serviced by another access to the South and does not require an additional access.)

#### Stormwater (December 21, 2021):

SWED staff have no new or additional comments for the subject site beyond those previously provided for pre-application consultation (dated March 5, 2021). Additional SWM related comments may be provided upon future review of this site.

The Stormwater Engineering Division staff have no objection to this pre-application. For the benefit of the project, please ensure the applicant is informed about the following SWM issues/requirements to be considered by the applicant's consultant engineer

when preparing the storm servicing strategy for this land during the development application stage:

Specific comment for this site

- The site is located within the UTRCA regulated area and therefore UTRCA approval/permits may be required, including confirmation as to required setbacks.
- As per attached as-constructed 19211 & 26822, the site at C=0.90 is tributary to the existing 525mm storm sewer stub at the western property line. The applicant should be aware that any future changes to the C-value will require the applicant to demonstrate sufficient capacity in this pipe and downstream systems to service the proposed development as well as provide on-site SWM controls. On-site SWM controls design should include, but not be limited to required storage volume calculations, flow restrictor sizing, bioswales, etc.
- The number of proposed parking spaces exceed 29 and although the site is tributary to a stormwater management facility, City of London SWMF's are not designed to accommodate/treat oils. The owner shall be required to have a consulting Professional Engineer confirming how the water quality will be addressed to the standards of the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) with a minimum of 80% TSS removal to the satisfaction of the City Engineer. Bearing in mind the City of London does not support Goss Traps/Catchbasin Hoods as standalone solutions to address water quality and should only be utilized as part of a Treatment Train Design.
- The proposed land uses of a medium density residential and commercial will trigger the application of design requirements of Permanent Private Storm System (PPS) as approved by Council resolution on January 18, 2010. A standalone Operation and Maintenance manual document for the proposed SWM system is to be included as part of the system design and submitted to the City for review.
- The applicants consulting engineer shall ensure that there is no shared servicing between land uses proposed as part of the site plan application.
- This site plan may be eligible to qualify for a Stormwater Rate Reduction (up to 50% reduction) as outlined in Section 6.5.2.1 of the Design Specifications and Requirements manual. Interested applicants can find more information and an application form at the following: http://www.london.ca/residents/Water/water-bill/Pages/Water-and-Wastewate-Rates.aspx.
- Any proposed LID solutions should be supported by a Geotechnical Report and/or a Hydrogeological Assessment report prepared with a focus on the type(s) of soil present at the Site, measured infiltration rate, hydraulic conductivity (under field saturated conditions), and seasonal high groundwater elevation. Please note that the installation of monitoring wells and data loggers may be required to properly evaluate seasonal groundwater fluctuations. The report(s) should include geotechnical and hydrogeological recommendations of any preferred/suitable LID solution. All LID proposals are to be in accordance with Section 6 Stormwater Management of the Design Specifications & Requirements manual.
- An Operations and Maintenance manual should be provided as a separate report/manual identifying any implemented/constructed LIDs. For examples of such report contents please refer to the following website <a href="https://cvc.ca/low-impact-development/lid-maintenance-monitoring">https://cvc.ca/low-impact-development/lid-maintenance-monitoring</a>.
- As per 9.4.1 of The Design Specifications & Requirements Manual (DSRM), all multifamily, commercial and institutional block drainage is to be self-contained. The owner is required to provide a lot grading plan for stormwater flows and major overland flows on

site and ensure that stormwater flows are self-contained on site, up to the 100 year event and safely convey the 250 year storm event.

General comments for sites within Stanton Drain Subwatersheds

- The subject lands are located in the Stanton Drain Subwatershed. The Owner shall provide a Storm/Drainage Servicing Report demonstrating compliance with the SWM criteria and environmental targets identified in the Stanton Drain Subwatershed Study that may include but not be limited to, quantity/quality control (80% TSS), erosion, stream morphology, etc.
- The Owner agrees to promote the implementation of SWM Best Management Practices (BMP's) within the plan, including Low Impact Development (LID) where possible, to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- The owner is required to provide a lot grading plan for stormwater flows and major overland flows on site and ensure that stormwater flows are self-contained on site, up to the 100 year event and safely conveys up to the 250 year storm event, all to be designed by a Professional Engineer for review.
- The Owner shall allow for conveyance of overland flows from external drainage areas that naturally drain by topography through the subject lands.
- Stormwater run-off from the subject lands shall not cause any adverse effects to adjacent or downstream lands.
- An erosion/sediment control plan that will identify all erosion and sediment control measures for the subject site and that will be in accordance with City of London and MECP (formerly MOECC) standards and requirements, all to the specification and satisfaction of the City Engineer. This plan is to include measures to be used during all phases of construction. These measures shall be identified in the Storm/Drainage Servicing Report.

#### Water (Dec 2, 2021):

- There is an existing 450mm PVC watermain at Hyde Park Rd, and 300mm PVC on South Carriage Rd
- The area is located within the Hyde Park PS High level zone.
- The applicant shall identify the ownership for the buildings(one single ownership or multi). Where all buildings will remain within one ownership, a single private watermain could provide municipal water servicing to the site. Where there will be more than one ownership in the future of the buildings proposed, it will be necessary to have separate water servicing provided to each separately owned site and the buildings on that site in order to prevent the creation of a regulated drinking water system.

#### 3) Agency Comments

#### **Upper Thames River Conservation Authority comments (Jan 26, 2022)**

The Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (UTRCA) has reviewed this application with regard for the policies in the Environmental Planning Policy Manual for the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority (June 2006). These policies include regulations made pursuant to Section 28 of the Conservation Authorities Act, and are consistent with the natural hazard and natural heritage policies contained in the Provincial Policy Statement (2020, PPS).

#### Comments are;

#### 3.2.5 Watercourse Policies

The UTRCA discourages the conversion of open surface watercourses and/or drains to closed features. As shown on the enclosed mapping, there is a watercourse located on the site, along the easterly lot line; it has not been identified on the concept/site plan. The presence of the watercourse will need to be confirmed and addressed. An appropriate setback of 15 metres from the top of bank must be provided. If the intent is to seek approval to enclose the feature, the proper justification/studies must be prepared to the satisfaction of the Conservation Authority.

#### **COMMENTS**

As indicated, the subject lands are regulated and the necessary Section 28 approvals and/or clearances must be obtained from the Conservation Authority prior to any site alteration or development occurring within the regulated area.

#### London Hydro comments (December 6, 2021)

- Servicing the above proposal should present no foreseeable problems Any new and/or relocation of existing infrastructure will be at the applicant's expense, maintaining safe clearances from L.H. infrastructure is mandatory. A blanket easement will be required. Note: Transformation lead times are minimum 16 weeks, Contact Engineering Dept. to confirm requirements & availability.
- London Hydro has no objection to this proposal or possible official Plan and/or zoning amendment. However, London Hydro will require a blanket easement.

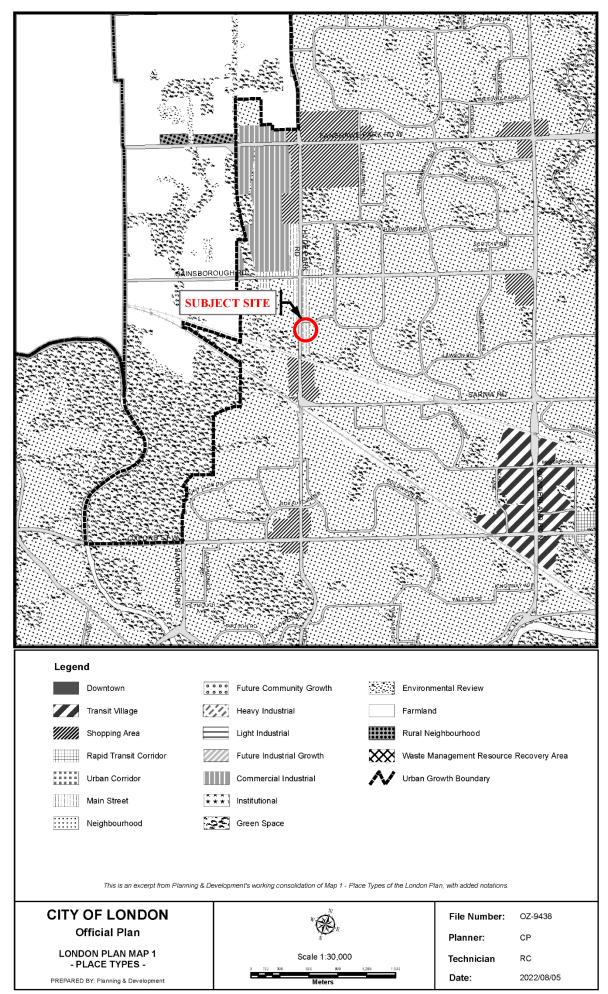
#### Canadian Pacific Railway comments (December 2, 2021)

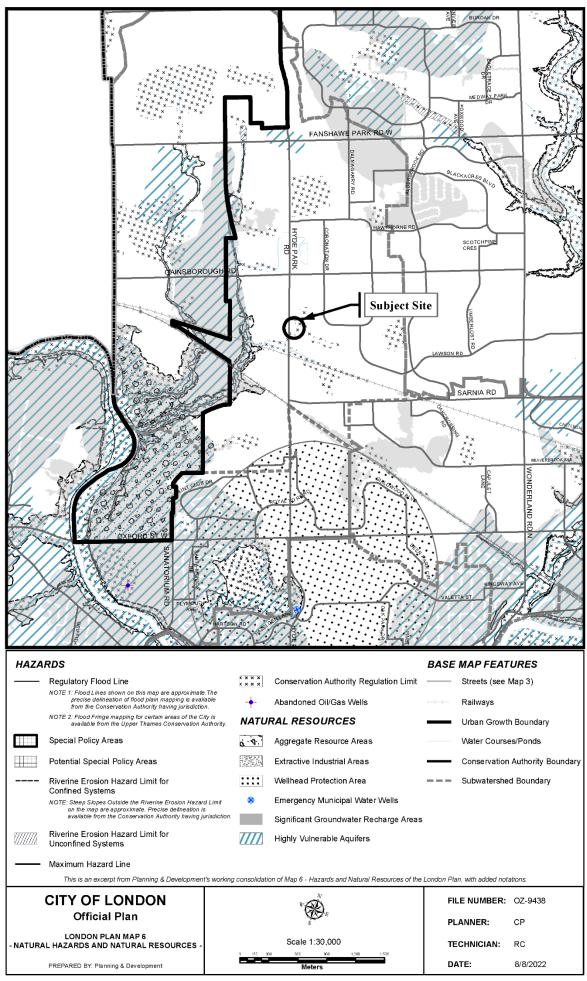
Thank you for the recent notice respecting the captioned development proposal in the vicinity of Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The safety and welfare of residents can be adversely affected by rail operations and CP is not in favour of residential uses that are not compatible with rail operations. CP freight trains operate 24/7 and schedules/volumes are subject to change. CP's approach to development in the vicinity of rail operations is encapsulated by the recommended guidelines developed through collaboration between the Railway Association of Canada and the Federation of Canadian Municipalities. The 2013 Proximity Guidelines can be found at the following website address: <a href="http://www.proximityissues.ca/">http://www.proximityissues.ca/</a>.

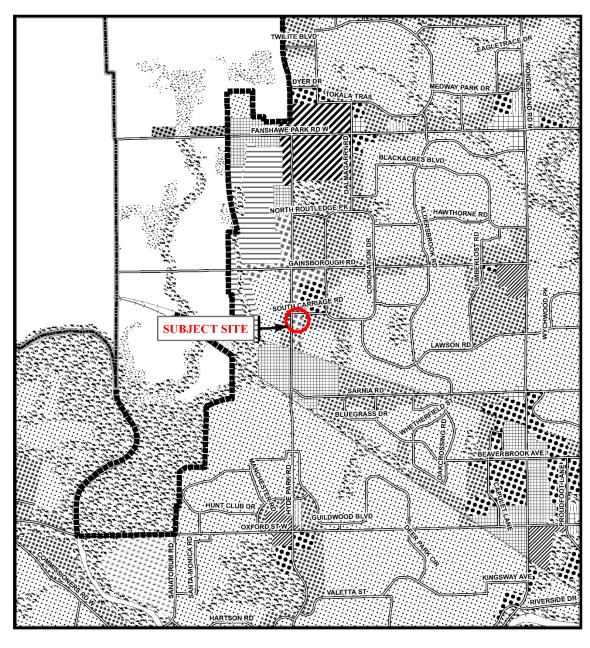
Should the captioned development proposal receive approval, CP respectfully requests that the recommended guidelines be followed.

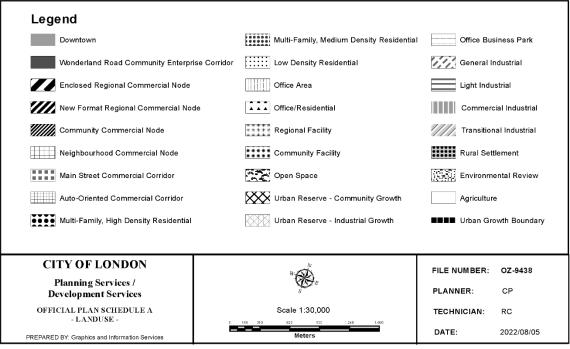
### Appendix B – Relevant Background

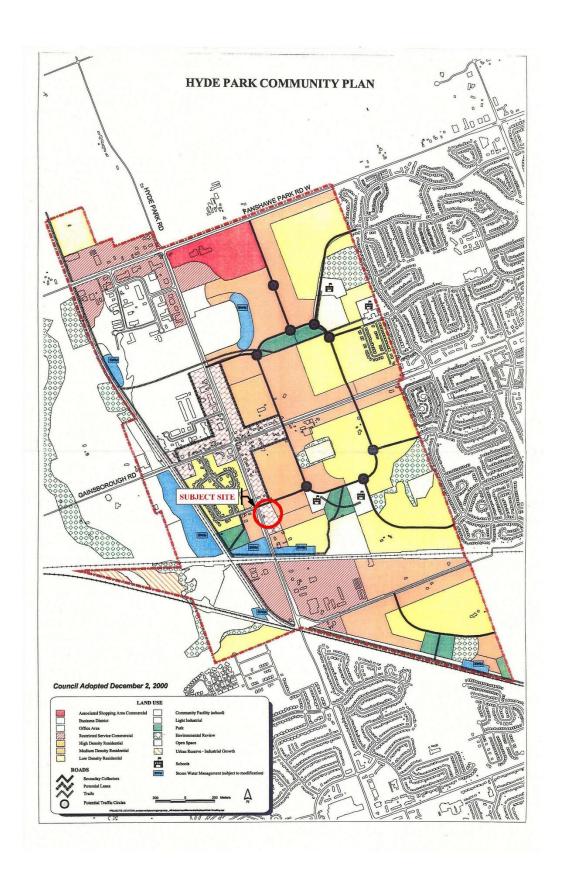
#### **Additional Maps**













#### COUNCIL APPROVED ZONING FOR THE SUBJECT SITE:

#### 1) LEGEND FOR ZONING BY-LAW Z-1

R1 - SINGLE DETACHED DWELLINGS
R2 - SINGLE AND TWO UNIT DWELLINGS
R3 - SINGLE TO FOUR UNIT DWELLINGS
R4 - STREET TOWNHOUSE
R5 - CLUSTER HOUSING ALL FORMS
R7 - SENIOR'S HOUSING
R8 - MEDIUM DENSITY/LOW RISE APTS.
R9 - MEDIUM TO HIGH DENSITY APTS.
R10 - HIGH DENSITY APARTMENTS
R11 - LODGING HOUSE

DA - DOWNTOWN AREA
RSA - REGIONAL SHOPPING AREA
CSA - COMMUNITY SHOPPING AREA
NSA - NEIGHBOURHOOD SHOPPING AREA
BDC - BUSINESS DISTRICT COMMERCIAL
AC - ARTERIAL COMMERCIAL
HS - HIGHWAY SERVICE COMMERCIAL
RSC - RESTRICTED SERVICE COMMERCIAL
CC - CONVENIENCE COMMERCIAL
SS - AUTOMOBILE SERVICE STATION
ASA - ASSOCIATED SHOPPING AREA COMMERCIAL

OR - OFFICE/RESIDENTIAL
OC - OFFICE CONVERSION
RO - RESTRICTED OFFICE
OF - OFFICE

"h" - HOLDING SYMBOL
"D" - DENSITY SYMBOL
"H" - HEIGHT SYMBOL
"B" - BONUS SYMBOL
"T" - TEMPORARY USE SYMBOL

**CITY OF LONDON** 

PLANNING SERVICES / DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

ZONING BY-LAW NO. Z.-1 **SCHEDULE A** 



THIS MAP IS AN UNOFFICIAL EXTRACT FROM THE ZONING BY-LAW WITH ADDED NOTATIONS

FILE NO: OZ-9438 CP

AG - AGRICULTURAL
AGC - AGRICULTURAL COMMERCIAL
RRC - RURAL SETTLEMENT COMMERCIAL
TGS - TEMPORARY GARDEN SUITE
RT - RAIL TRANSPORTATION

RF - REGIONAL FACILITY
CF - COMMUNITY FACILITY
NF - NEIGHBOURHOOD FACILITY
HER - HERITAGE

OS - OPEN SPACE CR - COMMERCIAL RECREATION ER - ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

OB - OFFICE BUSINESS PARK LI - LIGHT INDUSTRIAL GI - GENERAL INDUSTRIAL HI - HEAVY INDUSTRIAL EX - RESOURCE EXTRACTIVE UR - URBAN RESERVE

HER - HERITAGE DC - DAY CARE

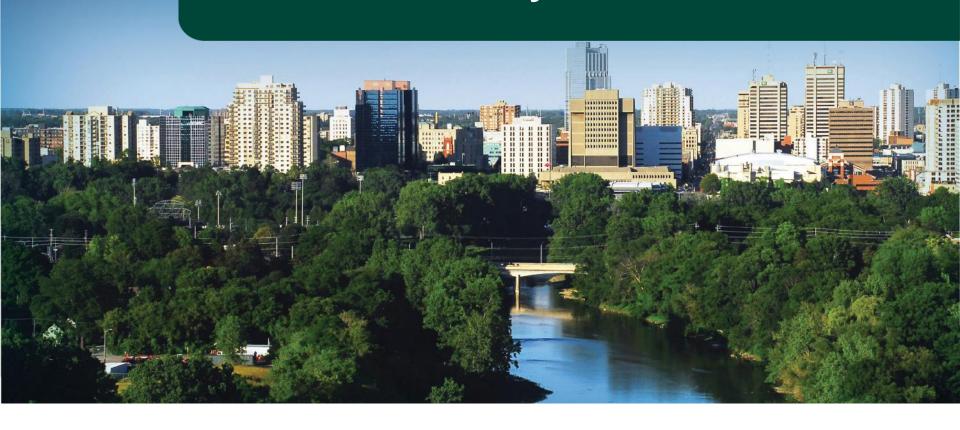
MAP PREPARED:

2022/08/05 RC

1:1,500 0 5 10 20 30 40 Meters



## 1407-1427 Hyde Park Road

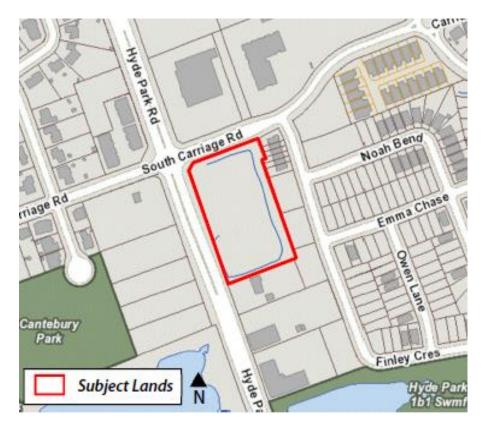


OZ-9438/York Developments

Planning and Environment Committee – September 12, 2022



## Location



- located at the southeast corner of Hyde Park Road and South Carriage Road
- 1.4 hectares in size
- Current Use: Vacant
- Surrounding uses:
  - North: retail/service commercial and residential
  - East: Low Density Residential
  - South: Single detached dwelling and commercial
  - West: Vacant



# Current Policy and Regulation Framework

- Main Street Commercial Corridor (1989 Official Plan)
- Business District (Hyde Park Community Plan)
- Holding Business District Commercial Special Provision (h.BDC2(4) and BDC2(3)) Zones (Zoning By-law Z-1)
- Main Street Place Type (London Plan)
- Since the approval of the Hyde Park Community Plan by Council in the late 1990's, the policy approach to this area with regard to form has been consistent; street-orientated development, more than one storey in height and rear yard parking.

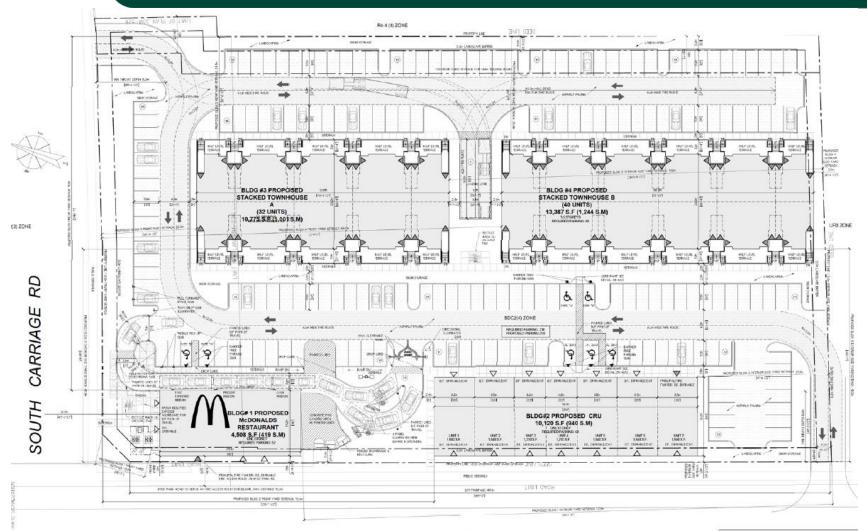


## Requested Amendments

- Specific Area Policy to Main Street Place Type in London Plan to allow a one storey building (minimum 2 storeys required)
- Zoning By-law amendment to;
  - Permit stacked townhouses;
  - Maintain the existing special provision exempting the site from the maximum 3.0 m front yard setback;
  - Permit a maximum density of 65 units per hectare;
  - Permit a maximum height of 14.5 m in place of 12 m;
  - Permit a drive-through facility;
  - Reduce the required parking from 222 to 202 spaces; and,
  - · Allow front yard parking.



# Proposed Site Plan



HYDE PARK RD

T-51/UR3 ZONE

UR3 ZONE

2. READING AREA STREET PACK 16.720 to 1 (540 to 1) STREET FORD: 4,500 at. (410 apr.) FAST FORD: 4,500 at. (410 apr.)



# Proposed Building Elevations





## Public/Department/Agency Comments

- Public- increased traffic and reduction in pedestrian safety especially due to the drivethrough, need for another restaurant, impact on climate change.
- City Department Site Plan, Urban Design and Urban Design Peer Review Panel all had concerns about the design of the proposal.
- <u>UTRCA</u> presence of a municipal drain through the site and the proposal to enclose it.



# Rationale for Recommendation

- Recommendation to refuse all of the requested amendments.
- Rationale
  - Not consistent with 2020 Provincial Policy Statement because of the form of development, is an underutilization of site and may create safety concerns for pedestrians and residents;
  - Not in conformity with Main Street Place Type in The London Plan with regard to intensity and form;
  - Form of development not consistent with Main Street Commercial policies in the 1989 Official Plan and the Business District policies in the Hyde Park Community Plan; and,
  - Proposed site layout and functioning, how the uses are mixed and lack of amenity space for residential.

#### **DEFERRED MATTERS**

### PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE (AS OF MAY 2, 2022)

File No.	Subject	Request Date	Requested/ Expected Reply Date	Person Responsible	Status
1	Inclusionary Zoning for the delivery of affordable housing - the Civic Administration BE DIRECTED to report back to the Planning and Environment Committee outlining options and approaches to implement Inclusionary Zoning in London, following consultation with the London Home Builders Association and the London Development Institute.	August 28/18 (2.1/13/PEC)	Q4 2022	Barrett/Adema	Council approved Terms of Reference in January, 2021 for the Inclusionary Zoning review. In February, 2022 Council submitted a request to the Provin e to allow for the consideration of Inclusionary Zoning polices that apply City-wide. Work is currently underway to update the analysis, with recommended policies anticipated in Q4, 2022.
2	Draft City-Wide Urban Design Guidelines – Civic Admin to report back at a future PPM of the PEC	Oct 29/19 (2.1/18/PEC)	Q2 2022	Barrett/O'Hagan	Staff are working to incorporate and address industry and stakeholder comments related to the draft Urban Design Guidelines. Expected for final approval in Q1 2022.
3	183 and 197 Ann Street, clause 4.1 c) and d) of the 7 <sup>th</sup> Report of the LACH - Civic Administration to review the submission of an altered building design by the applicant	Nov 24/20 (4.1/18/PEC)	Q3 2022	Barrett/Corby	To be considered at PEC August 22, 2022.  Report to be provided Q1 of 2021  An application for an altered building design has not yet been submitted by the applicant for Administration to review

File No.	Subject	Request Date	Requested/ Expected Reply Date	Person Responsible	Status
4	Homeowner Education Package – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Report of EEPAC - part c) the Civic Administration BE REQUESTED to report back at a future Planning and Environment Committee meeting with respect to the feasibility of continuing with the homeowner education package as part of Special Provisions or to replace it with a requirement to post descriptive signage describing the adjacent natural feature; it being noted that the Environmental and Ecological Planning Advisory Committee (EEPAC) was asked to undertake research on best practices of other municipalities to assist in determining the best method(s) of advising new residents as to the importance of and the need to protect, the adjacent feature; and,	May 4/21 (3.1/7/PEC)	Q3 2022	Barrett/Feldberg	Through the EIS Monitoring Project, staff are assessing the efficacy and implementation of EIS recommendations across a number of now assumed developments. Following the completion of this project, a more detailed review of the recommendations made in the EIS and overall best practices will be reviewed.
5	Medway Valley Heritage Forest ESA – c) the portion of the pathway and trail system from Gloucester Road (Access A11) to its connection with the pathway in the Valley shown on "Appendix B" of the Medway Valley Heritage Environmentally Significant Area (South) Conservation Master Plan BE DEFERRED to be considered at a future meeting of the Planning and Environment Committee following further consultation and	August 10/21 (3.9/11/PEC)			

File No.	Subject	Request Date	Requested/ Expected Reply Date	Person Responsible	Status
	review with the adjacent neighbours, the Upper Thames River Conservation Authority, the Environmental and Ecological Planning Advisory Committee and the Accessibility Advisory Committee				
6	Food Based Businesses – Regulations in Zoning By-law Z-1 for home occupations as it relates to food based businesses	Nov 16/21 (4.2/16/PEC)	Q3 2022	Mathers/Adema	
7	Global Bird Rescue – update Site Plan Control By-law and Guidelines for Bird Friendly Buildings; CA to contact London Bird Team to finalize bird-friendly pamphlet; pamphlet to be circulated to EEPAC and AWAC when completed	Nov 16/21 (4.3/16/PEC)	Q4 2022 Q3 2022	Barrett/McNeely McKague/Tucker	Staff are bringing the working group together to review and discuss a draft by-law and guidelines for recommendation to PEC. Expected for final approval in Q4 2022.
					The preparation of a pamphlet is underway that will be circulated to the Advisory group for feedback. Expected completion by Q3 2022.
8	Community Improvement Plan (CIP) Financial Incentive Programs 5-Year Review - the Civic Administration BE DIRECTED to report back with a comprehensive review, including a sensitivity analysis, of the City's existing Community Improvement Plans and associated financial incentives; and, the Civic Administration BE DIRECTED to report back at a future meeting with preliminary	May 24/22 (2.2/10/PEC)	Q3 2023	Mathers/Yanchula	Staff are undergoing a comprehensive review of the entire Community Improvement Plan and Financial Incentive program. In Q1 2023, staff are anticipated to present a report to the Committee with recommendations for changes (if any) to Community Improvement Plans and Financial

[Type here]

File No.	Subject	Request Date	Requested/ Expected Reply Date	Person Responsible	Status
	information for the 2024-2027 multi-year Budget.				Incentives ahead of the upcoming 2024-2027 budget.  Final approval of all recommendated changes is anticipated to be completed Q3 2023.